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# A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO PUBLIC SAFETY.

**BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:**

PART I

1  
2 SECTION 1. In June 2011, the governor, chief justice,  
3 senate president, house speaker, and director of public safety  
4 joined together to begin developing a data-driven justice  
5 reinvestment strategy to bring out-of-state prisoners back to  
6 Hawaii, reduce spending on corrections, and reinvest savings  
7 generated in strategies that would reduce recidivism and crime  
8 and increase public safety. To this end, they sought assistance  
9 from the Bureau of Justice Assistance, a division of the United  
10 States Department of Justice, and the Pew Center on the States.  
11 The state leaders established a bipartisan, inter-branch justice  
12 reinvestment working group comprising leading state and local  
13 officials to receive intensive technical assistance from the  
14 Council of State Governments Justice Center. The Council of  
15 State Governments Justice Center assisted the working group in  
16 analyzing data from every aspect of Hawaii's criminal justice  
17 and corrections systems.



1           The analysis revealed that crime and victimization rates  
2 have declined, as have arrests and felony convictions for  
3 violent and property crimes. However, the population under  
4 probation supervision and incarceration has not declined, and in  
5 some cases has increased. From fiscal year 2000 to fiscal year  
6 2011, the State's prison and jail population grew eighteen per  
7 cent, from 5,118 inmates to 6,043 inmates. Expenditures for the  
8 corrections division of the department of public safety  
9 increased seventy per cent from \$112,000,000 in fiscal year 2000  
10 to \$190,000,000 in fiscal year 2011. Approximately one-third of  
11 Hawaii's incarcerated population is housed in out-of-state  
12 facilities. The cost of housing out-of-state offenders was  
13 \$45,000,000 in fiscal year 2011.

14           The analysis of the data from Hawaii's criminal justice and  
15 corrections systems identified three areas for improvement:  
16 pretrial process; parole, and payment of restitution. This Act  
17 establishes a statutory structure to improve the criminal  
18 justice system, relying on the department of public safety,  
19 Hawaii paroling authority, and adult probation services to  
20 effectively implement changes to policies and practices.

21           The implementation of these changes to address the target  
22 areas is expected to gradually reduce the current incarcerated



1 population and generate savings of approximately five hundred  
2 beds and \$9,000,000 by the end of fiscal year 2013, eight  
3 hundred fifty beds and \$19,000,000 in fiscal year 2014, and one  
4 thousand fifty beds and \$26,000,000 in fiscal year 2015.  
5 Realizing these savings will require initial and continued  
6 reinvestment in expanding and strengthening victim services,  
7 notification, and restitution collection; reentry and community-  
8 based treatment programs for pre-trial, probation, and parole  
9 populations; pretrial and risk assessments; probation and parole  
10 officers; and research and planning staff in the department of  
11 public safety.

12 This Act will improve the State's criminal justice system  
13 and increase public safety by focusing on incarceration,  
14 supervision, and treatment in a manner that most efficiently  
15 addresses the recidivism rate, thereby increasing public safety.

16 The purpose of this Act is to address the areas of pretrial  
17 process, parole, and payment of restitution to reduce costly  
18 inefficiencies, hold offenders more accountable, and reinvest  
19 savings in more effective public safety strategies.

20 PART II

21 SECTION 2. The pretrial population has increased due to  
22 longer lengths of stay. The purpose of this part is to require



1 that an objective assessment be conducted within the first three  
2 working days of a person's commitment to a community  
3 correctional center to allow the courts to more quickly  
4 determine who is appropriate for release on their own  
5 recognizance, to supervision, or to bail.

