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Legal Counsel

BRYAN ANDAYA, ESQ.
Chair, Government Affairs

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FILIPINO CHAMBER OF COMMERCE OF HAWAII

Promoting Hawaii's Business Community since 1954

February 8, 2011

Testimony in Strong Support of SB 1360 – HMS – 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm 016

Chair Chun-Oakland, Vice Chair Ihara, and Members of the Committee:

The Filipino Chamber of Commerce (FCCH) **strongly supports SB1360**, which requires substitute caregivers in Community Care Foster Family Homes (foster homes) with 3 clients to be either Certified Nurse Aides (CNAs) or Nurse Aides (NAs).

As over 90% of foster home operators are of Filipino descent, SB1360 and its companion bill in the House HB739 are **the Chamber's #1 priority** for the 2011 legislative session. We will defer to those in the industry to point out the minor differences between a CNA and an NA. Our testimony focuses on: (1) the barriers for NAs of Filipino descent in becoming CNAs; and (2) the increase cost of doing business as a result of the CNA requirement.

First, the Chamber believes numerous barriers continue to exist that places Filipinos at a disadvantage in maintaining a CNA license. The cost to recertify as a CNA can cost up to \$750 every two years to take a 24-hour examination in addition to a \$50 registration cost. NAs do not face similar costs. The 24-hour examination is very daunting for many NAs, most of whom are Filipinos speak English as a second language. Many NAs, while skilled, experienced, and well trained in what they do, become very nervous with the thought of a 24-hour exam that is administered in a language that is not their own. As such, the CNA requirement disproportionately disadvantages Filipinos in the industry with no proven improvement in the quality of care or client safety.

Second, foster homes cannot afford to pay rates CNAs demand. Foster homes receive Medicaid reimbursement of approximately \$1,800-\$2,500 per month per client for nursing home level services. Similar services in a nursing home would cost at least \$7,000 per month per client. Thus, care in foster homes saves 65-75% of the cost of care in a full-service nursing home.

Although this cost saving is great for Medicaid, foster home operators struggle on basic expenses like making their mortgage payments and obtaining medical insurance for themselves. By requiring a CNA and not an NA substitute, operators are forced to dig even deeper. Foster home operators are well familiar with the current economic situation and the State's fiscal crisis, and appreciate that everyone must live with less. However, reimbursement rates have not been increased for many years, and operators have patiently refrained from asking otherwise.

We understand that client safety and quality of care is the overriding priority. Based on our experience working with care homes and foster homes for over 3 decades, however, there is no measurable improvement in the quality of care since the regulation of CNAs began in 2008 that would justify having exclusively CNAs as substitutes.

In summary, FCCH reiterates its **strong support of SB1360** requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

Very truly yours,

Filipino Chamber of Commerce
By: Bryan P. Andaya

ADULT FOSTER HOMECARE ASSOCIATION OF HAWAII

P.O. Box 970092, Waipahu, Hawai'i 96797

Thelma Ortal
President
Adult Foster HomeCare
Association of Hawaii

Lani Akee
Immediate Past President
Adult Foster HomeCare
Association of Hawaii

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 – HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

The Adult Foster HomeCare Association of Hawaii (AFHA) strongly supports SB1360, RELATING TO COMMUNITY CARE FOSTER FAMILY HOMES. Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and substitute caregiver must be nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aide bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

With these licensing standards, resident clients and their families can be assured of a minimum standard of care in foster homes. CNAs and NAs must acquire continuing education every two years to ensure their skills are maintained.

Allowing foster home operators to use CNAs and NAs as substitutes would allow enough flexibility to ensure their continued operation. Reimbursement rates for home operators have been stagnant for many years. Without a third client, foster home operators have difficulty staying in business. The closure of these foster homes would result in a health care crisis as the population of Hawaii ages.

In summary, AFHA reiterates its **strong support of SB 1360** requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

Very truly yours,


Thelma Ortal
President

About AFHA

The Adult Foster HomeCare Association of Hawaii (AFHA) is the industry trade association of providers under the Community Care Foster Family Home program under the Department of Human Services, State of Hawaii. With a membership of almost 750 providers, AFHA's mission is to promote the interests of providers as well as resident clients. AFHA members provide 24-hour care to resident clients 7 days a week, 365 days a year.

ADULT FOSTER HOMECARE ASSOCIATION OF HAWAII

P.O. Box 970092, Waipahu, Hawai'i 96797

February 7, 2011

Thelma Ortal
President
Adult Foster Homecare
Association of Hawaii

Testimony in Strong Support of SB 1360

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

Lani Akee
Immediate Past President
Adult Foster Homecare
Association of Hawaii

The Adult Foster Homecare Association of Hawaii (AFHA) **strongly supports SB 1360**, which requires substitute caregivers in Community Care Foster Family Homes (foster homes) to be either Certified Nurse Aides (CNAs) or Nurse Aides (NAs).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aide bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

With these licensing standards, resident clients and their families can be assured of a minimum standard of care in foster homes. CNAs must be recertified every two years to ensure their skills are maintained. NAs are reviewed by RN yearly for the service plan of each client.

Allowing foster home operators to use CNAs and NAs as substitutes would allow enough flexibility to ensure their continued operation. Reimbursement rates for home operators have been stagnant for many years. Without a third client, foster home operators have difficulty staying in business. The closure of these foster homes would result in a health care crisis as the population of Hawaii ages.

In summary, AFHA reiterates its **strong support of SB 1360** requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

Very truly yours,

Lani Akee
Board of Directors
Adult Foster Home Assn

About AFHA

The Adult Foster Home Association of Hawaii (AFHA) is the industry trade association of providers under the Community Care Foster Family Home program under the Department of Human Services, State of Hawaii. With a membership of almost 750 providers, AFHA's mission is to promote the interests of providers as well as resident clients. AFHA members provide 24 hours care to resident clients 7 days a week, 365 days a year.

ALLIANCE OF RESIDENTIAL CARE ADMINISTRATORS
P.O. Box 758, Pearl City, Hawaii 96782 <mailto:bryan@andayalaw.com>

February 8, 2011

Testimony in **Strong Support of SB 1360** – HMS – 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm 016

Chair Chun-Oakland, Vice Chair Ihara, and Members of the Committee:

The Alliance of Residential Care Administrators (ARCA) **strongly supports SB 1360**, which requires substitute caregivers in Community Care Foster Family Homes (foster homes) with 3 clients to be either Certified Nurse Aides (CNAs) or Nurse Aides (NAs).

Ironically, Adult Residential Care Homes (ARCHs) under the Department of Health with up to 6 clients, 3 of whom can be the same level of care as those in foster homes (expanded clients), may use NAs opposed to CNAs. HAR Chapter 100.1 of the DOH rules provide that ARCH operators and their substitutes need only be NAs. As we provide the same level of care as foster homes for our expanded clients, the standards should be applicable across the board. We believe our quality of care and patient safety are comparable with those of foster homes and in any event more than adequate, despite us using NAs for substitutes.

We have repeatedly observed the divergence between the standards of DOH with those of Department of Human Services (DHS). We find it peculiar in this case that DHS, which operates under a social model as opposed to DOH which operates under a medical model, requires CNA substitutes while DOH requires NA substitutes. We certainly want to preempt any attempt by DOH to require CNA substitutes.

Certainly, maintaining a CNA entails high costs, up to \$750 every two years to take a 24-hour test and to register with the Department of Commerce and Consumer Affairs. Although NAs must demonstrate their skills at least once a year to a RN case manager, NAs need not take the 24-hour examination, which costs an exorbitant amount, and need not pay to register.

Furthermore, the procedure to obtain a CNA remains convoluted and unclear, with no administrative rules promulgated. The very concept of a CNA is quite new. Prior to 2008, CNAs were unregulated, so any NA could call themselves a CNA. In 2008 after much debate, the 24-hour examination was imposed on CNAs wishing to recertify. There is still much confusion in the industry as to what is required to recertify as a CNA.

