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# A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO ENERGY EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS.

**BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:**

1           SECTION 1. The legislature finds that an informed and  
2 coordinated response in the restoration of energy services in a  
3 disaster is necessary in order to save lives and protect health,  
4 safety, and property, and carry out other energy emergency  
5 functions. The legislature also finds that energy data, and  
6 statistical and energy economic analysis are integral to the  
7 State's role in energy emergency preparedness and in a  
8 coordinated response to a disaster.

9           The legislature finds that one of the principle missions of  
10 the department of business, economic development, and tourism  
11 includes the administration and sustained operation of Emergency  
12 Support Function #12 (Energy) in the State Plan for Emergency  
13 Preparedness. This function requires the department of  
14 business, economic development, and tourism during any energy  
15 emergency to gather and provide information to the governor, the  
16 counties, the legislature, and other State agencies, including  
17 the department of defense, as rapidly as possible to support  
18 statewide emergency management.

1           The legislature finds that the governing statutes that  
2 support this energy emergency function, primarily in chapter  
3 125C, Hawaii Revised Statutes, do not allow the department of  
4 business, economic development, and tourism to develop a timely  
5 and complete picture of the State's energy situation in an  
6 emergency. The legislature finds that current provisions of  
7 chapter 125C, Hawaii Revised Statutes, require only importers of  
8 fuel to provide emergency data reports, and then only for supply  
9 and demand information. Current provisions of chapter 125C do  
10 not require energy companies to report critical emergency  
11 preparedness information regarding current storage, transport,  
12 inventory, supply, demand, production, and capacities, and other  
13 up-to-date aspects of Hawaii's energy systems and markets that  
14 are essential to the State's federally mandated emergency  
15 management role, irrespective of these companies' import status.

16           The legislature finds that the department of business,  
17 economic development, and tourism cannot adequately meet its  
18 statutorily defined roles and responsibilities to prepare for,  
19 respond to, and support the recovery from all possible energy  
20 emergencies with the current deficient laws governing energy  
21 emergency planning and preparedness. The legislature also finds  
22 that chapter 125C's limitations of data collection authority and

1 lack of accommodation of changed energy markets, and changes of  
2 fuel products and specifications preclude the governor's and the  
3 energy resource coordinator's (director of the department of  
4 business, economic development, and tourism) ability to  
5 adequately ascertain the severity and impacts of an energy  
6 emergency or fuel shortage in a timely fashion, and, therefore,  
7 to determine what response measures may be necessary.

8       The legislature finds that vital information from non-  
9 importing distributors, wholesalers, retailers, and other major  
10 energy companies, and more extensive and detailed types of data  
11 and information on all aspects of the state's energy systems and  
12 market are essential for effective energy system situational  
13 analyses and reporting, coordination, and management of energy  
14 emergency response and vulnerability mitigation initiatives,  
15 preparedness, and exercise functions -- all necessary components  
16 to ensure the readiness and robustness of the State's energy  
17 emergency preparedness program.

18       The legislature finds that while chapter 486J, Hawaii  
19 Revised Statutes, directs the department of business, economic  
20 development, and tourism on how, and for what purposes to use  
21 the data collected by the public utilities commission pursuant  
22 to chapter 486J, Hawaii Revised Statutes, the data and

1 information collected are inadequate for energy emergency  
2 management purposes. The legislature also finds that such  
3 indirect reporting mechanisms cannot necessarily be depended  
4 upon during an emergency or disaster, nor can time-lagged data  
5 reported on weekly or monthly schedules be expected to be  
6 effectively responsive to more immediate emergency situations  
7 and needs, which frequently change with little or no warning.

8 The legislature finds this represents an unacceptable  
9 situation when considered in the context of the State's role and  
10 responsibilities for energy emergency management. The  
11 legislature finds that adequate authoritative policy support and  
12 enabling functional guidance is needed to meet the following  
13 critical energy emergency preparedness needs of the State:

14 (1) Provide relevant, consistent, and adequate contingency  
15 policy guidance to accommodate actual and expected  
16 changes in Hawaii's energy (and economic) security and  
17 vulnerability, stemming from significant changes in  
18 energy and fuel markets;

19 (2) Update and align key provisions in chapter 125C,  
20 Hawaii Revised Statutes, with relevant federal and  
21 State overall emergency management laws, and energy  
22 emergency management policies and planning guidance

1           stemming from the post-9/11 and post-Katrina evolution  
2           of the "all-hazards/all-threats" emergency management  
3           context;

4           (3) Rectify inadequacies in data collection, analysis, and  
5           reporting provisions with amendments to accommodate  
6           and address the economic and energy systems risks  
7           associated with transitional issues and trends  
8           relating to both petroleum-based fuels and biofuels,  
9           and

10          (4) Provide improvements and updates to the State's energy  
11          emergency policy guidance, an important authoritative  
12          basis for energy emergency preparedness programmatic  
13          improvements.