6 SECTION 3. Section 353-10, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
7 amended to read as follows:

8 "**§353-10 Reentry intake service centers.** (a) There shall  
9 be within the department of public safety, a reentry intake  
10 service center for adults in each of the counties[~~7~~] to screen,  
11 evaluate, and classify the admission of persons to community  
12 correctional centers and to provide for the successful reentry  
13 of persons back into the community. Each center shall be  
14 directed and managed by a manager and shall be staffed by a team  
15 of psychiatrists, social workers, technicians, and other  
16 personnel as may be necessary. The director of public safety  
17 may appoint full-time or part-time professional and clerical  
18 staff or contract for professional services to carry out the  
19 duties of the centers as identified in this section.

20 (b) The centers shall:

21 (1) Provide orientation, guidance, and technical services;



- 1           (2) Provide social-medical-psychiatric-psychological
- 2           diagnostic evaluation;
- 3           (3) [~~Provide~~] Conduct internal pretrial risk assessments
- 4           on adult offenders [~~for the courts and assist in the~~
- 5           ~~conduct of presentence assessments on adult offenders~~
- 6           ~~and the preparation of presentence reports when~~
- 7           ~~requested by the courts;]~~ within three working days of
- 8           admission to a community correctional center which
- 9           shall then be provided to the court for its
- 10           consideration; provided that this paragraph shall not
- 11           apply to persons subject to county or state detainers,
- 12           holds, or persons detained without bail, persons
- 13           detained for probation violation, persons facing
- 14           revocation of bail or supervised release, and persons
- 15           who have had a pretrial risk assessment completed
- 16           prior to admission to a community correctional center.
- 17           For purposes of this paragraph, "pretrial risk
- 18           assessment" means an objective, research-based,
- 19           validated assessment tool that measures a defendant's
- 20           risk of flight and risk of criminal conduct while on
- 21           pretrial release pending adjudication;



- 1        (4) Assist in the conduct of presentence assessments on  
2        adult offenders and the preparation of presentence  
3        reports when requested by the courts;
- 4        [~~4~~] (5) Provide correctional prescription program  
5        planning and security classification;
- 6        [~~5~~] (6) Provide [~~such~~] other personal and correctional  
7        services as needed for both detained and committed  
8        persons;
- 9        [~~6~~] (7) Monitor and record the progress of persons  
10       assigned to correctional facilities who undergo  
11       further treatment or who participate in prescribed  
12       correctional programs;
- 13       [~~7~~] (8) Ensure that the present and future reentry needs  
14       of persons committed to correctional facilities are  
15       being evaluated and met in an effective and  
16       appropriate manner;
- 17       [~~8~~] (9) Provide additional reentry services to include  
18       working closely and collaborating with the furlough  
19       programs in each county that are currently managed by  
20       the department's institutions division;
- 21       [~~9~~] (10) Work closely and collaborate with the Hawaii  
22       paroling authority; and



1       ~~[(10)]~~ (11) Work closely and collaborate with the  
2                   corrections program services division."

3                                   PART III

4           SECTION 4. The number of prisoners denied parole has  
5 increased. The purpose of this part is to: increase the number  
6 of members of the Hawaii paroling authority; require the Hawaii  
7 paroling authority to use an objective risk assessment to  
8 determine the programs that offenders shall be required to  
9 complete prior to release in order to focus resources on the  
10 offenders most likely to benefit from programming and  
11 supervision; and reduce recidivism by using swift and certain,  
12 yet less costly and severe, responses to parole condition  
13 violations.

14           SECTION 5. Section 353-61, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
15 amended to read as follows:

16           "**§353-61 Hawaii paroling authority; appointment; tenure;**  
17 **qualifications.** (a) Members of the paroling authority shall be  
18 nominated by a panel composed of the chief justice of the Hawaii  
19 supreme court, the director, the president of the bar  
20 association of Hawaii, a representative designated by the head  
21 of the Interfaith Alliance Hawaii, a member from the general  
22 public to be appointed by the governor, and the president of the



1 Hawaii chapter of the National Association of Social Workers.  
2 The panel shall submit to the governor the names of not less  
3 than three persons, designated as the nominees, for chairperson  
4 or as a member, for each vacancy. The requirement for  
5 nomination by the panel established under this section shall  
6 only apply to a nominee's nomination by the governor to an  
7 initial term on the paroling authority and not to any subsequent  
8 consecutive term of a sitting paroling authority member or  
9 chairperson whose initial appointment to office was made  
10 pursuant to a nomination by the panel.

