
A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO INSURANCE.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1 SECTION 1. The purpose of this Act is to conform current
2 statutes to the recommendations of the National Association of
3 Insurance Commissioners to bring Hawaii's insurance laws into
4 conformity with the federal law and national standards as
5 follows:

6 (1) Part I authorizes the insurance commissioner to adopt
7 rules to implement model standards that are being
8 developed by the National Association of Insurance
9 Commissioners to implement the directives of the
10 federal Military Personnel Financial Services
11 Protection Act (Public Law No. 109-290), which was
12 signed into law in 2006 to protect members of the
13 United States armed forces from unscrupulous practices
14 regarding sales of insurance, financial, and
15 investment products. The Military Personnel Financial
16 Services Protection Act requires the states to
17 implement its directives by September 29, 2007;



1 (2) Part II focuses on long-term care by promoting the
2 availability of long-term care insurance, protecting
3 applicants for long-term care insurance from unfair or
4 deceptive sales or enrollment practices, updating
5 standards for long-term care insurance, and
6 facilitating flexibility and innovation in the
7 development of long-term care insurance coverage; and

8 (3) Part III enables the sharing of information by the
9 insurance commissioner with the insurance regulatory
10 agencies of foreign countries, including the sharing
11 of confidential information, to facilitate the
12 regulation of the insurance industry.

13 PART I

14 SECTION 2. Chapter 431, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
15 amended by adding to article 2 a new section to be appropriately
16 designated and to read as follows:

17 "§431:2-A Sales to members of the armed forces. Pursuant
18 to the Military Personnel Financial Services Protection Act,
19 Pub. L. No. 109-290, the commissioner shall have the authority
20 to adopt rules to protect service members of the United States
21 armed forces from dishonest and predatory life insurance sales
22 practices by declaring certain life insurance practices,



1 identified in the rules, to be false, misleading, deceptive, or
2 unfair."

3 PART II

4 SECTION 3. Chapter 431, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
5 amended by adding to part I of article 10H three new sections to
6 be appropriately designated and to read as follows:

7 "§431:10H-AAA Denial of claims; compliance requirements.

8 (a) If a claim under a long-term care insurance contract is
9 denied, the issuer, within sixty days of the date of a written
10 request by the policyholder or certificate holder, or a
11 representative thereof shall:

12 (1) Provide a written explanation of the reasons for the
13 denial; and

14 (2) Make available all information directly related to the
15 denial.

16 (b) Any policy or rider advertised, marketed, or offered
17 as long-term care or nursing home insurance shall comply with
18 this article.

19 §431:10H-BBB Delivery of the contract or certificate of
20 insurance. If an application for a long-term care insurance
21 contract or certificate is approved, the issuer shall deliver



1 the contract or certificate of insurance to the applicant no
2 later than thirty days after the date of approval.

3 §431:10H-CCC Producer training requirements. (a)
4 Effective on the date that is one year following the enactment
5 by the State of legislation establishing the long-term care
6 partnership program as provided in Title VI, Section 6021 of the
7 Federal Deficit Reduction Act of 2005, an individual may not
8 sell, solicit, or negotiate long-term care insurance unless the
9 individual is licensed as an insurance producer for accident,
10 health, or life insurance and has completed a one-time training
11 course and ongoing training every twenty-four months thereafter.

12 This training shall meet the requirements set forth in
13 subsections (c) and (d). The producer training requirements
14 provided in this section shall be required of every producer
15 selling, soliciting, or negotiating long-term care insurance.

16 (b) The training requirements of subsections (c) and (d)
17 may be approved as continuing education courses under section
18 431:9A-153.

19 (c) The one-time training required under this section
20 shall be no less than eight hours and the ongoing training
21 required by this section shall be no less than four hours for
22 every twenty-four month period thereafter.



- 1 (d) The training required under this section shall consist
2 of topics related to long-term care insurance, long-term care
3 services, and, if applicable, qualified state long-term care
4 insurance partnership programs, including but not limited to:
- 5 (1) State and federal regulations and requirements and the
6 relationship between qualified state long-term care
7 insurance partnership programs and other public and
8 private coverage of long-term care services, including
9 medicaid;
- 10 (2) Available long-term care services and providers;
- 11 (3) Changes or improvements in long-term care services or
12 providers;
- 13 (4) Alternatives to the purchase of long-term care
14 insurance;
- 15 (5) The effect of inflation on benefits and the importance
16 of inflation protection; and
- 17 (6) Consumer suitability standards and guidelines.
- 18 (e) The training required by this section shall not
19 include training that is insurer or company product specific or
20 that includes any sales or marketing information, materials, or
21 training other than those required by state or federal law.



1 (f) Insurers subject to article 10H, chapter 431, shall
2 obtain verification that a producer received training required
3 by this section before a producer is permitted to sell, solicit,
4 or negotiate the insurer's long-term care insurance products,
5 maintain records subject to the State's record retention
6 requirements, and make that verification available to the
7 commissioner upon request.

8 (g) Insurer's subject to article 10H, chapter 431, shall
9 maintain records with respect to the training of its producers
10 concerning the distribution of its partnership policies that
11 will allow the commissioner to provide assurance to the State's
12 medicaid agency that producers have received the training
13 required by this section and that producers have demonstrated an
14 understanding of the partnership policies and their relationship
15 to public and private coverage of long-term care, including
16 medicaid, in the State. These records shall be maintained in
17 accordance with the State's record retention requirements and
18 shall be made available to the commissioner upon request.

19 (h) The satisfaction of training requirements in any state
20 shall be deemed to satisfy the training requirements provided in
21 this section."



1 SECTION 4. Chapter 431, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2 amended by adding to part II of article 10H seven new sections
3 to be appropriately designated and to read as follows:

4 "§431:10H-DDD Electronic enrollment for group policies.

5 (a) In the case of a group defined in paragraph (1) of the
6 definition of "group long-term care insurance" in section
7 431:10H-104, any requirement that a signature of an insured be
8 obtained by an agent or insurer shall be deemed satisfied if:

9 (1) The consent is obtained by telephonic or electronic
10 enrollment by the group policyholder or insurer. A
11 verification of enrollment information shall be
12 provided to the enrollee;

13 (2) The telephonic or electronic enrollment provides
14 necessary and reasonable safeguards to assure the
15 accuracy, retention, and prompt retrieval of records;
16 and

17 (3) The telephonic or electronic enrollment provides
18 necessary and reasonable safeguards to assure that the
19 confidentiality of individually identifiable
20 information and privileged information is maintained.



1 (b) The insurer shall make available, upon request of the
2 commissioner, records that will demonstrate the insurer's
3 ability to confirm enrollment and coverage amounts.

4 §431:10H-EEE Required disclosure of rating practices to
5 consumers. (a) This section shall apply as follows:

6 (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), this section
7 applies to any long-term care policy or certificate
8 issued in this State on or after January 1, 2008; and

9 (2) For certificates issued on or after July 1, 2007,
10 under a group long-term care insurance policy as
11 defined in paragraph (1) of the definition of "group
12 long-term care insurance" in section 431:10H-104,
13 which policy was in force on July 1, 2007, this
14 section shall apply on the policy anniversary
15 following July 1, 2007.

16 (b) Other than for policies for which no applicable
17 premium rate or rate schedule increases can be made, insurers
18 shall provide all of the information listed in this subsection
19 to the applicant at the time of application or enrollment;
20 unless the method of application does not allow for delivery at
21 that time. In such a case, an insurer shall provide all of the
22 information listed in this subsection to the applicant no later



1 than at the time of delivery of the policy or certificate as
2 follows:

3 (1) A statement that the policy may be subject to rate
4 increases in the future;

5 (2) An explanation of potential future premium rate
6 revisions and the policyholder's or certificate
7 holder's option in the event of a premium rate
8 revision;

9 (3) The premium rate or rate schedules applicable to the
10 applicant that will be in effect until a request is
11 made for an increase;

12 (4) A general explanation for applying premium rate or
13 rate schedule adjustments that shall include:

14 (A) A description of when premium rate or rate
15 schedule adjustments will be effective (e.g.,
16 next anniversary date or next billing date); and

17 (B) The right to a revised premium rate or rate
18 schedule as provided in paragraph (3) if the
19 premium rate or rate schedule is changed;

20 (5) With respect to disclosure of premium rate increases:

21 (A) Information regarding each premium rate increase
22 on this policy form or similar policy forms over