14          In summary, the legislature finds that government's  
15          legitimate leadership role in planning for and managing energy  
16          emergencies cannot depend solely on cooperative efforts, nor can  
17          data and information reported to regulatory agencies for  
18          separate, non-emergency purposes be expected to be adequate to  
19          support emergency management information needs. Such factors  
20          continue to create unacceptable risks to Hawaii's economy, and  
21          represent a worrisome situation.

1           Therefore, the legislature finds that changes to the  
2 current laws governing energy emergency preparedness and  
3 management are needed to meet critical needs of the State.

4           SECTION 2. Chapter 125C, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
5 amended by adding four new sections to be appropriately  
6 designated and to read as follows:

7           "§125C- Information and analysis required for state  
8 energy emergency planning and preparedness, mitigation,  
9 response, and recovery. (a) The department, with its own staff  
10 and agents whom the director designates as authorized  
11 representatives, shall use the information, including  
12 confidential information, received from all sources, including  
13 the information received from the public utilities commission  
14 pursuant to chapter 486J, solely to effectuate the purposes of  
15 this chapter and chapter 196.

16           (b) The director shall conduct systematic statistical and  
17 quantitative analyses of the State's energy resources, systems,  
18 and markets that the director determines are necessary to:

19           (1) Produce assessments designed to determine and mitigate  
20 the potential for energy supply disruptions, and to  
21 develop State energy emergency response plans and  
22 measures including systematic situational energy

1 analyses, which in the event of energy crisis or  
2 supply disruption could assist in determining the  
3 nature, scope, severity, and expected duration of such  
4 an event, and assess potential and actual economic and  
5 other impacts of the crisis, particularly to determine  
6 and recommend what, if any, emergency government  
7 interventions may be necessary and appropriate, and to  
8 implement and evaluate the effectiveness of such  
9 emergency interventions;

10 (2) Conduct systematic statistical, energy, economic, and  
11 other relevant analyses for comprehensive energy  
12 emergency planning toward determining, measuring,  
13 evaluating, formulating, and recommending specific  
14 proposals to improve government and industry energy  
15 emergency plans and programs, and to support longer  
16 term measures to preserve Hawaii's energy security;

17 (3) Establish and maintain a central repository in the  
18 department for collection of existing baseline  
19 quantitative and qualitative data and information on  
20 Hawaii's statewide energy resources, systems, and  
21 markets and their relationships to the economy;

1        (4) Produce trend analyses and forecasts of energy supply  
2        and demand and trend analyses of major aspects of  
3        risks to and vulnerabilities of Hawaii's energy  
4        resources, systems, and markets; and

5        (5) Produce other relevant energy analyses that the  
6        director deems necessary to administer the energy  
7        emergency preparedness and energy supply security  
8        policies pursuant to this chapter, and implement and  
9        evaluate other related activities in support of the  
10       director's role and responsibilities pursuant to  
11       chapter 486J, chapter 196, and other relevant laws.

12       (c) If the information that the department is authorized  
13       to receive from the public utilities commission pursuant to  
14       chapter 486J, including confidential information, becomes  
15       unavailable, or if such information is determined by the  
16       director to be unsuitable in any way for purposes of this  
17       chapter, the director is authorized to require that this  
18       information and any other relevant information, including  
19       confidential information, be reported by distributors to the  
20       director.

21       (d) To conduct the analyses pursuant to this chapter, the  
22       director may require distributors to report any other relevant



1 information, including confidential information, at a time and  
2 in such form and manner as to be prescribed by the director.

3 §125C- Reporting requirements. Each major energy  
4 producer, major fuel storer, major energy transporter, major  
5 energy user, and major energy marketer, on reporting dates as  
6 the director may establish, and on forms prescribed, prepared,  
7 and furnished by the director, shall submit to the director  
8 certified statements. These statements shall include, but not  
9 be limited to, information related to those aspects of their  
10 respective Hawaii facilities and operations that are described  
11 in this section. These statements shall provide for reporting  
12 this information on a statewide consolidated basis, and  
13 separately for each county, provided the data for the county of  
14 Maui includes each island as follows:

15 (1) For fuel:

16 (A) The current volumes, movement, processing,  
17 blending, and transformation of fuels beginning  
18 with crude oil, feedstocks, ethanol, biodiesel,  
19 and other refined petroleum or fuel product  
20 imports, through the State's fuel infrastructure,  
21 from and between distributors and to all fuel

1 end-users, as well as any exports of these fuels  
2 and fuel products out of the State; and

3 (B) The current capacities and actual inventories,  
4 throughput and output of all these entities'  
5 infrastructure, including refineries, storage and  
6 distribution tanks and terminals, transport modes  
7 such as pipelines, barges, and other vessels, and  
8 other such critical fuel infrastructure; and

9 (2) For electricity: the total current loads being  
10 generated, energy resources used and fuels consumed,  
11 total current electricity being produced, transmitted  
12 and sold, and the current electricity flows and  
13 utilization.