11 (b) The governor shall appoint, in [†]the[†] manner  
12 prescribed by section 26-34, a paroling authority to be known as  
13 the Hawaii paroling authority, to consist of [~~three~~] five  
14 members, one of whom shall be designated chairperson.  
15 Appointments shall be made for terms of four years, commencing  
16 from the date of expiration of the last preceding term. Any  
17 vacancy in an unexpired term shall be filled by appointment for  
18 the [†]remainder[†] of the unexpired term. Nominees to the  
19 authority shall be selected on the basis of their qualifications  
20 to make decisions that will be compatible with the welfare of  
21 the community and of individual offenders, including their





1 background and ability for appraisal of offenders and the  
2 circumstances under which offenses were committed."

3 SECTION 6. Section 353-63, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
4 amended to read as follows:

5 "**§353-63 Service of Hawaii paroling authority members;**  
6 **compensation; expenses.** The chairperson of the Hawaii paroling  
7 authority shall serve on a full-time basis. The other [~~two~~]  
8 four members shall serve on a part-time basis. Effective July  
9 1, 2005, the chairperson of the Hawaii paroling authority shall  
10 be paid a salary set at eighty-seven per cent of the salary of  
11 the director of public safety. The compensation of each of the  
12 part-time members shall be eighty per cent of the hourly wage  
13 paid the chairperson. For each hour engaged in the official  
14 duties of the authority, each part-time member of the authority  
15 shall be paid an hourly wage at the percentage rate specified in  
16 this section based on the hourly wage paid the chairperson;  
17 provided that compensation shall not exceed eighty per cent of  
18 the total regular working hours in a month; provided further  
19 that part-time members shall not be entitled to any vacation,  
20 sick leave, or other benefits except as provided in this  
21 section. All paroling authority members shall receive their  
22 necessary expenses for travel and incidentals [~~which~~] that shall



1 be paid from appropriations provided the authority for such  
2 purposes, on vouchers approved by the director of public  
3 safety."

4 SECTION 7. Section 353-66, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
5 amended by amending subsection (e) to read as follows:

6 "(e) Any paroled prisoner retaken and reimprisoned as  
7 provided in this chapter shall be confined according to the  
8 paroled prisoner's sentence for that portion of the paroled  
9 prisoner's term remaining unserved at time of parole, but  
10 successive paroles may, in the discretion of the paroling  
11 authority, be granted to the prisoner during the life and in  
12 respect of the sentence. If the paroled prisoner is retaken and  
13 reimprisoned for violating a condition of parole but has not:

- 14 (1) Been charged with a new felony offense;
- 15 (2) Absconded or left the State without permission from  
16 the paroling authority;
- 17 (3) Violated conditions applicable to sex offenders, such  
18 as registering as a sex offender or conditions related  
19 to proximity to specified locations or persons; or
- 20 (4) Been previously reimprisoned for violating the  
21 conditions of parole on the current offense,



1 the paroled prisoner shall be confined for no more than six  
2 months or for that portion of the paroled prisoner's term  
3 remaining unserved at the time of parole, whichever is shorter,  
4 so long as the paroling authority has approved a parole plan as  
5 set forth under section 706-670(3) and (4). The six-month  
6 period of confinement shall not start until the paroling  
7 authority has revoked the parole of the prisoner. The prisoner  
8 shall be given credit for time served in custody pending a  
9 hearing on revocation of parole as it relates to the six month  
10 parole revocation. No prisoner shall be incarcerated beyond the  
11 expiration of the prisoner's maximum term of imprisonment."