In light of the astronomical costs and the dreaded examination that lasts 24-hours, many NAs have chosen not to pursue CNA status. Yet, they possess the same skills.

For these reasons, ARCA reiterates its **strong support of SB1360** that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or NAs.

Very truly yours,

Alliance of Residential Care Administrators

Medy DeLara, President

THE PRIMARY CARE PROVIDERS

P.O. Box 2441, Honolulu, Hawai`i 96804

February 8, 2011

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 - HMS – 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm 016

Chair Chun-Oakland, Vice Chair Ihara, and Members of the Committee:

The Primary Care Providers (TPCP) **strongly supports SB1360**, which requires substitute caregivers in Community Care Foster Family Homes (foster homes) to be either Certified Nurse Aides (CNAs) or Nurse Aides (NAs). This chart illustrates that the only difference between CNAs and NAs is the requisite examination upon certification and bi-annual recertification.

CNA Substitutes v. NA Substitutes In Community Care Foster Family Homes

	Nurse Aides (NA)	Certified Nurses Aides (CNA)
Education	State-approved nurse-aide training program including Kapiolani CC and Honolulu CC; skills taught include CPR, blood pressure, vital signs, transferring, bathing, assistance with daily living activities	Same education and coursework as NA, except must pass examination
Licensing	Registration with DHS contracted CTA; final approval from RN case manager after passing comprehensive skills check	Same as NA
Recertification – Continuing Education and Skills Check	8 Hours Continuing Education (CE) annually; completion of skills check administered by RN case manager during annual service plan	12 Hours CE annually (24 hours every 2 years) including skills examination
Adult Protective Service (APS) and Criminal Background Clearance	Annually – verification of ID, including SS#, date of birth, and fingerprinting	Same as NA
Tuberculosis Clearance	Every time you are named as a substitute for a home	Same as NA

In summary, TPCP reiterates its **strong support of SB1360** requiring substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

Very truly yours,

The Primary Care Providers (TPCP)

By: Maria Etrata

About TPCP

TPCP's mission is unite the home and community based care giving industry to improve the quality of care provided to elderly and developmentally disabled clients in various home and community based programs, as well as to improve the state of the industry. Together, members of the four organizations have a membership of about 500 and comprise about 35% of the home and community-based caregivers in the State of Hawaii.

February 9, 2011

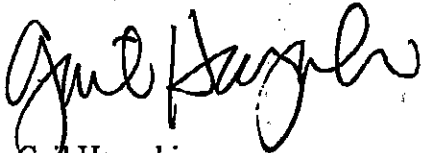
Testimony in Support of SB 1360

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I am testifying and support SB1360 bill. Currently I have my Mother in a Foster Home setting for almost 3 years and I am extremely pleased with her care. The substitute caregiver, (NA), has been more than capable in making sure my mom is comfortable and is able to look out for my Mom's best interest.

Daily care such as checking on her vitals, washing, cleaning, administering medication, feeding, talking with Mom are all well done by the (NA). Please strongly consider this bill.

Mahalo,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Gail Hayashi". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Gail Hayashi
Daughter of Mom in Foster Home

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 – HMS 2/10/11 1:45 a.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

Cristina Basilio strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aid bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

With these licensing standards, resident clients and their families can be assured of a minimum standard of care in foster homes. CNAs and NAs must acquire continuing education every two years to ensure their skills are maintained.

Allowing foster home operators to use CNAs and NAs as substitutes would allow enough flexibility to ensure their continued operation. Reimbursement rates for home operators have been stagnant for many years. Without a third client, foster home operators have difficulty staying in business. The closure of these foster homes would result in a health care crisis as the population of Hawaii ages.

In summary, I reiterate my strong support of SB 1360 that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

Respectfully,

Cristina Basilio
Cristina Basilio

FROM :

FAX NO. : 8086718331

Feb. 10 2011 09:20AM P2

Feb-09-2011 09:21am

From-Kuakini Med Ctr Business Svcs Dept

808 547 8588

T-942 P.002/003 F-574

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 - HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 01E

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Esperanza Javier strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aide bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

With these licensing standards, resident clients and their families can be assured of a minimum standard of care in foster homes. CNAs and NAs must acquire continuing education every two years to ensure their skills are maintained.

Allowing foster home operators to use CNAs and NAs as substitutes would allow enough flexibility to ensure their continued operation. Reimbursement rates for home operators have been stagnant for many years. Without a third client, foster home operators have difficulty staying in business. The closure of these foster homes would result in a health care crisis as the population of Hawaii ages.

In summary, I reiterate my strong support of SB 1360 that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

Respectfully,

Esperanza Javier

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 – HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Cardina C. Ede strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aid bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

With these licensing standards, resident clients and their families can be assured of a minimum standard of care in foster homes. CNAs and NAs must acquire continuing education every two years to ensure their skills are maintained.

Allowing foster home operators to use CNAs and NAs as substitutes would allow enough flexibility to ensure their continued operation. Reimbursement rates for home operators have been stagnant for many years. Without a third client, foster home operators have difficulty staying in business. The closure of these foster homes would result in a health care crisis as the population of Hawaii ages.

In summary, I reiterate my strong support of SB 1360 that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

Respectfully,

Cardina C. Ede

FROM :

FROM NO. : 8085719331

Feb. 10 2011 11:24am P2

02-09-2011 11:21am From: ALVIA, Gemma C. Business Svcs Dept

211 647 3666

7-141 P 308/004 P-274

0.3

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 - HMS 2/10/11 1:45 pm Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, GEMMA ALVIA strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aid, bathing, feeding, toileting, dressing and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

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In summary, I reiterate my strong support of SB 1360 that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

Respectfully,

Gemma Alvia

FROM :

FAX NO. : 905718331

Feb. 10 2011 11:24AM

Feb-09-2011 09:21am From:Kuanini Med Ctr Business Svcs Dept

336 54 3966

7-141 P 202/009 F-576

D.D.

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 - HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

Juliana Domingo strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aide bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

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In summary, I reiterate my strong support of SB 1360 that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

Respectfully,

Juliana P. Domingo

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 – HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, NORMA TAN strongly support **SB1360 allowing** Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aide bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

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In summary, I reiterate my **strong support of SB 1360** that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.


Respectfully,

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 – HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Liberty Evangelista strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aid, bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

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In summary, I reiterate my strong support of SB 1360 that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

Respectfully,

Liberty Evangelista
662 Kaniahe St.
Wahiawa, HI 96786

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 – HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, JANETH DULIG strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aid bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

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In summary, I reiterate my strong support of SB 1360 that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

Respectfully,

Janeth Dulig

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 - HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

Juanita Vavela strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aid, bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

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In summary, I reiterate my strong support of SB 1360 that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

Respectfully,

Juanita Vavela ans

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 – HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, ASELA P. RAMOS strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aid bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

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In summary, I reiterate my strong support of SB 1360 that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

Respectfully,



Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 – HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Mari Angelene Maluyo strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aid, bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

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Allowing foster home operators to use CNAs and NAs as substitutes would allow enough flexibility to ensure their continued operation. Reimbursement rates for home operators have been stagnant for many years. Without a third client, foster home operators have difficulty staying in business. The closure of these foster homes would result in a health care crisis as the population of Hawaii ages.

In summary, I reiterate my **strong support of SB 1360** that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

Respectfully,

Mari Maluyo PCB, RNA

02-10-2001 22:12

PAGE1

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1300 -- HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 010

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, MELOA BONILLA strongly support SB1300 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Respectfully,

JBonilla

PAGE1

Dec 25 10 02:14a

F-1

2011-02-25 09:23

007943388 70

**Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360-HMS
2/10/11 1:45PM Rm 016**

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Maria Fe mabborang strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three (3) clients, , the primary caregiver must be a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) or Nurse Aide (NA).

Respectfully,

Dec 25 10 02:14a

2011-02-25 09:25

1017445710>>

P.1

**Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360-HMS
2/10/11 1:45PM Rm 016**

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Maria Imelda Lim strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three (3) clients, the primary caregiver must be a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) or Nurse Aide (NA).

