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# A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO PUBLIC SAFETY.

**BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:**

1 PART I

2 SECTION 1. In June 2011, the governor, chief justice,  
3 senate president, house speaker, and director of public safety  
4 joined together to begin developing a data-driven justice  
5 reinvestment strategy to bring out-of-state prisoners back to  
6 Hawaii, reduce spending on corrections, and reinvest savings  
7 generated in strategies that would reduce recidivism and crime  
8 and increase public safety. To this end, they sought assistance  
9 from the Bureau of Justice Assistance, a division of the United  
10 States Department of Justice, and the Pew Center on the States.  
11 The state leaders established a bipartisan, inter-branch justice  
12 reinvestment working group comprising leading state and local  
13 officials to receive intensive technical assistance from the  
14 Council of State Governments Justice Center. The Council of  
15 State Governments Justice Center assisted the working group in  
16 analyzing data from every aspect of Hawaii's criminal justice  
17 and corrections systems.



1           The analysis revealed that crime and victimization rates  
2 have declined, as have arrests and felony convictions for  
3 violent and property crimes. However, the population under  
4 probation supervision and incarceration has not declined, and in  
5 some cases has increased. From fiscal year 2000 to fiscal year  
6 2011, the State's prison and jail population grew eighteen per  
7 cent, from 5,118 inmates to 6,043 inmates. Expenditures for the  
8 corrections division of the department of public safety  
9 increased seventy per cent from \$112,000,000 in fiscal year 2000  
10 to \$190,000,000 in fiscal year 2011. Approximately one-third of  
11 Hawaii's incarcerated population is housed in out-of-state  
12 facilities. The cost of housing offenders out-of-state was  
13 \$45,000,000 in fiscal year 2011.

14           The analysis of the data from Hawaii's criminal justice and  
15 corrections systems identified three areas for improvement:  
16 pretrial process, parole, and payment of restitution. This Act  
17 establishes a statutory structure to improve the criminal  
18 justice system, relying on the department of public safety,  
19 Hawaii paroling authority, and adult probation services to  
20 effectively implement changes to policies and practices.

21           The implementation of these changes to address the target  
22 areas is expected to gradually reduce the current incarcerated



1 population and generate savings of approximately five hundred  
2 beds and \$9,000,000 by the end of fiscal year 2013, eight  
3 hundred fifty beds and \$19,000,000 in fiscal year 2014, and one  
4 thousand fifty beds and \$26,000,000 in fiscal year 2015.  
5 Realizing these savings will require initial and continued  
6 reinvestment in expanding and strengthening victim services,  
7 notification, and restitution collection; reentry and community-  
8 based treatment programs for pre-trial, probation, and parole  
9 populations; pretrial and risk assessments; probation and parole  
10 officers; and research and planning staff in the department of  
11 public safety.

12 This Act will improve the State's criminal justice system  
13 and increase public safety by focusing on incarceration,  
14 supervision, and treatment in a manner that most efficiently  
15 addresses the recidivism rate, thereby increasing public safety.

16 The purpose of this Act is to address the areas of pretrial  
17 process, parole, and payment of restitution to reduce costly  
18 inefficiencies, hold offenders more accountable, and reinvest  
19 savings in more effective public safety strategies.

20 PART II

21 SECTION 2. The pretrial population has increased due to  
22 longer lengths of stay. The purpose of this part is to require



1 that an objective assessment be conducted within the first three  
2 working days of a person's commitment to a community  
3 correctional center to allow the courts to more quickly exercise  
4 discretion in determining whether to release a pre-trial  
5 offender.

6 SECTION 3. Section 353-10, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
7 amended to read as follows:

8 "**§353-10 Reentry intake service centers.** (a) There shall  
9 be within the department of public safety, a reentry intake  
10 service center for adults in each of the counties[~~7~~] to screen,  
11 evaluate, and classify the admission of persons to community  
12 correctional centers and to provide for the successful reentry  
13 of persons back into the community. Each center shall be  
14 directed and managed by a manager and shall be staffed by a team  
15 of psychiatrists, social workers, technicians, and other  
16 personnel as may be necessary. The director of public safety  
17 may appoint full-time or part-time professional and clerical  
18 staff or contract for professional services to carry out the  
19 duties of the centers as identified in this section.

