



STATE OF HAWAII
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
P.O. Box 3378
HONOLULU, HAWAII 96801-3378

In reply, please refer to:
File:

**House Committees on Human Services and Health
H.B. 1934, Housing**

**Testimony of Gary L. Gill
Acting Director of Health**

January 30, 2014

1 **Department's Position:** The Department of Health (DOH) appreciates the intent of this measure
2 provided that its enactment does not reduce or replace priorities within our Executive Supplemental
3 Budget Request for Fiscal Year 2014-2015.

4 **Fiscal Implications:** Section 2 appropriates \$300,000 for substance abuse treatment and mental health
5 support services and Section 3 appropriates \$200,000 for clean and sober housing support services to the
6 Department of Health.

7 **Purpose and Justification:** Sections 2 and 3 of the measure appropriate a total of \$500,000, to be
8 expended in Fiscal Year 2014-2015 by DOH for substance abuse treatment and mental health support
9 services and clean and sober housing support services.

10 Persons affected by substance use and mental health are at higher risk for homelessness, chronic
11 health conditions, involvement in the criminal justice system, social isolation and often become high
12 users of health care services. Programs that provide dual treatment focus both on the substance and on
13 mental health stabilization. Treatment episodes are generally longer in duration and more
14 comprehensive; typically, providing more positive client outcomes and a higher rate of long term
15 recovery. Long term recovery is also strongly tied to stable housing that is drug and alcohol free.

1 Stable housing is a critical component in the continuum of substance abuse treatment and
2 recovery. Approximately 17 percent of clients served by ADAD contracted providers did not have
3 stable housing at admission. At discharge and follow-up, unstable housing status was reduced to
4 14 percent and 7 percent, respectively.

5 As a member of the Governor's Hawaii Interagency Council on Homelessness which is
6 comprised of community leaders, state department directors, and federal agency representatives, DOH is
7 involved with the development of a unified plan on addressing homelessness by increasing transitional
8 and permanent housing options and acquiring increased federal funding.

9 We are aware of the need for clean and sober housing support services for those who are
10 homeless or at risk of becoming homeless. Within DOH, efforts to address homeless clients with mental
11 health, substance use and co-occurring mental illness and substance use disorders are coordinated
12 between the Alcohol and Drug Abuse and Adult Mental Health Divisions to ensure that clients receive
13 appropriate care. It should be noted, however, that as needs are identified and priorities are assigned to
14 address the issue of homelessness, the proposed services in this measure must also be viewed within the
15 context of the Department's Supplemental Budget Request.

16 Thank you for the opportunity to testify on this measure.

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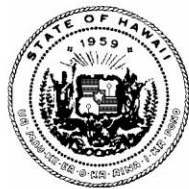
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STATE OF HAWAII
DEPARTMENT OF HUMAN SERVICES
P. O. Box 339
Honolulu, Hawaii 96809-0339

January 30, 2014

MEMORANDUM:

TO: The Honorable Mele Carroll, Chair
House Committee on Human Services

The Honorable Della Au Belatti, Chair
House Committee on Health

FROM: Patricia McManaman, Director

SUBJECT: **H.B. 1934– RELATING TO HOUSING**

Hearing: Thursday, January 30, 2014; 10:30 a.m.
Conference Room 329; State Capitol

PURPOSE: The purpose of this bill is to appropriate funds to the Department of Health for substance abuse treatment and mental health support services, and for clean and sober housing support services; appropriate funds to the Department of Human Services for various homeless and homeless prevention services and programs; and to transfer the homeless assistance working group from the Department of Human Services to the Legislature.

DEPARTMENT'S POSITION: The Department of Human Services (DHS) appreciates the Legislature's support of the Homeless Programs Office (HPO) and supports the intent of this bill provided it does not adversely affect priorities set forth in the Executive Supplemental Budget.

