

## STATE OF HAWAII DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION 869 PUNCHBOWL STREET HONOLULU, HAWAII 96813-5097

February 8, 2012

## HB 2470 RELATING TO HOMICIDE

#### HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

The Department of Transportation supports Administration House Bill No. 2470 as it amends the driver's license revocation provisions to allow license revocation for a period of time up to the maximum term of probation allowable when a driver is convicted of manslaughter resulting from the operation of a vehicle, or negligent homicide in the first or second degrees; allow for up to two years of imprisonment when a convicted defendant is sentenced to probation for manslaughter; and clarifies that probation is an applicable sentence for manslaughter. This would prevent those convicted and being released early, from driving and being at risk of committing the same crime again by driving. Presently, there is no license revocation for these crimes committed and it does not preclude these offenders from driving again after being released from incarceration to drive in a manner that would place others in danger.

The Department of Transportation urges your committee to pass House Bill No. 2470 to prevent those convicted of these crimes to continue to drive and others at risk on our roadways.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide testimony.



GLENN M. OKIMOTO DIRECTOR

Deputy Directors FORD N. FUCHIGAMI JADE BUTAY RANDY GRUNE JADINE URASAKI

IN REPLY REFER TO:



#### TESTIMONY OF THE DEPARTMENT OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL TWENTY-SIXTH LEGISLATURE, 2012

ON THE FOLLOWING MEASURE:

H.B. NO. 2470, RELATING TO HOMICIDE.

BEFORE THE:

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

DATE:

Wednesday, February 8, 2012

TIME: 9:00 a.m.

LOCATION:

State Capitol, Room 309

TESTIFIER(S): David M. Louie, Attorney General, or

Lance M. Goto, Deputy Attorney General

#### Chair Souki and Members of the Committee:

The Department of the Attorney General strongly supports this bill.

This bill has two purposes related to the sentencing of those convicted of certain homicide offenses. The first purpose is to provide for license revocation periods that are appropriate and justified for those who have been convicted of serious traffic-related fatalities. The second purpose is to clarify that a court may sentence a defendant convicted of manslaughter to two years of imprisonment as a condition of probation.

This bill has the unanimous support of the Hawaii Law Enforcement Coalition. The Coalition is composed of the Chiefs of Police of all four counties, the Prosecuting Attorneys of all four counties, the Attorney General, and the United States Attorney for the District of Hawaii.

#### LICENSE REVOCATION PERIODS

Section 286-124, Hawaii Revised Statutes (HRS), currently requires the court to revoke the license of any driver convicted of a manslaughter offense resulting from the operation of a motor vehicle, but it does not specify any time period for the mandatory revocation. While section 286-125, HRS, gives the court the discretion to revoke the license of any driver convicted of a felony offense involving the use of a motor vehicle, it does not specify a time period for the revocation.

This bill amends the driver's license revocation provisions to require a license revocation for a period of: (1) up to ten years for persons convicted of manslaughter, for recklessly causing a person's death while driving a vehicle; and (2) up to five years for persons convicted of either negligent homicide in the first degree, a class B felony, or negligent homicide in the second

degree, a class C felony. A person is guilty of negligent homicide in the first degree when the person causes another person's death while operating a vehicle in a negligent manner while under the influence of drugs or alcohol. A person is guilty of negligent homicide in the second degree when the person causes another person's death while operating a vehicle in a negligent manner. These provisions, while setting maximum possible terms for the mandatory license revocations, leave the court with discretion to determine the specific period of revocation that should be imposed to protect the public from these dangerous drivers.

#### PROBATION SENTENCING FOR MANSLAUGHTER

The law is not clear about the imposition of a term of imprisonment, as a condition of probation, for a person convicted of manslaughter.

Section 706-624(2)(a), HRS, establishes what a court may impose as conditions of probation, but it does not provide for any term of imprisonment for manslaughter. It allows a court to sentence a defendant to a term of up to two years of imprisonment as a condition of probation for class A felony drug offenses, but is silent as to a condition for manslaughter.

By amending section 706-624(2)(a), this bill makes clear the Legislature's intent to allow a court to sentence a defendant convicted of manslaughter to a term of up to two years of imprisonment as a condition of probation.

To further clarify the probation sentencing issue for manslaughter, this bill also amends section 706-659, HRS. Section 706-659 currently provides that persons convicted of class A felony offenses, except for class A felony drug offenses under chapter 712, HRS, must be sentenced to indeterminate terms of imprisonment of twenty years. It does not currently provide an exception for the class A felony manslaughter offense, thereby indicating that a person convicted of manslaughter must be sentenced to an indeterminate prison term and not probation. This provision is not consistent with section 706-620(2), HRS, which does allow for a sentence of probation for the class A felony offense of manslaughter. This bill amends section 706-659 to conform to section 706-620(2).

We respectfully request that the committee pass this bill.