20 (b) The centers shall:

21 (1) Provide orientation, guidance, and technical services;



1 (2) Provide social-medical-psychiatric-psychological  
2 diagnostic evaluation;

3 (3) ~~[Provide]~~ Conduct internal pretrial risk assessments  
4 ~~on adult offenders [for the courts and assist in the~~  
5 ~~conduct of presentence assessments on adult offenders~~  
6 ~~and the preparation of presentence reports when~~  
7 ~~requested by the courts,]~~ within three working days of  
8 admission to a community correctional center which  
9 shall then be provided to the court for its  
10 consideration; provided that this paragraph shall not  
11 apply to persons subject to county or state detainers,  
12 holds, or persons detained without bail, persons  
13 detained for probation violation, persons facing  
14 revocation of bail or supervised release, and persons  
15 who have had a pretrial risk assessment completed  
16 prior to admission to a community correctional center.  
17 For purposes of this paragraph, "pretrial risk  
18 assessment" means an objective, research-based,  
19 validated assessment tool that measures a defendant's  
20 risk of flight and risk of criminal conduct while on  
21 pretrial release pending adjudication;



- 1        (4) Assist in the conduct of presentence assessments on  
2        adult offenders and the preparation of presentence  
3        reports when requested by the courts;
- 4        [~~4~~] (5) Provide correctional prescription program  
5        planning and security classification;
- 6        [~~5~~] (6) Provide [~~such~~] other personal and correctional  
7        services as needed for both detained and committed  
8        persons;
- 9        [~~6~~] (7) Monitor and record the progress of persons  
10       assigned to correctional facilities who undergo  
11       further treatment or who participate in prescribed  
12       correctional programs;
- 13       [~~7~~] (8) Ensure that the present and future reentry needs  
14       of persons committed to correctional facilities are  
15       being evaluated and met in an effective and  
16       appropriate manner;
- 17       [~~8~~] (9) Provide additional reentry services to include  
18       working closely and collaborating with the furlough  
19       programs in each county that are currently managed by  
20       the department's institutions division;
- 21       [~~9~~] (10) Work closely and collaborate with the Hawaii  
22       paroling authority; and



1        [~~(10)~~] (11) Work closely and collaborate with the  
2                            corrections program services division."

3    PART III

4        SECTION 4. The number of prisoners denied parole has  
5        increased. The purpose of this part is to: increase the number  
6        of members of the Hawaii paroling authority; require the Hawaii  
7        paroling authority to use an objective risk assessment to  
8        determine the programs that offenders shall be required to  
9        complete prior to release in order to focus resources on the  
10       offenders most likely to benefit from programming and  
11       supervision; and reduce recidivism by using swift and certain,  
12       yet less costly and severe, responses to parole condition  
13       violations.

14       SECTION 5. Section 353-61, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
15       amended to read as follows:

16        "**§353-61 Hawaii paroling authority; appointment; tenure;**  
17        **qualifications.** (a) Members of the paroling authority shall be  
18        nominated by a panel composed of the chief justice of the Hawaii  
19        supreme court, the director, the president of the ~~[bar~~  
20        ~~association of Hawaii,~~] Hawaii State Bar Association, a  
21        representative designated by the head of the Interfaith Alliance  
22        Hawaii, a member from the general public to be appointed by the

1 governor, and the president of the Hawaii chapter of the  
2 National Association of Social Workers. The panel shall submit  
3 to the governor the names of not less than three persons,  
4 designated as the nominees, for chairperson or as a member, for  
5 each vacancy. The requirement for nomination by the panel  
6 established under this section shall only apply to a nominee's  
7 nomination by the governor to an initial term on the paroling  
8 authority and not to any subsequent consecutive term of a  
9 sitting paroling authority member or chairperson whose initial  
10 appointment to office was made pursuant to a nomination by the  
11 panel.

12 (b) The governor shall appoint, in [†]the[†] manner  
13 prescribed by section 26-34, a paroling authority to be known as  
14 the Hawaii paroling authority, to consist of [~~three~~] five  
15 members, one of whom shall be designated chairperson.  
16 Appointments shall be made for terms of four years, commencing  
17 from the date of expiration of the last preceding term. Any  
18 vacancy in an unexpired term shall be filled by appointment for  
19 the [†]remainder[†] of the unexpired term. Nominees to the  
20 authority shall be selected on the basis of their qualifications  
21 to make decisions that will be compatible with the welfare of  
22 the community and of individual offenders, including their





1 background and ability for appraisal of offenders and the  
2 circumstances under which offenses were committed."