14 §125C- Confidential information. In effectuating the  
15 purposes of this chapter, chapter 196, and other relevant laws,  
16 for the director to perform the duties pursuant to this chapter,  
17 chapter 196, and other relevant laws:

18 (1) All confidential information received by the director  
19 shall be afforded all the protections available under  
20 applicable law and shall be held in confidence by the  
21 director and the director's staff and agents, or  
22 aggregated to the extent necessary in the director's

1           discretion to ensure confidentiality as authorized by  
2           chapter 92F;

3           (2) The director and the director's staff and agents shall  
4           preserve the confidentiality and protection of all  
5           information received by the director to the extent  
6           authorized by law and, by application and extension of  
7           any other agency's respective safeguards, protect and  
8           prevent the unauthorized further release of the  
9           information. Each agency shall afford any shared  
10           information the protections from disclosure provided  
11           for under chapter 92F;

12           (3) Each major energy producer, distributor, major energy  
13           marketer, major fuel storer, major energy transporter,  
14           and major energy user that provides confidential  
15           information to the director shall provide written or  
16           electronic notification to the director as to the  
17           specific information that it considers confidential;  
18           and

19           (4) Unless otherwise provided by law with respect to the  
20           information determined confidential or exempt from  
21           disclosure under section 92F-13 that the director  
22           obtains, purchases, receives, or otherwise acquires,

1 neither the governor nor the director, nor the staff  
2 and agents thereof, shall do any of the following:

3 (A) Use the confidential information for any purposes  
4 other than the purposes for which it is acquired;

5 (B) Make any publication whereby the confidential  
6 information furnished by any person can be  
7 identified; or

8 (C) Permit any person other than the governor, the  
9 director, the director's staff and agents  
10 thereof, to examine any confidential information,  
11 individual reports, or statements acquired."

12 "§125C- Definitions. "Agent" means a person who is  
13 designated by the coordinator as an authorized representative.

14 "Commission" means the public utilities commission.

15 "Department" means the department of business, economic  
16 development, and tourism.

17 "Director" means the director of business, economic  
18 development, and tourism, who is also the State energy resources  
19 coordinator pursuant to chapter 196-3.

20 "Distributor" means:

21 (1) Every person who refines, manufactures, produces, or  
22 compounds fuel in the State and sells it at wholesale

1           or retail, or who uses it directly in the manufacture  
2           of products or for the generation of power;

3           (2) Every person who imports or causes to be imported into  
4           the State, or exports or causes to be exported from  
5           the State, any fuel;

6           (3) Every person who acquires fuel through exchanges with  
7           another distributor; and

8           (4) Every person who purchases fuel for resale at  
9           wholesale or retail from any person described in  
10          paragraph (1), (2), or (3).

11          "Electricity" means all electrical energy produced by  
12          combustion of any fuel as defined in this section, or generated  
13          or produced using wind, the sun, geothermal, ocean water,  
14          falling water, currents, and waves, or any other source.

15          "Energy" means work or heat that is, or may be, produced  
16          from any fuel or source whatsoever.

17          "Energy resources" means fuel and electricity as defined in  
18          this chapter.

19          "Fuel" means fuels, whether liquid, solid, or gaseous,  
20          commercially usable for energy needs, power generation, and  
21          fuels manufacture, that may be manufactured, grown, produced, or  
22          imported into the State or that may be exported therefrom,

1 including petroleum and petroleum products and gases to include  
2 all fossil fuel-based gases, coal tar, vegetable ferments,  
3 biomass, municipal solid waste, biofuels, hydrogen, agricultural  
4 products used as fuels and as feedstock to produce fuels, and  
5 all fuel alcohols.

6 "Major energy marketer" means any person who sells energy  
7 resources in amounts determined by the coordinator as having a  
8 major effect on the supplies of, or demand for, energy  
9 resources.

10 "Major energy producer" means any person who produces  
11 energy resources in amounts determined by the coordinator as  
12 having a major effect on the supplies of, or demand for, energy  
13 resources.

14 "Major energy transporter" means any person who transports  
15 energy resources in amounts determined by the coordinator as  
16 having a major effect on the supplies of, or demand for, energy  
17 resources.

18 "Major energy user" means any person who uses energy  
19 resources in the manufacture of products or for the generation  
20 of electricity in amounts determined by the coordinator as  
21 having a major effect on the supplies of, or demand for, energy  
22 resources.