Respectfully,

Maria Imelda Lim

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 – HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Luz R. Baena strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Respectfully,

Luz R. Baena

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 - HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, MYDA N. VENEGAS strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

As a caregiver I strongly support this bill because, it is very hard for us to get all subs. CNAs, if we wanted to have 3 clients in our home like me, I wanted to have 3rd client, and have extra room and I can't approved because the requirement should be all CNA. My mom. is only NA she no longer my subs. she will become only household member.

NAS + CNA have better educational requirement. They will take BP, Temp, R. and pulse and all vital signs. They also trained to feed, change diaper, bathe and shower client, turn pt from bed of 2 hrs. transferring from wheel chair to bed and taking out and input.

Supporting this bill it will also help us primary caregiver to continue the operation of our business. Because taking fragile client home or lot of sacrifices to provide quality of care. With having all CNAs every time they leave. We have to pay extra CNA. to come to stay & the client who will stay home, instead of the NA - mom or husband to stay & them. My strong support of SB 1360 that requires subs.

Respectfully, caregiver in foster home like either CNA or NA for having 3 clients

Myra N. Venegas
My Venegas

KCB - 8, 2011

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 - HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, FRANCIS DULIG strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

NA'S LIKE CNA, REQUIRE TRAINING IN SKILLS SUCH AS THE ACTIVITIES OF DAILY LIVING, CPR/FIRST AID, BATHING, FEEDING, TOILETING TURNING + MOVING CLIENTS IN BED, WALKING WITH VARIOUS AMOUNT OF ASSISTANCE, TRANSFER FROM CLIENT TO WHEELCHAIRS OR STRETCHERS. ALSO THEY RECEIVE TRAINING IN TAKING VITAL SIGNS, BLOOD PRESSURE, BODY TEMPERATURE, PULSE, RESPIRATION + MEASURING INTAKE/OUTPUT. BOTH HAVE MINIMUM REQUIREMENT. (100 HOURS TRAINING IN A STATE APPROVED SCHOOL, SKILLS TRAINING BY RN OF CASE MANAGEMENT. SKILL DELEGATION. BOTH REQUIRE PENDING - PRINTING, MFS SCREENING, TB CLEARANCE, CRIMINAL RECORDS CHECK. ANNUAL PHYSICAL. NA'S OR NURSE'S AIDES HAS TO BE

Respectfully, COMPETENT OR SKILLED CHECK BEFORE CARING FOR THE ELDERLY IN A FOSTER HOME OR WILL NOT BE ALLOWED BY THE CASE MANAGEMENT AGENCY RN'S.

TO GET CERTIFIED IS COST A LOT. ALSO CONSIDER CULTURE AS A DRAW BACK.

PLS. APPROVE NA AS SUBSTITUTE IN A 3 CLIENT FOSTER HOME.

RESPECTFULLY,

-Francis Dulig

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 - HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee

I, Esmeralda R. Racachot strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Respectfully,



Esmeralda R. Racachot
114 Kaniaku Place
Wahiawa HI 96784

621-6894



Aileen C. Schultz
114 Kaniaku Place
Wahiawa HI 96784

FROM :

FAX NO. : 8086718331

Feb. 10 2011 11:25AM P3

Feb-09-2011 03:21am From-Kuakia) Med Ctr Business Svcs Dept

001 647 0500

T-842 P 007/308 F-574

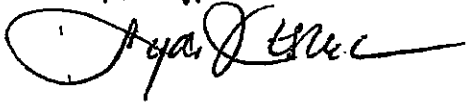
p.1

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1380 - HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 015

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Ludie Esteve strongly support SB1380 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Respectfully,



02/08/2011 23:34 8886800147

GEMMA ALVIA

PAGE 03

FAX NO. : 9886718331

Feb. 10 2011 11:25AM P3

FROM :

Feb-09-2011 02:21am From-Kualialand Ctr Business Svcs Dept

006 547 0500

T-542 P 001/003 F-174

p.1

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1380 - HHS 2/9/11 1:46 p.m. Rm. 015

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I Jennifer Saccoccio strongly support SB1380 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Jennifer Saccoccio
Respectfully,

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 - HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, RANDY NABDA strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and any substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Respectfully,

Cecilia Nabon
98-340 POND ST.
Aiea, HI 96701

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1380 - HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

1. WILSON NABOA, SR strongly support SB1380 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Respectfully,

Wilson Naboa, SR.
98-340 PONO ST.
Aiea, HI 96701

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 -- HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, CECILIA NABOA strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Respectfully,

Randy Naboa
98-340 PONO ST.
Aiea, HI 96701

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1350 - HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Remedios Manuel strongly support SB1350 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

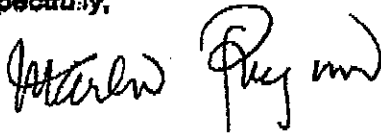
Respectfully,

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 - HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 018

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Marlin A. Reardon strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Respectfully,

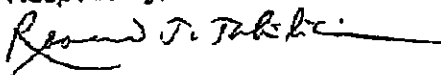


Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 – HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, ROSARIO T. TABALISMA strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Respectfully,



Testimony in Strong Support of SB1350 – HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

L. DIGNA A. QUEMADO Strongly support SB1350 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

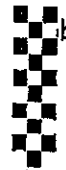
Respectfully,

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 – HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, LUCY PADRE strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Lucy Padre
Respectfully,



Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 – HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Rosalinda Malalis strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Respectfully,

NIGHTINGALE CASE MANAGEMENT, INC.
Rosalinda R. Malalis
Harbor Center
98-029 Hekaha St. Unit 30
Aiea, HI 96701

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 - HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. Q16

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, EVANGELINE SYNAID strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

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11 FEB -9 10 22

Committee on Health Services

Respectfully,
E. Synaid

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 – HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, ERLINDA GALACÉ strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

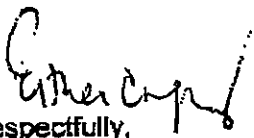
Respectfully,



Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 -- HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Ester Cep strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).


Respectfully,

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 – HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, FLORENCE S. PAULO strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Respectfully,

F. Paulo

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360-HMS 2/10/11 1:45PM Rm 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Luzviminda de la Cruz strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three (3) clients, , the primary caregiver must be a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) or Nurse Aide (NA).

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FEB 10 2011
SENATE

Respectfully,
Luzviminda de la Cruz
LIZVIMINDA de la Cruz

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Testimony in Strong Support of SB1368 - HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

AM 79 8-07 11

I, FANNY TAN strongly support SB1368 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

SEARCHED
SERIALIZED

I strongly support this bill.

Thank you.

Respectfully,

Fanny Tan
1956 KEALAKAI ST.
HON. HI 96817.

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1380 - HHS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, NOEL GOMEZ, strongly support SB1380 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

I strongly support this bill. Thank you very much.

Respectfully,

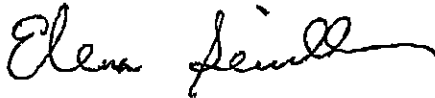
NOEL GOMEZ, RN
1310 Paloma St. Hon.
Hi 96817

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 - HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

1. Elena Sevilla strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Respectfully,



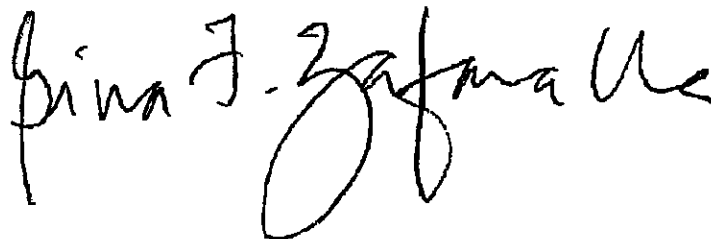
**Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360-HMS
2/10/11 1:45PM Rm 016**

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, GINA F. ZAFARALLA strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three (3) clients, , the primary caregiver must be a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) or Nurse Aide (NA).

