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Congratulations Mililani High "Best Public High School – 2011"



Aloha Friends,

In my new role as Vice Chair of the Ways and Means Committee, I had complete oversight of the Senate's Capital Improvement Program (CIP) funds. It was a trying responsibility to assure that needed projects were funded state-wide, and I was still able to include needed project funds for every school within our district. With the support of your House legislators, it assured funding for our district projects.

This session was extremely difficult because of many program cuts over the past two sessions. We started session with an \$800M shortfall and by April it grew to \$1.3B. To add to our deficit, we also had to deal with a budget shortfall in this current year by adding to our general fund. This was done by transferring \$16M from non-general funds, \$40M from rainy day funds and \$42M from hurricane relief funds.

This newsletter is a wrap up of a very challenging 2011 session.

Have a wonderful and safe summer.

Capital Improvement Projects

Education

Leeward Community College	Construction of a new Education and Innovation Facility.	\$19,000,013
Mililani High School	Replace and upgrade the fiber-optic and network system. Resurfacing of the tennis courts, parking lot and driveway.	\$1,000,000 \$470,000
Mililani Middle School	Covering for the outdoor play court. Roof repair for Bldgs. G & F.	\$501,000 \$750,000
Kipapa Elementary School	Replacement of A/C system.	\$200,000
Mililani Ike Elementary	Repair of the covered athletic court.	\$150,000
Mililani Mauka Elementary	Installation of covered walkways.	\$500,000
Mililani Uka Elementary	Installation of new playground equipment.	\$75,000

Roads and Highways

Kamehameha Highway- Repair and Resurfacing.	Repair and resurfacing of Kamehameha Highway from Melemanu Park to Ka Uka Blvd.	\$14,000,000
Mililani Mauka/H-2 Interchange	Study to reduce traffic congestion and an alternative freeway exit from Mauka.	\$350,000

Community

Special Olympics Hawaii	Funds to construct an athletic and sports facility in Kapolei.	\$1,500,000
PBS Hawaii	Grant to assist in renovation of broadcast facility.	\$2,000,000
Bishop Museum	Grant to assist in the renovation of the Polynesian Hall and Planetarium	\$2,500,000

“Pūpūkāhi I Holomua” *United To Move Forward*

A summary of the Senate Majority Legislative Priorities



The members of the Hawaii State Senate came into this year’s legislative session knowing that our State was in a deep financial crisis, facing a nearly \$1Billion deficit over the next two years. In addition, there were a number of other important issues facing us, such as the re-structuring of the Board of Education, resolving the issue of civil unions and helping the various departments of the new Executive Administration to get up and running.

After several retreats that focused on identifying the themes and initiatives that would most benefit our State, we came up with a plan that we felt would best improve the quality of life for Hawaii’s people, especially those who are most in need.

At its core, our plan was to strengthen our economy and create more jobs so that we could move forward into the future with confidence. This meant many things, including streamlining the permitting process conducted by County and State agencies so that new businesses could emerge; investing in our infrastructure through Capitol Improvement Projects and Modernization projects; assuring there was an ability for local agriculture to better prosper and expand going forward; and creating more jobs within the construction industry.

Other areas of concern and focus included:

- Moving forward on making Hawaii a sustainable model for the country and the world in the area of energy efficiency;
- Ensuring that our children receive the highest possible educational opportunities, from the preschool level up through the University system and make certain there is more accountability from leadership in the educational arena;
- Making sure that a safety net remains in place for our most vulnerable citizens, whether they be children, Kupuna or the sick, by providing clean air, water, food, shelter and health care; and
- Working with stakeholders regarding a Ceded Land Settlement to fulfill our responsibility to the Native Hawaiian community.

It was definitely a challenge to achieve all of these goals over the past five months, especially since the budget deficit ballooned to more than \$1.3 Billion. However, when all is said and done, we have successfully preserved essential public services and met our goal to move Hawaii forward into the future.

Education

Senate Bill 8, which was signed into law (Act 5) by the governor on March 14, 2011, gives the Governor the authority to appoint nine Board of Education members. These members would consist of: one member from the County of Hawaii, one member from the County of Maui, as well as one member from the County of Kauai and three members from the City and County of Honolulu and three at-large members,

Charter Schools continue to become an important component in our education system in Hawaii. *Senate Bill 1174* seeks to improve Charter Schools’ governance, transparency, and accountability in order to meet their educational goals.

