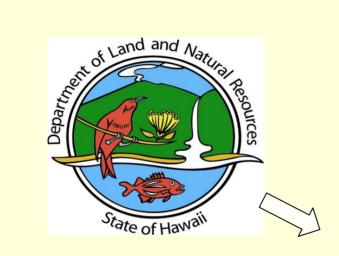
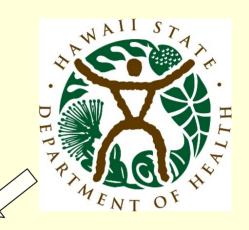
Hawai'i Invasive Species Council











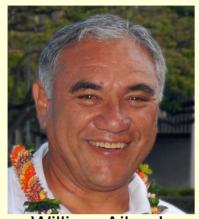








Council Members



William Aila, Jr. DLNR



Russell Kokubun DOA



Gary Gill DOH



Ford Fuchigami DOT



Jesse Souki DBEDT



Sylvia Yuen University of Hawaii

HISC Participants























Sen. Kahele



Sen. English



Sen. Kouchi



Rep. Tsuji



Rep. Kawakami



Rep. Hashem



Rep. Carroll

HISC Network

Working Groups

Prevention
Working Group

Response and Control Working Group

Public Outreach Working Group

Research and Technology Working Group

Fund recipients, partners, and working group members





























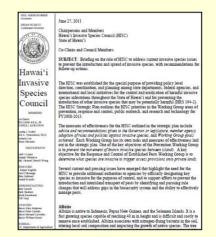


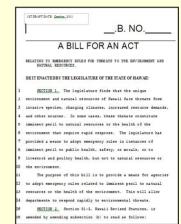


HISC's Niches



\$4,000,000 \$3,500,000 \$3,000,000 \$2,500,000 \$2,000,000 \$1,500,000 \$1,000,000 \$500,000 FY05 FY06 FY07 FY08 FY09 FY10 FY11 ■ NARS Special Funds ■ LLC Special Funds ■ General Funds





Cabinet-level Discussion

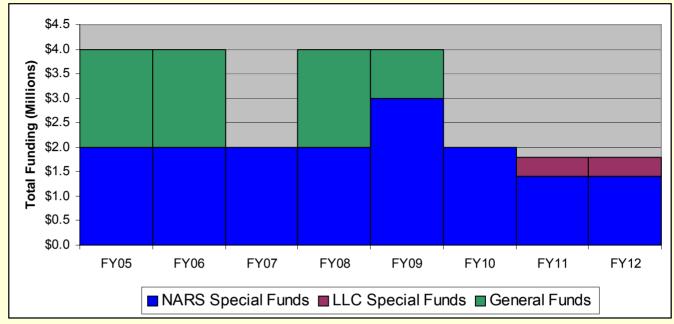
Disbursement of Funds

Resolutions

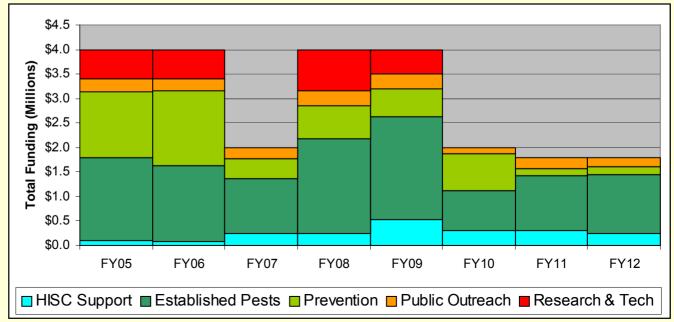
Legislation

HISC Funds

Funding Sources



Funding Disbursements



HISC FY12 Resolutions

- Development of HISC administrative rules for designation of "invasive" species
- Support for monitoring and mitigation of axis deer, albizia, 'ōhi'a rust, mosquitoes
- Support for review of the Micronesian Biosecurity Plan and the inclusion of risks to Hawai'i



HISC 2012 Legislative proposal: Relating to emergency rules for threats to natural resources or the health of the environment.

Currently, emergency rules can be adopted by departments only in instances of imminent peril to:

Public health

Safety

Morals

Livestock or poultry health.

Department of Agriculture has authority to adopt emergency rules for eradication of agricultural pests (HRS 141-3). Department of Land and Natural Resources has no similar authority.



Proposed amendments to HRS 91-3 (b)

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if an agency finds that an imminent peril to the public health, safety, or morals, or to livestock and poultry health, or to natural resources or the health of the environment requires adoption, amendment, or repeal of a rule upon less than thirty days' notice of hearing, and states in writing its reasons for such finding, it may proceed without prior notice or hearing or upon such abbreviated notice and hearing, including posting the abbreviated notice and hearing on the Internet as provided in section 91-2.6, as it finds practicable to adopt an emergency rule to be effective for a period of not longer than one hundred twenty days without renewal.



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