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FEB 10 2011
11 133 9 41/20

Respectfully,



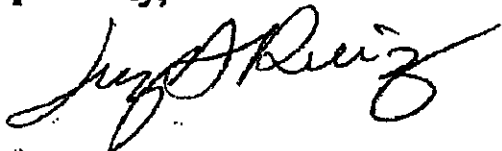
Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360-HMS 2/10/11 1:45PM Rm 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Juz A Ruiz / LUZ A RUIZ strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three (3) clients, , the primary caregiver must be a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) or Nurse Aide (NA).

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Respectfully,



**Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360-HMS
2/10/11 1:45PM Rm 016**

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, VICKY GONZALES strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three (3) clients, , the primary caregiver must be a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) or Nurse Aide (NA).

Whatever the CNA can do , I'm sure the NA can do too . As long as they can give the care that the clients Needed .

Thank You.

Respectfully,

Vicky Gonzales

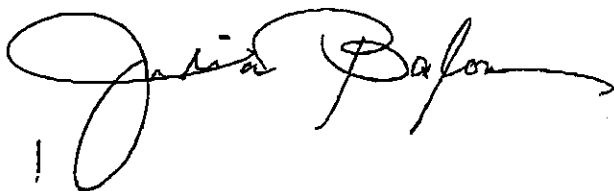
**Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360-HMS
2/10/11 1:45PM Rm 016**

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, JULIA BALON strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three (3) clients, , the primary caregiver must be a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) or Nurse Aide (NA).

An (NA) Nurse's Aide is qualified to be a substitute caregiver in a House with three (3) clients, because I believed they also passed the same course/areas of studies with all ~~the~~ the procedures and training that was given to a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA).

Respectfully,



**Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360-HMS
2/10/11 1:45PM Rm 016**

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, JANEETH C. DORNELLO / JCD strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three (3) clients, , the primary caregiver must be a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) or Nurse Aide (NA).

Respectfully,

**Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360-HMS
2/10/11 1:45PM Rm 016**

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Josefina D. Takamoto strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three (3) clients, , the primary caregiver must be a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) or Nurse Aide (NA).

Respectfully,

Josefina Takamoto

**Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360-HMS
2/10/11 1:45PM Rm 016**

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Acelyn G. Rumbaoa strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three (3) clients, , the primary caregiver must be a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) or Nurse Aide (NA).

Respectfully,

Acelyn G. Rumbaoa

Dec 25 10 02:16a

P. 1
6/2/11

2011-02-09 0023

0007446308 00

**Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360-HMS
2/10/11 1:45PM Rm 016**

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Gina Domingo strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three (3) clients, , the primary caregiver must be a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) or Nurse Aide (NA).

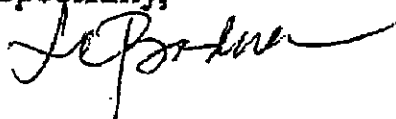
Respectfully,

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360-HMS
2/10/11 1:45PM Rm 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Ligaya Badua strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three (3) clients, , the primary caregiver must be a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) or Nurse Aide (NA).

Respectfully,



Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 - HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

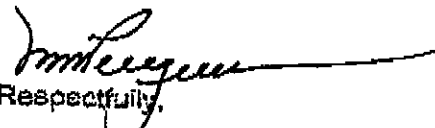
I, MELODY N. PELEGREEN strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aid bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

With these licensing standards, resident clients and their families can be assured of a minimum standard of care in foster homes. CNAs and NAs must acquire continuing education every two years to ensure their skills are maintained.

Allowing foster home operators to use CNAs and NAs as substitutes would allow enough flexibility to ensure their continued operation. Reimbursement rates for home operators have been stagnant for many years. Without a third client, foster home operators have difficulty staying in business. The closure of these foster homes would result in a health care crisis as the population of Hawaii ages.

In summary, I reiterate my strong support of SB 1360 that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.


Respectfully,

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 - HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, LUCENA M. NGARSA strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aid bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

With these licensing standards, resident clients and their families can be assured of a minimum standard of care in foster homes. CNAs and NAs must acquire continuing education every two years to ensure their skills are maintained.

Allowing foster home operators to use CNAs and NAs as substitutes would allow enough flexibility to ensure their continued operation. Reimbursement rates for home operators have been stagnant for many years. Without a third client, foster home operators have difficulty staying in business. The closure of these foster homes would result in a health care crisis as the population of Hawaii ages.

In summary, I reiterate my strong support of SB 1360 that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

Respectfully,

Lucena M. Ngarsa

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 – HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

Catherine A. Camosa strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aide bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

With these licensing standards, resident clients and their families can be assured of a minimum standard of care in foster homes. CNAs and NAs must acquire continuing education every two years to ensure their skills are maintained.

Allowing foster home operators to use CNAs and NAs as substitutes would allow enough flexibility to ensure their continued operation. Reimbursement rates for home operators have been stagnant for many years. Without a third client, foster home operators have difficulty staying in business. The closure of these foster homes would result in a health care crisis as the population of Hawaii ages.

In summary, I reiterate my strong support of SB 1360 that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

Catherine A. Camosa NA
Respectfully,

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 - HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Viola Balino strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients. The primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aide bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

With these licensing standards, resident clients and their families can be assured of a minimum standard of care in foster homes. CNAs and NAs must acquire continuing education every two years to ensure their skills are maintained.

Allowing foster home operators to use CNAs and NAs as substitutes would allow enough flexibility to ensure their continued operation. Reimbursement rates for home operators have been stagnant for many years. Without a third client, foster home operators have difficulty staying in business. The closure of these foster homes would result in a health care crisis as the population of Hawaii ages.

In summary, I reiterate my strong support of SB 1360 that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

Viola Balino
Respectfully,

p.2

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 – HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, PAZ Spilitzi Caregiver strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aide bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

With these licensing standards, resident clients and their families can be assured of a minimum standard of care in foster homes. CNAs and NAs must acquire continuing education every two years to ensure their skills are maintained.

Allowing foster home operators to use CNAs and NAs as substitutes would allow enough flexibility to ensure their continued operation. Reimbursement rates for home operators have been stagnant for many years. Without a third client, foster home operators have difficulty staying in business. The closure of these foster homes would result in a health care crisis as the population of Hawaii ages.

In summary, I reiterate my strong support of SB 1360 that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

PAZ Spilitzi
Respectfully,

p.2

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 – HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

Evelyn Coanuelista CNA strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aide bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

With these licensing standards, resident clients and their families can be assured of a minimum standard of care in foster homes. CNAs and NAs must acquire continuing education every two years to ensure their skills are maintained.

Allowing foster home operators to use CNAs and NAs as substitutes would allow enough flexibility to ensure their continued operation. Reimbursement rates for home operators have been stagnant for many years. Without a third client, foster home operators have difficulty staying in business. The closure of these foster homes would result in a health care crisis as the population of Hawaii ages.

In summary, I reiterate my strong support of SB 1360 that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.


Respectfully,

p.2

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 - HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Eden Omdava strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aid, bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

With these licensing standards, resident clients and their families can be assured of a minimum standard of care in foster homes. CNAs and NAs must acquire continuing education every two years to ensure their skills are maintained.

Allowing foster home operators to use CNAs and NAs as substitutes would allow enough flexibility to ensure their continued operation. Reimbursement rates for home operators have been stagnant for many years. Without a third client, foster home operators have difficulty staying in business. The closure of these foster homes would result in a health care crisis as the population of Hawaii ages.

In summary, I reiterate my strong support of SB 1360 that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.


Respectfully,

p.2

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 - HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Robert Chung strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients. The primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aid, bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

With these licensing standards, resident clients and their families can be assured of a minimum standard of care in foster homes. CNAs and NAs must acquire continuing education every two years to ensure their skills are maintained.

Allowing foster home operators to use CNAs and NAs as substitutes would allow enough flexibility to ensure their continued operation. Reimbursement rates for home operators have been stagnant for many years. Without a third client, foster home operators have difficulty staying in business. The closure of these foster homes would result in a health care crisis as the population of Hawaii ages.

