

FEB 02 2009

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

REQUESTING REVIEW OF EXISTING REPORTS AND STUDIES RELATED TO
ASPARTAME AND RECISSION OF APPROVAL OF ASPARTAME FOR UNITED
STATES MARKETS.

1 WHEREAS, aspartame was originally developed as a drug to
2 treat peptic ulcers; and

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4 WHEREAS, manufacturers state that aspartame is made up of
5 forty per cent aspartic acid, fifty per cent phenylalanine, and
6 ten per cent methanol; and

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8 WHEREAS, aspartic acid is a nonessential amino acid that is
9 used by the body to initiate apoptosis, or cell death, in aging
10 cells, and that excess aspartic acid from aspartame consumption
11 causes apoptosis in healthy cells that may destroy healthy brain
12 tissue; and

13
14 WHEREAS, phenylalanine is an essential amino acid found
15 naturally in protein, but when isolated, becomes neurotoxic,
16 lowers the seizure threshold, depletes serotonin triggering
17 psychiatric and behavioral problems, and interacts with
18 antidepressants and other drugs; and

19
20 WHEREAS, methanol is a severe metabolic poison classified
21 as a narcotic that converts to formaldehyde and formic acid, and
22 can embalm living tissue and damage DNA; and

23
24 WHEREAS, aspartame metabolites include formaldehyde, a
25 "class A" carcinogen, diketopiperazine, a brain tumor agent, and
26 formic acid; and

27
28 WHEREAS, in 1974, the United States Food and Drug
29 Administration approved aspartame as an artificial sweetener,
30 but asked its manufacturer, Searle, to hold back from marketing
31 it until further tests could be made with regards to its safety;
32 and



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2 WHEREAS, scientific data revealed that there was a problem
3 with aspartame safety data and the United States Food and Drug
4 Administration withdrew its approval; and

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6 WHEREAS, in 1975, the United States Food and Drug
7 Administration initiated an investigation into Searle's
8 laboratory practices and discovered fraud in scientific
9 experiments as well as manipulated data giving favorable results
10 proving aspartame to be safe; and

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12 WHEREAS, the results of this investigation are included in
13 *The Bressler Report* by Jerome Bressler; and

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15 WHEREAS, in 1980, Dr. John Olney submitted scientific data
16 to a United States Food and Drug Administration Public Board of
17 Inquiry showing that aspartic acid, the excitotoxic ingredient
18 in aspartame, caused holes in the brains of mice; and

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20 WHEREAS, Dr. Olney stated that it warranted special
21 emphasis that excitotoxins act by an acute but silent mechanism
22 requiring only a single exposure to toxic concentrations for CVO
23 neurons to be quietly destroyed; and

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25 WHEREAS, Dr. Olney further stated that Searle failed to
26 establish the safety of its product, aspartame, for use in
27 children's food, and that all age comparative data support the
28 following conclusions: (1) orally administered excitotoxins
29 destroy CVO neurons at any age; (2) immature animals are most
30 vulnerable; and (3) the toxic threshold increases only gradually
31 between birth and adulthood; and

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33 WHEREAS, in 1980, the Public Board of Inquiry unanimously
34 voted against aspartame approval, but was overruled by a new
35 United States Food and Drug Administration Commissioner, Dr.
36 Arthur Hull Hayes, against the advice of Food and Drug
37 Administration scientific personnel and advisers; and

38
39 WHEREAS, the United States Food and Drug Administration
40 approved aspartame use in sodas, despite the National Soft Drink
41 Association's vehement arguments against aspartame as indicated
42 by these quotes from their protest:
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- 1 (1) "The present record does not contain data which
- 2 demonstrate that the use of APM in soft drinks will
- 3 not result in the adulteration of the beverages under
- 4 section 402(a)(3) of the FDC Act 21 U.S.C. 342(a)(3),
- 5 which provides that a food is adulterated if it
- 6 contains, in whole or in part, "a decomposed substance
- 7 or if it is otherwise unfit for food";
- 8
- 9 (2) "An important decomposition product of aspartame,
- 10 aspartic acid, cannot be detected at all using TLC";
- 11
- 12 (3) "G. D. Searle and Company has not demonstrated to a
- 13 reasonable certainty that the use of aspartame in soft
- 14 drinks, without quantitative limitations, will not
- 15 adversely affect human health as a result of the
- 16 changes such use is likely to cause in brain chemistry
- 17 and under certain reasonably anticipated conditions of
- 18 use"; and
- 19
- 20 (4) "Specifically, Searle has not met its burdens under
- 21 section 409...to demonstrate that aspartame is safe
- 22 and functional for use in soft drinks. Collectively,
- 23 the extensive deficiencies in the stability studies
- 24 conducted by Searle to demonstrate that aspartame and
- 25 its degradation products are safe in soft drinks
- 26 intended to be sold in the United States, render those
- 27 studies inadequate and unreliable." Senate
- 28 Congressional Record, May 7, 1985, S5507-5511; and
- 29