3 SECTION 6. Section 353-63, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
4 amended to read as follows:

5 "**§353-63 Service of Hawaii paroling authority members;**  
6 **compensation; expenses.** The chairperson of the Hawaii paroling  
7 authority shall serve on a full-time basis. The other [~~two~~]  
8 four members shall serve on a part-time basis. Effective July  
9 1, [~~2005,~~] 2012, the chairperson of the Hawaii paroling  
10 authority shall be paid a salary set at eighty-seven per cent of  
11 the salary of the director of public safety. The compensation  
12 of each of the part-time members shall be eighty per cent of the  
13 hourly wage paid the chairperson. For each hour engaged in the  
14 official duties of the authority, each part-time member of the  
15 authority shall be paid an hourly wage at the percentage rate  
16 specified in this section based on the hourly wage paid the  
17 chairperson; provided that compensation shall not exceed eighty  
18 per cent of the total regular working hours in a month; provided  
19 further that part-time members shall not be entitled to any  
20 vacation, sick leave, or other benefits except as provided in  
21 this section. All paroling authority members shall receive  
22 their necessary expenses for travel and incidentals [~~which~~] that



1 shall be paid from appropriations provided the authority for  
2 such purposes, on vouchers approved by the director of public  
3 safety."

4 SECTION 7. Section 353-66, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
5 amended by amending subsection (e) to read as follows:

6 "(e) Any paroled prisoner retaken and reimprisoned as  
7 provided in this chapter shall be confined according to the  
8 paroled prisoner's sentence for that portion of the paroled  
9 prisoner's term remaining unserved at time of parole, but  
10 successive paroles may, in the discretion of the paroling  
11 authority, be granted to the prisoner during the life and in  
12 respect of the sentence. If the paroled prisoner is retaken and  
13 reimprisoned for violating a condition of parole but has not:

- 14 (1) Been charged with a new felony offense or a new  
15 misdemeanor offense under chapter 707 or section 709-  
16 906;  
17 (2) Absconded or left the State without permission from  
18 the paroling authority;  
19 (3) Violated conditions applicable to sex offenders, such  
20 as registering as a sex offender or conditions related  
21 to proximity to specified locations or persons; or



1           (4) Been previously reimprisoned for violating the  
2           conditions of parole on the current offense,  
3           the paroled prisoner shall be confined for no more than six  
4           months or for that portion of the paroled prisoner's term  
5           remaining unserved at the time of parole, whichever is shorter,  
6           so long as the paroling authority has approved a parole plan as  
7           set forth under section 706-670(3) and (4). The prisoner shall  
8           be given credit for time served in custody pending a hearing on  
9           revocation of parole as it relates to the six month parole  
10           revocation. No prisoner shall be incarcerated beyond the  
11           expiration of the prisoner's maximum term of imprisonment."

12           SECTION 8. Section 706-670, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
13 amended by amending subsection (1) to read as follows:

14           "(1) Parole hearing. A person sentenced to an  
15 indeterminate term of imprisonment shall receive an initial  
16 parole hearing at least one month before the expiration of the  
17 minimum term of imprisonment determined by the Hawaii paroling  
18 authority pursuant to section 706-669. If the person has been  
19 sentenced to multiple terms of imprisonment, the parole hearing  
20 shall not be required until at least one month before the  
21 expiration of the minimum term that expires last in time. A  
22 validated risk assessment shall be used to determine the



1 person's risk of re-offense and suitability for community  
2 supervision. For purposes of this subsection, "validated risk  
3 assessment" means an actuarial tool to determine a person's  
4 likelihood of engaging in future criminal behavior. The  
5 department of public safety shall select a research-based risk  
6 assessment tool and shall validate the accuracy of the risk  
7 assessment tool at least every five years. Assessments shall be  
8 performed by department of public safety staff who are trained  
9 in the use of the risk assessment tool. Except for good cause  
10 shown to the paroling authority, a person who is assessed as low  
11 risk for re-offending shall be granted parole upon completing  
12 the minimum sentence, unless the person:

- 13       (a) Is found to have committed misconduct while in prison  
14           that is equivalent to a misdemeanor or felony crime  
15           within two years of the expiration of the minimum term  
16           of imprisonment;
- 17       (b) Has any pending felony charges in the State;
- 18       (c) Is incarcerated for a sexual offense under part V of  
19           chapter 707 or child abuse under part VI of chapter  
20           707 and has not successfully completed a sex offender  
21           treatment program; or



1           (d) Does not have a parole plan as set forth under section  
 2                         706-670(3) and (4), as approved by the paroling  
 3                         authority.