- 1 the past ten years for this State or any other
2 state that, at a minimum, identifies:
- 3 (i) The policy forms for which premium rates
4 have been increased;
- 5 (ii) The calendar years when the policy form was
6 available for purchase; and
- 7 (iii) The amount or per cent of each increase.
8 The percentage may be expressed as a
9 percentage of the premium rate prior to the
10 increase and may also be expressed as
11 minimum and maximum percentages if the rate
12 increase is variable by rating
13 characteristics;
- 14 (B) The insurer, in a fair manner, may provide
15 additional explanatory information related to the
16 rate increases;
- 17 (C) An insurer may exclude from the disclosure
18 premium rate increases that only apply to blocks
19 of business acquired from other nonaffiliated
20 insurers or the long-term care policies acquired
21 from other nonaffiliated insurers when those
22 increases occurred prior to the acquisition;



1 (D) If an acquiring insurer files for a rate increase
2 on a long-term care policy form acquired from
3 nonaffiliated insurers or a block of policy forms
4 acquired from nonaffiliated insurers on or before
5 the later of July 1, 2007, or the end of a
6 twenty-four-month period following the
7 acquisition of the block or policies, the
8 acquiring insurer may exclude that rate increase
9 from the disclosure. However, the nonaffiliated
10 selling company shall include the disclosure of
11 that rate increase in accordance with
12 subparagraph (A); and

13 (E) If the acquiring insurer in subparagraph (D)
14 files for a subsequent rate increase, even within
15 the twenty-four-month period, on the same policy
16 form acquired from nonaffiliated insurers or
17 block of policy forms acquired from nonaffiliated
18 insurers referenced in subparagraph (D), the
19 acquiring insurer shall make all disclosures
20 required by this paragraph, including disclosure
21 of the earlier rate increase referenced in
22 subparagraph (D).



1 (c) An applicant shall sign an acknowledgment at the time
2 of application, unless the method of application does not allow
3 for signature at that time, that the insurer made the disclosure
4 required under subsection (b) (1) to (5). If due to the method
5 of application the applicant cannot sign an acknowledgment at
6 the time of application, the applicant shall sign no later than
7 at the time of delivery of the policy or certificate.

8 (d) An insurer shall use the forms in Appendices B and F
9 of the April, 2002, NAIC Model Long-Term Care Insurance Model
10 Regulation to comply with the requirements of subsections (b)
11 and (c).

12 (e) An insurer shall provide notice of an upcoming premium
13 rate schedule increase to all policyholders or certificate
14 holders, if applicable, at least forty-five days prior to the
15 implementation of the premium rate schedule increase by the
16 insurer. The notice shall include the information required by
17 subsection (b) when the rate increase is implemented.

18 §431:10H-FFF Initial filing requirements. (a) This
19 section applies to any long-term care policy issued in this
20 State after December 31, 2007.



1 (b) An insurer shall provide the information listed in
2 this subsection to the commissioner thirty days prior to making
3 a long-term care insurance form available for sale as follows:

4 (1) A copy of the disclosure documents required in section
5 431:10H-221; and

6 (2) An actuarial certification consisting of at least the
7 following:

8 (A) A statement that the initial premium rate
9 schedule is sufficient to cover anticipated costs
10 under moderately adverse experience and that the
11 premium rate schedule is reasonably expected to
12 be sustainable over the life of the form with no
13 future premium increases anticipated;

14 (B) A statement that the policy design and coverage
15 provided have been reviewed and taken into
16 consideration;

17 (C) A statement that the underwriting and claims
18 adjudication processes have been reviewed and
19 taken into consideration;

20 (D) A complete description of the basis for contract
21 reserves that are anticipated to be held under
22 the form, to include:



- 1 (i) Sufficient detail or sample calculations
2 provided so as to have a complete depiction
3 of the reserve amounts to be held;
- 4 (ii) A statement that the assumptions used for
5 reserves contain reasonable margins for
6 adverse experience;
- 7 (iii) A statement that the net valuation premium
8 for renewal years does not increase (except
9 for attained-age rating where permitted);
10 and
- 11 (iv) A statement that the difference between the
12 gross premium and the net valuation premium
13 for renewal years is sufficient to cover
14 expected renewal expenses; or if such a
15 statement cannot be made, a complete
16 description of the situations where this
17 does not occur; provided that an aggregate
18 distribution of anticipated issues may be
19 used as long as the underlying gross
20 premiums maintain a reasonably consistent
21 relationship; provided further that if the
22 gross premiums for certain age groups are



1 inconsistent with this requirement, the
2 commissioner may request a demonstration
3 under subsection (c) based on a standard age
4 distribution; and

5 (E) With respect to premium rate schedules:

6 (i) A statement that the premium rate schedule
7 is not less than the premium rate schedule
8 for existing similar policy forms also
9 available from the insurer except for
10 reasonable differences attributable to
11 benefits; or

12 (ii) A comparison of the premium schedules for
13 similar policy forms that are currently
14 available from the insurer with an
15 explanation of the differences.

16 (c) The commissioner may request an actuarial
17 demonstration that benefits are reasonable in relation to
18 premiums. The actuarial demonstration shall include either
19 premium and claim experience on similar policy forms, adjusted
20 for any premium or benefit differences, or relevant and credible
21 data from other studies, or both. If the commissioner asks for
22 additional information under this subsection, the period in



1 subsection (b) does not include the period during which the
2 insurer is preparing the requested information.

3 §431:10H-GGG Licensing. A producer is not authorized to
4 sell, solicit, or negotiate with respect to long-term care
5 insurance except as authorized by article 9A.

6 §431:10H-HHH Premium rate schedule increases. (a) This
7 section shall apply as follows:

8 (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), this section
9 applies to any long-term care policy or certificate
10 issued in this State after December 31, 2007; and

11 (2) For certificates issued after June 30, 2007, under a
12 group long-term care insurance policy, as defined in
13 paragraph (1) of the definition of "group long-term
14 care insurance" in section 431:10H-104, which policy
15 was in force on July 1, 2007, this section shall apply
16 on the policy anniversary following July 1, 2007.

17 (b) An insurer shall provide notice of a pending premium
18 rate schedule increase, including an exceptional increase, to
19 the commissioner at least thirty days prior to the notice to the
20 policyholders and shall include:

21 (1) Information required by section 431:10H-221;

22 (2) A certification by a qualified actuary that:



- 1 (A) If the requested premium rate schedule increase
- 2 is implemented and the underlying assumptions,
- 3 which reflect moderately adverse conditions, are
- 4 realized, no further premium rate schedule
- 5 increases are anticipated; and
- 6 (B) The premium rate filing is in compliance with
- 7 this section;
- 8 (3) An actuarial memorandum justifying the rate schedule
- 9 change request that includes:
- 10 (A) Lifetime projections of earned premiums and
- 11 incurred claims based on the filed premium rate
- 12 schedule increase and the method and assumptions
- 13 used in determining the projected values,
- 14 including reflection of any assumptions that
- 15 deviate from those used for pricing other forms
- 16 currently available for sale; provided that:
- 17 (i) Annual values for the five years preceding
- 18 and the three years following the valuation
- 19 date shall be provided separately;
- 20 (ii) The projections shall include the
- 21 development of the lifetime loss ratio,



- 1 unless the rate increase is an exceptional
2 increase;
- 3 (iii) The projections shall demonstrate compliance
4 with subsection (c); and
- 5 (iv) For exceptional increases, the projected
6 experience should be limited to the
7 increases in claims expenses attributable to
8 the approved reasons for the exceptional
9 increase. If the commissioner determines,
10 as provided in paragraph (4) of the
11 definition of "exceptional increase" in
12 section 431:10H-104, that offsets may exist,
13 the insurer shall use appropriate net
14 projected experience;
- 15 (B) Disclosure of how reserves have been incorporated
16 in this rate increase whenever the rate increase
17 will trigger a contingent benefit upon lapse;
- 18 (C) Disclosure of the analysis performed to determine
19 why a rate adjustment is necessary, which pricing
20 assumptions were not realized and why, and what
21 other actions taken by the company have been
22 relied on by the actuary;



1 (D) A statement that policy design, underwriting, and
2 claims adjudication practices have been taken
3 into consideration; and

4 (E) If it is necessary to maintain consistent premium
5 rates for new certificates and certificates
6 receiving a rate increase, the insurer shall file
7 composite rates reflecting projections of new
8 certificates;

9 (4) A statement that renewal premium rate schedules are
10 not greater than new business premium rate schedules
11 except for differences attributable to benefits,
12 unless sufficient justification is provided to the
13 commissioner; and

14 (5) Sufficient information for the review of the premium
15 rate schedule increase by the commissioner.