12 SECTION 8. Section 706-670, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
13 amended by amending subsection (1) to read as follows:

14 "(1) Parole hearing. A person sentenced to an  
15 indeterminate term of imprisonment shall receive an initial  
16 parole hearing at least one month before the expiration of the  
17 minimum term of imprisonment determined by the Hawaii paroling  
18 authority pursuant to section 706-669. If the person has been  
19 sentenced to multiple terms of imprisonment, the parole hearing  
20 shall not be required until at least one month before the  
21 expiration of the minimum term that expires last in time. A  
22 validated risk assessment shall be used to determine the



1 person's risk of re-offense and suitability for community  
2 supervision. For purposes of this subsection, "validated risk  
3 assessment" means an actuarial tool scientifically proven to  
4 determine a person's likelihood of engaging in future criminal  
5 behavior. The department of public safety shall select a  
6 research based risk assessment tool and shall validate the  
7 accuracy of the risk assessment tool at least every three years.  
8 A person who is assessed as low risk for re-offending shall be  
9 granted parole upon completing the minimum sentence, unless the  
10 person:

- 11 (a) Is found to have committed misconduct while in prison  
12 that is equivalent to a misdemeanor or felony crime  
13 within two years of the expiration of the minimum term  
14 of imprisonment;
- 15 (b) Has any pending felony charges in the State;
- 16 (c) Is incarcerated for a sexual offense under part V of  
17 chapter 707 or child abuse under part VI of chapter  
18 707 and has not successfully completed a sex offender  
19 treatment program; or
- 20 (d) Is determined by the paroling authority to currently  
21 constitute a significant risk to the safety or



1           property of other persons that can only be mitigated  
2           by additional incarceration.

3     If parole is not granted at [~~that time,~~] the initial parole  
4 hearing, additional hearings shall be held at twelve-month  
5 intervals or less until parole is granted or the maximum period  
6 of imprisonment expires. The State shall have the right to be  
7 represented at the initial parole hearing and all subsequent  
8 parole hearings by the prosecuting attorney, who may present  
9 written testimony and make oral comments[~~, and the~~]. The  
10 authority shall consider the testimony and comments in reaching  
11 its decision. The authority shall notify the appropriate  
12 prosecuting attorney of the hearing at the time the prisoner is  
13 given notice of the hearing."

14                                           PART IV

15           SECTION 9. The purpose of this part is to ensure  
16 accountability for victims and offenders by improving the  
17 collection of restitution by the department of public safety and  
18 ensuring that all felony offenders are supervised for a minimum  
19 period of time after their release from incarceration.

20           SECTION 10. Section 353-22.6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
21 amended to read as follows:



1           **"§353-22.6 Victim restitution.** The director of public  
2 safety shall enforce victim restitution orders against all  
3 moneys earned, deposited, or credited to an inmate's individual  
4 account by the [~~prisoner~~] inmate while incarcerated. The amount  
5 deducted [~~and paid once annually to the victim~~] shall be [~~ten~~]  
6 twenty-five per cent of the [~~prisoner's annual earnings.~~] total  
7 of all moneys earned, new deposits, and credits to the inmate's  
8 individual account. The moneys shall be deducted monthly and  
9 paid to the victim once the amount reaches \$25, or annually,  
10 whichever is sooner. This section shall not apply to moneys  
11 earned on work furlough pursuant to section 353-17."

12           SECTION 11. Section 353-69, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
13 amended to read as follows:

14           **"§353-69 Parole when.** [~~No~~] Except as provided in section  
15 706-670, no parole shall be granted unless it appears to the  
16 Hawaii paroling authority that there is a reasonable probability  
17 that the prisoner concerned will live and remain at liberty  
18 without violating the law and that the prisoner's release is not  
19 incompatible with the welfare and safety of society."