30 WHEREAS, the United States Food and Drug Administration has
 31 compiled a list of ninety-two symptoms attributed to aspartame
 32 consumption including four types of seizures, coma, and death;
 33 and
 34

35 WHEREAS, the European Foundation for Oncology in Italy
 36 conducted exhaustive studies over three years with thousands of
 37 rats, and proved aspartame to be a multipotential carcinogen,
 38 confirming the United States Food and Drug Administration's
 39 original findings; and
 40

41 WHEREAS, the United States Food and Drug Administration
 42 admitted that aspartame caused cancer over two decades ago when
 43 the Administration's toxicologist, Dr. Adrian Gross, told
 44 Congress at least one of Searle's studies "has established



1 beyond any reasonable doubt that aspartame is capable of
2 inducing brain tumors in experimental animals and that this
3 predisposition of it is of extremely high significance....In
4 view of these indications that the cancer causing potential of
5 aspartame is a matter that had been established way beyond any
6 reasonable doubt, one can ask: What is the reason for the
7 apparent refusal by the FDA to invoke for this food additive the
8 so-called Delaney Amendment to the Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act?
9 Given the cancer causing potential of aspartame how would the
10 FDA justify its position that it views a certain amount of
11 aspartame as constituting an allowable daily intake or 'safe'
12 level of it? Is that position in effect not equivalent to
13 setting a 'tolerance' for this food additive and thus a
14 violation of that law? And if the FDA itself elects to violate
15 the law, who is left to protect the health of the public?"
16 Congressional Record, August 1, 1985, SID835:131; and
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18 WHEREAS, aspartame is linked to sudden death, multiple
19 sclerosis, lupus, and many neurodegenerative diseases, as cited
20 in many medical texts, most notably: *Aspartame Disease: An*
21 *Ignored Epidemic*, by H.J. Roberts, M.D., and *Excitotoxins: The*
22 *Taste That Kills*, by Russell Blaylock, M.D.; and
23

24 WHEREAS, on November 3, 1987, Dr. Louis Elsas testified
25 before Congress: "I am a pediatrician, a Professor of
26 Pediatrics at Emory and have spent twenty-five years in the
27 biomedical sciences, trying to prevent mental retardation and
28 birth defect caused by excess phenylalanine, and therein lies my
29 basic concern, that aspartame is in fact a well known neurotoxin
30 and teratogen which, in some as yet undefined dose, will. . .
31 irreversibly in the developing child or fetal brain, produce
32 adverse effects"; and
33

34 WHEREAS, there are tens of thousands of case histories and
35 anecdotal accounts from victims of aspartame poisoning who have
36 come forward to make their case histories known; now, therefore,
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38 BE IT RESOLVED by the Senate of the Twenty-fifth
39 Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 2009, the
40 House of Representatives concurring, that the Department of
41 Health is requested to create, within its existing budget, an
42 evidentiary repository accessible to the public for patients and
43 physicians to submit over the next year their cases involving
44 victims of aspartame poisoning; and



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 2 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Director of Health is
 3 requested to report to the Legislature on the status of the
 4 evidentiary repository during periodic interim meetings with the
 5 Chairs of the Hawaii State Senate Committees on Health and Human
 6 Services, the House of Representatives Committees on Health and
 7 Human Services, and the state Attorney General; and

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 9 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Department of Health is
 10 requested to review and evaluate all existing reports, studies,
 11 experiments, and related literature on aspartame, including
 12 clinical studies, differentiating each study by its funding
 13 source, and submit a report on its evaluation to the Legislature
 14 no later than twenty days prior to the convening of the 2010
 15 Regular Session; and

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 17 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the National Academy of
 18 Sciences is requested to review all existing reports, studies,
 19 experiments, and related literature on aspartame, including
 20 clinical studies, differentiating each study by its funding
 21 source, and that, if funding is required to undertake this
 22 extended evaluation, that the appropriate funding be sought from
 23 various foundations and from Congress; and

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 25 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that given the enormous amount of
 26 accumulated evidence concerning the neurodegenerative harm
 27 aspartame can cause, that the United States Food and Drug
 28 Administration is requested to rescind approval of aspartame
 29 immediately on a phase-out basis over six months to one year;
 30 and

31
 32 BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that certified copies of this
 33 Concurrent Resolution be transmitted to the members of Hawaii's
 34 Congressional delegation, the Commissioner of the United States
 35 Food and Drug Administration, the Executive Director of the
 36 National Academy of Sciences, the Director of Health, the
 37 Director of Human Services, the Attorney General, and the
 38 Director of Commerce and Consumer Affairs.

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 41 J. Kalani Egler OFFERED BY: Enzanne Chun Oakland
Will Eyo Josh Green M.D.
for all
Mike Hubbard

S.C.R. NO. 16

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Michelle R. Kadani

