A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO CRIMINAL PROCEDURE.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the goal of a police
- 2 investigation is to apprehend the person or persons responsible
- 3 for the commission of a crime. Mistaken eyewitness
- 4 identification has been shown to have contributed to the
- 5 wrongful conviction in approximately seventy-five per cent of
- 6 the nation's two hundred eighty-nine exonerations. Over the
- 7 past thirty years, a large body of peer-reviewed, scientific
- 8 research and practice has emerged showing that simple systemic
- 9 changes in administering eyewitness identification procedures
- 10 can greatly improve the accuracy of eyewitness identifications.
- 11 Policies and procedures to improve the accuracy of eyewitness
- 12 identifications, such as those recommended by the United States
- 13 National Institute of Justice, the American Bar Association, the
- 14 New Jersey Office of the Attorney General, the Wisconsin Office
- 15 of the Attorney General, the California Commission on the Fair
- 16 Administration of Justice, and the North Carolina Actual
- 17 Innocence Commission, are readily available for review.

1	The legislature further finds that more accurate eyewitness
2	identifications increase the ability of police and prosecutors
3	to solve crime, convict the guilty, and protect the innocent.
4	The integrity of the State's criminal justice process is
5	enhanced by adherence to best practices in evidence gathering.
6	The people of the State of Hawaii will benefit from the
7	improvement of the accuracy of eyewitness identifications.
8	SECTION 2. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by
9	adding a new chapter to be appropriately designated and to read
10	as follows:
	"CHAPTER
11	EYEWITNESS IDENTIFICATION PROCEDURES
12	
12 13	S -1 Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the
	as used in this chapter, unless the
13	§ -1 Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the
13 14	§ -1 Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:
13 14 15	<pre>\$ -1 Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the context clearly requires otherwise: "Administrator" means the person conducting the photo lineup or live lineup or showup for law enforcement.</pre>
13 14 15 16	§ -1 Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the context clearly requires otherwise: "Administrator" means the person conducting the photo
13 14 15 16 17	<pre>S -1 Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the context clearly requires otherwise: "Administrator" means the person conducting the photo lineup or live lineup or showup for law enforcement. "Blind" means the administrator does not know the identity</pre>
13 14 15 16 17 18	S -1 Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the context clearly requires otherwise: "Administrator" means the person conducting the photo lineup or live lineup or showup for law enforcement. "Blind" means the administrator does not know the identity of the suspect in the lineup. "Blinded" means the administrator may know who the suspect

- 1 "Contamination" means an eyewitness' memory of a person or
- 2 event has become altered, replaced, or otherwise impaired as a
- 3 result of exposure to extrinsic information related to that
- 4 person or event.
- 5 "Eyewitness" means a person who observes another person at
- 6 or near the scene of an offense.
- 7 "Filler" means either a person or a photograph of a person
- 8 who is not suspected of an offense and is included in an
- 9 identification procedure.
- 10 "Identification" means the eyewitness has identified a
- 11 specific person as the possible perpetrator.
- 12 "Identification procedure" means a live lineup, a photo
- 13 lineup, or a showup.
- 14 "Law enforcement" means any law enforcement entity
- 15 conducting an investigation.
- 16 "Live lineup" means an identification procedure in which a
- 17 group of persons, including the suspect and other persons not
- 18 suspected of the offense, is displayed to an eyewitness for the
- 19 purpose of determining whether the eyewitness identifies the
- 20 suspect as the possible perpetrator.

I	"Photo lineup" means an identification procedure in which
2	an array of photographs, including a photograph of the suspect
3	and additional photographs of other persons not suspected of the
4	offense, is displayed to an eyewitness either in hard copy form
5	or via computer or other electronic means for the purpose of
6	determining whether the eyewitness identifies the suspect as the
7	possible perpetrator.
8	"Showup" means an identification procedure in which an
9	eyewitness is presented in-person with a single suspect for the
10	purpose of determining whether the eyewitness identifies this
11	individual as the possible perpetrator.
12	"Suspect" means the person believed by law enforcement to
13	be the possible perpetrator of the crime.
14	§ -2 Eyewitness identification procedures for live
15	lineups and photo lineups. (a) Any law enforcement entity
16	conducting eyewitness identification procedures shall adopt
17	specific procedures for conducting photo lineups and live
18	lineups that comply with the following requirements:
19	(1) Prior to a photo lineup or live lineup, law
20	enforcement shall record in writing as complete a
21	description as possible of the possible perpetrator