4 If parole is not granted at [~~that time,~~] the initial parole  
 5 hearing, additional hearings shall be held at twelve-month  
 6 intervals or less until parole is granted or the maximum period  
 7 of imprisonment expires. The State shall have the right to be  
 8 represented at the initial parole hearing and all subsequent  
 9 parole hearings by the prosecuting attorney, who may present  
 10 written testimony and make oral comments[~~,~~ ~~and the~~]. The  
 11 authority shall consider the testimony and comments in reaching  
 12 its decision. The authority shall notify the appropriate  
 13 prosecuting attorney of the hearing at the time the prisoner is  
 14 given notice of the hearing."

15   PART IV

16           SECTION 9. The purpose of this part is to ensure  
 17 accountability for victims and offenders by improving the  
 18 collection of restitution by the department of public safety and  
 19 ensuring that all felony offenders are supervised for a minimum  
 20 period of time after their release from incarceration.

21           SECTION 10. Section 353-22.6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
 22 amended to read as follows:



1           "**§353-22.6 Victim restitution.** The director of public  
2 safety shall enforce victim restitution orders against all  
3 moneys earned by the [~~prisoner~~] inmate or deposited or credited  
4 to the inmate's individual account while incarcerated. The  
5 amount deducted [~~and paid once annually to the victim~~] shall be  
6 [~~ten~~] twenty-five per cent of the [~~prisoner's annual earnings.~~]  
7 total of all moneys earned, new deposits, and credits to the  
8 inmate's individual account. The moneys intended for victim  
9 restitution shall be deducted monthly and paid to the victim  
10 once the amount reaches \$25, or annually, whichever is sooner.  
11 This section shall not apply to moneys earned on work furlough  
12 pursuant to section 353-17."

13           SECTION 11. Section 353-69, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
14 amended to read as follows:

15           "**§353-69 Parole when.** [~~No~~] Except as provided in section  
16 706-670, no parole shall be granted unless it appears to the  
17 Hawaii paroling authority that there is a reasonable probability  
18 that the prisoner concerned will live and remain at liberty  
19 without violating the law and that the prisoner's release is not  
20 incompatible with the welfare and safety of society."

21           SECTION 12. Section 706-670, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
22 amended by amending subsection (3) to read as follows:



1           "(3) Prisoner's plan and participation. Each prisoner  
2 shall be given reasonable notice of the prisoner's parole  
3 hearing and shall prepare a parole plan, setting forth the  
4 manner of life the prisoner intends to lead if released on  
5 parole, including specific information as to ~~where~~:

6           (a) Where and with whom the prisoner will reside [~~and~~  
7           ~~what~~];

8           (b) A phone contact where the prisoner can be reached; and

9           (c) What occupation or employment the prisoner will  
10           follow~~[-]~~, if any.

11 The prisoner shall be paroled in the county where the prisoner  
12 had a permanent residence or occupation or employment prior to  
13 the prisoner's incarceration, unless the prisoner will: reside  
14 in a county in which the population exceeds eight-hundred  
15 thousand persons; reside in a county in the State in which the  
16 committed person has the greatest family or community support,  
17 opportunities for employment, job training, education,  
18 treatment, and other social services, as determined by the  
19 Hawaii paroling authority; or be released for immediate  
20 departure from the State. The institutional parole staff shall  
21 render reasonable aid to the prisoner in the preparation of the



1 prisoner's plan and in securing information for submission to  
2 the authority. In addition, the prisoner shall:

3 (a) Be permitted to consult with any persons whose  
4 assistance the prisoner reasonably desires, including  
5 the prisoner's own legal counsel, in preparing for a  
6 hearing before the authority;

7 (b) Be permitted to be represented and assisted by counsel  
8 at the hearing;

9 (c) Have counsel appointed to represent and assist the  
10 prisoner if the prisoner so requests and cannot afford  
11 to retain counsel; and

12 (d) Be informed of the prisoner's rights as set forth in  
13 this subsection."