16 (c) All premium rate schedule increases shall be
17 determined in accordance with the following requirements:

18 (1) Exceptional increases shall provide that seventy per
19 cent of the present value of projected additional
20 premiums from the exceptional increase shall be
21 returned to policyholders in benefits;



- 1 (2) Premium rate schedule increases shall be calculated so
2 that the sum of the accumulated value of incurred
3 claims, without the inclusion of active life reserves,
4 and the present value of future projected incurred
5 claims, without the inclusion of active life reserves,
6 will not be less than the sum of the following:
7 (A) The accumulated value of the initial earned
8 premium times fifty-eight per cent;
9 (B) Eighty-five per cent of the accumulated value of
10 prior premium rate schedule increases on an
11 earned basis;
12 (C) The present value of future projected initial
13 earned premiums times fifty-eight per cent; and
14 (D) Eighty-five per cent of the present value of
15 future projected premiums not in subparagraph (C)
16 on an earned basis;
17 (3) If a policy form has both exceptional and other
18 increases, the values in paragraph (2) (B) and (D)
19 shall also include seventy per cent for exceptional
20 rate increase amounts; and
21 (4) All present and accumulated values used to determine
22 rate increases shall use the maximum valuation



1 interest rate for contract reserves, as applicable, as
2 specified in sections 431:5-303 and 431:5-307. The
3 actuary shall disclose as part of the actuarial
4 memorandum the use of any appropriate averages.

5 (d) For each rate increase that is implemented, the
6 insurer shall file for review by the commissioner updated
7 projections, as provided in subsection (b)(3)(A), annually for
8 the next three years, and include a comparison of actual results
9 to projected values. The commissioner may extend the period to
10 greater than three years if actual results are not consistent
11 with projected values from prior projections. For group
12 insurance policies that meet the conditions in subsection (k),
13 the projections required by this subsection shall be provided to
14 the policyholder in lieu of filing with the commissioner.

15 (e) If any premium rate in the revised premium rate
16 schedule is greater than two hundred per cent of the comparable
17 rate in the initial premium schedule, lifetime projections, as
18 provided in subsection (b)(3)(A), shall be filed for review by
19 the commissioner every five years following the end of the
20 required period in subsection (d). For group insurance policies
21 that meet the conditions in subsection (k), the projections



1 required by this subsection shall be provided to the
2 policyholder in lieu of filing with the commissioner.

3 (f) If the commissioner has determined that the actual
4 experience following a rate increase does not adequately match
5 the projected experience and that the current projections under
6 moderately adverse conditions demonstrate that incurred claims
7 will not exceed proportions of premiums specified in subsection
8 (c), the commissioner may require the insurer to implement any
9 of the following:

- 10 (1) Premium rate schedule adjustments; or
11 (2) Other measures to reduce the difference between the
12 projected and actual experience.

13 In determining whether the actual experience adequately
14 matches the projected experience, consideration should be given
15 to subsection (b) (3) (E), if applicable.

16 (g) If the majority of the policies or certificates to
17 which the increase is applicable are eligible for the contingent
18 benefit upon lapse, the insurer shall file:

- 19 (1) A plan, subject to the commissioner's approval, for
20 improved administration or claims processing designed
21 to eliminate the potential for further deterioration
22 of the policy form requiring further premium rate



1 schedule increases, or both, or to demonstrate that
2 appropriate administration and claims processing have
3 been implemented or are in effect; otherwise the
4 commissioner may impose the condition in subsection
5 (h); and

6 (2) The original anticipated lifetime loss ratio and the
7 premium rate schedule increase that would have been
8 calculated according to subsection (c), had the
9 greater of the original anticipated lifetime loss
10 ratio or fifty-eight per cent been used in the
11 calculations described in subsection (c) (2) (A) and
12 (C).

13 (h) For a rate increase filing that meets the following
14 criteria, the commissioner shall review, for all policies
15 included in the filing, the projected lapse rates and past lapse
16 rates during the twelve months following each increase to
17 determine if significant adverse lapsing has occurred or is
18 anticipated:

19 (1) The rate increase is not the first rate increase
20 requested for the specific policy form or forms;

21 (2) The rate increase is not an exceptional increase; and



1 (3) The majority of the policies or certificates to which
2 the increase is applicable are eligible for the
3 contingent benefit upon lapse.

4 If significant adverse lapsing has occurred, is anticipated
5 in the filing, or is evidenced in the actual results as
6 presented in the updated projections provided by the insurer
7 following the requested rate increase, the commissioner may
8 determine that a rate spiral exists. Following the
9 determination that a rate spiral exists, the commissioner may
10 require the insurer to offer, without underwriting, to all in
11 force insureds, subject to the rate increase, the option to
12 replace existing coverage with one or more reasonably comparable
13 products being offered by the insurer or its affiliates;
14 provided that the offer shall be subject to the approval of the
15 commissioner, be based on actuarially sound principles but not
16 on attained age, and provide that maximum benefits under any new
17 policy accepted by an insured shall be reduced by comparable
18 benefits already paid under the existing policy.

19 The insurer shall maintain the experience of all the
20 replacement insureds separate from the experience of insureds
21 originally issued the policy forms. In the event of a request
22 for a rate increase on the policy form, the rate increase shall



1 be limited to the lesser of the maximum rate increase determined
2 based on the combined experience or the maximum rate increase
3 determined based only on the experience of the insureds
4 originally issued the form plus ten per cent.

5 (i) If the commissioner determines that the insurer has
6 exhibited a persistent practice of filing inadequate initial
7 premium rates for long-term care insurance, the commissioner, in
8 addition to subsection (h), may prohibit the insurer from either
9 of the following:

10 (1) Filing and marketing comparable coverage for a period
11 of up to five years; or

12 (2) Offering all other similar coverages and limiting
13 marketing of new applications to the products subject
14 to recent premium rate schedule increases.

15 (j) Subsections (a) to (i) shall not apply to policies for
16 which the long-term care benefits provided by the policy are
17 incidental, as defined in section 431:10H-104, if the policy
18 complies with all of the following provisions:

19 (1) The interest credited internally to determine cash
20 value accumulations, including long-term care, if any,
21 are guaranteed not to be less than the minimum



1 guaranteed interest rate for cash value accumulations
2 without long-term care set forth in the policy;

3 (2) The portion of the policy that provides insurance
4 benefits, other than long-term care coverage, meets
5 the nonforfeiture requirements as applicable in any of
6 the following:

7 (A) Section 431:10D-104; and

8 (B) Section 431:10D-107;

9 (3) The policy meets the disclosure requirements of
10 sections 431:10H-113 and 431:10H-114;

11 (4) The portion of the policy that provides insurance
12 benefits, other than long-term care coverage, meets
13 the requirements as applicable in the following:

14 (A) Policy illustrations as required by part IV of
15 article 10D; and

16 (B) Disclosure requirements, as applicable, in
17 article 431:10D; and

18 (5) An actuarial memorandum is filed with the commissioner
19 that includes:

20 (A) A description of the basis on which the long-term
21 care rates were determined;

22 (B) A description of the basis for the reserves;



- 1 (C) A summary of the type of policy, benefits,
2 renewability, general marketing method, and
3 limits on ages of issuance;
- 4 (D) A description and a table of each actuarial
5 assumption used. For expenses, an insurer shall
6 include per cent of premium dollars per policy
7 and dollars per unit of benefits, if any;
- 8 (E) A description and a table of the anticipated
9 policy reserves and additional reserves to be
10 held in each future year for active lives;
- 11 (F) The estimated average annual premium per policy
12 and the average issue age;
- 13 (G) A statement as to whether underwriting is
14 performed at the time of application. The
15 statement shall indicate whether underwriting is
16 used and, if used, the statement shall include a
17 description of the type or types of underwriting
18 used, such as medical underwriting or functional
19 assessment underwriting. Concerning a group
20 policy, the statement shall indicate whether the
21 enrollee or any dependent will be underwritten
22 and when that underwriting occurs; and



1 (H) A description of the effect of the long-term care
2 policy provision on the required premiums,
3 nonforfeiture values, and reserves on the
4 underlying insurance policy, both for active
5 lives and those in long-term care claim status.

6 (k) Subsections (f) and (h) shall not apply to group
7 insurance policies as defined in paragraph (1) of the definition
8 of "group long-term care insurance" in section 431:10H-104
9 where:

10 (1) The policies insure two hundred fifty or more persons
11 and the policyholder has five thousand or more
12 eligible employees of a single employer; or

13 (2) The policyholder, and not the certificate holders,
14 pays a material portion of the premium, which shall
15 not be less than twenty per cent of the total premium
16 for the group in the calendar year prior to the year a
17 rate increase is filed.