1		provided by the eyewitness in the eyewitness' own
2		words. This statement shall also include information
3		regarding the conditions under which the eyewitness
4		observed the possible perpetrator including location,
5		time, distance, obstructions, lighting, weather
6		conditions, and other impairments, including but not
7		limited to alcohol, drugs, stress, and visual or
8		auditory disabilities;
9	(2)	The eyewitness shall also be asked if the eyewitness'
10		vision needs correction by glasses or contact lenses
11		and whether the eyewitness was wearing them at the
12		time of the offense. The administrator shall note
13		whether the eyewitness was wearing glasses or contact
14		lenses at the time of the identification procedure;
15	(3)	All live lineups and photo lineups shall be conducted
16		blind unless to do so would place an undue burden on
17		law enforcement or the investigation; and
18	(4)	The eyewitness shall be instructed, without other
19		eyewitnesses present, prior to any live lineup or
20		photo lineup, that:

1		(A)	The possible perpetrator may or may not be among			
2			the persons in the identification procedure;			
3		(B)	The administrator does not know the identity of			
4			the possible perpetrator, if applicable;			
5		(C)	(C) The eyewitness should not feel compelled to make			
6			an identification;			
7		(D)	The investigation will continue whether or not an			
8			identification is made;			
9		(E)	The procedure requires the administrator to ask			
10			the eyewitness to state, in the eyewitness' own			
11			words, how certain the eyewitness is of any			
12			identification; and			
13		(F)	The eyewitness is not to discuss the			
14			identification procedure or its results with			
15			other eyewitnesses involved in the case and			
16			should not speak with the media.			
17	(b)	The	administrator shall comply with the following:			
18	(1)	In a	photo lineup, any photograph of the suspect shall			
19		be c	ontemporary and shall resemble the suspect's			
20		appe	arance at the time of the offense;			

1	(2)	In a photo lineup, there shall be no characteristics
2		of the photographs themselves or the background
3		context in which they are placed that makes any of the
4		photographs unduly stand out;
5	(3)	A photo lineup or live lineup shall be composed so
6		that the fillers generally resemble the eyewitness'
7		description of the possible perpetrator, while
8		ensuring that the suspect does not unduly stand out
9		from the fillers;
10	(4)	In a photo lineup or live lineup, the administrator
11		shall comply with the following:
12		(A) All fillers selected shall resemble the
13		eyewitness' description of the possible
14		perpetrator in significant features including but
15		not limited to face, weight, build, and skin
16		tone, including any unique or unusual features
17		such as a scar, tattoo, or other unique
18		identifying mark;
19		(B) At least five fillers shall be included in a
20		photo lineup in addition to the suspect;

1		(C) At least four fillers shall be included in a live					
2		lineup in addition to the suspect; and					
3		(D) If the eyewitness has previously viewed a photo					
4		lineup or live lineup in connection with the					
5		identification of another person suspected of					
6		involvement in the offense, the fillers in the					
7		lineup in which the instant suspect participates					
8		shall be different from the fillers used in any					
9		prior lineups;					
10	(5)	In a live lineup, no identifying actions, such as					
11		speech, gestures, or other movements, shall be					
12		performed by lineup participants;					
13	(6)	In a live lineup, all lineup participants must be out					
14		of view of the eyewitness prior to the identification					
15		procedure;					
16	(7)	In a photo lineup or live lineup, nothing shall be					
17		said to the eyewitness regarding the suspect's					
18		position in the lineup; and					
19	(8)	In a photo lineup or live lineup, nothing shall be					
20		said to the eyewitness that might influence the					

1		eyewitness' identification of any particular lineup
2		member.
3	(c)	If there are multiple eyewitnesses, the administrator
4	shall com	ply with the following:
5	(1)	Each eyewitness shall view photo lineups or live
6		lineups separately;
7	(2)	The suspect shall be placed in a different position in
8		the live lineup or photo lineup for each eyewitness;
9		and
10	(3)	The eyewitnesses shall not be permitted to communicate
11		with each other until all identification procedures
12		have been completed.
13	(d)	In any identification procedure, no writings or
14	informati	on concerning the current investigation or any previous
15	arrest, i	ndictment, or conviction of the suspect shall be
16	visible o	r made known to an eyewitness.
17	(e)	When there are multiple suspects, each identification
18	procedure	shall include only one suspect.
19	(f)	In any identification procedure where an eyewitness
20	makes an	identification, the administrator shall seek and

