

MAR 04 2014

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

ENCOURAGING THE UTILIZATION OF BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES IN
LANDSCAPE IRRIGATION TO CONSERVE OUTDOOR WATER USE AND THE
ADOPTION OF THE LANDSCAPE INDUSTRY COUNCIL OF HAWAII'S
IRRIGATION WATER CONSERVATION BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES.

1 WHEREAS, Hawaii's landscape industry is one of the fastest
2 growing and largest segments of the green industry, generating
3 an economic value of over \$520,000,000 annually and full-time
4 employment of over eleven thousand landscape professionals; and
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6 WHEREAS, according to the United States Environmental
7 Protection Agency, landscape irrigation accounts for fifty
8 percent or more of the average household's outdoor water usage;
9 and
10

11 WHEREAS, poorly maintained or installed irrigation can
12 waste up to fifty percent of water due to inefficient irrigation
13 practices, poor components, or evaporation and runoff; and
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15 WHEREAS, maintaining and installing efficient irrigation
16 systems are some of the most effective ways to reduce waste in
17 drinking water, reduce runoff and sediments, and improve plant
18 health by applying the correct amount of water without exceeding
19 the soil infiltration rate; and
20

21 WHEREAS, the Landscape Industry Council of Hawaii (LICH)
22 was established in 1986 as a statewide alliance representing the
23 following Hawaii landscape trade associations: the Aloha
24 Arborist Association, Hawaii Chapter of the American Society of
25 Landscape Architects, Hawaii Association of Nurserymen, Hawaii
26 Island Landscape Association, Hawaii Landscape and Irrigation
27 Contractors Association, Inc., Hawaii Society of Urban Forestry
28 Professionals, Kauai Landscape Industry Council, Maui
29 Association of Landscape Professionals, Professional Grounds
30 Management Society, Big Island Association of Nurserymen, Inc.,



1 Hawaii Professional Gardeners Association, and Hawaii Turfgrass
2 Association; and

3
4 WHEREAS, LICH supports and encourages water conservation,
5 research and development, and the utilization of best management
6 practices to conserve outdoor water usage within the landscape;
7 and

8
9 WHEREAS, best management practices for new installations or
10 major renovations include the use of:

- 11 (1) New installations that require a coverage test prior
12 to acceptance; and irrigation system designs, plans,
13 and specifications that remain on site and contain
14 water conservation language;
15
- 16 (2) Systems designed with sprinklers spaced head-to-head
17 coverage or better, and with a precipitation rate not
18 exceeding soil infiltration rate;
19
- 20 (3) Systems designed to irrigate similar site, slope, sun
21 exposure, soil conditions, and plant materials with
22 similar water use on the same circuit;
23
- 24 (4) Climate-based automatic irrigation controllers
25 utilizing either evapotranspiration and weather
26 sensors, or soil moisture sensors and drip irrigation
27 for individual specimen plants;
28
- 29 (5) Flow sensors with a malfunction valve shutoff system
30 capability in an irrigation controller and water
31 submeters that measure outdoor water usage on larger
32 sites;
33
- 34 (6) Water conserving irrigation components and check
35 valves such as rotary nozzles, pressure regulated
36 spray heads, rain switches, and high efficiency
37 nozzles;
38
- 39 (7) Storm water design methods, including infiltration
40 beds, swales, and basins that allow water to collect
41 and soak into the ground on site, utilizing low impact
42 development principles;
43
44



- 1 (8) Non-potable water sources when available; and
- 2
- 3 (9) Qualified irrigation designers such as an Irrigation
- 4 Association-Certified Irrigation Designer, Irrigation
- 5 Association-Certified Irrigation Contractor, and a
- 6 maintenance contractor with water conservation
- 7 expertise; and
- 8

9 WHEREAS, the best management practices for maintenance
10 include the use of:

- 11
- 12 (1) Seasonal timing adjustments to irrigation controller
- 13 systems;
- 14
- 15 (2) Aeration of lawns when compaction increases, and short
- 16 run-time cycle irrigation in areas where runoff and
- 17 ponding occur;
- 18
- 19 (3) Periodic practical water audits to review the system
- 20 components and verify that the components meet the
- 21 original design criteria for the efficient operation
- 22 and uniform distribution of water;
- 23
- 24 (4) Irrigation controllers programmed for long run times
- 25 to water as deeply, evenly, and infrequently as
- 26 possible to encourage deep rooting and increased
- 27 drought resistance;
- 28
- 29 (5) Mulch, organic matter in soils, and drought-tolerant
- 30 plants or plants that are naturally occurring at the
- 31 site and surroundings;
- 32
- 33 (6) The practice of allowing grass to grow taller to
- 34 conserve water; and
- 35
- 36 (7) Schedule systems to run water at night; and
- 37

38 WHEREAS, the resource and financial savings resulting from
39 the effective use of these best management practices would in
40 turn allow the public and private sectors to plant more "main
41 street" trees within our communities to achieve increased
42 livability and sustainability; and
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1 WHEREAS, LICH further supports and encourages the
2 preservation of existing native trees and non-invasive
3 vegetation that do not require irrigation; and
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5 WHEREAS, LICH further supports and encourages attendance
6 at water conservation seminars with continuing education units
7 by entities such as the Hawaii Section of the American Water
8 Works Association, LICH, and the Irrigation Association; now,
9 therefore,
10

11 BE IT RESOLVED by the Senate of the Twenty-seventh
12 Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 2014, the
13 House of Representatives concurring, that this body encourages
14 the utilization of best management practices in landscape
15 irrigation to conserve outdoor water usage; and
16

17 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that all state and county agencies
18 and other large water users are encouraged to adopt the
19 Landscape Industry Council of Hawaii's Irrigation Water
20 Conservation Best Management Practices to improve the efficiency
21 of all existing and new landscape irrigation installations
22 through low-cost, practical measures; and
23

24 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that LICH continue its efforts to
25 disseminate information in support of water conservation,
26 research and development, and the utilization of best management
27 practices to conserve outdoor landscape water usage; and
28

29 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that certified copies of this
30 Concurrent Resolution be transmitted to the Landscape Industry
31 Council of Hawaii which in turn is requested to transmit a copy
32 of this Concurrent Resolution to all state and county agencies
33 and other large water users in this State.
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OFFERED BY: Maunaloa Chun (absent)

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