18 (1) "Exceptional increase" for purposes of this section
19 shall be as defined in section 431:10H-104.

20 §431:10H-III Additional standards for benefit triggers for
21 qualified long-term care insurance contracts. (a) For purposes
22 of this section, the following definitions apply:



1 "Chronically ill individual" has the meaning prescribed for
2 this term by section 7702B(c) (2) (A) of the Internal Revenue Code
3 of 1986, as amended. Under this provision, a chronically ill
4 individual means any individual who has been certified by a
5 licensed health care practitioner as:

- 6 (1) Being unable to perform (without substantial
7 assistance from another individual) at least two
8 activities of daily living for a period of at least
9 ninety days due to a loss of functional capacity; or
10 (2) Requiring substantial supervision to protect the
11 individual from threats to health and safety due to
12 severe cognitive impairment.

13 "Chronically ill individual" shall not include an
14 individual otherwise meeting these requirements unless within
15 the preceding twelve-month period a licensed health care
16 practitioner has certified that the individual meets these
17 requirements.

18 "Licensed health care practitioner" means a physician, as
19 defined in section 1861(r) (1) of the Social Security Act, and
20 any registered professional nurse, licensed social worker, or
21 other individual who meets requirements prescribed by the
22 Secretary of the Treasury.



1 "Maintenance or personal care services" means any care the
2 primary purpose of which is the provision of needed assistance
3 with any of the disabilities as a result of which the individual
4 is a chronically ill individual (including the protection from
5 threats to health and safety due to severe cognitive
6 impairment).

7 "Qualified long-term care services" means services that
8 meet the requirements of section 7702B(c)(1) of the Internal
9 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, as follows: necessary
10 diagnostic, preventive, therapeutic, curative, treatment,
11 mitigation and rehabilitative services, and maintenance or
12 personal care services which are required by a chronically ill
13 individual and are provided pursuant to a plan of care
14 prescribed by a licensed health care practitioner.

15 (b) A qualified long-term care insurance contract shall
16 pay only for qualified long-term care services received by a
17 chronically ill individual provided pursuant to a plan of care
18 prescribed by a licensed health care practitioner.

19 (c) A qualified long-term care insurance contract shall
20 condition the payment of benefits on a determination of the
21 insured's inability to perform activities of daily living for an



1 expected period of at least ninety days due to a loss of
2 functional capacity or to severe cognitive impairment.

3 (d) Certifications regarding activities of daily living
4 and cognitive impairment required pursuant to subsection (c)
5 shall be performed by a licensed health care practitioner.

6 (e) Certifications required pursuant to subsection (d) may
7 be performed by a licensed health care practitioner at the
8 direction of the carrier as is reasonably necessary with respect
9 to a specific claim, except that when a licensed health care
10 practitioner has certified that an insured is unable to perform
11 activities of daily living for an expected period of at least
12 ninety days due to a loss of functional capacity and the insured
13 is claiming payment of benefits, the certification may not be
14 rescinded and additional certifications may not be performed
15 until after the expiration of the ninety-day period.

16 (f) Qualified long-term care insurance contracts shall
17 include a clear description of the process for appealing and
18 resolving disputes with respect to benefit determinations.

19 §431:10H-JJJ Penalties. In addition to any other
20 penalties provided by the laws of this State, any insurer or
21 producer found to have violated any requirement of this State
22 relating to the regulation of long-term care insurance or the



1 marketing of such insurance shall be subject to a fine of up to
2 three times the amount of any commissions paid for each policy
3 involved in the violation or up to \$10,000, whichever is
4 greater."

5 SECTION 5. Section 431:10H-104, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
6 is amended by adding three new definitions to read as follows:

7 "Exceptional increase" means only those increases filed by
8 an insurer that are extraordinary and for which the commissioner
9 determines the need for the premium rate increase is justified:

10 (1) Due to:

11 (A) Changes in laws or rules applicable to long-term
12 care coverage in this State; or

13 (B) Increased and unexpected utilization that affects
14 the majority of insurers of similar products;

15 (2) Except as provided in section 431:10H-232, exceptional
16 increases are subject to the same requirements as
17 other premium rate schedule increases;

18 (3) The commissioner may request a review by an
19 independent actuary or a professional actuarial body
20 of the basis for a request that an increase be
21 considered an exceptional increase; and



1 (4) The commissioner, in determining that the necessary
2 basis for an exceptional increase exists, shall also
3 determine any potential offsets to higher claims
4 costs.

5 "Incidental", as used in section 431:10H-HHH(j), means that
6 the value of the long-term care benefits provided is less than
7 ten per cent of the total value of the benefits provided over
8 the life of the policy. These values shall be measured as of
9 the date of issue.

10 "Qualified long-term care insurance contract" or "federally
11 tax-qualified long-term care insurance contract" means an
12 individual or group insurance contract that meets the
13 requirements of section 7702B(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of
14 1986, as amended, as follows:

15 (1) The only insurance protection provided under the
16 contract is coverage of qualified long-term care
17 services. A contract shall not fail to satisfy the
18 requirements of this paragraph by reason of payments
19 being made on a per diem or other periodic basis
20 without regard to the expenses incurred during the
21 period to which the payments relate;



- 1 (2) The contract does not pay or reimburse expenses
2 incurred for services or items to the extent that the
3 expenses are reimbursable under Title XVIII of the
4 Social Security Act, as amended, or would be so
5 reimbursable but for the application of a deductible
6 or coinsurance amount. The requirements of this
7 paragraph do not apply to expenses that are
8 reimbursable under Title XVIII of the Social Security
9 Act only as a secondary payor. A contract shall not
10 fail to satisfy the requirements of this paragraph by
11 reason of payments being made on a per diem or other
12 periodic basis without regard to the expenses incurred
13 during the period to which the payments relate;
- 14 (3) The contract is guaranteed renewable, within the
15 meaning of section 7702B(b) (1) (C) of the Internal
16 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;
- 17 (4) The contract does not provide for a cash surrender
18 value or other money that can be paid, assigned,
19 pledged as collateral for a loan, or borrowed except
20 as provided in paragraph (5);
- 21 (5) All refunds of premiums and all policyholder dividends
22 or similar amounts under the contract are to be



1 applied as a reduction in future premiums or to
 2 increase future benefits, except that a refund on the
 3 event of death of the insured or a complete surrender
 4 or cancellation of the contract cannot exceed the
 5 aggregate premiums paid under the contract; and
 6 (6) The contract meets the consumer protection provisions
 7 set forth in section 7702B(g) of the Internal Revenue
 8 Code of 1986, as amended.

9 "Qualified long-term care insurance contract" or "federally
 10 tax-qualified long-term care insurance contract" also means the
 11 portion of a life insurance contract that provides long-term
 12 care insurance coverage by rider or as part of the contract and
 13 that satisfies the requirements of section 7702B(b) and (e) of
 14 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended."

15 SECTION 6. Section 431:10H-104, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
 16 is amended by amending the definition of "long-term care
 17 insurance" to read as follows:

18 "Long-term care insurance" means any insurance policy or
 19 rider advertised, marketed, offered, or designed to provide
 20 coverage for not less than twelve consecutive months for each
 21 covered person on an expense incurred, indemnity, prepaid, or
 22 other basis, for one or more necessary or medically necessary



1 diagnostic, preventive, therapeutic, rehabilitative,
2 maintenance, or personal care services, provided in a setting
3 other than an acute care unit of a hospital. The term includes
4 group and individual annuities and life insurance policies or
5 riders that provide directly or that supplement long-term care
6 insurance. The term also includes a policy or rider that
7 provides for payment of benefits based upon cognitive impairment
8 or loss of functional capacity. The term shall also include
9 qualified long-term care insurance contracts. Long-term care
10 insurance may be issued by insurers, fraternal benefit
11 societies, nonprofit health, hospital, and medical service
12 corporations, prepaid health plans, health maintenance
13 organizations, or any similar organization to the extent they
14 are otherwise authorized to issue life or health insurance.

15 Long-term care insurance shall not include any insurance
16 policy [~~which~~] that is offered primarily to provide basic
17 medicare supplement coverage, basic hospital expense coverage,
18 basic medical-surgical expense coverage, hospital confinement
19 indemnity coverage, major medical expense coverage, disability
20 income or related asset-protection coverage, accident only
21 coverage, specified disease or specified accident coverage, or
22 limited benefit health coverage.