Students who are eligible for special education and related services need to be ensured that they receive quality education.

This is achieved by requiring private special education providers who receive state funding to comply with federal and state laws, rules, and regulations. To ensure special needs students are provided with high quality education, the Department of Education (DOE) is authorized to monitor and access those schools who receive our special needs students.
(*SB 1503 & SB 1284*).

In order to ensure students are in a safe learning environment, *House Bill 688* creates a safe and civil learning environment for all public school students. The bill requires the Board of Education (BOE) to monitor the DOE for compliance with administrative rules or statutes governing bullying, cyberbullying and harassment.

While the State remains committed to increasing instructional time for public school students, *House Bill 945* puts in place a partial delay of Act 167 (SLH 2010) in an effort to give the DOE more time comply with the Act. The measure requires the DOE to re-examine what constitutes as instructional time. Charter Schools and multi-track schools were exempted under this bill. Mahalo to Annette Nishikawa, Acting Leeward Complex Supervisor and Mililani Middle School Principal, Elynne Chung for their strong lobbying of this bill.

Health and Human Services

Under *Senate Bill 285*, health care would be more accessible to Quest and Medicaid members who live in rural areas through the telehealth pilot program. Vital services would be provided to members with chronic conditions through a mobile health van operated by a qualified provider.

The use of pseudoephedrine in the illegal manufacturing and sale of methamphetamine is growing. *Senate Bill 40* would establish an electronic tracking system for the sale of products containing pseudoephedrine or ephedrine base to further control access to the substance to hinder its illegal use.

Hawaii's Advanced Practice Registered Nurses are recognized to be educationally prepared to assume responsibility for the assessment, diagnosis, and management of patient problems. *House Bill 484* would allow APRNs to practice within the full scope of their authorized practice, including practicing as a primary care provider. This measure authorizes APRNs with prescriptive authority to

Request, receive and dispense sample over-the-counter drugs. This measure would increase access to health care, especially in the rural areas.

The federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act requires each state to establish a health insurance exchange to regulate health insurance plans and to distribute information to consumers. The Hawaii Health Connector would be established under *Senate Bill 1348* to comply with the federal law. It would facilitate the purchase and sale of qualified health plans with uninsured residents.

Consumer Protection

Many times, the consumer is bound to a contract they may not want and is burdened with cancelling the contract after learning of an automatic renewal clause that was not clear before the purchase of a product or service. To address this issue, *House Bill 663* would require clear and conspicuous disclosure of automatic renewal clauses and cancellation procedures of all consumer contracts.

As a result of the economic crisis in our nation and our State, many families and individuals are facing foreclosure on their homes. *Senate Bill 651* reforms the foreclosure process by addressing abuse in the system. It also provides relief to homeowners who have fallen into distress. This bill presents a thorough consideration of relevant issues distressed homeowners are facing.

Judiciary

To further ensure the safety of children, *House Bill 44* makes it a misdemeanor offense for the solicitation of prostitution within 750 feet near schools or public parks.

Senate Bill 217, would allow sex abuse victims to expand their ability to seek civil claims and compensation for damages as a result of their sexual abuse. It would also revive the statute of limitations for two years on certain actions that had previously lapsed.

In response to news stories of farm workers being brought to Hawaii illegally, the legislature took a proactive approach and passed *House Bill 141*. This measure created specific rules to protect and aid the victims of human trafficking.

After much debate over several years, a civil unions bill was passed. *Senate Bill 232*, that establishes civil unions in Hawaii, thereby providing the partners of such unions with the rights, benefits and responsibilities that bind them into a legally recognized relationship. The governor signed the bill into law (Act 1) on February 23, 2011.

Environment

Several years ago the State created a Starlight Reserve Committee whose task is to preserve the quality of the night sky by eliminating irresponsible or excessive artificial lighting that impacts the night sky. *Senate Bill 81* will extend the termination date of the State committee by appropriating additional funding to push forward a starlight reserve strategy for another two years.

Hawaii has one of the most magnificent views of the stars at night because of our location in the middle of the Pacific Ocean. The night sky has scientific value for astronomers and is important for endangered species in Hawaii, including birds and sea turtles. To protect and preserve the night sky, the Senate this year passed *Senate Bill 1493* to limit the glow of unnecessary man-made light and helps to direct other lights downwards toward the ground so as to have less impact on the night sky.