Regarding Part III, Sections 6 and 7 of this bill, the Department asks that the Legislature support the Department's priorities as requested in the Executive

Supplemental Budget submitted by Governor Abercrombie which contains a request for \$1,500,000 for continuation of the Housing First Program. The second year of the State's Housing First program will be favorably impacted by the Department of Health's recent award from the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) grant for intensive support services for unsheltered homeless who have severe psychiatric disabilities and/or co-occurring substance abuse disorders. Legislative support of the Governor's budget request will allow the Housing First program to be operated for a third fiscal year with substantial opportunity for leveraging of funding with the DOH's program.

Part IV of this bill would provide unspecified funding for a homelessness prevention and rapid rehousing program. The Department has not been able to implement the Homelessness Prevention and Rapid Rehousing Program (HPRP) funding during the 2013 session due to the lack of staffing resources. We note that the HPO already administers HUD funded HPRP funds (totaling approximately \$162,000) on behalf of the Neighbor Islands. The City and County of Honolulu administers the HUD funded HPRP funds (totaling approximately \$560,000) on Oahu. As with other provisions in this bill, the Department is concerned about the impact on the priorities detailed in the Executive Supplemental Budget.

Regarding Part V of this bill appropriating funds for the Continuum of Care. HUD requires Continuum of Care permanent supportive housing programs to provide a 25% match (either cash or in-kind) against the total amount of their grant. State matching funds for these programs are utilized by the agencies to meet match requirements and to pay for part of what are essentially very substantial administrative demands. For example, every month providers must not only work with clients placed in housing and ensure support services are provided, but they must also pay landlords for every single person who is housed. Matching funds will assist each provider in achieving their

matching requirements, thus enabling the State's two continuum of care providers to continue requesting HUD funds.

Regarding parts VI and VII, the Department notes that the Homeless Assistance Working Group (HAWG) as established in Act 222, Session Laws of Hawaii 2013, was successful in engaging different components of the community to address homelessness and its solutions. We would note that the Hawaii Interagency Council on Homelessness (HICH) is tasked with much of the same work as HAWG, and the HICH has successfully embarked on an ambitious agenda to end homelessness. The HICH statewide plan as well as systemic changes to the provision of homeless services (aligned with national initiatives and evidence based practices such as Housing First) are being implemented. The HAWG is duplicative of the intent of the HICH. The consolidation of the efforts of the HAWG into the HICH would be a more effective use of resources.

The Department defers to the Department of Health on Part 1 of this bill.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide comment on this bill.



CITY COUNCIL
CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU
530 SOUTH KING STREET, ROOM 202
HONOLULU, HAWAII 96813-3065
TELEPHONE: (808) 768-5010 • FAX: (808) 768-5011

STANLEY CHANG
Councilmember – District IV
Phone: (808) 768-5004
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cclidistrict4@honolulu.gov
www.honolulu.gov/council/d4

January 29, 2014
TESTIMONY OF STANLEY CHANG
CONCILMEMBER FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU
On
H.B. No. 1934, RELATING TO HOUSING
Committee on Human Services/Committee on Health
Thursday, January 30, 2014
10:30 a.m.
Conference Room 329

Dear Chair Carroll and Belatti and Committee Members:

Thank you for allowing me the opportunity to submit testimony in support of H.B. 1934 Relating to Housing in my capacity as Councilmember of the City and County of Honolulu.

H.B. 1934 appropriates funds for substance abuse treatment, mental health support services, and clean and sober housing services (Part I), appropriates funds for a rental assistance program, also known as a shallow subsidy program (Part II), appropriates funds for housing first programs for chronically homeless individuals and to reestablish the homeless prevention and rapid re-housing program (Parts III and IV), appropriates matching funds for the federal continuum of care permanent supportive housing programs to provide rental assistance in connection with supportive services (Part V), appropriates funds for the Homeless Assistance Working Group (Part VI), transfers the homeless assistance working group from the Department of Human Services to the legislature (Part VII), and requires the chairpersons of the Senate and House of Representatives Committees on Human Services to convene the Homeless Assistance Working Group instead of the Director of Human Services, or a designee.

Hawaii faces an ever increasing homeless population. These programs would address the needs of the homeless ranging from to mental health to housing.