1 With regard to life insurance, this term does not include
2 life insurance policies [~~which~~] that accelerate the death
3 benefit specifically for one or more of the qualifying events of
4 terminal illness, medical conditions requiring extraordinary
5 medical intervention, or permanent institutional confinement,
6 and [~~which~~] that provide the option of a lump-sum payment for
7 those benefits and in which neither the benefits nor the
8 eligibility for the benefits is conditioned upon the receipt of
9 long-term care.

10 Notwithstanding any other provision contained herein, any
11 product advertised, marketed, or offered as long-term care
12 insurance shall be subject to this article."

13 SECTION 7. Section 431:10H-111, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
14 is amended to read as follows:

15 "~~{}~~§431:10H-111~~{}~~ Right to return; free look provision.

16 Long-term care insurance applicants shall have the right to
17 return the policy or certificate within thirty days of its
18 delivery and to have the premium refunded if, after examination
19 of the policy or certificate, the applicant is not satisfied for
20 any reason. Long-term care insurance policies and certificates
21 shall have a notice prominently printed on the first page or
22 attached thereto stating in substance that the applicant shall



1 have the right to return the policy or certificate within thirty
 2 days of its delivery and to have the premium refunded if, after
 3 examination of the policy or certificate, other than a
 4 certificate issued pursuant to a policy issued to a group
 5 defined in paragraph (1) of the definition of "group long-term
 6 care insurance" in section 431:10H-104, the applicant is not
 7 satisfied for any reason. This section shall also apply to a
 8 denial of an application for a long-term care contract. Any
 9 refund shall be made within thirty days of the return or
 10 denial."

11 SECTION 8. Section 431:10H-112, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
 12 is amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:

- 13 "(b) The outline of coverage shall include:
- 14 (1) A description of the principal benefits and coverage
 - 15 provided in the policy;
 - 16 (2) A statement of the principal exclusions, reductions,
 - 17 and limitations contained in the policy;
 - 18 (3) A statement of the terms under which the policy or
 - 19 certificate, or both, may be continued in force or
 - 20 discontinued, including any reservation in the policy
 - 21 of a right to change premium. Continuation or



- 1 conversion provisions of group coverage shall be
- 2 specifically described;
- 3 (4) A statement that the outline of coverage is a summary
- 4 only, not a contract of insurance, and that the policy
- 5 or group master policy contains governing contractual
- 6 provisions;
- 7 (5) A description of the terms under which the policy or
- 8 certificate may be returned and premium refunded;
- 9 [and]
- 10 (6) A brief description of the relationship of costs of
- 11 care and benefits[-]; and
- 12 (7) A statement that discloses to the policyholder or
- 13 certificate holder whether the policy is intended to
- 14 be a federally tax-qualified long-term care insurance
- 15 contract under section 7702B(b) of the Internal
- 16 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended."

17 SECTION 9. Section 431:10H-114, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
18 is amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:

19 "(a) At the time of policy delivery, a policy summary
20 shall be delivered for an individual life insurance policy that
21 provides long-term care benefits within the policy[-] or by
22 rider. In the case of direct response solicitations, the



1 insurer shall deliver the policy summary upon the applicant's
2 request, but regardless of the request shall make delivery no
3 later than at the time of policy delivery. In addition to
4 complying with all applicable requirements, the policy summary
5 shall also include:

- 6 (1) An explanation of how the long-term care benefit
7 interacts with other components of the policy,
8 including deductions from death benefits;
- 9 (2) An illustration of the amount of benefits, the length
10 of benefit, and the guaranteed lifetime benefits if
11 any, for each covered person;
- 12 (3) Any exclusions, reductions, and limitations on
13 benefits of long-term care;
- 14 (4) A statement that any long-term care inflation
15 protection option required by section 431:10H-220 is
16 not available under this policy;
- 17 (5) If applicable to the policy type, the summary shall
18 also include a disclosure of the effects of exercising
19 other rights under the policy, a disclosure of
20 guarantees related to long-term care costs of
21 insurance charges, and current and projected maximum
22 lifetime benefits; and



1 (6) The provisions of the policy summary listed above may
2 be incorporated into a basic illustration required to
3 be delivered or into the life insurance policy summary
4 [~~which~~] that is required to be delivered."

5 SECTION 10. Section 431:10H-201, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
6 is amended to read as follows:

7 "[+]§431:10H-201[+] Policy definitions. (a) No long-term
8 care insurance policy delivered or issued for delivery in this
9 State shall use the terms set forth in this section, unless the
10 terms are defined in the policy and the definitions satisfy the
11 following requirements:

12 "Activities of daily living" means at least bathing,
13 continence, dressing, eating, toileting, and transferring.

14 "Acute condition" means that the individual is medically
15 unstable. This individual requires frequent monitoring by
16 medical professionals such as physicians and registered nurses,
17 in order to maintain the individual's health status.

18 "Adult day care" means a program for six or more
19 individuals, of social and health-related services provided
20 during the day in a community group setting for the purpose of
21 supporting frail, impaired elderly or other disabled adults who
22 can benefit from care in a group setting outside the home.



1 "Bathing" means washing oneself by sponge bath, or in
2 either a tub or shower, including the task of getting into or
3 out of the tub or shower.

4 "Cognitive impairment" means a deficiency in a person's
5 short- or long-term memory, orientation as to person, place, and
6 time, deductive or abstract reasoning, or judgment as it relates
7 to safety awareness.

8 "Continence" means the ability to maintain control of bowel
9 and bladder function, or when unable to maintain control of
10 bowel or bladder function, the ability to perform associated
11 personal hygiene (including caring for catheter or colostomy
12 bag).

13 "Dressing" means putting on and taking off all items of
14 clothing and any necessary braces, fasteners, or artificial
15 limbs.

16 "Eating" means feeding oneself by getting food into the
17 body from a receptacle (such as a plate, cup, or table) or by a
18 feeding tube or intravenously.

19 "Hands-on assistance" means physical assistance (minimal,
20 moderate, or maximal) without which the individual would not be
21 able to perform the activity of daily living.



1 "Home health care services" means medical and nonmedical
2 services, provided to ill, disabled, or infirm persons in their
3 residences. These services may include homemaker services,
4 assistance with activities of daily living, and respite care
5 services.

6 "Medicare" shall be defined as "The Health Insurance for
7 the Aged Act, Title XVIII of the Social Security Amendments of
8 1965 as Then Constituted or Later Amended[~~7~~]", or Title I,
9 Part I of Public Law 89-97, as Enacted by the Eighty-Ninth
10 Congress of the United States of America and popularly known as
11 the Health Insurance for the Aged Act, as then constituted and
12 any later amendments or substitutes thereof, or words of similar
13 import.

14 "Mental or nervous disorder" means neurosis,
15 psychoneurosis, psychopathy, psychosis, or mental or emotional
16 disease or disorder, and shall not be defined beyond these
17 terms.

18 "Personal care" means the provision of hands-on services to
19 assist an individual with activities of daily living.

20 "Skilled nursing care", [~~"intermediate care"~~], "personal
21 care", "home care", "specialized care", "assisted living care",
22 and other services shall be defined in relation to the level of



1 skill required, the nature of the care, and the setting in which
2 care must be delivered.

3 "Toileting" means getting to and from the toilet, getting
4 on and off the toilet, and performing associated personal
5 hygiene.

6 "Transferring" means moving into or out of a bed, chair, or
7 wheelchair.

8 (b) All providers of services, including but not limited
9 to a "skilled nursing facility", "extended care facility",
10 [~~"intermediate care facility"~~], "convalescent nursing home",
11 "personal care facility", [~~and~~] "assisted living facility",
12 "home care agency", and "specialized care providers" shall be
13 defined in relation to the services and facilities required to
14 be available and the licensure, certification, registration, or
15 degree status of those providing or supervising the services.
16 The definition may require that the provider be appropriately
17 licensed [or], certified[-], or registered; provided that when
18 the definition so requires, it shall also state what
19 requirements a provider shall meet in lieu of licensure,
20 certification, or registration when the state in which the
21 service is to be furnished does not require a provider of these
22 services to be licensed, certified, or registered, or when the



1 state licenses, certifies, or registers the provider of services
2 under another name."

3 SECTION 11. Section 431:10H-202, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
4 is amended to read as follows:

5 "[+] §431:10H-202 [+] **Renewability.** (a) The terms
6 "guaranteed renewable" and "noncancellable" shall not be used in
7 any individual long-term care insurance policy without further
8 explanatory language in accordance with the disclosure
9 requirements of section 431:10H-211. A policy issued to an
10 individual shall not contain renewal provisions other than
11 guaranteed renewable or noncancellable.