In summary, I reiterate my strong support of SB 1360 that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

Respectfully,



Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 – HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, EVELYN B. COLETO strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aid bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

With these licensing standards, resident clients and their families can be assured of a minimum standard of care in foster homes. CNAs and NAs must acquire continuing education every two years to ensure their skills are maintained.

Allowing foster home operators to use CNAs and NAs as substitutes would allow enough flexibility to ensure their continued operation. Reimbursement rates for home operators have been stagnant for many years. Without a third client, foster home operators have difficulty staying in business. The closure of these foster homes would result in a health care crisis as the population of Hawaii ages.

In summary, I reiterate my **strong support of SB 1360** that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

Respectfully,



Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 – HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, VICTORIA C. DULLIG strongly support **SB1360** allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aide bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

With these licensing standards, resident clients and their families can be assured of a minimum standard of care in foster homes. CNAs and NAs must acquire continuing education every two years to ensure their skills are maintained.

Allowing foster home operators to use CNAs and NAs as substitutes would allow enough flexibility to ensure their continued operation. Reimbursement rates for home operators have been stagnant for many years. Without a third client, foster home operators have difficulty staying in business. The closure of these foster homes would result in a health care crisis as the population of Hawaii ages.

In summary, I reiterate my **strong support of SB 1360** that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

Respectfully,

Victoria C. Dullig

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 – HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Ricardo B. Ortal strongly support **SB1360** allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aid bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

With these licensing standards, resident clients and their families can be assured of a minimum standard of care in foster homes. CNAs and NAs must acquire continuing education every two years to ensure their skills are maintained.

Allowing foster home operators to use CNAs and NAs as substitutes would allow enough flexibility to ensure their continued operation. Reimbursement rates for home operators have been stagnant for many years. Without a third client, foster home operators have difficulty staying in business. The closure of these foster homes would result in a health care crisis as the population of Hawaii ages.

In summary, I reiterate my **strong support of SB 1360** that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

Respectfully,

Ricardo B. Ortal

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 – HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Duz R. Baring strongly support **SB1360** allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aid bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

With these licensing standards, resident clients and their families can be assured of a minimum standard of care in foster homes. CNAs and NAs must acquire continuing education every two years to ensure their skills are maintained.

Allowing foster home operators to use CNAs and NAs as substitutes would allow enough flexibility to ensure their continued operation. Reimbursement rates for home operators have been stagnant for many years. Without a third client, foster home operators have difficulty staying in business. The closure of these foster homes would result in a health care crisis as the population of Hawaii ages.

In summary, I reiterate my **strong support of SB 1360** that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

Respectfully,

Duz R. Baring

p.2

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 - HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Clara Romero strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

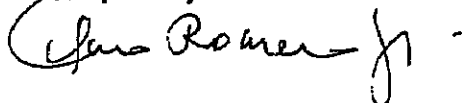
Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aid, bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

With these licensing standards, resident clients and their families can be assured of a minimum standard of care in foster homes. CNAs and NAs must acquire continuing education every two years to ensure their skills are maintained.

Allowing foster home operators to use CNAs and NAs as substitutes would allow enough flexibility to ensure their continued operation. Reimbursement rates for home operators have been stagnant for many years. Without a third client, foster home operators have difficulty staying in business. The closure of these foster homes would result in a health care crisis as the population of Hawaii ages.

In summary, I reiterate my strong support of SB 1360 that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

Respectfully,



p.2

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 – HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Norma K. Saib strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aid, bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

With these licensing standards, resident clients and their families can be assured of a minimum standard of care in foster homes. CNAs and NAs must acquire continuing education every two years to ensure their skills are maintained.

Allowing foster home operators to use CNAs and NAs as substitutes would allow enough flexibility to ensure their continued operation. Reimbursement rates for home operators have been stagnant for many years. Without a third client, foster home operators have difficulty staying in business. The closure of these foster homes would result in a health care crisis as the population of Hawaii ages.

In summary, I reiterate my strong support of SB 1360 that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

Respectfully,

Norma K. Saib

p.2

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 - HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Norma Romero ^{CNA} strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aid bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

With these licensing standards, resident clients and their families can be assured of a minimum standard of care in foster homes. CNAs and NAs must acquire continuing education every two years to ensure their skills are maintained.

Allowing foster home operators to use CNAs and NAs as substitutes would allow enough flexibility to ensure their continued operation. Reimbursement rates for home operators have been stagnant for many years. Without a third client, foster home operators have difficulty staying in business. The closure of these foster homes would result in a health care crisis as the population of Hawaii ages.

In summary, I reiterate my strong support of SB 1360 that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

Respectfully,



p.2

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 – HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, ROGELYND R. MASAOKA strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aid bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

With these licensing standards, resident clients and their families can be assured of a minimum standard of care in foster homes. CNAs and NAs must acquire continuing education every two years to ensure their skills are maintained.

Allowing foster home operators to use CNAs and NAs as substitutes would allow enough flexibility to ensure their continued operation. Reimbursement rates for home operators have been stagnant for many years. Without a third client, foster home operators have difficulty staying in business. The closure of these foster homes would result in a health care crisis as the population of Hawaii ages.

In summary, I reiterate my strong support of SB 1360 that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

Respectfully,

ROGELYND MASAOKA CNA

p.2

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 - HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, RONALYN BALLESTEROS strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aid, bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

With these licensing standards, resident clients and their families can be assured of a minimum standard of care in foster homes. CNAs and NAs must acquire continuing education every two years to ensure their skills are maintained.

Allowing foster home operators to use CNAs and NAs as substitutes would allow enough flexibility to ensure their continued operation. Reimbursement rates for home operators have been stagnant for many years. Without a third client, foster home operators have difficulty staying in business. The closure of these foster homes would result in a health care crisis as the population of Hawaii ages.

In summary, I reiterate my strong support of SB 1360 that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

Respectfully, *CRH**Rballesteros*

FROM :

Feb-09-2011 10:21am From:Kuanini Med Ctr Business Svcs Dept

308 547 1966

7-441 P 302/DCS 5-576

p.3

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 - HHS 2/10/11 1:45 a.m. Rm 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

Jennifer Siacum strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aide bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

With these licensing standards, resident clients and their families can be assured of a minimum standard of care in foster homes. CNAs and NAs must acquire continuing education every two years to ensure their skills are maintained.

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In summary, I reiterate my strong support of SB 1360 that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

Respectfully,

Jennifer Siacum

FAX NO. : 8085718331

FROM :

Feb-09-2011 10:21am From:Kuanini Med Ctr Business Svcs Dept

206 541 1156

7-441 P 202/003 F-574

p. 3

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 - HIMS 2/10/11 1:45 a.m. Rm 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

Sybil Esteban strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aide bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

With these licensing standards, resident clients and their families can be assured of a minimum standard of care in foster homes. CNAs and NAs must acquire continuing education every two years to ensure their skills are maintained.

Allowing foster home operators to use CNAs and NAs as substitutes would allow enough flexibility to ensure their continued operation. Reimbursement rates for home operators have been stagnant for many years. Without a third client, foster home operators have difficulty staying in business. The closure of these foster homes would result in a health care crisis for the population of Hawaii ages.

In summary, I reiterate my strong support of SB 1360 that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

Respectfully,

Sybil Esteban

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 - HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Esmeralda R. Racachot strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

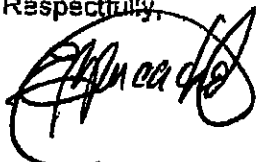
Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aide bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

With these licensing standards, resident clients and their families can be assured of a minimum standard of care in foster homes. CNAs and NAs must acquire continuing education every two years to ensure their skills are maintained.

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In summary, I reiterate my strong support of SB 1360 that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

Respectfully,



Esmeralda R. Racachot
114 Kaniaka Place
Wahiawa HI 96782
421-6896



Aileen Schultz
114 Kaniaka Place
Wahiawa HI 96784

p.2

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 - HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, NESTOR D. LONGBY strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aide bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

With these licensing standards, resident clients and their families can be assured of a minimum standard of care in foster homes. CNAs and NAs must acquire continuing education every two years to ensure their skills are maintained.