1 "Major fuel storer" means any person who stores fuels in  
2 amounts determined by the coordinator as having a major effect  
3 on the supplies of, or demand for, energy resources."

4 SECTION 3. Chapter 125C, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
5 amended by amending its title to read as follows:

6 **"CHAPTER 125C**

7 ~~[PROCUREMENT, CONTROL, DISTRIBUTION AND SALE OF PETROLEUM~~  
8 ~~PRODUCTS]~~ **ENERGY EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS AND MANAGEMENT"**

9 SECTION 4. Section 125C-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
10 amended to read as follows:

11 **"§125C-1 Findings and purpose.** The legislature finds that  
12 adequate supplies of [~~petroleum products~~] energy resources are  
13 essential to the health, welfare, and safety of the people of  
14 Hawaii, and that any severe [~~disruption in petroleum product~~  
15 ~~supplies~~] energy emergency or shortage of energy resources for  
16 use within the State would cause grave hardship, pose a threat  
17 to the economic well-being of the people of the State, and have  
18 significant adverse effects upon public confidence and order and  
19 effective conservation of [~~petroleum products.~~] energy. The  
20 purpose of this chapter is to grant to the governor or the  
21 governor's authorized representative the clear authority, when  
22 energy emergencies or shortages of [~~petroleum products~~] energy

1 resources occur or are anticipated, to control the distribution  
2 and sale of [~~petroleum~~] fuel products in this State, to procure  
3 such products, and to impose rules that will provide  
4 extraordinary measures for the conservation of energy and the  
5 allocation of [~~petroleum~~] fuel products and for [~~their~~] the  
6 distribution and sale of fuel in an orderly, efficient, and safe  
7 manner. Another purpose of this chapter is to grant the clear  
8 authority to the director to acquire, use, and analyze relevant  
9 and essential information on Hawaii's energy resources, systems,  
10 and markets to effectively plan and prepare for, mitigate  
11 against, respond to, and recover from any energy emergency and  
12 preserve the State's energy security."

13 SECTION 5. Section 125C-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
14 amended to read as follows:

15 "**§125C-2 "Shortage" defined.** As used in this chapter,  
16 unless otherwise indicated by the context, a "shortage" exists  
17 whenever the governor determines that there is an increase in  
18 the demand for any [~~petroleum~~] fuel product or there is a  
19 decrease in the available supply for the [~~petroleum~~] fuel  
20 product in question, or both; and [~~such~~] the decrease in the  
21 available supply of or increase in the demand for the  
22 [~~petroleum~~] fuel product in question, or both, may cause a major



1 adverse impact on the economy, public order, or the health,  
2 welfare, or safety of the people of Hawaii and may not be  
3 responsibly managed within the [~~free~~] prevailing market  
4 distribution system. Further, to plan and prepare for, mitigate  
5 against, respond to, or recover from any declared or anticipated  
6 shortage of fuel products, the governor may require [~~importers~~]  
7 major energy producers, distributors, major energy marketers,  
8 major fuel storers, major energy transporters, and major energy  
9 users of any [~~petroleum~~] fuel or fuel product [~~or other fuel~~] to  
10 monitor and report to the department [~~of business, economic~~  
11 development, and tourism] relevant [~~supply and demand~~] data[-]  
12 and information on all aspects of the State's energy resources,  
13 systems, and markets. The governor shall review the status of a  
14 shortage within one hundred twenty days after the governor's  
15 initial determination of a shortage as defined under this  
16 chapter; thenceforth, the governor shall conduct a review of the  
17 shortage to make a new determination every thirty days until a  
18 shortage no longer exists."

19 SECTION 6. Section 125C-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
20 amended to read as follows:

21 "**§125C-3 Powers in a shortage.** When a shortage as defined  
22 in section 125C-2 exists, the governor or the governor's

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1 authorized representative, to ensure that [~~petroleum~~] fuel  
2 products are made available to the public in an orderly,  
3 efficient, and safe manner, may:

4 (1) Control the retail distribution and sale of  
5 [~~petroleum~~] fuel products by adopting rules that may  
6 include, but are not limited to, the following  
7 measures:

8 (A) Restricting the sale of [~~petroleum~~] fuel products  
9 to specific days of the week, hours of the day or  
10 night, odd- and even-numbered calendar days, and  
11 vehicles having less than a specified amount of  
12 gasoline in their tanks, with exceptions for  
13 certain designated geographical areas;

14 (B) Restricting sales of [~~petroleum~~] fuel products by  
15 dealers to daily allocations, which shall be  
16 determined by dividing the monthly allocation by  
17 the number of selling days per month;

18 (C) Requiring dealers to post signs designating their  
19 hours of operation and the sell-out of daily  
20 allocation;