14 SECTION 13. Section 706-670, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
15 amended by amending subsection (5) to read as follows:

16 "~~(5) [Release upon expiration of maximum term. If the~~  
17 ~~authority fixes no earlier release date, a prisoner's release~~  
18 ~~shall become mandatory at the expiration of the prisoner's~~  
19 ~~maximum term of imprisonment.] Supervised parole release prior~~  
20 ~~to the expiration of the maximum term. Notwithstanding a court~~  
21 ~~ordered minimum, if the Hawaii paroling authority fixes no~~  
22 ~~earlier release date or has not released a prisoner upon~~





1 completion of a set minimum term, a prisoner shall be released  
2 on parole based on the longest term of imprisonment so long as  
3 the paroling authority has approved a parole plan as set forth  
4 under section 706-670(3) and (4), as follows:

5 (a) For a class A felony - eighteen months prior to the  
6 expiration of the maximum term;

7 (b) For a class B felony - twelve months prior to the  
8 expiration of the maximum term; and

9 (c) For a class C felony - six months prior to the  
10 expiration of the maximum term.

11 No prisoner shall be incarcerated beyond the expiration of the  
12 prisoner's maximum term of imprisonment."

13 PART V

14 SECTION 14. (a) Savings realized by reducing the  
15 incarcerated population shall be reinvested within the criminal  
16 justice system to protect public safety through the proper  
17 supervision of offenders in the community, adequate community-  
18 based programs and services to reduce the incidence of  
19 recidivism, victim services to promote restorative justice, and  
20 professional support to realize the goals of the justice  
21 reinvestment initiative.



1 (b) Funds saved through reducing the incarcerated  
2 population shall be reinvested in staffing programs to achieve  
3 the goals of the justice reinvestment initiative.

4 SECTION 15. There is appropriated out of the general  
5 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ or so much  
6 thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2012-2013, for the  
7 following purposes:

8 (1) \$ for three full-time equivalent (3.00 FTE)  
9 permanent human services professional IV positions for  
10 pretrial assessments and intake service centers  
11 (PSD410);

12 (2) \$ for one full-time equivalent (1.00 FTE)  
13 permanent planner VI position in the research and  
14 planning office for general administration (PSD900);

15 (3) \$ for two full-time equivalent (2.00 FTE)  
16 permanent planner V positions in the research and  
17 planning office for general administration (PSD900);

18 (4) \$ for one full-time equivalent (1.00 FTE)  
19 permanent research statistician V position in the  
20 research and planning office for general  
21 administration (PSD900);



- 1           (5) \$           for one full-time equivalent (1.00 FTE)  
2           permanent program specialist II position in the  
3           research and planning office for general  
4           administration (PSD900);
- 5           (6) \$           for one full-time equivalent (1.00 FTE)  
6           permanent office assistant position in the research  
7           and planning office for general administration  
8           (PSD900);
- 9           (7) \$           for one full-time equivalent (1.00 FTE)  
10          permanent CIP coordinator position in the research and  
11          planning office for general administration (PSD900);
- 12          (8) \$           for three full-time equivalent (3.00 FTE)  
13          permanent program specialist positions in the reentry  
14          office for program training and oversight (PSD900);
- 15          (9) \$           for one full-time equivalent (1.00 FTE)  
16          permanent office assistant position in the reentry  
17          office for program training and oversight (PSD900);
- 18          (10) \$          for one full-time equivalent (1.00 FTE)  
19          permanent corrections supervisor I position for risk  
20          assessment (PSD900);



- 1           (11) \$           for two full-time equivalent (2.00 FTE)
- 2           permanent human services professional IV positions for
- 3           risk assessment (PSD900);
- 4           (12) \$           for one full-time equivalent (1.00 FTE)
- 5           permanent office assistant III position for risk
- 6           assessment (PSD900);
- 7           (13) \$           for two part-time Hawaii paroling authority
- 8           member positions (PSD611);
- 9           (14) \$           for one full-time equivalent (1.00 FTE)
- 10          permanent parole officer VI position (PSD612);
- 11          (15) \$           for one full-time equivalent (1.00 FTE)
- 12          permanent parole officer V position (PSD612);
- 13          (16) \$           for five full-time equivalent (5.00 FTE)
- 14          permanent parole officer IV positions (PSD612);
- 15          (17) \$           for one full-time equivalent (1.00 FTE)
- 16          permanent secretary I position (PSD612);
- 17          (18) \$           for four full-time equivalent (4.00 FTE)
- 18          permanent social worker IV positions to provide
- 19          in-house programming in judiciary probation drug
- 20          treatment and cognitive behavioral therapy staff and
- 21          training;