12 (b) The term "guaranteed renewable" may be used only when
13 the insured has the right to continue the long-term care
14 insurance in force by the timely payment of premiums and when
15 the insurer has no unilateral right to make any change in any
16 provision of the policy or rider while the insurance is in
17 force, and cannot decline to renew, except that rates may be
18 revised by the insurer on a class basis.

19 (c) The term "noncancellable" means the insured has the
20 right to continue the long-term care insurance in force by the
21 timely payment of premiums during which period the insurer has



1 no right to unilaterally make any change in any provision of the
2 insurance or in the premium rate.

3 (d) The term "level premium" may only be used when the
4 insurer does not have the right to change the premium.

5 (e) In addition to the other requirements of this section,
6 a qualified long-term care insurance contract shall be
7 guaranteed renewable, within the meaning of section
8 7702B(b) (1) (C) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as
9 amended."

10 SECTION 12. Section 431:10H-203, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
11 is amended to read as follows:

12 "[+]§431:10H-203[+] **Limitations and exclusions.** (a) A
13 policy may not be delivered or issued for delivery in this State
14 as long-term care insurance if the policy limits or excludes
15 coverage by type of illness, treatment, medical condition, or
16 accident, except as follows:

- 17 (1) Preexisting conditions or diseases;
18 (2) Mental or nervous disorders; however, this shall not
19 permit exclusion or limitation of benefits on the
20 basis of Alzheimer's disease;
21 (3) Alcoholism and drug addiction;



- 1 (4) Illness, treatment, or medical condition arising out
2 of:
- 3 (A) War or act of war, whether declared or
4 undeclared;
- 5 (B) Participation in a felony, riot, or insurrection;
- 6 (C) Service in the armed forces or units auxiliary
7 thereto;
- 8 (D) Suicide (sane or insane), attempted suicide, or
9 intentionally self-inflicted injury; or
- 10 (E) Aviation (this exclusion applies only to non-
11 fare-paying passengers); [~~ex~~]
- 12 (5) Treatment provided in a government facility (unless
13 required by law), services for which benefits are
14 available under medicare or other governmental program
15 (except medicaid), any state or federal workers'
16 compensation, employer's liability, or occupational
17 disease law, or any motor vehicle insurance law,
18 services provided by a member of the covered person's
19 immediate family, and services for which no charge is
20 normally made in the absence of insurance[-];



1 (6) Expenses for services or items available or paid under
2 another long-term care insurance or health insurance
3 policy; or

4 (7) In the case of a qualified long-term care insurance
5 contract, expenses for services or items to the extent
6 that the expenses are reimbursable under Title XVIII
7 of the Social Security Act or would be so reimbursable
8 but for the application of a deductible or coinsurance
9 amount.

10 (b) This section is not intended to prohibit exclusions
11 and limitations by type of provider [~~or territorial~~
12 ~~limitations~~]. However, no long-term care issuer may deny a
13 claim because services are provided in a state other than the
14 state of policy issue under the following conditions:

15 (1) When the state other than the state of policy issue
16 does not have the provider licensing, certification,
17 or registration required in the policy, but where the
18 provider satisfies the policy requirements outlined
19 for providers in lieu of licensure, certification,
20 registration; or



1 (2) When the state other than the state of policy issue
2 licenses, certifies, or registers the provider under
3 another name.

4 For purposes of this subsection, "state of policy issue"
5 means the state in which the individual policy or certificate
6 was originally issued.

7 (c) This section is not intended to prohibit territorial
8 limitations."

9 SECTION 13. Section 431:10H-211, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
10 is amended to read as follows:

11 "[+]§431:10H-211[+] Disclosure; renewability. (a)
12 Individual long-term care insurance policies shall contain a
13 renewability provision. The provision shall be appropriately
14 captioned, shall appear on the first page of the policy, and
15 shall clearly state the duration, where limited, of renewability
16 and the duration of the term of coverage for which the policy is
17 issued and for which it may be renewed. This provision shall
18 not apply to policies that do not contain a nonrenewability
19 provision, and under which the right to nonrenew is reserved
20 solely to the policyholder.

21 (b) A long-term care insurance policy or certificate,
22 other than one where the insurer does not have the right to



1 change the premium, shall include a statement that premium rates
2 may change."

3 SECTION 14. Section 431:10H-216, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
4 is amended to read as follows:

5 "[+]§431:10H-216[+] Disclosure of tax consequences. With
6 regard to life insurance policies that provide for an
7 accelerated benefit for long-term care, a disclosure is required
8 at the time of application for the policy and at the time the
9 accelerated benefit payment request is submitted that receipt of
10 these accelerated benefits may be taxable, and that assistance
11 should be sought from a personal tax advisor. The disclosure
12 statement shall be prominently displayed on the first page of
13 the policy and any other related documents. This section shall
14 not apply to qualified long-term care insurance contracts."

15 SECTION 15. Section 431:10H-218, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
16 is amended by amending subsection (f) to read as follows:

17 "(f) Every insurer or other entity selling or issuing
18 long-term care insurance benefits shall maintain a record of all
19 policy or certificate rescissions, both state and countrywide,
20 except those that the insured voluntarily effectuated. Every
21 insurer shall annually furnish this information to the insurance
22 commissioner in the format prescribed by the National



1 Association of Insurance Commissioners in Appendix A to the
2 [~~July 1998~~] April, 2002, NAIC Long-Term Care Insurance Model
3 Regulation."

4 SECTION 16. Section 431:10H-221, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
5 is amended by amending subsections (c) and (d) to read as
6 follows:

7 "(c) Upon determining that a sale will involve
8 replacement, an insurer, other than an insurer using direct
9 response solicitation methods, or its producer, shall furnish
10 the applicant, prior to issuance or delivery of the individual
11 long-term care insurance policy, a notice regarding replacement
12 of accident and health or sickness or long-term care coverage.
13 One copy of the notice shall be retained by the applicant and an
14 additional copy signed by the applicant shall be retained by the
15 insurer. The required notice shall be provided in the same
16 manner as shown in [~~Section 12(C) of the July 1998~~] section 14C
17 of the April, 2002, NAIC Long-Term Care Insurance Model
18 Regulation.

19 (d) Insurers using direct response solicitation methods
20 shall deliver a notice regarding replacement of accident and
21 health or sickness or long-term care coverage to the applicant
22 upon issuance of the policy. The required notice shall be



1 provided in the same manner as shown in [~~Section 12(D)~~ of the
2 ~~July 1998~~] section 14D of the April, 2002, NAIC Long-Term Care
3 Insurance Model Regulation."

4 SECTION 17. Section 431:10H-222, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
5 is amended to read as follows:

6 **"§431:10H-222 Reporting requirements.** (a) Every insurer
7 shall maintain records for each producer of the producer's
8 amount of replacement sales as a per cent of the producer's
9 total annual sales and the amount of lapses of long-term care
10 insurance policies sold by the producer as a per cent of the
11 producer's total annual sales.

12 (b) Every insurer shall report annually by June 30 the ten
13 per cent of its producers with the greatest percentages of
14 lapses and replacements as measured in subsection (a). The form
15 shall be in the format contained in Appendix G to the April,
16 2002, NAIC Long-Term Care Insurance Model Regulation.

17 (c) Reported replacement and lapse rates do not alone
18 constitute a violation of insurance laws or necessarily imply
19 wrongdoing. The reports are for the purpose of reviewing more
20 closely producer activities regarding the sale of long-term care
21 insurance.



1 (d) Every insurer shall report annually by June 30 the
2 number of lapsed policies as a per cent of its total annual
3 sales and as a per cent of its total number of policies in force
4 as of the end of the preceding calendar year. The form shall be
5 in the format contained in Appendix G to the April, 2002, NAIC
6 Long-Term Care Insurance Model Regulation.

7 (e) Every insurer shall report annually by June 30 the
8 number of replacement policies sold as a per cent of its total
9 annual sales and as a per cent of its total number of policies
10 in force as of the end of the preceding calendar year. The form
11 shall be in the format contained in Appendix G to the April,
12 2002, NAIC Long-Term Care Insurance Model Regulation.

13 (f) For [~~purposes of this section, "policy" means only~~
14 ~~long term care insurance and "report" means on a statewide~~
15 ~~basis.] qualified long-term care insurance contracts, every
16 insurer shall report annually by June 30, the number of claims
17 denied for each class of business, expressed as a percentage of
18 claims denied. The form shall be in the format contained in
19 Appendix E to the April, 2002, NAIC Long-Term Care Insurance
20 Model Regulation.~~

21 (g) Reports required under this section shall be filed
22 with the commissioner.