For these reasons, I respectfully ask for your favorable passage of H.B. 1934 Relating to Housing and thank the Committee for allowing me to provide testimony.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "St Chang", written in a cursive style.

Stanley Chang
Councilmember, District IV



CATHOLIC CHARITIES HAWAII

TESTIMONY IN SUPPORT OF HB 1934: RELATING TO HOUSING

TO: Representative Mele Carroll, Chair; Representative Della Au Belatti, Chair, Health; and Members of the Committees on Human Services and Health

FROM: Betty Lou Larson, Legislative Liaison, Catholic Charities Hawaii

Hearing: Thursday , January 30, 2014, 10:30 am; CR 329.

Chair Carroll, Chair Belatti, and Committee members:

Thank you for the opportunity to provide testimony **in support** of **HB 1934**, appropriating funding for a variety of critical programs targeted at addressing and ending homelessness. I am Betty Lou Larson, Legislative Liaison at Catholic Charities Hawaii. Catholic Charities Hawaii **prefers the language in HB 1934 vs HB 1842** since it more accurately describes the Match funding which would go to permanent supportive housing. We support:

Part II: \$1,000,000 for the Shallow Rent Subsidy program to create another pathway out of homelessness for working homeless. Working people have income to pay rent but not a full market rent. In transitional shelters, they have worked hard to change their lives, learn good budgeting skills, get a job and are ready to pay rent—but they still cannot afford market rents. For many homeless people, waiting for public housing seems to be the only option. A shallow rental subsidy of no more than \$300/month, after the family pays 40% of their income for rent, would enable these working people and their families to move into permanent housing.

Part III: \$1,500,000 for ongoing funding for Housing First. We urge that this funding be in the base budget for the department. Housing First is an evidence based initiative for moving chronically homeless people into permanent housing with wrap around services. **Housing First is cost-effective. The City of Seattle found that housing 95 homeless persons with alcoholism saved the city \$4 million in the first year of operation.** It cost \$13,440 per person (including housing costs) to administer their Housing First program, compared with a cost of \$86,062 per person annually before Housing First. Our homeless providers are collaborating with the state, counties, landlords, and other private entities, on Housing First. There is great energy to move forward and make a significant impact on ending homelessness.

Part V: \$500,000 for matching funds to HUD funded Continuum of Care permanent supportive housing programs. Statewide, these program bring in about \$8 million in federal monies to house homeless persons but they need to match these funds and provide the critical wrap-around services to stabilize them in affordable housing. The federal housing subsidies are the key to ending homelessness for these recipients, who pay 30% of their income on rent with this federal subsidy. The State can greatly leverage its funds with these federal funds to enable over 600 disabled homeless to be re-integrated into our communities and maintain housing.

We urge your support for these important pathways out of homelessness.



CLARENCE T. C. CHING CAMPUS • 1822 Ke'eaumoku Street, Honolulu, HI 96822
Phone (808)373-0356 -- bettylou.larson@catholiccharitieshawaii.org

• www.CatholicCharitiesHawaii.org





PROTECTING HAWAII'S OHANA, CHILDREN, UNDER SERVED, ELDERLY AND DISABLED

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TO: Rep. Mele Carroll, Chair, Committee on Human Services
Rep. Bertrand Kobayashi, Vice Chair, Committee on Human Services

Rep. Della Au Belatti, Chair, Committee on Health
Rep. Dee Morikawa, Vice Chair, Committee on Health

Members, Committees on Human Services & Health

FROM: Scott Morishige, Executive Director, PHOCUSED

HEARING: House Committees on Human Services & Health
Thursday, January 30, 2014 at 10:30 a.m. in Conf. Rm. 329

Testimony in Support of HB1934, Relating to Housing

Thank you for the opportunity to provide testimony in regards to HB1934, which appropriates funds for a range of critical programs aimed at addressing and ending homelessness in Hawaii. PHOCUSED is a statewide coalition of health, housing, and human services organizations committed to strengthening policies and programs that benefit the marginalized and underserved in Hawaii. PHOCUSED **strongly supports** the sections of this bill that provide appropriations to continue the State's existing Housing First and Shallow Subsidy rental assistance programs, and provide match funding for the HUD Continuum of Care Permanent Supportive Housing programs.