- 1           (19) \$           for two full-time equivalent (2.00 FTE)  
2           permanent trainers to train in-house program staff and  
3           probation staff in judiciary probation drug treatment  
4           and cognitive behavioral therapy;
- 5           (20) \$           for one full-time equivalent (1.00 FTE)  
6           permanent project coordinator position on the crime  
7           victim compensation commission (PSD613);
- 8           (21) \$           for one full-time equivalent (1.00 FTE)  
9           permanent recovery coordinator position on the crime  
10          victim compensation commission (PSD613);
- 11          (22) \$           for three full-time equivalent (3.00 FTE)  
12          permanent restitution specialist positions on the  
13          crime victim compensation commission (PSD613);
- 14          (23) \$           for three full-time equivalent (3.00 FTE)  
15          permanent program specialist positions in victim  
16          notification, services, and safety planning (PSD900);
- 17          (24) \$           for one full-time equivalent (1.00 FTE)  
18          permanent victim assistance counselor I (Kona)  
19          position for victim assistance on the island of  
20          Hawaii;
- 21          (25) \$           for one full-time equivalent (1.00 FTE)  
22          permanent victim assistance counselor I (Hilo)



1 position for victim assistance on the island of  
2 Hawaii;

3 (26) \$ for one full-time equivalent (1.00 FTE)  
4 permanent legal clerk I (Hilo) position for victim  
5 assistance on the island of Hawaii;

6 (27) \$ for one full-time equivalent (1.00 FTE)  
7 permanent legal clerk I (Kona) position for victim  
8 assistance on the island of Hawaii;

9 (28) \$ for one full-time equivalent (1.00 FTE)  
10 permanent victim assistance (Hilo) position for victim  
11 assistance on the island of Hawaii;

12 (29) \$ for one full-time equivalent (1.00 FTE)  
13 permanent victim assistance (Kona) position for victim  
14 assistance on the island of Hawaii;

15 (30) \$ for two full-time equivalent (2.00 FTE)  
16 permanent victim witness counselor I positions for  
17 victim assistance on the island of Maui;

18 (31) \$ for one full-time equivalent (1.00 FTE)  
19 permanent victim assistance witness counselor I  
20 position for victim assistance on the island of Kauai;



1           (32) \$           for four full-time equivalent (4.00 FTE)  
2           permanent victim witness counselor II positions for  
3           victim assistance on the island of Oahu; and  
4           (33) \$           for two full-time equivalent (2.00 FTE)  
5           permanent legal clerk positions for victim assistance  
6           on the island of Oahu;  
7 provided that for new positions authorized, funds shall be  
8 provided in the first year for necessary equipment and annual  
9 operating expenses shall be increased for supplies; provided  
10 further that funds shall be provided for seven positions,  
11 necessary equipment, and annual operating expenses for the  
12 establishment of the reentry office within the department of  
13 public safety; provided further that funds shall be provided for  
14 seven positions, necessary equipment, and annual operating  
15 expenses for the establishment of the research and planning  
16 office within the department of public safety; and provided  
17 further that purchase of services funds shall be provided for  
18 community-based programs for pretrial offenders and parolees.  
19           The sums appropriated shall be expended by the department  
20 of public safety for the purposes of this Act.



1 PART VI

2 SECTION 16. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed  
3 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.

4 SECTION 17. This Act shall take effect on January 7, 2059.





**Report Title:**

Public Safety; Parole; Pre-trial Risk Assessment

**Description:**

Requires a pre-trial risk assessment to be conducted within three working days of commitment to a community correctional center. Increases the membership of the Hawaii Paroling Authority. Requires the use of validated risk assessments. Limits length of incarceration for first-time parole violators. Increases the percentage deducted from inmates' earnings for restitution payments. Requires release on supervised parole prior to the maximum sentence date. Adds positions in the Department of Public Safety. Appropriates funds. Effective January 7, 2059. (SB2776 HD2)

*The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.*