1 (h) For purposes of this section:

2 "Claim" means a request for payment of benefits under an in
3 force policy regardless of whether the benefit claimed is
4 covered under the policy or any terms or conditions of the
5 policy have been met. Claims shall be subject to the definition
6 of "denied".

7 "Denied" means the insurer refuses to pay a claim for any
8 reason other than for claims not paid for failure to meet the
9 waiting period or because of an applicable preexisting
10 condition.

11 "Policy" means only long-term care insurance.

12 "Report" means on a statewide basis."

13 SECTION 18. Section 431:10H-226, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
14 is amended to read as follows:

15 "~~{}~~§431:10H-226~~{}~~ **Loss ratio.** (a) Benefits under long-
16 term care insurance policies shall be deemed reasonable in
17 relation to premiums; provided that the expected loss ratio is
18 at least sixty per cent, calculated in a manner that provides
19 for adequate reserving of the long-term care insurance risk. In
20 evaluating the expected loss ratio due consideration shall be
21 given to all relevant factors, including:



- 1 (1) Statistical credibility of incurred claims experience
- 2 and earned premiums;
- 3 (2) The period for which rates are computed to provide
- 4 coverage;
- 5 (3) Experienced and projected trends;
- 6 (4) Concentration of experience within early policy
- 7 duration;
- 8 (5) Expected claim fluctuation;
- 9 (6) Experience refunds, adjustments, or dividends;
- 10 (7) Renewability features;
- 11 (8) All appropriate expense factors;
- 12 (9) Interest;
- 13 (10) Experimental nature of the coverage;
- 14 (11) Policy reserves;
- 15 (12) Mix of business by risk classification, if applicable;
- 16 and
- 17 (13) Product features such as long elimination periods,
- 18 high deductibles, and high maximum limits.
- 19 (b) For purposes of this section, the commissioner shall
- 20 consult with a qualified long-term care actuary.
- 21 (c) Subsection (a) shall not apply to life insurance
- 22 policies that accelerate benefits for long-term care. A life



1 insurance policy that funds long-term care benefits entirely by
2 accelerating the death benefit is considered to provide
3 reasonable benefits in relation to premiums paid, if the policy
4 complies with all of the following provisions:

5 (1) The interest credited internally to determine cash
6 value accumulations, including long-term care, if any,
7 are guaranteed not to be less than the minimum
8 guaranteed interest rate for cash value accumulations
9 without long-term care set forth in the policy;

10 (2) The portion of the policy that provides life insurance
11 benefits meets the nonforfeiture requirements for life
12 insurance;

13 (3) The policy meets the disclosure requirements of
14 section 431:10H-114 as applicable;

15 (4) Any policy illustration that meets the applicable
16 requirements for policy illustration;

17 (5) An actuarial memorandum is filed with the insurance
18 division that includes:

19 (A) A description of the basis on which the long-term
20 care rates were determined;

21 (B) A description of the basis for the reserves;



- 1 (C) A summary of the type of policy, benefits,
2 renewability, general marketing method, and
3 limits on ages of issuance;
- 4 (D) A description and a table of each actuarial
5 assumption used. For expenses, an insurer shall
6 include per cent of premium dollars per policy
7 and dollars per unit of benefits, if any;
- 8 (E) A description and a table of the anticipated
9 policy reserves and additional reserves to be
10 held in each future year for active lives;
- 11 (F) The estimated average annual premium per policy
12 and the average issue age;
- 13 (G) A statement as to whether underwriting is
14 performed at the time of application. The
15 statement shall indicate whether underwriting is
16 used, and if used, the statement shall include a
17 description of the type or types of underwriting
18 used such as medical underwriting or functional
19 assessment underwriting. Concerning a group
20 policy, the statement shall indicate whether the
21 enrollee or any dependent will be underwritten
22 and when underwriting occurs; and



1 (H) A description of the effect of the long-term care
2 policy provision on the required premiums,
3 nonforfeiture values, and reserves on the
4 underlying life insurance policy, both for active
5 lives and those in long-term care claim status.

6 (d) This section shall apply to all long-term care
7 insurance policies or certificates except those covered under
8 sections 431:10H-FFF and 431:10H-HHH."

9 SECTION 19. Section 431:10H-229, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
10 is amended to read as follows:

11 **"§431:10H-229 Standards for marketing.** (a) Every
12 insurer, health care service plan, or other entity marketing
13 long-term care insurance coverage in this State, directly or
14 through producers, shall:

15 (1) Establish marketing procedures to assure that any
16 comparison of policies by its producers will be fair
17 and accurate;

18 (2) Establish marketing procedures to assure excessive
19 insurance is not sold or issued;

20 (3) Display prominently by type, stamp, or other
21 appropriate means, on the first page of the outline of
22 coverage and policy the following:



1 "Notice to buyer: This policy may not cover all of
2 the costs associated with long-term care incurred by
3 the buyer during the period of coverage. The buyer is
4 advised to review carefully all policy limitations.";

5 (4) Inquire and otherwise make every reasonable effort to
6 identify whether a prospective applicant or enrollee
7 for long-term care insurance currently has long-term
8 care insurance and the types and amounts of any such
9 insurance[+], except that in the case of qualified
10 long-term care insurance contracts, an inquiry into
11 whether a prospective applicant or enrollee for
12 long-term care insurance has accident and sickness
13 insurance is not required;

14 (5) Every insurer or entity marketing long-term care
15 insurance shall establish auditable procedures for
16 verifying compliance with subsection (a);

17 (6) If the state in which the policy or certificate is to
18 be delivered or issued for delivery has a senior
19 insurance counseling program approved by the
20 commissioner, the insurer, at solicitation, shall
21 provide written notice to the prospective policyholder
22 or certificate holder of a state senior insurance



- 1 counseling program including the name, address, and
2 telephone number of the program; [~~and~~]
- 3 (7) For long-term care health insurance policies and
4 certificates, use the terms "noncancellable" or "level
5 premium" only when the policy or certificate conforms
6 to section 431:10H-202[~~-~~];
- 7 (8) Provide copies of the disclosure forms required in
8 section 431:10H-EEE(c) to the applicant; and
- 9 (9) Provide an explanation of contingent benefit upon
10 lapse provided for in section 431:10H-233(f).
- 11 (b) In addition to the acts or practices prohibited in
12 article 13 [~~of this chapter~~], all of the following acts and
13 practices are prohibited:
- 14 (1) Twisting. Knowingly making any misleading
15 representation or incomplete or fraudulent comparison
16 of any insurance policies or insurers for the purpose
17 of inducing, or tending to induce, any person to
18 lapse, forfeit, surrender, terminate, retain, pledge,
19 assign, borrow on, or convert any insurance policy or
20 to take out a policy of insurance with another
21 insurer.



- 1 (2) High pressure tactics. Employing any method of
2 marketing having the effect of or tending to induce
3 the purchase of insurance through force, fright,
4 threat, whether explicit or implied, or undue pressure
5 to purchase or recommend purchase of insurance.
- 6 (3) Cold lead advertising. Making use directly or
7 indirectly of any method of marketing which fails to
8 disclose in a conspicuous manner that a purpose of the
9 method of marketing is solicitation of insurance and
10 that contact will be made by an insurance producer or
11 insurance company.
- 12 (4) Misrepresentation. Falsifying a material fact in
13 selling or offering to sell a long-term care insurance
14 policy."

15 SECTION 20. Section 431:10H-230, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
16 is amended by amending subsection (f) to read as follows:

17 "(f) The association shall also:

- 18 (1) At the time of the association's decision to endorse,
19 engage the services of a person with expertise in
20 long-term care insurance not affiliated with the
21 insurer to conduct an examination of the policies,
22 including benefits, features, and rates, and update



1 the examination thereafter in the event of material
2 change;

3 (2) Actively monitor the marketing efforts of the insurer
4 and its producers; and

5 (3) Review and approve all marketing materials or other
6 insurance communications used to promote sales or sent
7 to members regarding the policies or certificates.

8 This subsection shall not apply to qualified long-term care
9 insurance contracts."

10 SECTION 21. Section 431:10H-231, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
11 is amended by amending subsection (c) to read as follows:

12 "(c) To determine whether the applicant meets the
13 standards developed by the issuer, the producer and issuer shall
14 develop procedures that take the following into consideration:

15 (1) The ability to pay for the proposed coverage and other
16 pertinent financial information related to the
17 purchase of the coverage;

18 (2) The applicant's goals or needs with respect to
19 long-term care and the advantages and disadvantages of
20 insurance to meet these goals or needs; and

21 (3) The values, benefits, and costs of the applicant's
22 existing insurance, if any, when compared to the



1 values, benefits, and costs of the recommended
2 purchase or replacement.