As a community, it is critical that we support a comprehensive array of programs and services that aid Hawaii's homeless individuals and families in their efforts to obtain and maintain permanent, stable housing.

The programs described in HB1934, such as Housing First not only assist in providing housing stability for homeless individuals and families, but also results in public cost savings by reducing public expenditures relating to hospitalization, emergency services, and incarceration of homeless individuals. Research has shown that the Housing First approach in particular has reduced public costs in other major metropolitan areas (i.e. Denver, Los Angeles, and Seattle) by as much as 75% for individuals, resulting in millions of dollars saved for those communities.

Once again, PHOCUSED strongly urges your support of this bill and your support of a comprehensive approach to addressing the critical issue of homelessness in Hawaii.

Thank you for the opportunity to testify. If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact PHOCUSED at 521-7462 or by e-mail at admin@phocused-hawaii.org.



HAWAII SUBSTANCE ABUSE COALITION

HB1934 Homeless: Treatment, Housing, Rental Assistance, Housing First:

- COMMITTEE ON HUMAN SERVICES: Representative Carroll, Chair; Representative Kobayashi, Vice Chair
- COMMITTEE ON HEALTH: Representative Belatti, Chair; Representative Morikawa, Vice Chair
- Thursday, Jan.30, 2014; 10:30 a.m.
- Conference Room 329

HAWAII SUBSTANCE ABUSE COALITION Supports HB1934

Good Morning Chair Carroll, Chair Belatti, Vice Chair Kobayashi, Vice Chair Morikawa and Distinguished Committee Members. My name is Alan Johnson. I am the current chair of the Hawaii Substance Abuse Coalition (HSAC), a statewide hui of more than twenty non-profit treatment and prevention agencies.

When housing is coordinated with comprehensive treatment, poor health is improved and extensive costs are avoided.

- It is critical that appropriate treatment is provided to this homeless population. As typical with chronic homeless, issues often include substance use disorders coupled with mental illness, and adverse medical conditions. Treatment addresses:
 - Complex brain functions and behavior.
 - Individual problems and needs.
 - Mental illness
 - Integrates medical, psychological, social, vocational and culture.
 - Therapies for motivation, coping skills, social skills, and relationships.
 - Medication needs that reduce cravings.
 - Changing needs over time as stressors and challenges change.
- Clean and Sober housing that provides support systems and a stable environment significantly reduces the risk for relapse.
- After investing significant funding for homeless treatment, a Rental Assistance, “shallow subsidy,” is essential to for starting with permanent housing.
- Housing First approaches for the chronic homeless is growing in popularity across the nation because it has demonstrated positive outcomes.

Because they can be “frequent flyers” for costly emergent care and re-occurring “pass through” in our Judiciary systems, the chronic homeless are generally included in the 20% who account for 80% of our health costs.



Treatment with Housing and Rental Assistance can avoid exorbitant health costs and have positive outcomes.

Since this population is so expensive to society, a reasonable investment in treatment for medically necessary conditions coupled with clean and sober housing as well as Rental Assistance and Housing First projects would help Hawai'i avoid substantial costs.

We very much appreciate the opportunity to provide testimony.

kobayashi1-Joni

From: mailinglist@capitol.hawaii.gov
Sent: Tuesday, January 28, 2014 2:08 PM
To: HUSstestimony
Cc: sherrianwitt@aol.com
Subject: Submitted testimony for HB1934 on Jan 30, 2014 10:30AM

HB1934

Submitted on: 1/28/2014

Testimony for HUS/HLT on Jan 30, 2014 10:30AM in Conference Room 329

Submitted By	Organization	Testifier Position	Present at Hearing
sherrian witt	Witt Counseling Service	Support	No

