S.C.R. NO. 37

FEB 2 0 2013

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

REOUESTING THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION TO ESTABLISH A STRANDED COST RECOVERY MECHANISM TO ENCOURAGE THE ACCELERATED RETIREMENT OF ELECTRIC UTILITY FOSSIL FUEL ELECTRIC GENERATION PLANTS.

WHEREAS, fossil fuel electric generation plants use nonrenewable resources that will ultimately be exhausted; and

WHEREAS, oil is probably the most used fossil fuel for electric power generation, but oil prices are constantly rising; and

WHEREAS, it has been reported that the overall efficiency of a modern fossil fuel electric generation plant is about forty percent, meaning that sixty percent of the energy input to the system is wasted; and

WHEREAS, efficiencies may be as low as thirty percent in some older plants; and

WHEREAS, the fossil fuel plant combustion process is notorious for its potential to release unpleasant gases and solids into the atmosphere; and

WHEREAS, fossil fuels may contain uncontrolled amounts of other elements and compounds, which may be left as residues when the fuel is burned. The combustion process itself can create noxious gases from the fuel or from impurities; and

WHEREAS, another unavoidable consequence of burning fossil fuel is that the process generates greenhouse gases, including carbon dioxide, sulphur dioxide, and methane, all of which contribute to global warming; and

WHEREAS, the State must find alternative ways of generating electricity to eliminate threats to the environment; however,

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30 31 electric utilities may have financial difficulties in retiring these fossil fuel plants due to the fact that shutting down the plant without a plan for cost recovery of investments in that plant means that those costs usually cannot be made up; and

WHEREAS, these utility stranded costs can also occur when customers reduce their purchases of electricity in order to save costs or when a utility is left with plant operating costs that are higher than the charge for utility service but the utility is still obligated as a monopoly to continue to produce electricity and cannot raise its rates without prior approval in a regulated monopoly system, which leaves that utility with a stranded cost; and

WHEREAS, in exchange for monopoly status and assured profits, utilities have historically had an obligation to serve a customer even though such investments would take long periods to amortize; and

WHEREAS, utilities need a means of recovering stranded costs due to early retirement of power plants for the purpose of switching power source from fossil to renewable fuels; now, therefore,

BE IT RESOLVED by the Senate of the Twenty-seventh Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 2013, the House of Representatives concurring, that this body requests the Public Utilities Commission to establish a stranded cost recovery mechanism to encourage the accelerated retirement of electric utility fossil fuel electric generation plants; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that a certified copy of this Concurrent Resolution be transmitted to the Public Utilities Commission.

OFFERED BY: Wellewa