Allowing foster home operators to use CNAs and NAs as substitutes would allow enough flexibility to ensure their continued operation. Reimbursement rates for home operators have been stagnant for many years. Without a third client, foster home operators have difficulty staying in business. The closure of these foster homes would result in a health care crisis as the population of Hawaii ages.

In summary, I reiterate my strong support of SB 1360 that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

Respectfully, 

p.2

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 - HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Daisy Aguirre strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aide bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

With these licensing standards, resident clients and their families can be assured of a minimum standard of care in foster homes. CNAs and NAs must acquire continuing education every two years to ensure their skills are maintained.

Allowing foster home operators to use CNAs and NAs as substitutes would allow enough flexibility to ensure their continued operation. Reimbursement rates for home operators have been stagnant for many years. Without a third client, foster home operators have difficulty staying in business. The closure of these foster homes would result in a health care crisis as the population of Hawaii ages.

In summary, I reiterate my strong support of SB 1360 that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

Respectfully,

Daisy - CNA

p.2

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 - HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, William Henry strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aide bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

With these licensing standards, resident clients and their families can be assured of a minimum standard of care in foster homes. CNAs and NAs must acquire continuing education every two years to ensure their skills are maintained.

Allowing foster home operators to use CNAs and NAs as substitutes would allow enough flexibility to ensure their continued operation. Reimbursement rates for home operators have been stagnant for many years. Without a third client, foster home operators have difficulty staying in business. The closure of these foster homes would result in a health care crisis as the population of Hawaii ages.

In summary, I reiterate my strong support of SB 1360 that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

Respectfully,

William Henry RW

p.2

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 - HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Leandro Costa, strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients. The primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aide bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

With these licensing standards, resident clients and their families can be assured of a minimum standard of care in foster homes. CNAs and NAs must acquire continuing education every two years to ensure their skills are maintained.

Allowing foster home operators to use CNAs and NAs as substitutes would allow enough flexibility to ensure their continued operation. Reimbursement rates for home operators have been stagnant for many years. Without a third client, foster home operators have difficulty staying in business. The closure of these foster homes would result in a health care crisis as the population of Hawaii ages.

In summary, I reiterate my strong support of SB 1360 that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

Respectfully,



p.2

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 - HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Marceliza Guwalhati strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients. The primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aid, bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

With these licensing standards, resident clients and their families can be assured of a minimum standard of care in foster homes. CNAs and NAs must acquire continuing education every two years to ensure their skills are maintained.

Allowing foster home operators to use CNAs and NAs as substitutes would allow enough flexibility to ensure their continued operation. Reimbursement rates for home operators have been stagnant for many years. Without a third client, foster home operators have difficulty staying in business. The closure of these foster homes would result in a health care crisis as the population of Hawaii ages.

In summary, I reiterate my strong support of SB 1360 that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

Respectfully,

Marceliza Guwalhati RN

p.2

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 - HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, LVD ALAN - CNA strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aid, bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

With these licensing standards, resident clients and their families can be assured of a minimum standard of care in foster homes. CNAs and NAs must acquire continuing education every two years to ensure their skills are maintained.

Allowing foster home operators to use CNAs and NAs as substitutes would allow enough flexibility to ensure their continued operation. Reimbursement rates for home operators have been stagnant for many years. Without a third client, foster home operators have difficulty staying in business. The closure of these foster homes would result in a health care crisis as the population of Hawaii ages.

In summary, I reiterate my strong support of SB 1360 that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.


Respectfully,

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 – HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Mila Rose M. Paganoni strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aid bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

With these licensing standards, resident clients and their families can be assured of a minimum standard of care in foster homes. CNAs and NAs must acquire continuing education every two years to ensure their skills are maintained.

Allowing foster home operators to use CNAs and NAs as substitutes would allow enough flexibility to ensure their continued operation. Reimbursement rates for home operators have been stagnant for many years. Without a third client, foster home operators have difficulty staying in business. The closure of these foster homes would result in a health care crisis as the population of Hawaii ages.

In summary, I reiterate my strong support of SB 1360 that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

Respectfully,

Mila Rose M. Paganoni

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 - HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, MARIBEL C. FELICELDA strongly support **SB1360** allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aide bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

With these licensing standards, resident clients and their families can be assured of a minimum standard of care in foster homes. CNAs and NAs must acquire continuing education every two years to ensure their skills are maintained.

Allowing foster home operators to use CNAs and NAs as substitutes would allow enough flexibility to ensure their continued operation. Reimbursement rates for home operators have been stagnant for many years. Without a third client, foster home operators have difficulty staying in business. The closure of these foster homes would result in a health care crisis as the population of Hawaii ages.

In summary, I reiterate my **strong support of SB 1360** that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

Respectfully,

Maribel C. Felicelda

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 -- HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, MARITRESS H. RAMIREZ, strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aid bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

With these licensing standards, resident clients and their families can be assured of a minimum standard of care in foster homes. CNAs and NAs must acquire continuing education every two years to ensure their skills are maintained.

Allowing foster home operators to use CNAs and NAs as substitutes would allow enough flexibility to ensure their continued operation. Reimbursement rates for home operators have been stagnant for many years. Without a third client, foster home operators have difficulty staying in business. The closure of these foster homes would result in a health care crisis as the population of Hawaii ages.

In summary, I reiterate my strong support of SB 1360 that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

Respectfully,


MARITRESS H. RAMIREZ

128 KANI'AAHE PL.

WAHIAWA HI., 96786

p.2

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 - HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Sean Komesu ^{CHA} strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aide bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

With these licensing standards, resident clients and their families can be assured of a minimum standard of care in foster homes. CNAs and NAs must acquire continuing education every two years to ensure their skills are maintained.

Allowing foster home operators to use CNAs and NAs as substitutes would allow enough flexibility to ensure their continued operation. Reimbursement rates for home operators have been stagnant for many years. Without a third client, foster home operators have difficulty staying in business. The closure of these foster homes would result in a health care crisis as the population of Hawaii ages.

In summary, I reiterate my strong support of SB 1360 that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

Respectfully,

Sean Komesu

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 - HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Jennifer Sykes RN strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aide bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

With these licensing standards, resident clients and their families can be assured of a minimum standard of care in foster homes. CNAs and NAs must acquire continuing education every two years to ensure their skills are maintained.

Allowing foster home operators to use CNAs and NAs as substitutes would allow enough flexibility to ensure their continued operation. Reimbursement rates for home operators have been stagnant for many years. Without a third client, foster home operators have difficulty staying in business. The closure of these foster homes would result in a health care crisis as the population of Hawaii ages.

In summary, I reiterate my strong support of SB 1360 that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

Respectfully,



February 8, 2011

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 – HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Maribel Tan strongly support **SB1360 allowing** Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be nurse aide (NA).

I am a primary caregiver for 7 years now and I know for a fact that CNA and NA goes to the same training and both have the same skills to take care of a client. As a foster home primary caregiver I would not risk my licensed to have an NA as substitute caregiver if I am not sure that an NA can give the same quality care as a CNA to my clients. This is my bread and butter and I would not want to loss my means of living.

In my experience having only two clients is hard for us foster caregivers because there are a lot of times that one of our clients got hospitalized or expired, the payment for only one client for **\$2500.00** a month is not enough for us to pay our mortgage, health insurance, utilities and other bills. This is why we needed to have a third client to support our family and business. To have a CNA as a substitute caregiver is a burden for us because CNA caregiver's pay is about **\$10 to \$18** per hour and we are only getting paid **\$1.71** per hour (24/7). We cannot afford to pay a CNA and most of them would prefer to work in the hospital or nursing homes because they have more benefits.

Allowing NA to be a substitute caregiver for a maximum of three clients will help foster caregivers to stay in business. Any increased in cost of care giving will result in closure of foster homes since we never have any increased in pay for how many years now. I urge your support.