Comments: I support this measure for providing services and housing to the homeless, mentally ill and recovering addicts. This bill is compassionate and will provide much needed assistance for the mentally ill. Temporary as well as long term housing is critical. In Hawaii we lack adequate care for schizophrenics and other chronically mentally ill persons. Often times the families of these populations become weary and conflict mounts therefore marginalizing them even more. I support this measure

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**TESTIMONY IN SUPPORT OF HB 1934: RELATING TO HOUSING
WRITTEN TESTIMONY ONLY**

TO: Representative Mele Carroll, Chair, Human Services;
Representative Della Au Belatti, Chair, Health; and
Members of the Committees on Human Services and Health

FROM: Jan Harada, CEO, Helping Hands Hawaii

Hearing: **Thursday , January 30, 2014, 10:30 am; CR 329.**

Chair Carroll, Chair Belatti, and Committee members:

Thank you for the opportunity to provide testimony **in support** of HB 1934, appropriating funding for a variety of critical programs targeted at addressing and ending homelessness. Helping Hands Hawaii **prefers the language in HB 1934 v. the language in HB1842 due to it more accurately describing the Match funding which would go to permanent supportive housing.** We support:

Part II: \$1,000,000 for the Shallow Rent Subsidy program to create another pathway out of homelessness for working homeless. Working people have income to pay rent but not a full market rent. In transitional shelters, they have worked hard to change their lives, learn good budgeting skills, get a job and are ready to pay rent—but they still cannot afford market rents. For many homeless people, waiting for public housing seems to be the only option. A shallow rental subsidy of no more than \$300/month, after the family pays 40% of their income for rent, would enable these working people and their families to move into permanent housing.

Part III: \$1,500,000 for ongoing funding for Housing First. We urge that this funding be in the base budget for the department. Housing First is an evidence based initiative for moving chronically homeless people into permanent housing with wrap around services. **Housing First is cost-effective. The City of Seattle found that housing 95 homeless persons with alcoholism saved the city \$4 million in the first year of operation.** It cost \$13,440 per person (including housing costs) to administer their Housing First program, compared with a cost of \$86,062 per person annually before Housing First. Our homeless providers are collaborating with the state, counties, landlords, and other private entities, on Housing First. There is great energy and momentum to move forward and make a significant impact on ending homelessness in an integrated team-based approach with all providers and funders working together in a coordinated manner.

Part V: \$500,000 for matching funds to HUD funded Continuum of Care permanent supportive housing programs. Statewide, these programs bring in about \$8 million in federal monies to house homeless persons but they need to match these funds and provide the critical wrap-around services to stabilize them in affordable housing. The federal housing subsidies are the key to ending homelessness for these recipients, who pay 30% of their income on rent with

this federal subsidy. The State can greatly leverage its funds with these federal funds to enable over 600 disabled homeless to be re-integrated into our communities and maintain housing.

We urge your support for these important pathways out of homelessness.

**Board of Directors**

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Naomi C. Fujimoto, Esq.
Patrick Gardner, Esq.
John H. Johnson
Nathan Nelson, Esq.
David J. Reber, Esq.

Executive Director

Victor Geminiani, Esq.

Testimony of Hawai'i Appleseed Center for Law and Economic Justice
Supporting HB 1934 Relating to Housing
House Committee on Human Services and Committee on Health
Scheduled for Hearing Thursday, January 30, 2014, 10:30 AM, Room 329

Hawai'i Appleseed Center for Law and Economic Justice is a nonprofit, 501(c)(3) law firm created to advocate on behalf of low income individuals and families in Hawai'i on civil legal issues of statewide importance. Our core mission is to help our clients gain access to the resources, services, and fair treatment that they need to realize their opportunities for self-achievement and economic security.

Thank you for an opportunity to testify in **strong support** of House Bill 1934, which would fund critical programs to address homelessness, including Housing First, Continuum of Care permanent supportive housing, a shallow subsidy rental assistance program, and other programs.

