## HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

REQUESTING CONGRESS TO ESTABLISH A POLICY OF NONDISCRIMINATION ON THE BASIS OF SEXUAL ORIENTATION FOR MEMBERS OF THE UNITED STATES ARMED FORCES.

WHEREAS, the Military Readiness Enhancement Act of 2009, House Bill 1283, was introduced in Congress on March 3, 2009; and

WHEREAS, the purpose of the Military Readiness Enhancement Act is to enhance the readiness of the United States Armed Forces by replacing the current federal policy concerning homosexuality in the military with a policy of nondiscrimination on the basis of sexual orientation; and

WHEREAS, gay and lesbian service members have served honorably throughout the history of the United States, including recent military service with distinction in areas such as Afghanistan and Iraq; and

WHEREAS, the previous ban on gays and lesbians in the military was replaced with the National Defense Authorization Act of 1994, Public Law 103-160, commonly referred to as the "Don't Ask, Don't Tell" policy; and

WHEREAS, a study released in 2005 by the United States Government Accountability Office on the impact of the "Don't Ask, Don't Tell" policy found that nearly 9,500 homosexual service members were discharged between 1994 and 2003, thus ending their military careers and burdening them with a lifelong stigma; and

WHEREAS, the Government Accountability Office study noted that of the service members discharged between 1994 and 2003, 757 held critical occupations and 322 had skills in important foreign languages such as Arabic, Farsi, and Korean; and

WHEREAS, the Government Accountability Office study estimated that the cost of recruiting replacements for the discharged service members was \$95,000,000; and

WHEREAS, the Army, Navy, and Air Force similarly estimated that costs to train replacements would amount to \$95,100,000; and

WHEREAS, the ability of the United States military to perform its mission is hindered when competent and qualified individuals are involuntarily discharged from military service because of real or perceived sexual orientation; and

WHEREAS, current troop shortages in the military have resulted in extended active duty tours for National Guard and federal reserve troops deployed to the Middle East in the "global war on terrorism"; and

WHEREAS, many American allies in the war on terror allow homosexuals to serve openly in the military, including the United Kingdom, Australia, and Israel; and

WHEREAS, in a January 2, 2007, New York Times editorial, retired general John Shalikashvili, Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff when the "Don't Ask, Don't Tell" policy was adopted, stated that conversations with military personnel convinced him that the policy should now be abandoned and expressed his belief that gays and lesbians in the military "would not undermine the efficacy of the armed forces"; and

WHEREAS, in November 2008, 104 retired generals and admirals released a letter urging Congress to repeal the "Don't Ask, Don't Tell" policy, which also stated that such a repeal "would not harm and would indeed help our armed forces"; and

 WHEREAS, in expressing their support for the repeal of the policy, the retired generals and admirals also recognized that the approximately 1,000,000 gay and lesbian veterans in the United States had served the nation honorably; and

WHEREAS, the Legislature and courts in Hawaii have protected individuals from discrimination based on sexual

HCR LRB 10-1259.doc

-

orientation and gender identity to affirm equal protection for all people under the law; now, therefore,

BE IT RESOLVED by the House of Representatives of the Twenty-fifth Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 2010, the Senate concurring, that Congress is respectfully requested to amend Title 10 of the United States Code by repealing the current "Don't Ask, Don't Tell" policy concerning homosexuality in the military and to adopt a policy of nondiscrimination on the basis of sexual orientation for members of the United States Armed Forces comparable to that expressed in House Bill 1283 (2009); and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that certified copies of this Concurrent Resolution be transmitted to the President Pro Tempore of the United States Senate, Speaker of the United States House of Representatives, United States Secretary of Defense, and the members of Hawaii's delegation to the United States Congress.

OFFERED BY:

Our Bruns

Jule B. per