21 (D) Instituting a statewide rationing plan; and

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- 1 (E) Allowing for special handling for essential  
2 commercial and emergency-user vehicles;
- 3 (2) Require that a percentage of [~~petroleum~~] fuel  
4 products, not to exceed five per cent, be set aside to  
5 alleviate hardship; provided that aviation gasoline  
6 set aside shall not exceed ten per cent;
- 7 (3) Purchase and resell or otherwise distribute  
8 [~~petroleum~~] fuel products[, ~~and purchase and resell or~~  
9 ~~otherwise distribute ethanol that is produced within~~  
10 ~~the State and can be used as a substitute for~~  
11 ~~petroleum products~~];
- 12 (4) Temporarily suspend for the duration of a shortage, or  
13 until such time as the governor deems appropriate,  
14 standards which may affect or restrict the use of a  
15 substitute fuel to meet energy demand;
- 16 [+4+] (5) Receive, expend, or use contributions or grants  
17 in money or property, or special contributions thereof  
18 for special purposes not inconsistent with this  
19 chapter;
- 20 [+5+] (6) Borrow and expend moneys needed to exercise the  
21 powers granted under this section;

1           ~~[(6)]~~ (7) Contract in the name of the State for the  
2                   purpose of implementing this chapter or any part  
3                   thereof; and

4           ~~[(7)]~~ (8) Exercise the powers granted under this section  
5                   to the degree and extent deemed by the governor to be  
6                   necessary, including the temporary or indefinite  
7                   suspension of all or part of the measures taken, as  
8                   the governor deems appropriate."

9           SECTION 7. Section 125C-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
10           amended to read as follows:

11           "**§125C-4 Adopting, filing, and taking effect of rules.**

12           The governor or the ~~[governor's authorized representative]~~  
13           director shall adopt rules pursuant to chapter 91, to ~~[insure]~~  
14           ensure that ~~[petroleum]~~ fuel products are made available to the  
15           public in an orderly, efficient, and safe manner, to become  
16           effective when a shortage, as defined in section 125C-2, exists.  
17           If additional and unforeseen measures are required to ~~[insure]~~  
18           ensure that ~~[petroleum]~~ fuel products are distributed in an  
19           orderly, efficient, and safe manner, the governor or the  
20           ~~[governor's authorized representative]~~ director may proceed  
21           without prior notice or hearing or upon such abbreviated notice  
22           and hearing as the governor finds practicable to adopt

1 additional rules authorized under this chapter with the  
2 additional rules to be effective for a period of not longer than  
3 one hundred twenty days without renewal. Any rule so adopted  
4 may be amended or repealed by the governor without prior notice  
5 or hearing or upon abbreviated notice and hearing prior to the  
6 expiration of the one hundred twenty-day period; provided that  
7 no amendment shall extend the rule beyond the original period of  
8 one hundred and twenty days. To be effective after the one  
9 hundred twenty-day period, the rules shall be adopted pursuant  
10 to chapter 91. Each rule adopted, amended, or repealed shall  
11 become effective as adopted, amended, or repealed upon approval  
12 by the governor and filing with the lieutenant governor. Each  
13 rule in effect shall have the force and effect of law, but the  
14 effect of each rule may be temporarily or indefinitely suspended  
15 by the governor by written declaration filed with the lieutenant  
16 governor. Each rule temporarily suspended shall take effect  
17 again immediately upon expiration of the suspension period.  
18 Each rule indefinitely suspended shall take effect immediately  
19 upon the filing with the lieutenant governor of the written  
20 declaration by the governor terminating the suspension. The  
21 rulemaking requirements in this section shall exclusively apply

1 to the implementation of sections 125C-2 and 125C-3 and part II  
2 of this chapter."

3 SECTION 8. Section 125C-6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
4 amended to read as follows:

5 "[~~f~~]~~§125C-6~~[~~f~~] **Petition for adoption, amendment, repeal,**  
6 **or suspension of rules.** Any interested person may petition the  
7 governor or the [~~governor's authorized representative~~] director  
8 requesting the adoption, amendment, repeal, or suspension of any  
9 rule and stating reasons therefor. The governor or the  
10 [~~governor's authorized representative~~] director shall prescribe  
11 the form for the petitions and the procedures for their  
12 submission, consideration, and disposition, and within thirty  
13 days after submission of the petition, shall either deny the  
14 petition in writing, stating the governor's or the [~~governor's~~  
15 ~~authorized representative's~~] director's reasons for the denial,  
16 or grant the petition and adopt, amend, repeal, or suspend the  
17 rule accordingly. The requirements of this section shall  
18 exclusively apply to the implementation of sections 125C-2 and  
19 125C-3 and part II of this chapter."

20 SECTION 9. Section 125C-8, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
21 amended to read as follows:

1           "**§125C-8 Personnel; delegation of powers.** (a) The  
2 director is the governor's authorized representative to fulfill  
3 and effectuate the purposes of this chapter.