20           SECTION 12. Section 706-670, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
21 amended by amending subsection (3) to read as follows:



1           "(3) Prisoner's plan and participation. Each prisoner  
2 shall be given reasonable notice of the prisoner's parole  
3 hearing and shall prepare a parole plan, setting forth the  
4 manner of life the prisoner intends to lead if released on  
5 parole, including specific information as to [where];

6           (a) Where and with whom the prisoner will reside [~~and~~  
7           ~~what~~];

8           (b) A phone contact where the prisoner can be reached; and

9           (c) What occupation or employment the prisoner will  
10           follow[-], if any.

11 The prisoner shall be paroled in the county where the prisoner  
12 had a permanent residence or occupation or employment prior to  
13 the prisoner's incarceration, unless the prisoner will: reside  
14 in a county in which the population exceeds eight-hundred  
15 thousand persons; reside in a county in the State in which the  
16 committed person has the greatest family or community support,  
17 opportunities for employment, job training, education,  
18 treatment, and other social services, as determined by the  
19 Hawaii paroling authority; or be released for immediate  
20 departure from the State. The institutional parole staff shall  
21 render reasonable aid to the prisoner in the preparation of the



1 prisoner's plan and in securing information for submission to  
2 the authority. In addition, the prisoner shall:

3 (a) Be permitted to consult with any persons whose  
4 assistance the prisoner reasonably desires, including  
5 the prisoner's own legal counsel, in preparing for a  
6 hearing before the authority;

7 (b) Be permitted to be represented and assisted by counsel  
8 at the hearing;

9 (c) Have counsel appointed to represent and assist the  
10 prisoner if the prisoner so requests and cannot afford  
11 to retain counsel; and

12 (d) Be informed of the prisoner's rights as set forth in  
13 this subsection."

14 SECTION 13. Section 706-670, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
15 amended by amending subsection (5) to read as follows:

16 "~~(5) [Release upon expiration of maximum term. If the~~  
17 ~~authority fixes no earlier release date, a prisoner's release~~  
18 ~~shall become mandatory at the expiration of the prisoner's~~  
19 ~~maximum term of imprisonment.] Supervised parole release prior~~  
20 ~~to the expiration of the maximum term. Notwithstanding section~~  
21 ~~706-606.5 (1)(c), if the Hawaii paroling authority fixes no~~  
22 ~~earlier release date or has not released a prisoner upon~~





1 completion of a set minimum term, a prisoner shall be released  
2 on parole based on the longest term of imprisonment so long as  
3 the paroling authority has approved a parole plan as set forth  
4 under section 706-670(3) and (4), as follows:

5 (a) For a class A felony - eighteen months prior to the  
6 expiration of the maximum term;

7 (b) For a class B felony - twelve months prior to the  
8 expiration of the maximum term; and

9 (c) For a class C felony - six months prior to the  
10 expiration of the maximum term.

11 No prisoner shall be incarcerated beyond the expiration of the  
12 prisoner's maximum term of imprisonment."

13 PART V

14 SECTION 14. (a) Savings realized by reducing the  
15 incarcerated population shall be reinvested within the criminal  
16 justice system to protect public safety through the proper  
17 supervision of offenders in the community, adequate community-  
18 based programs and services to reduce the incidence of  
19 recidivism, victim services to promote restorative justice, and  
20 professional support to realize the goals of the justice  
21 reinvestment initiative.



1 (b) Funds saved through reducing the incarcerated  
2 population shall be reinvested in staffing programs to achieve  
3 the goals of the justice reinvestment initiative based on the  
4 following guidelines:

5 (1) A ratio of one human services professional (intake  
6 worker) per one hundred pretrial offender risk  
7 assessments, bail reports, and facility intakes per  
8 month;

9 (2) A ratio of one human services professional (facility  
10 case manager) per one hundred risk assessments of  
11 incarcerated sentenced felons per month;

12 (3) A ratio of one human services professional (parole  
13 officer) per caseload of fifty supervised parolees;

