
A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO HEALTH INSURANCE PREMIUMS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that there is a vital
2 need for employers and consumers to have a clear understanding
3 of how health care premiums are allocated by health insurance
4 companies in this State and particularly how much of their
5 premium dollars are spent on health care services as opposed to
6 administration, profit, or other purposes. Full transparency of
7 how health care insurance premiums are spent will empower health
8 insurance purchasers to make informed decisions and reward
9 companies that minimize administrative waste.

10 According to the Kaiser Family Foundation, since 1999,
11 health insurance premiums have increased one hundred and thirty
12 one per cent - from \$5,791 in 1999 to \$13,375 in 2009 - as
13 compared to a general inflation increase of only twenty-eight
14 per cent and an average worker's earnings increase of
15 thirty-eight per cent. Worker premium contributions have
16 similarly increased from \$1,619 to \$3,354 between 2000 and 2008.

1 According to the Commonwealth Fund, the fastest rising
2 component of health care spending is administrative overhead.
3 Between 2000 and 2005, the net insurance administrative
4 overhead, including both administrative expenses and insurance
5 industry profits, increased by twelve per cent per year. This
6 increase is 3.4 percentage points faster than the average health
7 expenditure growth of 8.6 per cent.

8 The legislature further finds that a minimum medical
9 expense threshold is necessary to maximize the value of health
10 insurance premiums and is an important step toward controlling
11 spiraling health care costs, which are due, in part, to the
12 dramatic rise in administrative costs and insurer profits.

13 The purpose of this Act is to require insurers to annually
14 report how health care premiums are spent with emphasis on
15 administrative and medical expenses and to designate a minimum
16 medical expense threshold.

17 SECTION 2. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by
18 adding a new chapter to be appropriately designated and to read
19 as follows:

20 **"CHAPTER**
21 **MEDICAL DATA CLEARINGHOUSE**

1 § -1 **Medical data clearinghouse.** There is established a
2 data clearinghouse for the State of Hawaii administratively
3 located within the insurance division of the department of
4 commerce and consumer affairs.

5 For the purposes of this section:

6 "Ambulatory surgery center" has the meaning given under 42,
7 Code of Federal Regulations, section 416.2.

8 "Data clearinghouse" means a public health authority
9 administratively located in the insurance division within the
10 department of commerce and consumer affairs which does all of
11 the following:

- 12 (1) Represents health care consumers, insurers,
13 administrators, and health care providers; and
- 14 (2) Is formed specifically to do all of the following:
- 15 (A) Create a centralized repository for the state
16 with credible and useful data elements for the
17 purposes of quality improvement, health care
18 provider performance comparisons, ready
19 understandability, and consumer decision making;
20 and
- 21 (B) Use the information it collects to develop,
22 disseminate, and make electronically available,

1 unified public reports at least annually on
2 health care quality, safety, and efficiency to
3 foster the cooperation of the separate industry
4 forces and improve the appropriate usage of
5 health care services.

6 "Data element" means an item of information from a uniform
7 patient billing form.

8 "Division" means the insurance division within the
9 department of commerce and consumer affairs.

10 "Health care provider" means a physician or osteopath
11 licensed pursuant to chapter 453, a dentist licensed pursuant to
12 chapter 448, a naturopathic physician licensed pursuant to
13 chapter 455, a podiatrist licensed pursuant to chapter 463E, an
14 advanced practice nurse practitioner licensed pursuant to
15 chapter 457, a physician assistant licensed pursuant to chapter
16 453, a pharmacist licensed pursuant to chapter 461, a
17 chiropractor licensed pursuant to chapter 442, and includes
18 ambulatory surgery centers and hospitals.

19 "Hospital" means any institution with an organized medical
20 staff which admits patients for inpatient care, diagnosis,
21 observation, and treatment.

1 "Insurer" means a health plan as defined in article 10A of
2 chapter 431, or chapter 432 or 432D, regardless of form, offered
3 or administered by a health care insurer, including but not
4 limited to a mutual benefit society or health maintenance
5 organization, or voluntary employee beneficiary associations.

6 "Patient" means a person who receives health care services
7 from a health care provider.