document a clear statement from the eyewitness at the time of

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- 1 the identification in the eyewitness' own words, including a
- 2 statement describing the eyewitness' confidence level that the
- 3 person identified is the possible perpetrator.
- 4 (g) In any identification procedure where an eyewitness
- 5 makes an identification, the eyewitness shall not be provided
- 6 with any information concerning the person identified before the
- 7 administrator obtains the eyewitness' statement about the
- 8 identification.
- 9 (h) Law enforcement shall make a record of each
- 10 identification procedure, including all identification and non-
- 11 identification results obtained, undertaken during all
- 12 investigations. Each identification procedure record shall be
- 13 signed by the relevant eyewitness.
- 14 (i) When it is impracticable for a blind administrator to
- 15 conduct a lineup, the investigator shall state in writing, in
- 16 the identification procedure record, the reason therefore.
- 17 § -3 Eyewitness identification procedures for showups.
- 18 (a) The administrator shall comply with the following in
- 19 conducting a showup:
- 20 (1) Where possible, the administrator shall perform a live
- 21 lineup or photo lineup instead of a showup;



1	(2)	A showup shall only be performed using a live suspect
2		and only in exigent circumstances that require the
3		immediate display of a suspect to an eyewitness;
4	(3)	An administrator shall not conduct a showup with a
5		photograph. If investigators wish to determine if an
6		eyewitness can make an identification using a
7		photograph, a photo lineup must be used;
8	(4)	Prior to any showup, law enforcement shall record in
9	·	writing as complete a description as possible of the
10		possible perpetrator provided by the eyewitness in the
11		eyewitness' own words. This record shall also include
12		information regarding the conditions under which the
13		eyewitness observed the possible perpetrator including
14		location, time, distance, obstructions, lighting,
15		weather conditions, and other impairments including
16		but not limited to alcohol, drugs, stress, and visual
17		or auditory disabilities;
18	(5)	The eyewitness shall also be asked if the eyewitness'
19		vision needs correction by glasses or contact lenses
20		and whether the eyewitness was wearing them at the
21		time of the offense. The administrator shall note

1		whet	her the eyewitness was wearing glasses or contact
2		1ens	es at the time of the identification procedure;
3	(6)	The	eyewitness shall be transported to a neutral, non-
4		law	enforcement location where the suspect is being
5		deta	ined for the purposes of a showup;
6	(7)	The	eyewitness shall be instructed, without other
7		eyew	itnesses present, prior to any showup that:
8		(A)	The possible perpetrator may or may not be the
9			person that is presented to the eyewitness;
10		(B)	The administrator does not know the identity of
11			the possible perpetrator;
12		(C)	The eyewitness should not feel compelled to make
13			an identification;
14		(D)	The investigation will continue whether or not an
15			identification is made;
16		(E)	The procedure requires the administrator to ask
17			the eyewitness to state, in the eyewitness' own
18			words, how certain the eyewitness is of any
19			identification; and
20		(F)	The eyewitness is not to discuss the
21			identification procedure or its results with



1		other eyewithesses involved in the case and
2		should not speak with the media.
3	(b)	At any showup, in order to reduce potentially damaging
4	or prejud	icial inferences that may be drawn by the eyewitness,
5	the admin	istrator shall:
6	(1)	Refrain from suggesting, through statements or non-
7		verbal conduct, that the suspect is or may be the
8		perpetrator of the crime;
9	(2)	Refrain from removing the suspect from a squad car in
10		front of the eyewitness; and
11	(3)	When practicable, present the suspect to the
12		eyewitness without handcuffs.
13	(c)	When there are multiple eyewitnesses, the following
14	procedure	shall apply:
15	(1)	Only one eyewitness at a time shall be present at the
16		location of the showup to participate in the showup;
17		and
18	(2)	If a positive identification is made, and an arrest is
19		justified, subsequent eyewitnesses shall be shown live
20		or photo lineups.