14 (4) A ratio of one human services professional (probation  
15 officer) per twenty-five probationers participating in  
16 outpatient treatment for substance abuse;

17 (5) A ratio of one crime victim compensation restitution  
18 specialist per eight hundred victim restitution cases  
19 per year;

20 (6) A ratio of one victim assistance or witness counselor  
21 per one hundred fifty victims per year for the city  
22 and county of Honolulu;



1 (7) A ratio of one victim assistance or witness counselor  
2 per one hundred fifty victims per year for the county  
3 of Maui;

4 (8) A ratio of one victim assistance or witness counselor  
5 per one hundred fifty victims per year for the county  
6 of Hawaii;

7 (9) A ratio of one corrections program specialist per  
8 three hundred sentenced felons released to community  
9 supervision per year to provide victim notification  
10 and safety planning services; and

11 (10) Two additional part-time members of the Hawaii  
12 paroling authority to increase the number of parole  
13 hearings scheduled per year.

14 SECTION 15. There is appropriated out of the general  
15 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ or so much  
16 thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2012-2013, for the  
17 following purposes:

18 (1) \$ for three full-time equivalent (3.00 FTE)  
19 permanent human services professional IV positions for  
20 pretrial assessments and intake service centers  
21 (PSD410);



- 1           (2) \$           for one full-time equivalent (1.00 FTE)  
2           permanent planner VI position in the research and  
3           planning office for general administration (PSD900);
- 4           (3) \$           for two full-time equivalent (2.00 FTE)  
5           permanent planner V positions in the research and  
6           planning office for general administration (PSD900);
- 7           (4) \$           for one full-time equivalent (1.00 FTE)  
8           permanent research statistician V position in the  
9           research and planning office for general  
10          administration (PSD900);
- 11          (5) \$           for one full-time equivalent (1.00 FTE)  
12          permanent program specialist II position in the  
13          research and planning office for general  
14          administration (PSD900);
- 15          (6) \$           for one full-time equivalent (1.00 FTE)  
16          permanent office assistant position in the research  
17          and planning office for general administration  
18          (PSD900);
- 19          (7) \$           for one full-time equivalent (1.00 FTE)  
20          permanent CIP coordinator position in the research and  
21          planning office for general administration (PSD900);



- 1           (8) \$           for three full-time equivalent (3.00 FTE)
- 2           permanent program specialist positions in the reentry
- 3           office for program training and oversight (PSD900);
- 4           (9) \$           for one full-time equivalent (1.00 FTE)
- 5           permanent office assistant position in the reentry
- 6           office for program training and oversight (PSD900);
- 7           (10) \$          for one full-time equivalent (1.00 FTE)
- 8           permanent corrections supervisor I position for risk
- 9           assessment (PSD900);
- 10          (11) \$          for two full-time equivalent (2.00 FTE)
- 11          permanent human services professional IV positions for
- 12          risk assessment (PSD900);
- 13          (12) \$          for one full-time equivalent (1.00 FTE)
- 14          permanent office assistant III position for risk
- 15          assessment (PSD900);
- 16          (13) \$          for two part-time Hawaii paroling authority
- 17          member positions (PSD611);
- 18          (14) \$          for one full-time equivalent (1.00 FTE)
- 19          permanent parole officer VI position (PSD612);
- 20          (15) \$          for one full-time equivalent (1.00 FTE)
- 21          permanent parole officer V position (PSD612);