In reviewing applications to offer new services, *Senate Bill 98* requires public hearings before the Public Utilities Commission (PUC) approves water carriers a Certificate of Public Convenience and Necessity (CPCN). This measure also clarifies the existing requirement for future issuance of CPCN.

In support of the State's overall clean energy objectives, the PUC is directed to consider implementing an on-bill financing program for our residential electric utility customers to finance purchases of energy efficient or renewable energy devices under *House Bill 1520*. This is one way to promote adoption of energy efficiency and renewable energy technology.

The installation of photovoltaic systems on existing homes can be hindered by design features. *Senate Bill 181* establishes a working group attached to the Department of Accounting and General Services to study the feasibility of requiring new single-family residential construction to provide accommodations for the addition of photovoltaic systems. This would encourage widespread adoption of photovoltaic systems in the future.

Hawaiian Affairs

The legislature moved forward an issue that has languished for years by approving *Senate Bill 1520*, which officially recognizes the Native Hawaiian people as the only indigenous, aboriginal maoli people of Hawaii. This legislation seeks to serve as a settlement of any issues or claims impacting Native Hawaiian people under State, Federal or international law. It also authorizes the appointment of a Native Hawaiian Roll Commission, which will be funded by OHA and tasked to prepare and maintain a list of qualified Native Hawaiians.

In other Hawaiian Affairs Committee actions, the Senate also approved the establishment of a nine-member task force to examine why there is a disproportionate number of Native Hawaiians incarcerated in Hawaii prisons. The Senate also approved an increase in the limits of the State's liability from \$50,000 to \$100,000 for funds borrowed by the .

Department of Hawaiian Home Lands or loaned to the beneficiaries of Home Lands

Agriculture

Hawaii's important ecosystems can be destroyed by the introduction of invasive species. Such destruction threatens our natural environment, harms our economy and our agricultural industry. *House Bill 1568*, would help protect Hawaii's natural environment from the threat of invasive species through the construction of biosecurity and inspection facilities at Hawaii's airports and harbors.

Food contamination poses a serious threat to public health. The program established by *House Bill 667*, provides training, certification, support and assistance to the agricultural industry within the Department of Agriculture.

House Bill 1230 would exempt the construction of low-risk non-residential temporary or permanent structures used for agricultural or aquacultural operations from county building permit requirements under certain conditions. Low-risk buildings such as storage structures as well as greenhouses for growing plants are much needed by Hawaii's farmers and ranchers.

The unused and improved farm and agriculture lands are often compromised by individuals encroaching or residing on such property. *House Bill 227* addresses the issue and makes it a crime for trespassers to enter unimproved land or unused agricultural lands. The owner of the agricultural land would also not be held liable for any injury, death, loss or damage suffered by those who are trespassing.

MAY DAY CELEBRATIONS AND GRADUATIONS AT UKA ELEMENTARY



Way to go Kylie!

Kindergarten "Farmer" Tanner Paguyo



05.13.2011



Mililani Ike May Day
A rainy day didn't stop the amazing performances. Great job students and teachers!

Mililani High School was named the "Best Public High School" for 2011"

Of their 590 seniors, 27 have a 4.0 or higher grade-point average. This graduating class received more than \$6 million in scholarships.

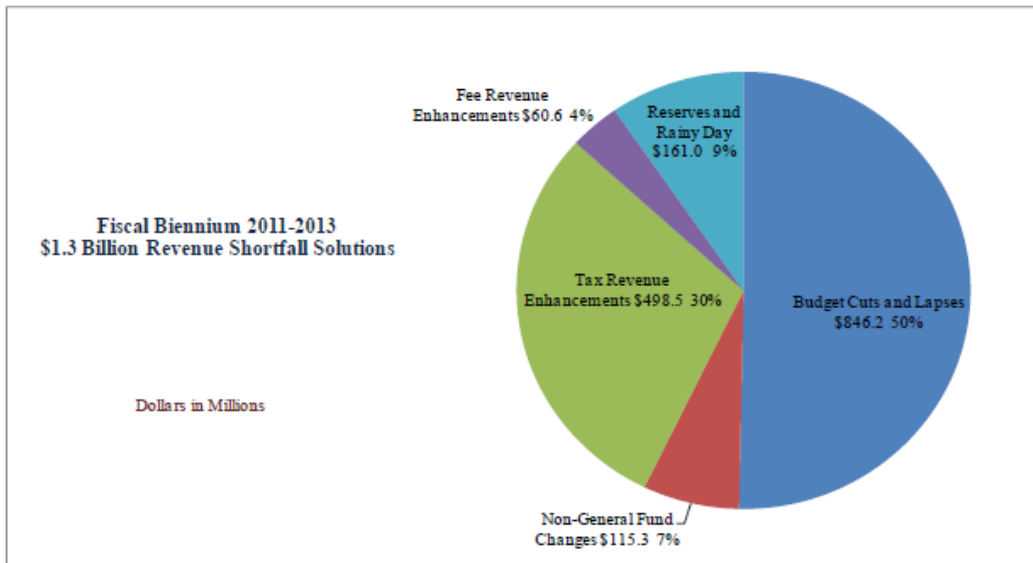
Their 13 Valedictorians received a grade-point average of 4.0 or better during all 4 years in high school..