- ${f 1}$ (d) If there are multiple suspects, the suspects shall be
- 2 separated and subjected to separate showup procedures.
- 3 (e) If an eyewitness makes an identification, the
- 4 administrator shall seek and document a clear statement from the
- 5 eyewitness, at the time of the identification and in the
- 6 eyewitness' own words, as to the eyewitness' confidence level
- 7 that the person identified in the showup is the possible
- 8 perpetrator.
- 9 (f) The administrator shall photograph each suspect or
- 10 cause the suspect to be photographed at the time and place of
- 11 the showup to preserve a record of the appearance of the suspect
- 12 at the time of the showup.
- 13 (g) When it is impracticable for a blind administrator to
- 14 conduct a showup, the investigator shall state in writing the
- 15 reason therefore.
- 16 § -4 Video record of identification procedures;
- 17 impracticability; alternative record. (a) Unless
- 18 impracticable, a video record of each identification procedure
- 19 shall be made that includes the following information:
- 20 (1) All identification and non-identification results
- 21 obtained during the identification procedure, signed



1		by each eyewithess, including any eyewithess.
2		confidence statements;
3	(2)	The names of all persons present at the identification
4		procedure, including the name of the administrator and
5		whether the administrator was blind, blinded, or non-
6		blind;
7	(3)	If an administrator other than a blind administrator
8		was used, the reason therefore;
9	(4)	The date and time of the identification procedure;
10	(5)	In a photo lineup or live lineup, any eyewitness
11		identifications of filler; and
12	(6)	In a photo lineup or live lineup, the names of the
13		lineup members and other relevant identifying
14		information, and the sources of all photographs or
15		persons used in the lineup.
16	(b)	If a video record of the identification procedure is
17	impractic	able, the administrator shall document the reason
18	therefore	and an audio record of the identification procedure
19	shall be	made. The audio record shall be supplemented by the
20	following	:
21	(1)	All of the photographs used in a photo lineup; and



1	(2)	Photographs o	f all	of	the	individuals	used	in	a	live
2		lineup or sho	wup.							

- 3 (c) If both a video and audio record of the identification
- 4 procedure are impracticable, the administrator shall document in
- 5 writing the reason therefore and a written record of the
- 6 identification procedure shall be made. The written record
- 7 shall be supplemented by the following:
- **8** (1) All of the photographs used in a photo lineup; and
- 9 (2) Photographs of all of the individuals used in a live
- 10 lineup or showup.
- 11 § -5 Remedies for noncompliance or contamination. (a)
- 12 When the prosecution intends to offer eyewitness identification
- 13 evidence at trial, the defendant is entitled to a pretrial
- 14 evidentiary hearing as to the reliability of the eyewitness
- 15 identification evidence offered.
- 16 (b) At the hearing, the court shall examine whether law
- 17 enforcement or any administrator failed to substantially comply
- 18 with any requirement contained in this chapter, resulting in the
- 19 contamination of the eyewitness. In making its determination,
- 20 the court shall consider the following:

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1	(1)	Whether	any	suggestive	identification	procedures	were
2		employed	1;				

- (2) Whether the eyewitness identification evidence may have been otherwise contaminated by state or non-state actors; and
- 6 (3) Any other factors bearing upon the reliability of the
 7 identification evidence, including but not limited to
 8 characteristics of the witness, possible perpetrator,
 9 or event.
- 10 (c) If the trial court finds evidence of a failure of law
 11 enforcement, an administrator, or prosecuting agencies to comply
 12 with any of the provisions of this chapter, of the use of any
 13 other suggestive identification procedures, or of any other
 14 contamination of identification evidence by state or non-state
 15 actors, it shall:
- (1) Consider this evidence in determining theadmissibility of the eyewitness identification; and
- 18 (2) Suppress the evidence of eyewitness identification
 19 when there is a substantial probability of eyewitness
 20 misidentification.

_	(a) when a court rates an cycurchess racherizederon
2	admissible after a pretrial evidentiary hearing, the court shall
3	instruct the jury when admitting such evidence and prior to the
4	jury's deliberation, where applicable:
5	(1) That this chapter is designed to reduce the risk of
6	eyewitness misidentification; and
7	(2) That it may consider credible evidence of
8	noncompliance with this chapter when assessing the
9	reliability of the eyewitness identification evidence.
10	§ -6 Training of law enforcement officers. Law
11	enforcement entities shall include in their training programs
12	for law enforcement officers and recruits information on the
13	methods, technical aspects, and scientific findings regarding
14	the basis of the eyewitness identification practices and
15	procedures referenced in this chapter."
16	SECTION 3. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
17	matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
18	begun before its effective date.
19	SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect on January 1, 2016.
20	INTRODUCED BY: KIL NIL

JAN 2 1 2015

Report Title:

Criminal Procedure; Eyewitness Identification; Remedies

Description:

Creates procedural and administrative requirements for law enforcement agencies for eyewitness identifications of suspects in criminal investigations. Grants a defendant the right to challenge any eyewitness identification to be used at trial in a pretrial evidentiary hearing.

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.