- 1           (16) \$           for five full-time equivalent (5.00 FTE)
- 2                   permanent parole officer IV positions (PSD612);
- 3           (17) \$           for one full-time equivalent (1.00 FTE)
- 4                   permanent secretary I position (PSD612);
- 5           (18) \$           for four full-time equivalent (4.00 FTE)
- 6                   permanent social worker IV positions to provide
- 7                   in-house programming in judiciary probation drug
- 8                   treatment and cognitive behavioral therapy staff and
- 9                   training;
- 10          (19) \$           for two full-time equivalent (2.00 FTE)
- 11                   permanent trainers to train in-house program staff and
- 12                   probation staff in judiciary probation drug treatment
- 13                   and cognitive behavioral therapy;
- 14          (20) \$           for one full-time equivalent (1.00 FTE)
- 15                   permanent project coordinator position on the crime
- 16                   victim compensation commission (PSD613);
- 17          (21) \$           for one full-time equivalent (1.00 FTE)
- 18                   permanent recovery coordinator position on the crime
- 19                   victim compensation commission (PSD613);
- 20          (22) \$           for three full-time equivalent (3.00 FTE)
- 21                   permanent restitution specialist positions on the
- 22                   crime victim compensation commission (PSD613);



1           (23) \$           for three full-time equivalent (3.00 FTE)  
2           permanent program specialist positions in victim  
3           notification, services, and safety planning (PSD900);  
4           (24) \$           for one full-time equivalent (1.00 FTE)  
5           permanent victim assistance counselor I (Kona)  
6           position for victim assistance on the island of  
7           Hawaii;  
8           (25) \$           for one full-time equivalent (1.00 FTE)  
9           permanent victim assistance counselor I (Hilo)  
10          position for victim assistance on the island of  
11          Hawaii;  
12          (26) \$           for one full-time equivalent (1.00 FTE)  
13          permanent legal clerk I (Hilo) position for victim  
14          assistance on the island of Hawaii;  
15          (27) \$           for one full-time equivalent (1.00 FTE)  
16          permanent legal clerk I (Kona) position for victim  
17          assistance on the island of Hawaii;  
18          (28) \$           for one full-time equivalent (1.00 FTE)  
19          permanent victim assistance (Hilo) position for victim  
20          assistance on the island of Hawaii;



1 (29) \$ for one full-time equivalent (1.00 FTE)  
2 permanent victim assistance (Kona) position for victim  
3 assistance on the island of Hawaii;

4 (30) \$ for two full-time equivalent (2.00 FTE)  
5 permanent victim witness counselor I positions for  
6 victim assistance on the island of Maui;

7 (31) \$ for one full-time equivalent (1.00 FTE)  
8 permanent victim assistance witness counselor I  
9 position for victim assistance on the island of Kauai;

10 (32) \$ for four full-time equivalent (4.00 FTE)  
11 permanent victim witness counselor II positions for  
12 victim assistance on the island of Oahu; and

13 (33) \$ for two full-time equivalent (2.00 FTE)  
14 permanent legal clerk positions for victim assistance  
15 on the island of Oahu;

16 provided that for new positions authorized, funds shall be  
17 provided in the first year for necessary equipment and annual  
18 operating expenses shall be increased for supplies; provided  
19 further that funds shall be provided for seven positions,  
20 necessary equipment, and annual operating expenses for the  
21 establishment of the reentry office within the department of  
22 public safety; provided further that funds shall be provided for





1 seven positions, necessary equipment, and annual operating  
2 expenses for the establishment of the research and planning  
3 office within the department of public safety; and provided  
4 further that purchase of services funds shall be provided for  
5 community-based programs for pretrial offenders and parolees.  
6 The sums appropriated shall be expended by the department of  
7 public safety for the purposes of this Act.

8 PART VI

9 SECTION 16. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed  
10 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.

11 SECTION 17. This Act shall take effect on January 7, 2059.



**Report Title:**

Relating to Public Safety; Appropriation

**Description:**

Requires a pretrial risk assessment within three working days of commitment to a community correctional center. Increases the membership of the Hawaii paroling authority from three to five members and requires use of validated risk assessments. Limits length of incarceration for first-time parole violators. Increases the percentage deducted from inmates' earnings for restitution payments. Requires parole supervision prior to maximum sentence date. Adds positions in the Department of Public Safety. Appropriates funds. Effective January 7, 2059. (HB2514 HD3)

*The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.*