8 **§ -2 Collection and dissemination of health care and**
9 **related information.** (a) In order to provide to health care
10 providers, insurers, consumers, and governmental agencies
11 information concerning health care in the state, and in order to
12 provide information to assist in peer review for the purpose of
13 quality assurance, the division shall collect from health care
14 providers, analyze, and disseminate health care information, as
15 adjusted for case mix and severity, in language that is
16 understandable to laypersons.

17 (b) Subject to this section the division may request
18 health care claims information from insurers and administrators.
19 The division shall analyze and publicly report the health care
20 claims information with respect to the cost, quality, and
21 effectiveness of health care, in language that is understandable
22 by lay persons, and shall develop and maintain a centralized

1 data repository. The division may request health care claims
2 information, which may be voluntarily provided by insurers and
3 administrators, and may perform or contract for the performance
4 of the other duties specified under this paragraph.

5 (c) Subject to this section, the division shall collect
6 from hospitals and ambulatory surgical centers:

7 (1) Hospital-specific performance on the measures of care
8 developed for acute myocardial infarction, heart
9 failure, and pneumonia;

10 (2) Hospital-specific-performance on the public reporting
11 measures for-hospital-acquired infections as published
12 by the National Quality Forum; and

13 (3) Charge information, including, but not limited to, the
14 number of discharges, average length of stay, average
15 charge, average charge per day, and median charge for
16 each of the fifty most common inpatient diagnosis-
17 related groups and their twenty five most common
18 outpatient surgical procedures.

19 (d) Subject to this section, the division shall collect
20 from health care providers information on professional charges
21 to include the health care provider's charges for their twenty
22 five most frequently performed:

SB2271 SD1.DOC

SB2271 SD1.DOC

SB2271 SD1.DOC

- 1 (1) Clinical procedures;
- 2 (2) Outpatient procedures; and
- 3 (3) Inpatient procedures.

4 **§ -3 Health care data reports.** The division shall
5 prepare and submit to the governor and the legislature standard
6 reports concerning health care providers and insurers that the
7 division prepares, and shall collect information necessary for
8 preparation of those reports. The division shall widely
9 publicize and distribute health care data reports electronically
10 to consumers on the division's website.

11 **§ -4 Uncompensated health care services report.** (a)
12 The division shall prepare and submit to the governor and the
13 legislature an annual report setting forth the number of
14 patients to whom uncompensated health care services were
15 provided by each hospital and the total charges for the
16 uncompensated health care services provided to the patients for
17 the preceding year, together with the number of patients and the
18 total charges that were projected by the hospital for that year
19 in the plan filed under subsection (b). The division shall
20 widely publicize and distribute the uncompensated health care
21 services report electronically to consumers on the division's
22 website.

1 (b) Every hospital shall file with division an annual plan
2 setting forth the projected number of patients to whom
3 uncompensated health care services will be provided by the
4 hospital and the projected total charges for the uncompensated
5 health care services to be provided to the patients for the
6 ensuing year.

7 § -5 **Consumer guide.** (a) The division shall prepare
8 and submit to the governor and the legislature an annual guide
9 to assist consumers in selecting health care providers and
10 insurers. The guide shall be written in language that is
11 understandable to laypersons. The division shall widely
12 publicize and distribute the guide electronically to consumers
13 on the division's website.

14 (b) The division shall prepare and submit to the governor
15 and to the legislature an annual guide to assist consumers in
16 selecting hospitals and ambulatory surgery centers. The guide
17 shall be written in language that is understandable to
18 laypersons and shall include data derived from the annual survey
19 of hospitals conducted by the American Hospital Association and
20 the annual hospital fiscal survey. The division shall widely
21 publicize and distribute the guide to consumers.

1 § -6 **Patient-level data utilization, charge, and quality**
2 **report.** The division shall prepare and submit to the
3 legislature an annual report that summarizes utilization,
4 charges, and quality data on patients treated by hospitals and
5 ambulatory surgery centers during the most recent calendar year.
6 The division shall widely publicize and distribute the patient
7 level data utilization, charges, and quality report
8 electronically to consumers on the division's website.

