THE SENATE TWENTY-FOURTH LEGISLATURE, 2007 STATE OF HAWAII S.B. NO. 1727

JAN 24 2007

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO QUEST ENROLLMENT.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

SECTION 1. The legislature finds that it is critical to
 ensure universal health coverage for Hawaii's residents.
 Hawaii's QUEST program goes a long way toward achieving this
 goal. However, the program cannot accommodate all eligible
 uninsured adults, and a cap has been placed on participation in
 the QUEST program, thus excluding tens of thousands of eligible
 individuals.

The current cap prevents many adults, especially non 8 9 pregnant women, who are income- and asset eligible from 10 enrolling in the program. These excluded but eligible adults are at high risk for not obtaining necessary primary and 11 preventive care and necessary prescription drugs, and are more 12 13 likely to incur or generate unnecessary emergency room costs 14 because of their uninsured status. Uninsured adults are a 15 financial burden on hospitals, emergency rooms, community health care centers, and others that provide uncompensated care. 16



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The legislature further finds that almost fifty four per 1 cent of the funds needed to cover all eligible adults under the 2 3 QUEST program can be matched by the federal government. 4 The purpose of this Act is to expand enrollment in the 5 State's QUEST program by eliminating the enrollment cap. 6 SECTION 2. The department of human services shall submit a 7 request to the centers for medicare and medicaid services to amend the state waiver to allow the State to remove its QUEST 8 9 enrollment cap. Upon securing the amendment to the state 10 waiver, the department of human services shall remove any cap on 11 enrollment in the State's QUEST program and shall enroll all otherwise eligible individuals who are at or under three hundred 12 per cent of the federal poverty level. No monthly premium or 13 14 co-payment will be imposed on anyone who is at or below three 15 hundred per cent of the federal poverty level. The director of human services shall adopt rules in accordance with chapter 91 16 17 to implement this section. The department of human services shall implement these 18 19 changes so that those who are newly eligible pursuant to this Act shall be qualified for benefits by July 1, 2009. 20 SECTION 3. There is appropriated out of the general 21

22 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$ or so



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much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2007-2008 and 1 the same sum or so much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal 2 year 2008-2009 to expand healthcare coverage by eliminating the 3 cap on enrollment in the State's QUEST program. 4 The sums appropriated shall be expended by the department 5 of human services for the purposes of this Act. 6 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2007. 7 8 Frizanne Chun Oaleland INTRODUCED BY:



Report Title:

QUEST Eligibility; Eliminate Enrollment Cap

Description:

Eliminates cap on enrollment in the QUEST program and make eligible anyone at or below 300 per cent the federal poverty level. Directs the Department of Human Services to apply for an amendment of the state waiver from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services. Appropriates funds.



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A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO A TWO-YEAR HEPATITIS C DEMONSTRATION PROJECT.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

SECTION 1. The legislature finds that Hawaii has the
 highest rate of liver cancer in the United States due to the
 high rate of chronic viral hepatitis in our state. There are
 over fifteen thousand people that have tested positive for
 hepatitis C in Hawaii.

Each year, approximately ten thousand to twelve thousand
people in the United States die from hepatitis C. It is
estimated that by the end of this decade deaths from hepatitis C
will increase sixty to two hundred per cent.

Hepatitis C is also the leading cause of liver transplant in the United States. Many people who are infected with this silent epidemic wait until they feel ill before being tested, when it can be more difficult, extremely expensive, or may even be too late to be treated.

15 The legislature further finds that testing, early medical 16 follow-up, and treatment are needed to save lives. Proactive 17 public health intervention is needed to reduce costs to our



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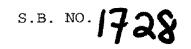
public health system instead of the high costs that can occur 1 without proactive public health intervention. 2 3 The purpose of this Act is to provide funding for a two-4 year demonstration model at the Waikiki Health Center and the 5 West Hawaii Community Health Center, that includes hepatitis C 6 testing, case management, and treatment. 7 SECTION 2. There is appropriated out of the general revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$120,000 or so much 8 9 thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2007-2008 and the 10 same sum or so much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 11 2008-2009 to provide testing, case management, treatment, 12 surveillance, research, and outcome assessments during a two-13 year hepatitis C demonstration project at the Waikiki Health 14 Center and the West Hawaii Community Center. 15 The sums appropriated shall be expended by the Department 16 of Health's STD/AIDS Prevention Branch for the purposes of this 17 Act. SECTION 3. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2007. 18

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INTRODUCED BY:

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Report Title:

Healthcare; Hepatitis C; Two-year Demonstration Project

Description:

Appropriates funds to establish a two-year Hepatitis C demonstration project at the Waikiki Health Center and the West Hawaii Community Center to provide testing, case management, treatment, surveillance, research, and outcome.