JOHN D. KIM Prosecuting Attorney ROBERT D. RIVERA First Deputy Prosecuting Attorney

# DEPARTMENT OF THE PROSECUTING ATTORNEY COUNTY OF MAUI 150 S. HIGH STREET WAILUKU, MAUI, HAWAFI 96793 PHONE (808) 270-7777 • FAX (808) 270-7625

CONTACT: PETER A. HANANO

Deputy Prosecuting Attorney

Appellate, Asset Forfeiture and Administrative Services Division

#### TESTIMONY

ON

#### HB 2470 - RELATING TO HOMICIDE

February 8, 2012

The Honorable Joseph M. Souki Chair The Honorable Linda Ichiyama Vice Chair and Members House Committee on Transportation

Chair Souki, Vice Chair Ichiyama and Members of the Committees on Transportation:

The Department of the Prosecuting Attorney, County of Maui supports this measure.

The provisions of this bill are important because they provide unambiguous guidance to the courts when sentencing defendants for Manslaughter.

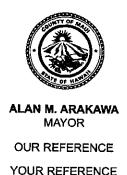
Specifically, the bill in its current form amends the existing law to make it clear that the license of any driver convicted of Manslaughter resulting from the operation of a motor vehicle may be revoked for up to ten (10) years, and may be revoked for up to five (5) years for Negligent Homicide in the First and Second Degrees. This limits the revocation periods to the maximum probation term applicable to each offense, and gives the courts additional discretion by allowing them to impose license revocation periods for "up to" the maximum revocation period.

Further, the bill expressly provides that probation is an applicable sentencing alternative for Manslaughter, and gives a sentencing court the discretion to impose a term of imprisonment

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of up to two (2) years as a condition of probation. Currently, the law is not clear about: (1) whether a sentence of probation is possible for a Manslaughter conviction; and (2) if probation is imposed, what is the amount of jail time a court may impose as a condition of probation. Courts and prosecutors throughout the State have different interpretations. Some believe that imprisonment is the only option. Others believe that probation is possible, but there is no provision to allow for a period of imprisonment as a condition of probation. This glitch in the law was probably an oversight when Manslaughter was changed from a class B felony to a class A felony in 1996. This bill will provide the necessary clarification.

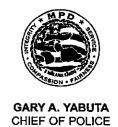
The Department of the Prosecuting Attorney, County of Maui, requests that this measure be PASSED. Thank you very much for the opportunity to testify.



### POLICE DEPARTMENT

**COUNTY OF MAUL** 

55 MAHALANI STREET WAILUKU, HAWAII 96793 (808) 244-6400 FAX (808) 244-6411



CLAYTON N.Y.W. TOM DEPUTY CHIEF OF POLICE

February 8, 2012

The Honorable Joseph M. Souki, Chair And Members of the Committee on Transportation House of Representative State Capitol Honolulu, HI 96813

RE: HB No. 2470, RELATING TO HOMICIDE

Dear Chair Souki and Members of the Committee:

The Maui Police Department supports the passage of H.B. No. 2470. The passage of this bill will clarify the penalties of the revocation of drivers licenses of those convicted of manslaughter resulting from operation of a vehicle, or negligent homicide in the first or second degree. As such, this clarification will help to keep the roadways safer for our communities.

The Maui Police Department asks that you support the passage of H.B. No. 2470.

Sincerely,

Thank you for the opportunity to testify.

GARY A. YABUTA

Chief of Police

#### CHARLENE Y. IBOSHI PROSECUTING ATTORNEY

DALE A. ROSS FIRST DEPUTY PROSECUTING ATTORNEY



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#### OFFICE OF THE PROSECUTING ATTORNEY

#### **TESTIMONY IN SUPPORT OF HOUSE BILL 2470**

#### A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO HOMICIDE

#### COMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION

Rep. Joseph M. Souki, Chair Rep. Linda Ichiyama, Vice Chair

Wednesday, February 08, 2012, 9:00 am State Capitol, Conference Room 309

Representatives Souki, Ichiyama and Members of the Committees:

The Hawaii County Office of the Prosecuting Attorney supports House Bill 2470. This Bill updates the law relating to guidance to the courts when sentencing defendants for Manslaughter.

The bill in its current form amends the existing law to make it clear that the license of any driver convicted of Manslaughter resulting from the operation of a motor vehicle may be revoked for up to ten years, and may be revoked for up to five years for Negligent Homicide in the First and Second Degrees. This limits the revocation periods to the maximum probation term applicable to each offense, and gives the courts additional discretion by allowing them to impose license revocation periods for "up to" the maximum revocation period.

Basically this law adds ten years probation and a two year jail term for manslaughter. Currently defendants could get no jail term under the glitch in the law as interpreted by a specific court. Currently, the law is not clear about: whether a sentence of probation is possible for a Manslaughter conviction; and if probation is imposed, what is the amount of jail time a court may impose as a condition of probation. Courts and prosecutors throughout the State have different interpretations. Some believe that imprisonment is the only option. Others believe that probation is possible, but there is no provision to allow for a period of imprisonment as a condition of probation. This bill will provide the necessary clarification.

For these reasons the Hawaii County Office of the Prosecuting Attorney supports HB 2470.

Thank you for the opportunity to testify on this matter.