9 The insurance commissioner, pursuant to chapter 91, shall
10 adopt rules necessary to administer this section."

11 SECTION 3. Chapter 431:14G, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
12 amended by adding two new sections to be appropriately
13 designated and to read as follows:

14 "§431:14G- **Medical expense threshold requirements.** (a)
15 Insurers shall expend a minimum of sixty-five per cent of the
16 health insurance premiums earned in a calendar year, whether
17 collected from individual and small employer insureds for
18 individual and small employer products or collected from large
19 employer insureds for large employer products, on medical
20 expenses. The instructions and methodology for calculating and
21 reporting medical expense threshold levels and issuing dividends
22 or credits shall be specified by the commissioner.

1 (b) In each case where the insurer fails to comply with
2 the medical expense threshold requirements set forth in
3 subsection (a), the insurer shall issue a dividend or credit
4 toward future premiums for the policyholder that is not less
5 than the amount that would meet the minimum threshold
6 requirement.

7 (c) Prior to distributing any dividend or credit, an
8 insurer shall provide the commissioner with its plan for the
9 distribution of all required dividends and credits as part of
10 the required annual medical expense threshold. No distributions
11 of required dividends or credits may be made without prior
12 approval from the commissioner.

13 (d) The dividend or credit required to be distributed
14 pursuant to subsections (b) and (c) shall be determined by the
15 commissioner.

16 (e) Insurers that issue health insurance policies through
17 out-of-state trusts, purchasing alliances or other group
18 purchasing organizations, associations, or other multiple
19 employer arrangements shall specify in the plan for distribution
20 of dividends or credits that the dividends or credits for the
21 health insurance policies shall be paid or credited, as
22 applicable, to the covered employers, not the trust,

1 association, purchasing alliance or other group purchasing
2 organization, or other multiple employer arrangement.

3 (f) If an insurer is required to issue a dividend or
4 credit, the insurer shall include the insurer's calculations of
5 the dividend or credits to be issued due to failure to satisfy
6 the minimum medical expense threshold and an explanation of the
7 insurer's plan to issue these dividends and credits in its
8 annual premium transparency report.

9 (g) Any consumer or employer, or their representatives,
10 shall be entitled to seek an injunction to enforce any
11 obligation established by this section or any rule adopted
12 pursuant to this section.

13 (h) Notwithstanding any provisions in this article to the
14 contrary, any insurer failing or refusing to comply with the
15 reporting requirements of this section or of any rules adopted
16 pursuant to this section, shall be liable for a fine of no less
17 than \$1,000, and no more than \$10,000, for each day of
18 violation.

19 (i) For purposes of this section:

20 "Health insurer" means any entity, including an insurance
21 company authorized to issue health insurance, a health
22 maintenance organization, or any other entity providing a plan

1 of health insurance, health benefits, or health care services,
2 that is subject to the insurance laws and regulation of this
3 State or subject to the jurisdiction of the commissioner.

4 "Medical expense" means the amount of money that the
5 insurer spends on direct medical care services, hospital and
6 other health facility services, drugs and medical devices, and
7 other health care services that the health insurer incurs on
8 behalf of its enrollees. It shall also include amounts paid to
9 health care providers for pay-for-performance or other quality
10 of efficiency enhancing initiatives. The term "medical expense"
11 does not include amounts which are the financial responsibility
12 of the enrollee, the insurer's administrative costs, or
13 expenditures for which the insurer is reimbursed by an
14 enrollee's other insurance coverage or other third party
15 liability.

16 "Medical expense threshold" means the quotient, to the
17 nearest one per cent, of the total medical expenses divided by
18 the total premiums.

19 "Multiple employer arrangement" means an arrangement
20 established or maintained to provide health benefits to
21 employees, and their dependents, of two or more employers. In a
22 multiple employer arrangement, the employer assumes all or a

1 substantial portion of the risk and shall include a multiple
2 employer welfare arrangement, multiple employer trust, or other
3 form of benefit trust.

4 "Premiums" means the amount of money that the insurer earns
5 in a calendar year from the sale of health insurance, excluding
6 dividends or credits applicable to prior years.

7 §431:14G- Annual premium transparency report. (a)

8 Insurers shall submit an annual premium transparency report
9 disclosing how health insurance premiums are spent annually.

10 The premium transparency report shall include information for
11 each of the following categories of insurance provided by the
12 insurer: preferred provider organization, health maintenance
13 organization, point of service, and high deductible health plan.