Housing First is an innovative and highly successful approach to housing the most challenging populations of individuals experiencing homelessness. A person who has been chronically homeless needs, first and foremost, stable permanent housing. Once placed in housing, the individual can receive the services and supports necessary to address the underlying issues that lead to homelessness in the first place, such as mental illness or substance use disorders. Housing First has worked around the country, in both urban and rural areas, and kept the most vulnerable individuals housed and improved their quality of life. The U.S. Interagency Council on Homelessness has long endorsed it as a best practice. Research has also demonstrated the cost-efficacy of this approach: it often costs less to house a chronically homeless person and provide comprehensive supportive services than to leave them unsheltered, due to the high costs of emergency interventions such as ER visits or incarceration that leave individuals homeless.

The shallow subsidy program is targeted to help homeless households who are ready to rent to leave transitional housing and move into a permanent, market rate unit. Many families in transitional housing are ready to rent, but even if they are working full time, their income may be too low to afford market rents. This is no surprise, given that Hawai'i has the highest cost of shelter in the country and a severe shortfall of affordable rentals. Almost three out of four extremely low-income households are paying more than half of their income on rent. For those living in poverty, the severe housing cost burden is even greater. The options for public housing or other subsidies are extremely limited and have long waitlists. As a result of this lack of affordable rentals, families who are ready to rebuild their lives in stable housing are instead stuck in transitional housing.

With the shallow subsidy rental assistance program, a household would pay 40 percent of their income in rent and receive a maximum rental assistance payment of \$300 per month. This would help meet the gap for working homeless families who have income but cannot pay a full market rent. Permanent supportive housing services are another critical tool to helping homeless individuals with a high level of need. By funding Continuum of Care programs, the state will be able to leverage a significant amount of federal funds in housing subsidies.

Again, thank you for the opportunity to testify in support of HB 1934 to fund these critical homeless intervention programs.



HPCCA

HAWAII PRIMARY CARE ASSOCIATION

House Committee on Human Services

The Hon. Mele Carroll, Chair

The Hon. Betrand Kobayashi, Vice Chair

House Committee on Health

The Hon. Della Au Belatti, Chair

The Hon. Dee Morikawa, Vice Chair

Testimony on House Bill 1934

Relating to Housing

Submitted by Robert Hirokawa, Chief Executive Officer

01/30/2014, 10:30 a.m., Room 329

The Hawaii Primary Care Association (HPCCA), which represents the federally qualified community health centers in Hawaii, supports House Bill 1934.

Housing is health. Hawaii's community health centers provided health care and other services to 12,459 unique patients experiencing homelessness in 2012. Housing, the lack of affordable housing, and homelessness are all social determinants of health: they are circumstances that influence the health of individuals and the health of communities, more so than an individual's genetic code.

House Bill 1934 provides a comprehensive approach to assisting individuals and families experiencing homelessness through a variety of services including medical assistance, shallow-subsidy rental assistance, investment in the Housing First model for chronically homeless individuals, funding to prevent homelessness and provide rapid re-housing, funding for the continuum of care permanent supportive housing programs, and funding for the construction and demonstration of innovative temporary housing solutions as they relate to the working group's findings and recommendations. In addition this measure makes changes to the current homeless assistance working group of which the HPCCA has been a participant. Although helping individuals and families out of homelessness and into permanent, stable housing takes a combination of efforts around housing, health care, employment opportunities, child care, and other issues, House Bill 1934 provides an array of housing options and investment in substance abuse and mental health needs that is a good start to helping some of our most vulnerable neighbors.

For these reasons, the HPCCA supports this measure. Thank you for the opportunity to testify.

LATE

kobayashi1-Joni

From: mailinglist@capitol.hawaii.gov
Sent: Thursday, January 30, 2014 6:03 AM
To: HUSstestimony
Cc: robertscottwall@yahoo.com
Subject: Submitted testimony for HB1934 on Jan 30, 2014 10:30AM

HB1934

Submitted on: 1/30/2014

Testimony for HUS/HLT on Jan 30, 2014 10:30AM in Conference Room 329

Submitted By	Organization	Testifier Position	Present at Hearing
Scott Wall	Community Alliance for Mental Health	Support	No