This bill is not only the right thing for the foster caregiver but also to the increased aging population. Thank you for your attention to this important issue.

Respectfully,



Maribel Tan

94-250 Kipou Street

Waipahu, HI 96797

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 – HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Adelphi Bryant strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aid bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

With these licensing standards, resident clients and their families can be assured of a minimum standard of care in foster homes. CNAs and NAs must acquire continuing education every two years to ensure their skills are maintained.

Allowing foster home operators to use CNAs and NAs as substitutes would allow enough flexibility to ensure their continued operation. Reimbursement rates for home operators have been stagnant for many years. Without a third client, foster home operators have difficulty staying in business. The closure of these foster homes would result in a health care crisis as the population of Hawaii ages.

In summary, I reiterate my strong support of SB 1360 that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

Respectfully,

Adelphi Bryant

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 – HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, MILCA CASTRO strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aid, bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

With these licensing standards, resident clients and their families can be assured of a minimum standard of care in foster homes. CNAs and NAs must acquire continuing education every two years to ensure their skills are maintained.

Allowing foster home operators to use CNAs and NAs as substitutes would allow enough flexibility to ensure their continued operation. Reimbursement rates for home operators have been stagnant for many years. Without a third client, foster home operators have difficulty staying in business. The closure of these foster homes would result in a health care crisis as the population of Hawaii ages.

In summary, I reiterate my strong support of SB 1360 that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

Respectfully,

Milca Castro, CNA

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360 – HMS 2/10/11 1:45 p.m. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Evelyn Dwyer strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three clients, the primary caregiver must be a certified nurse's aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a certified nurse aide (CNA) or nurse aide (NA).

Requiring substitute caregivers to be licensed as CNAs or NAs results in better quality of care and safety for elderly and disabled residents of foster homes. Both CNAs and NAs require training in skills such as first aid, bathing, feeding, toileting, turning and moving patients in bed, walking with various amounts of assistance, and transferring patients to a wheelchair or stretcher. They also receive training in taking body temperature, pulse, respiration, blood pressure and measuring intake and output. CNAs and NAs both have minimum educational requirements.

With these licensing standards, resident clients and their families can be assured of a minimum standard of care in foster homes. CNAs and NAs must acquire continuing education every two years to ensure their skills are maintained.

Allowing foster home operators to use CNAs and NAs as substitutes would allow enough flexibility to ensure their continued operation. Reimbursement rates for home operators have been stagnant for many years. Without a third client, foster home operators have difficulty staying in business. The closure of these foster homes would result in a health care crisis as the population of Hawaii ages.

In summary, I reiterate my strong support of SB 1360 that requires substitute caregivers in foster homes to be either CNAs or Nurse Aides NAs.

Respectfully,

Evelyn Dwyer

**Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360-HMS
2/10/11 1:45PM Rm 016**

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, WILLMA R. CAUTOKI strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three (3) clients, the primary caregiver must be a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) or Nurse Aide (NA).

Respectfully,

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360-HMS
2/10/11 1:45PM Rm 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, _____ strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three (3) clients, , the primary caregiver must be a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) or Nurse Aide (NA).

CNA & NA has the same training.
They both capable of doing a skills
such as, bathing, feeding, transferring,
repositioning. ~~also~~ NAs are also capable
of taking vital signs.

Respectfully,

Jocelyn A. Lazo, PCG.

2011-02-08 04:30

8087445358>>

4560508

**Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360-HMS
2/10/11 1:45PM Rm 016**

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, VINCENT RAYO strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three (3) clients, the primary caregiver must be a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) or Nurse Aide (NA).

I strongly agree that the Substitute Caregiver must be either CNA or NA. Both of them completed and passed the required nurse aid training at State certified institutions. CNA and NA are capable of performing required patient care skills for the benefit of the patient at all times. They also received annual in service training to improve their skills and knowledge to perform better in their field of profession. CNA and NA are qualified caregiver and either one of them are not to be discriminated in the labor market. The only way we can solve our economic problems in Hawaii is to create jobs for the deserving and hardworking people like the caregiver. The caregiver community is the backbone of Hawaii economy. We do not want to hire CNA in China to replace our NA in Hawaii just because we can hire them so cheap for \$100 a month. Where is our Aloha spirit? CNA and NA should continue working in the foster home, care home, and hospital setting. NA on the other hand, should continuously strive in taking the Red Cross licensure exam in order to become a state certified nurse aide in the future.

Respectfully,



Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360-HMS
2/10/11 1:45PM Rm 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Bernadette Firme - CCFHC strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three (3) clients, , the primary caregiver must be a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) or Nurse Aide (NA).

My reason is no matter their CNA or NA as long they can perform or handle the job that's the main important and some CNA also are looking for a higher rate / hour. So for me either CNA or NA as long they are qualified to perform. Thank you.

Respectfully,

Bernadette Firme

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360-HMS
2/10/11 1:45PM Rm 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Loreen Troxel strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three (3) clients, , the primary caregiver must be a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) or Nurse Aide (NA).

Respectfully,

Loreen D. Troxel

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360-HMS
2/10/11 1:45PM Rm 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Evelyn Jarama strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three (3) clients, , the primary caregiver must be a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) or Nurse Aide (NA).

Respectfully,

Evelyn Jarama 2-9-11

**Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360-HMS
2/10/11 1:45PM Rm 016**

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, DOMINADOR A. BALINBIN strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three (3) clients, , the primary caregiver must be a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) or Nurse Aide (NA).

Respectfully,

Dominador A. Balinbin

2011-02-09 00:52

8087445358 >> 808 678 2848


Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360-HMS 2/10/11 1:45PM Rm 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, JUNIOR GABON strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three (3) clients, , the primary caregiver must be a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) or Nurse Aide (NA).

I strongly believed that most of ~~four~~ Nurse aide has ^{enough} ~~xxxx~~ knowledge of taking care of our clients and also base on their experienced as an N.A.

Therefore, I strongly recommend that the Nurse Aide should also allow to watch the approved home for three (3) clients.

JUNIOR GABON

Respectfully,

**Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360-HMS
2/10/11 1:45PM Rm 016**

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, PATRICIA NICOLAS strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three (3) clients, , the primary caregiver must be a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) or Nurse Aide (NA).

Respectfully,

Patricia Nicolas

**Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360-HMS
2/10/11 1:45PM Rm 016**

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, HARVEY RUMBADA strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three (3) clients, , the primary caregiver must be a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) or Nurse Aide (NA).

Respectfully,

**Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360-HMS
2/10/11 1:45PM Rm 016**

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Betty V. Rumbaoa strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three (3) clients, , the primary caregiver must be a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) or Nurse Aide (NA).

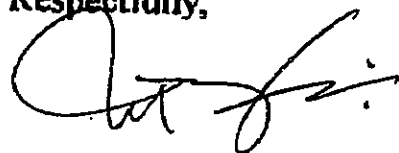
Respectfully,

**Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360-HMS
2/10/11 1:45PM Rm 016**

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, NIKK T. RUMBAOA strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three (3) clients, , the primary caregiver must be a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) or Nurse Aide (NA).

Respectfully,



**Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360-HMS
2/10/11 1:45PM Rm 016**

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, ESTELA B. VENTURA - CNA - strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three (3) clients, , the primary caregiver must be a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) or Nurse Aide (NA).

Respectfully,

*Estela B. Ventura
Adventu Foster Home of the Pacific
primary caregiver.
99-433 PAINH ST.
ALERT HI 96701*

Dec 25 10 02:21a

P. 2
P2/4

2011-02-25 00:23

8087445358 >>

**Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360-HMS
2/10/11 1:45PM Rm 016**

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Emma D. Balallo strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three (3) clients, , the primary caregiver must be a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) or Nurse Aide (NA).

Emma D Balallo

Respectfully,

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360-HMS 2/10/11 1:45PM Rm 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, JUNIOR GABON strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three (3) clients, , the primary caregiver must be a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) or Nurse Aide (NA).

I strongly believed that most of ~~our~~ Nurse aide
How ~~know~~ ^{enough} knowledge of taking care of our clients
and also base on their experienced as an N.A.

