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## A BILL FOR AN ACT

MAKING AN APPROPRIATION FOR INVASIVE SPECIES CONTROL.

**BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:**

1           SECTION 1. The legislature finds that immediate action is  
2 needed to further protect Hawaii from invasive species. Act 85,  
3 Session Laws of Hawaii 2003, created the invasive species  
4 council for the special purpose of providing policy level  
5 direction, coordination, and planning among state departments,  
6 federal agencies, and international and local initiatives for  
7 the control and eradication of harmful invasive species  
8 infestations throughout the State and for preventing the  
9 introduction of other invasive species that may be harmful.

10           The State's five island-based invasive species committees  
11 protect Hawaii's forested watersheds, agriculture, tourism-based  
12 economy, natural and cultural resources, and health and  
13 lifestyle by preventing or stopping the spread of invasive  
14 species over hundreds of thousands of acres. Collectively, the  
15 committees are responsible for much of the on-the-ground  
16 response and control work, and outreach and education across the  
17 State. The committees are the only organizations that work  
18 island-wide to address incipient invasive species across



1 multiple jurisdictions, including state, federal, county, and  
2 private lands. The committees have utilized and leveraged state  
3 funding to: eradicate, contain, or prevent the establishment of  
4 coqui frogs where feasible; contain or stop the spread of  
5 miconia and more than thirty other invasive plant, vertebrate,  
6 and invertebrate species; reduce or prevent the harm caused by  
7 axis deer; and educate, engage, and involve the public in  
8 detecting and reporting invasive species. These efforts help  
9 avoid millions of dollars in future costs to Hawaii's  
10 watersheds, real estate, and tourism industry. The committees  
11 are projects of the University of Hawaii Pacific cooperative  
12 studies unit.

13       Successful detection and control of invasive species  
14 require consistent, repeat visits by highly trained staff to  
15 infested areas often in inhospitable terrain, with some areas  
16 accessible only by air. Many of the most harmful invasive  
17 species take years to eradicate.

18       The legislature finds that increased funding from the State  
19 is necessary to safeguard previous investments and ensure long-  
20 term success. Federal sources have diminished and are expected  
21 to decline significantly in future years. Maintaining the  
22 invasive species council's momentum on the most harmful invasive



1 species will require an estimated \$8,000,000 each year from all  
2 combined sources.

3 The purpose of this Act is to make an appropriation to the  
4 invasive species council.

5 SECTION 2. There is appropriated out of the general  
6 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$6,200,000 or so much  
7 thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2014-2015 for the  
8 University of Hawaii Pacific cooperative studies unit to  
9 allocate to the invasive species committees for invasive species  
10 response and control, and outreach and education related to  
11 invasive species; provided that any administrative, indirect  
12 cost charged by the University of Hawaii for the administration  
13 of this program shall not exceed six per cent per year of the  
14 total amount appropriated.

15 The sum appropriated shall be expended by the University of  
16 Hawaii for the purposes of this Act.

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INTRODUCED BY:

DM / BR

DK BR

JAN 21 2014



# H.B. NO. 2123

**Report Title:**

Invasive Species; Appropriation; University of Hawaii

**Description:**

Makes an appropriation for invasive species response and control, and outreach and education related to invasive species.

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