Congratulations to Hawai'i's future leaders!



Mililani Mauka May Day
Possibly a Future Miss Aloha Hula here?





Balancing the Budget

Hawaii, like other states, is in the midst of an economic recession. Thus the biggest task facing the Senate this year was coming up with a balanced budget that would enable essential government services to continue to operate, while minimizing the economic pain on taxpayers and residents. Under the direction of the Governor, all state agencies were ordered to cut budgets by ten percent for the coming year, but it was the legislature's task to fund all State activities. After hundreds of hours of testimony in dozens of hearings, and many more hours of deliberation with their counterparts in the House of Representatives, the Senate was able to pass out a workable budget. A combination of bills include a variety of revenue generating components. These include a temporary suspension of some tax exemptions for nearly two dozen businesses, the repeal of a state income tax exemptions and a cap on itemized deductions for higher income taxpayers, and a delay in implementing an increase in personal exemptions and standard deductions for all taxpayers.

The Senate also signed off on a bill that will adjust rental car surcharges and another bill that capped. Without reducing, the hotel room tax income from the counties to the State. All of these actions should generate hundreds of millions of dollars for the State.

However, while there was some support from the House of Representatives,

the Senate did not pass an increase in the State's General Excise Tax. The Senate also did not pass any tax on pensions and did not agree to increase taxes on soda or liquor.

The salaries of all legislators, members of the State judiciary and appointed State Executives are reviewed and approved from time to time by the State Salary Commission. Four years ago the Commission recommended annual pay raises for such public executives that would have amounted to about \$2,000 additional per year until 2013. However, in 2009 and 2010 the legislature, recognizing the difficult economic situation facing many people in Hawaii, decided to not take the pay increase and this year, with *House Bill 575*, they again extended the pay reduction so that in 2011 they will actually be getting paid less than the amount approved by the Salary Commission.

Economy and Job Creation

With tourism operating as Hawaii's main source of jobs and revenues, the State Senate took action this year with *Senate Bill 1186* to correct a gap in the amount of money received from transient accommodation facilities. A new law was passed which will impose a minimum daily tax on transient accommodations and which will also increase the tax rate on resort time share vacation units. This increase will level the playing field between all facilities which house tourism visitors to the islands.

BUDGET:

How the Budget was Balanced

This year the Legislature was faced with difficult decisions in balancing the State's budget. Confronted with a \$1.3 billion shortfall, the Senate worked diligently with the House to trim unnecessary costs and find new revenue sources. Despite adversity the Senate has managed to meet the needs of the people.

Senate Bill 1530 allows the Board of Land and Natural Resources to extend hotel, resort, commercial and industrial leases to lessees who commit to making substantial improvements on the property. This should create new jobs and maintain or increase revenue coming into Hawaii.

Increased Government Efficiency

Under *Senate Bill 2*, the State will establish a comprehensive system for inventorying and maintaining information about all public land trust property as described in the Admissions Act and the Hawaii State Constitution. The Department of Land and Natural Resources will then be better able to administer and manage the title and disposition of those lands, to include making amendments to the trust status of such lands if necessary.

The Senate also brought forward legislation this year, *Senate Bill 1555*, which will create a Public Land Development Corporation tasked with making optimal use of public property for the economic and social benefit of the public. Under this legislation, public lands that are suitable for development will be identified; a marketing analysis will be conducted to determine the best use of those lands; and the State may enter into public-private agreements to finance, improve or enhance the selected development opportunities.