Comments: to: House Health and Human Services Aloha Chairs Carroll, Belatti, and the members of their committees, On behalf of the Community Alliance for Mental Health along with United Self Help strongly supports HB1934. HB1934 is crucial in our battle to solve homelessness, address the chronic shortage of low income housing, and the dire need for housing for our work force. Scott Wall VP/Legislative Advocate Community Alliance for Mental Health

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PARTNERS IN CARE Oahu's Coalition of Homeless Providers

LATE

TESTIMONY IN SUPPORT OF HB 1934: RELATING TO HOUSING

TO: Rep. Mele Carroll, Chair; Rep. Della Au Belatti, Chair; Rep. Bert Kobayashi, Vice Chair; Rep. Dee Morikawa, Vice Chair; and members of the Committees on Housing and Health
FROM: Peter K. Mattoon, Advocacy Committee Co-Chair, Partners In Care
Hearing: **Thursday, January 30, 2014, 10:30 AM, Room 329**

Dear Chair Carroll, Vice Chair Kobayashi, Chair Belatti, Vice Chair Morikawa, and committee members:

Thank you for the opportunity to provide testimony **in strong support** of House Bill 1934, appropriating funding for a variety of critical programs targeted at addressing and ending homelessness. I am Peter K. Mattoon, and I am an Advocacy Committee Co-Chair for Partners In Care (PIC), a coalition of care providers focusing on the needs of homeless persons and strategies to end homelessness. Partners In Care supports this bill as a means to provide multiple pathways out of homelessness. We prefer the language in this bill over that in HB 1842, which has similar provisions but uses the term “shelter plus care” to describe permanent supportive housing programs. The term “shelter plus care” is no longer used by the U.S. Dept. of Housing and Urban Development and has been replaced with “Continuum of Care,” as is done in this bill. Partners In Care supports:

Part II: Shallow Subsidy Program funding of **\$1 million**:

Many homeless families work to attain self-sufficiency, and even once they find employment, they still struggle to find affordable housing. For many, public housing or deeply subsidized housing is all they can afford, yet the long wait for units or other housing subsidies means that these households languish in transitional housing. Under this program, families will pay 40 percent of their income toward rent which will then be augmented by a maximum subsidy of \$300 to cover the gap between what they can pay and market rent. This program will provide another route to stable housing for families who are ready to rent.

Part III: Housing First Programs funding of **\$1.5 million**:

Housing First is a best practice that places chronically homeless individuals in permanent housing with intensive support services. Individuals are stabilized as a result of permanent housing and comprehensive support services. As a result, costs such as hospitalization, emergency services, and incarceration are dramatically reduced. Communities around the country have seen large decreases in their chronically homeless population and costs associated with homelessness as a result of Housing First, including reductions in public costs by around 75% for each individual housed, resulting in millions of dollars saved. **The research indicates that Housing First is the way to end chronic homelessness.** Programs consistently report high success rates of keeping residents in permanent housing.

Part V: Permanent supportive housing funding of **\$500,000** to provide matching funds for continuum of permanent supportive housing programs funded by HUD: These programs draw down about \$8 million in federal housing subsidies for homeless individuals with disabilities. Currently, 600 homeless individuals with disabilities are able to maintain housing in our communities as a result of these programs. However, service providers must match these federal funds and provide the wraparound services needed to keep these individuals housed. By funding these programs, the state will be helping homeless individuals stabilize their lives and remain housed while also leveraging a large amount of federal funding.

Again, thank you for providing Partners In Care the opportunity to testify in strong support of HB 1934 providing funds for solutions to homelessness, including Housing First, the shallow rental subsidy, and continuum of care permanent supportive housing programs.

Partners In Care, c/o Aloha United Way, 200 N. Vineyard Blvd. Suite 700
Honolulu, Hawaii 96817

Partners in Care is a membership organization of homeless service providers, other service professionals, units of local and state government, homeless consumers, and other community representatives located in Hawai'i on O'ahu. It is a planning, coordinating, and advocacy body that develops recommendations for programs and services to fill gaps in the Continuum of Care on O'ahu.