Therefore, I strongly recommend that the Nurse aide
should also allow to watch the approved home
for three (3) clients.

JUNIOR GABON


Respectfully,

J. Gabon (PEG)
Linda Wideman (SCH)

000144330555

**Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360-HMS
2/10/11 1:45PM Rm 016**

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Evangeline Dongalen strongly support SB1360 allowing homes approved for a maximum of three (3) clients, , the primary caregiver must be a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) or Nurse Aide (NA).

Respectfully,

Evangeline Dongalen 2-9-11

1

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360-HMS
2/10/11 1:45PM Rm 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Adelaide Pascual FH strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three (3) clients, , the primary caregiver must be a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) or Nurse Aide (NA).

My husband is NA. He went for training in school. I need him for 1 hour only when I go to church or stop by a store to pick up some thing. I also have 2 substitute CNA's I have to pay at least minimum 4 hours when I call them. They wont come for 2 hours only.

Thank you I hope you can help us too if we can use NA for short while.

Respectfully,

Adelaide Pascual ph 4898768
98.875 121EE ST.
ALEA #1 96701

2011-02-09 00:22

8087445838>>

P8/4

**Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360-HMS
2/10/11 1:45PM Rm 016**

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Roy Domingo - ROY DOMINGO strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three (3) clients, the primary caregiver must be a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) or Nurse Aide (NA).

Respectfully, Roy Domingo

8087449958

2011-02-09 10:22

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360-FIMS 2/10/11 1:45PM Rm 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, *Michelle A. ...* strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three (3) clients, the primary caregiver must be a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) or Nurse Aide (NA).

Respectfully,

**Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360-HMS
02/10/11 1:45PM Rm 016**

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Lemelyn Maluyo Strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three (3) clients, the primary caregiver must be a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) or Nurse Aide (NA).

An (NA) Nurses Aide is qualified to be a Substitute caregiver in a House with three (3) clients, because I believed they also passed the same course/areas of studies with all the procedures and training that was given to a Certified Nurse Aide (CNA). In addition to, NA also have their Continuing Education Units updated and it was Delegated by the nurse from our Case management Council.

Respectfully.


Lemelyn Maluyo

To: SGT. AT ARMS 586-6659
Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360-HMS
2/10/2011 1:45PM Room 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Estela Ventura strongly support SB1360 allowing Adult Foster Homes approved for a maximum of three(3) clients, that the primary caregivers must be a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) and the Substitute caregivers must be a Nurse's Aide (NA).

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1361-HMS

I, Estela Ventura strongly support SB1361-HMS requires Adult Foster Home caregivers to have one to two years experience in a Foster Homes prior to being certified for a third client.

Yours Truly,

Estela Ventura - 480-8352
99-433 Pahi St. AIEA HI 96701

To: SGT. AT ARMS 586-6659
Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360-HMS
2/10/2011 1:45PM Room 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, ELMA TIERRA strongly support SB1360 allowing Adult Foster Homes approved for a maximum of three(3) clients, that the primary caregivers must be a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) and the Substitute caregivers must be a Nurse's Aide (NA).

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1361-HMS

I, ELMA TIERRA strongly support SB1361-HMS requires Adult Foster Home caregivers to have one to two years experience in a Foster Homes prior to being certified for a third client.

Yours Truly,

ELMA TIERRA 664-5164
98-874 Kaamilo St. AIEA, HI 96701

To: SGT. AT ARMS 586-6659

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360-HMS
2/10/2011 1:45PM Room 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Margie Agliam strongly support SB1360 allowing Adult Foster Homes approved for a maximum of three(3) clients; that the primary caregivers must be a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) and the Substitute caregivers must be a Nurse's Aide (NA).

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1361-HMS

I, Margie Agliam strongly support SB1361-HMS requires Adult Foster Home caregivers to have one to two years experience in a Foster Homes prior to being certified for a third client.

Yours Truly,

Margie Agliam
677-2201

94-1496 Kahuaka St.
Waipahu HI 96797

To: SGT. AT ARMS 586-6659

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360-HMS

2/10/2011 1:45PM Room 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Dick Rumbaca strongly support SB1360 allowing Adult Foster Homes approved for a maximum of three(3) clients, that the primary caregivers must be a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) and the Substitute caregivers must be a Nurse's Aide (NA).

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1361-HMS

I, Dick Rumbaca strongly support SB1361-HMS requires Adult Foster Home caregivers to have one to two years experience in a Foster Homes prior to being certified for a third client.

Yours Truly,

Dick Rumbaca 685-1889

91-1511 MAIPUA ST.
GWA BEACH HI 96706

To: SGT. AT ARMS 586-6659
Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360-HMS
2/10/2011 1:45PM Room 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Thelma Zales strongly support SB1360 allowing Adult Foster Homes approved for a maximum of three(3) clients, that the primary caregivers must be a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) and the Substitute caregivers must be a Nurse's Aide (NA).

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1361-HMS

I, Thelma Zales strongly support SB1361-HMS requires Adult Foster Home caregivers to have one to two years experience in a Foster Homes prior to being certified for a third client.

Yours Truly,

Thelma Zales 678-1472
94-1308 KAHUANUI ST.
WAIKANAHI, HI 96797

To: SGT. AT ARMS 586-6659

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360-HMS
2/10/2011 1:45PM Room 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Sharon Aglian strongly support SB1360 allowing Adult Foster Homes approved for a maximum of three(3) clients, that the primary caregivers must be a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) and the Substitute caregivers must be a Nurse's Aide (NA).

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1361-HMS

I, Sharon Aglian strongly support SB1361-HMS requires Adult Foster Home caregivers to have one to two years experience in a Foster Homes prior to being certified for a third client.

Yours Truly,

Sharon Aglian 677-2001

94-1490 Kahualoa St. 397-8959
Waipahu HI 96797

To: SGT. AT ARMS 586-6659
Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360-HMS
2/10/2011 1:45PM Room 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Rhoda Aghiam strongly support SB1360 allowing Adult Foster Homes approved for a maximum of three(3) clients, that the primary caregivers must be a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) and the Substitute caregivers must be a Nurse's Aide (NA).

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1361-HMS

I, Rhoda Aghiam strongly support SB1361-HMS requires Adult Foster Home caregivers to have one to two years experience in a Foster Homes prior to being certified for a third client.

Yours Truly,
Rhoda Aghiam
678-26487
1036 Puloke St.
Waipahu, HI 96797

To: SGT. AT ARMS 586-6659
Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360-HMS
2/10/2011 1:45PM Room 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Ely Nana strongly support SB1360 allowing Adult Foster Homes approved for a maximum of three(3) clients, that the primary caregivers must be a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) and the Substitute caregivers must be a Nurse's Aide (NA).

Testimony in Strong Support of SB1361-HMS

I, Ely Nana strongly support SB1361-HMS requires Adult Foster Home caregivers to have one to two years experience in a Foster Homes prior to being certified for a third client.

Yours Truly,

Ely Nana - 676-1974
92-301 LOAA St. Waipahu, HI 96797

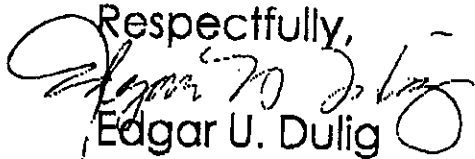
Testimony in Strong Support of SB1360-HMS
2/10/11 1:45PM. Rm. 016

To the Honorable Members of the Committee:

I, Edgar U. Dulig strongly support SB1360 allowing Homes approved for a maximum of three(3) clients, the primary caregiver must be a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) and the substitute caregiver must be either a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA) or Nurse Aide(NA).

An (NA) Nurse's Aide is qualified to be a Substitute caregiver in a House with three(3) clients, because I believed they also passed the same course/ areas of studies with all the procedures and training that was given to a Certified Nurse's Aide (CNA). In addition to, NA also have their Continuing Education Units updated and it was Delegated by the nurses from our Case Management Council.

Respectfully,


Edgar U. Dulig