4           (b) The governor may appoint or employ temporary boards,  
5 agencies, officers, employees, and other persons, or any of  
6 them, for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this  
7 chapter. All such temporarily appointed or employed officers  
8 and employees, whether or not employed by contract, shall be  
9 exempt from and not subject to nor entitled to the benefits of  
10 the provisions of chapters 76 and 88, or any other law,  
11 collective bargaining agreement, executive order, executive  
12 directive, or rule that is inapplicable to temporary employees  
13 of the State."

14           SECTION 10. Section 125C-9, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
15 amended to read as follows:

16           "~~[†]~~**§125C-9**~~[†]~~ Investigations, information collection, and  
17 surveys. The governor or the ~~[governor's authorized~~  
18 ~~representative]~~ director may make investigations, collect  
19 information, including confidential information, and conduct  
20 surveys for the purpose of ascertaining facts to be used in  
21 administering this chapter, and in making the investigations,  
22 collecting the information, and conducting the surveys, may

1 require the making, filing, or keeping of applications,  
2 schedules, records, reports, or statements, under oath or  
3 otherwise, administer oaths, take evidence under oath, subpoena  
4 witnesses, and require the production of books, papers, and  
5 records. Witnesses shall be allowed their fees and mileage as  
6 in cases in the circuit courts. The circuit court of any  
7 circuit or judge thereof may enforce by proper proceedings the  
8 attendance and testimony of any witness subpoenaed to appear  
9 within the circuit, or the production of books, papers, and  
10 records."

11 SECTION 11. Section 125C-10, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
12 amended to read as follows:

13 "[+]§125C-10[+] **Fraud; ~~misdemeanor.~~ penalties.** Any  
14 person required by the governor or the [~~governor's authorized~~  
15 ~~representative,~~] director, pursuant to [~~section 125C-9,~~] this  
16 chapter, to make, keep, or file any application, schedule,  
17 record, report, or statement, whether or not under oath, who  
18 intentionally makes, files, or keeps a false or fraudulent  
19 application, schedule, report, or statement or intentionally  
20 conceals therein any material fact, and any person who in any  
21 other manner intentionally deceives or attempts to deceive the  
22 governor or the [~~governor's authorized representative~~] director



1 with respect to any fact to be used in administering this  
2 chapter, and any person who intentionally fails to observe and  
3 comply with any rule promulgated under this chapter, shall be  
4 ~~[guilty of a misdemeanor.]~~ assessed a civil penalty of not more  
5 than \$10,000 per violation."

6 SECTION 12. Chapter 125C, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
7 amended by amending the title of part II to read as follows:

8 "PART II. **HARDSHIP SET-ASIDE AND ALLOCATION OF [PETROLEUM]**  
9 **FUEL PRODUCTS DURING A SHORTAGE**"

10 SECTION 13. Section 125C-21, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
11 amended to read as follows:

12 "**§125C-21 Definitions.** "[Petroleum] Fuel product" means  
13 any fuel subject to the set-aside system described in this  
14 chapter, including heating oils, [light and heavy diesel oil,]  
15 all classifications of diesel fuels, motor gasoline[7] and all  
16 blends of motor gasoline with other fuel products, propane,  
17 butane, residual fuel oils, kerosene, naphtha, biodiesel,  
18 ethanol, suboctane motor gasoline, and aviation fuels used for  
19 emergency and essential intrastate air transport services, but  
20 excluding all other aviation fuels.

21 "Prime supplier" means any individual, trustee, agency,  
22 partnership, association, corporation, company, municipality,

1 political subdivision, or other legal entity [~~which~~] that makes  
2 the first sale of any [~~liquid fossil~~] fuel product into the  
3 State distribution system for consumption within the State."

4 SECTION 14. Section 125C-22, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
5 amended to read as follows:

6 "**§125C-22 When set-aside required.** When a shortage as  
7 defined in section 125C-2 exists, all prime suppliers shall set  
8 aside supplies of each [~~petroleum~~] fuel product for which there  
9 is a shortage. The amount set aside shall be in accordance with  
10 [~~the~~] any rules adopted by the [~~state energy resources~~  
11 ~~coordinator.~~] director."

12 SECTION 15. Section 125C-23, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
13 amended to read as follows:

14 "**§125C-23 Set-aside system.** The [~~state energy resources~~  
15 ~~coordinator~~] director shall adopt rules establishing a  
16 [~~petroleum~~] fuel products set-aside system. The purpose of this  
17 system shall be:

- 18 (1) The protection of public health, safety, and welfare;  
19 (2) The maintenance of public services, utilities, and  
20 transportation, including emergency and essential  
21 intrastate air transport services;

1 (3) The maintenance of agricultural operations, including  
2 farming, horticulture, dairy, fishing, and related  
3 services;

4 (4) The preservation of economically sound and competitive  
5 industry, through the equitable acquisition and  
6 distribution of [~~petroleum~~] fuel products; and

7 (5) The promotion of efficiency, with minimum economic  
8 disruptions, during a shortage of [~~petroleum~~] fuel  
9 products.