14 This report shall include the following information for each
15 category of insurance:

16 (1) A specific breakdown of administrative costs for the
17 preceding calendar year as follows:

18 (A) Chief executive officer and executive salaries
19 and benefits;

20 (B) Commissions and other broker fees;

21 (C) Utilization and other benefit management
22 expenses;

- 1 (D) Advertising and marketing expenses;
- 2 (E) Insurance, including the following categories of
- 3 commercial insurance:
- 4 (i) Reinsurance;
- 5 (ii) General liability;
- 6 (iii) Professional liability insurer; and
- 7 (iv) Other insurance types;
- 8 (F) Taxes, including:
- 9 (i) State and local insurance taxes;
- 10 (ii) State premium taxes;
- 11 (iii) Payroll taxes;
- 12 (iv) Federal and state income taxes;
- 13 (v) Real estate taxes; and
- 14 (vi) Other taxes;
- 15 (G) Travel and entertainment expenses;
- 16 (H) State and federal lobbying expenses;
- 17 (I) Other expenses, including non-executive salaries,
- 18 wages and other benefits; rent and real estate
- 19 expenses; certification, accreditation, board,
- 20 bureau and association fees; auditing and
- 21 actuarial fees; collection and bank service
- 22 charges; occupancy, depreciation and

- 1 amortization; cost or depreciation of electronic
2 data processing; claims and other services;
3 regulatory authority licenses and fees;
4 investment expenses; and aggregate write-ins for
5 expenses; and
6 (J) Total expenses incurred in subparagraphs (A) to
7 (I):
8 (2) The reporting insurer's name and address;
9 (3) The insurer's total earned premiums for the preceding
10 calendar year, before dividends or credits applicable
11 to prior years;
12 (4) The amount of interest earned on premiums for the
13 preceding calendar year;
14 (5) The amount recovered from uninsured motorist
15 insurance, accident insurance, workers' compensation
16 insurance, and other third party liability during the
17 preceding calendar year;
18 (6) The total medical expense incurred during the
19 preceding calendar year;
20 (7) Certification by a member of the American Academy of
21 Actuaries that the information provided in the report
22 is accurate and complete and that the insurer is in

1 compliance with this section and rules adopted
2 pursuant to this section; and

3 (8) Other information as the commissioner may request.

4 (b) Insurers shall file the premium transparency report
5 with the commissioner no later than March 1 of each year for the
6 premiums earned for the immediately preceding calendar year.

7 (c) Notwithstanding any provisions in this article to the
8 contrary, any insurer failing or refusing to comply with the
9 reporting requirements of this section or any rules adopted
10 pursuant to this section, shall be liable for a fine of not less
11 than \$1,000, and not more than \$10,000, for each day of
12 violation.

13 (d) All data or information required to be filed with the
14 commissioner pursuant to this section shall be deemed a public
15 record.

16 (e) Any consumer or employer, or their representatives,
17 shall be entitled to seek an injunction to enforce any
18 obligation established by this section or any rules adopted
19 pursuant to this section.

20 (f) For purposes of this section:

21 "Administrative costs" means all expenditures associated
22 with the administration of health benefit coverage, including

1 costs associated with claims processing, collection of premiums,
2 marketing, operations, taxes, general overhead, salaries and
3 benefits, quality assurance, utilization review and management,
4 pharmacy and other benefit management, network contracting and
5 management, and state and federal regulatory compliance.

6 "Interest" means the interest earned on the premiums by the
7 insurer.

8 "Premiums" means the amount of money that the insurer earns
9 in a calendar year from the sale of health insurance, excluding
10 dividends or credits applicable to prior years."

11 SECTION 4. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
12 matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
13 begun before its effective date.

14 SECTION 5. New statutory material is underscored.

15 SECTION 6. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2050.

16

Report Title:

Health Insurance Premiums

Description:

Increases health insurance premium transparency, requires an annual premium transparency report, and creates a health information data clearinghouse; requires a minimum amount of premiums to be spent on medical expenses. Effective date 7/1/50. (SD1)

The summary description of legislation appearing on this page is for informational purposes only and is not legislation or evidence of legislative intent.