10 The rules establishing the set-aside system shall be adopted in  
11 accordance with chapter 91."

12 SECTION 16. Section 125C-31, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
13 amended to read as follows:

14 "[~~†~~]~~§125C-31~~[~~†~~] ~~Biennial state~~ State energy emergency  
15 preparedness plan. (a) The department [~~of business, economic~~  
16 ~~development, and tourism~~] shall prepare a comprehensive and  
17 integrated [~~biennial~~] State energy emergency preparedness plan  
18 to be implemented in the event of, or in anticipation of, a  
19 change in the State's [~~petroleum~~] energy supply or demand  
20 situation that is judged by the governor to be unmanageable by  
21 the [~~free market.~~] prevailing markets. The department [~~of~~  
22 ~~business, economic development, and tourism~~] shall prepare a

1 ~~[biennial]~~ state energy emergency preparedness plan ~~[in every~~  
2 ~~even-numbered year]~~ in accordance with the following:

3 (1) The ~~[biennial]~~ state energy emergency preparedness  
4 plan shall replace the previous state energy emergency  
5 plan developed by the ~~[energy resources coordinator,]~~  
6 director, who shall act as the governor's authorized  
7 representative under this chapter;

8 (2) In preparing the ~~[biennial]~~ state energy emergency  
9 preparedness plan, the department shall:

10 (A) Solicit input, comment, and review from the  
11 governor's energy emergency preparedness advisory  
12 committee composed of representatives of federal,  
13 state, and county governments; ~~[private energy~~  
14 ~~suppliers;]~~ distributors, major energy producers,  
15 major fuel storers, major energy transporters,  
16 and major energy marketers; consumer and other  
17 public interest groups; and the public at-large;  
18 and

19 (B) Establish other task forces and advisory groups,  
20 as may be deemed necessary, to assist in the  
21 preparation and review of the ~~[biennial]~~ state  
22 energy emergency preparedness plan;

- 1           (3) The [~~biennial~~] state energy emergency preparedness  
2           plan shall be comprehensive and encompassing, and  
3           shall integrate into its analytic and planning  
4           framework the emergency preparedness plans of  
5           ~~[electric and gas utilities and other energy~~  
6           ~~suppliers,]~~ distributors, major energy producers,  
7           major fuel storers, major energy transporters, major  
8           energy marketers, and relevant state agencies,  
9           including the Hawaii department of defense, the  
10          department of transportation, counties, and such other  
11          entities as deemed appropriate~~[\*]~~ by the director; and
- 12          (4) The [~~biennial~~] state energy emergency preparedness  
13          plan shall include a review and update of the previous  
14          ~~[biennial]~~ state energy emergency preparedness plan  
15          and ~~[a review of the energy emergency plans prepared~~  
16          ~~by the counties.]~~ shall be prepared or updated as  
17          determined by the director to be necessary to comport  
18          with changes in federal or state overall emergency  
19          management policies and plans which significantly  
20          affect the State's energy emergency preparedness plans  
21          or as warranted by changes in Hawaii's energy security  
22          situation.

1 (b) The department shall prepare an energy emergency  
2 communication plan, which shall be [~~updated biennially and shall~~  
3 ~~be~~] consistent with the energy emergency preparedness plans  
4 prepared by the counties. The energy emergency communication  
5 plan shall be used by the State and counties to communicate and  
6 otherwise coordinate state and county actions taken in response  
7 to implementing the [~~biennial~~] state energy emergency  
8 preparedness plan."

9 SECTION 17. Section 125C-32, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
10 amended to read as follows:

11 "[~~+~~]§125C-32[~~+~~] ~~Biennial county~~ County energy emergency  
12 preparedness plans. The mayor of each county, or the mayor's  
13 authorized representative, shall prepare a comprehensive county  
14 energy emergency preparedness plan. The plan shall be prepared  
15 in coordination with and be consistent with the [~~biennial~~] state  
16 energy emergency preparedness plan[~~+~~] and shall be implemented  
17 in coordination with the state energy emergency preparedness  
18 plan upon declaration of an energy emergency by the governor.  
19 [~~Not later than September 30 of every even-numbered year, each~~  
20 ~~county shall prepare and transmit to the director of business,~~  
21 ~~economic development, and tourism the county's biennial county~~  
22 ~~energy emergency preparedness plan.]"~~

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1 SECTION 18. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed  
2 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.

3 SECTION 19. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

4  
5  
6

INTRODUCED BY

~~\_\_\_\_\_~~

BY REQUEST

**Report Title:**

Energy; Emergency Preparedness

**Description:**

Comprehensively addresses deficiencies in Hawaii's energy emergency preparedness statutes; Provides up-to-date policy guidance needed for consistency with current federal and state energy emergency and overall emergency management policies and plans, and to provide definitive guidance on critical energy data analyses functions.



SB 869

JUSTIFICATION SHEET

DEPARTMENT: Business, Economic Development, and Tourism

TITLE: A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO ENERGY EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS.

PURPOSE: To comprehensively address deficiencies in Hawaii's energy emergency preparedness statutes; provides up-to-date policy guidance needed for consistency with current federal and state energy emergency and overall emergency management policies and plans, and to provide definitive guidance on critical energy data analyses functions. The bill will:

- (1) Amend chapter 125C, Hawaii Revised Statutes, to establish this chapter as the enabling statute for the State's energy emergency preparedness program's coverage of all forms of energy emergencies, irrespective of cause, consistent with the threats to energy security and the state energy emergency preparedness program;
- (2) Redefine the types of information that all energy companies may be required to submit to the Energy Resources Coordinator under chapter 125C, Hawaii Revised Statutes, in the case of an energy emergency or fuel shortage;
- (3) Amend chapter 125C, Hawaii Revised Statutes, to authorize the Department of Business, Economic Development, and Tourism to compile and analyze information, including confidential information, to effectuate the State's role and responsibilities in energy emergency planning and preparedness, mitigation, response, and recovery;
- (4) Amend chapter 125C, Hawaii Revised Statutes, to require the Department of Business, Economic Development, and Tourism to comply with confidentiality, information security, and nondisclosure requirements for

all data and information obtained for purposes of the chapter; and  
(5) Amend chapter 125C, Hawaii Revised Statutes, to add and, wherever appropriate and practical, clarify definitions for consistency with those in chapter 486J, Hawaii Revised Statutes.

MEANS: Add four new sections to chapter 125C, amend the titles of chapter 125C and part II of chapter 125C, and amend sections 125C-1, 125C-2, 125C-3, 125C-4, 125C-6, 125C-8, 125C-9, 125C-10, 125C-21, 125C-22, 125C-23, 125C-31, and 125C-32, Hawaii Revised Statutes.

JUSTIFICATION: A comprehensive, integrated approach is needed to address deficiencies in Hawaii's energy emergency preparedness law. Amendments to the law are necessary to provide authoritative policy support and functional guidance to meet the following critical needs of the State: (1) regain and retain the law's relevance, consistency, and adequacy as contingency policy guidance to accommodate actual and expected changes in Hawaii's energy (and economic) security and vulnerability, stemming from significant changes in energy and fuel markets; (2) update and align key provisions with relevant federal and state overall emergency management laws, and energy emergency management policies and planning guidance, stemming from the post-9/11 and post-Katrina evolution of the "all-hazards/all-threats" emergency management context, and fundamental shifts in the global energy and markets; (3) rectify the several inadequacies of data collection, analysis and reporting provisions with amendments to address unique economic and energy systems risks associated with transitional issues and trends relating to both petroleum-based fuels and biofuels, and actionable provisions to add sufficiently detailed definition to conduct energy emergency preparedness-related energy analytic

functions; and (4) provide improvements and updates of the State's energy emergency policy guidance, an important authoritative basis for energy emergency preparedness programmatic improvements.

Impact on the public: If these statutory changes are not made, DBEDT's mission will continue to be severely degraded, and development of an effective energy emergency preparedness program will be delayed. This would further delay improvement of the State's capabilities and capacity to plan and respond to any energy emergency or shortage, thereby causing a major adverse impact on the economy, public order, or the health, welfare, or safety of the people of Hawaii. The provisions do not directly impact upon any public activity.

Impact on the department and other agencies: DBEDT considers approval of these changes to be essential to its mission, because the energy and fuels data analytic and information functions are essential for the state energy program to support the Governor and the State Energy Resources Coordinator, which contributes significantly to other agencies' missions. If these statutory changes are not made, these missions will be severely degraded, and development of an effective energy security and energy emergency preparedness program will be delayed. This would further delay improvement of the State's capabilities and capacity to plan and respond to any energy emergency or shortage. These amendments will support efforts to achieve more reliable, secure, cost-effective, more self-reliant energy systems.

GENERAL FUND: None.

OTHER FUNDS: None.

PPBS PROGRAM  
DESIGNATION: BED-120AD

OTHER AFFECTED

AGENCIES:

Attorney General, Budget and Finance,  
Consumer Advocate, Public Utilities  
Commission, Taxation, Transportation, and  
State Department of Defense.

EFFECTIVE DATE:

Upon approval.