3 The issuer, and where a producer is involved, the producer shall
4 make reasonable efforts to obtain the information set out above.

5 The efforts shall include presentation to the applicant, at or
6 prior to application, the "Long-Term Care Insurance Personal
7 Worksheet". The personal worksheet used by the issuer shall
8 contain, at a minimum, information in the format contained in
9 Appendix B of the [~~July 1998~~] April, 2002, NAIC Long-Term Care
10 Insurance Model Regulation, in not less than twelve-point type.

11 The issuer may request the applicant to provide additional
12 information to comply with its suitability standards. A copy of
13 the issuer's personal worksheet shall be filed with the
14 commissioner."

15 SECTION 22. Section 431:10H-231, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
16 is amended by amending subsection (e) to read as follows:

17 "(e) The sale or dissemination outside the company or
18 agency by the issuer or producer of information obtained through
19 the personal worksheet in Appendix B of the [~~July 1998~~] April,
20 2002, NAIC Long-Term Care Insurance Model Regulation is
21 prohibited."

1 SECTION 23. Section 431:10H-231, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
2 is amended by amending subsections (g) and (h) to read as
3 follows:

4 "(g) At the same time as the personal worksheet is
5 provided to the applicant, the disclosure form entitled "Things
6 You Should Know Before You Buy Long-Term Care Insurance" shall
7 be provided. The form shall be in the format contained in
8 Appendix C to the [~~July 1998~~] December, 2006, NAIC Long-Term
9 Care Insurance Model Regulation, in not less than twelve-point
10 type.

11 (h) If the issuer determines that the applicant does not
12 meet its financial suitability standards, or if the applicant
13 has declined to provide the information, the issuer may reject
14 the application. In the alternative, the issuer shall send the
15 applicant a letter similar to the [~~July 1998~~] April, 2002, NAIC
16 Long-Term Care Insurance Model Regulation, Appendix D. However,
17 if the applicant has declined to provide financial information,
18 the issuer may use some other method to verify the applicant's
19 intent. Either the applicant's returned letter or a record of
20 the alternate method of verification shall be made part of the
21 applicant's file."



1 SECTION 24. Section 431:10H-233, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
2 is amended to read as follows:

3 "[+]§431:10H-233[+] Nonforfeiture benefit requirement.

4 (a) This section does not apply to life insurance policies
5 containing accelerated long-term care benefits.

6 (b) To comply with the requirement to offer a
7 nonforfeiture benefit pursuant to section 431:10H-116, the
8 following shall be met:

9 (1) A policy or certificate offered with nonforfeiture
10 benefits shall have coverage elements, eligibility,
11 benefit triggers, and benefit length that are the same
12 as coverage to be issued without nonforfeiture
13 benefits. The nonforfeiture benefit included in the
14 offer shall be the benefit described in subsection
15 ~~[(h)]~~ (j); and

16 (2) The offer shall be in writing if the nonforfeiture
17 benefit is not otherwise described in the outline of
18 coverage or other materials given to the prospective
19 policyholder.

20 (c) If the offer required to be made under section
21 431:10H-116 is rejected, the insurer shall provide the
22 contingent benefit upon lapse described in this section. Even



1 if this offer is accepted for a policy with a fixed or limited
2 premium paying period, the contingent benefit on lapse in
3 subsection (g) shall still apply.

4 (d) After rejection of the offer required under section
5 431:10H-116, for individual and group policies without
6 nonforfeiture benefits issued after June 30, 2000, the insurer
7 shall provide a contingent benefit upon lapse.

8 (e) If a group policyholder elects to make the
9 nonforfeiture benefit an option to the certificate holder, a
10 certificate shall provide either the nonforfeiture benefit or
11 the contingent benefit upon lapse.

12 (f) The contingent benefit on lapse shall be triggered
13 every time an insurer increases the premium rates to a level
14 which results in a cumulative increase of the annual premium
15 equal to or exceeding the percentage of the insured's initial
16 annual premium set forth in the table below based on the
17 insured's issue age, and the policy or certificate lapses within
18 one hundred twenty days of the due date of the premium so
19 increased. Unless otherwise required, policyholders and
20 certificate holders shall be notified at least thirty days prior
21 to the due date of the premium reflecting the rate increase.

22 Triggers for a Substantial Premium Increase



		Per Cent Increase Over
	<u>Issue Age</u>	<u>Initial Premium</u>
1		
2		
3	29 and under	200%
4	30-34	190%
5	35-39	170%
6	40-44	150%
7	45-49	130%
8	50-54	110%
9	55-59	90%
10	60	70%
11	61	66%
12	62	62%
13	63	58%
14	64	54%
15	65	50%
16	66	48%
17	67	46%
18	68	44%
19	69	42%
20	70	40%
21	71	38%
22	72	36%



1	73	34%
2	74	32%
3	75	30%
4	76	28%
5	77	26%
6	78	24%
7	79	22%
8	80	20%
9	81	19%
10	82	18%
11	83	17%
12	84	16%
13	85	15%
14	86	14%
15	87	13%
16	88	12%
17	89	11%
18	90 and over	10%

19 (g) A contingent benefit on lapse shall also be triggered
20 for policies with a fixed or limited premium paying period every
21 time an insurer increases the premium rates to a level that
22 results in a cumulative increase of the annual premium equal to



1 or exceeding the percentage of the insured's initial annual
 2 premium set forth below based on the insured's issue age, the
 3 policy or certificate lapses within one hundred and twenty days
 4 of the due date of the premium so increased, and the ratio in
 5 subsection (i) (2) is forty per cent or more. Unless otherwise
 6 required, policyholders shall be notified at least thirty days
 7 prior to the due date of the premium reflecting the rate
 8 increase.

9 Triggers for a Substantial Premium Increase

10 Per Cent Increase Over

11 <u>Issue Age</u>	<u>Initial Premium</u>
12 <u>Under 65</u>	<u>50%</u>
13 <u>65-80</u>	<u>30%</u>
14 <u>Over 80</u>	<u>10%</u>

15 This provision shall be in addition to the contingent benefit
 16 provided by subsection (f) and where both are triggered, the
 17 benefit provided shall be at the option of the insured.

18 [~~g~~] (h) On or before the effective date of a substantial
 19 premium increase as defined in subsection (f), the insurer
 20 shall:

21 (1) Offer to reduce policy benefits provided by the
 22 current coverage without the requirement of additional



1 underwriting so that required premium payments are not
2 increased;

3 (2) Offer to convert the coverage to a paid-up status with
4 a shortened benefit period in accordance with the
5 terms of subsection [~~(h)~~] (j). This option may be
6 elected at any time during the one-hundred-twenty-day
7 period referenced in subsection (f); and

8 (3) Notify the policyholder [~~and~~] or certificate holder
9 that a default or lapse at any time during the one-
10 hundred-twenty-day period under subsection (f) shall
11 be deemed to be the election offer to convert in
12 paragraph (2) [~~or~~], unless the automatic option in
13 subsection (i)(3) applies.

14 (i) On or before the effective date of a substantial
15 premium increase as defined in subsection (g) above, the insurer
16 shall:

17 (1) Offer to reduce policy benefits provided by the
18 current coverage without the requirement of additional
19 underwriting so that required premium payments are not
20 increased;

21 (2) Offer to convert the coverage to a paid-up status
22 where the amount payable for each benefit is ninety



1 per cent of the amount payable in effect immediately
2 prior to lapse times the ratio of the number of
3 completed months of paid premiums divided by the
4 number of months in the premium paying period. This
5 option may be elected at any time during the one-
6 hundred-twenty-day period referenced in subsection
7 (g); and

8 (3) Notify the policyholder or certificate holder that a
9 default or lapse at any time during the one-hundred-
10 twenty-day period referenced in subsection (g) shall
11 be deemed to be the election of the offer to convert
12 in paragraph (2) if the ratio is forty per cent or
13 more.

14 ~~[(h)]~~ (j) Benefits continued as nonforfeiture benefits,
15 including contingent benefits upon lapse[7] in accordance with
16 subsection (f) but not (g), are described in this subsection, as
17 follows:

18 (1) For purposes of this subsection, attained age rating
19 is defined as a schedule of premiums starting from the
20 issue date which increases age at least one per cent
21 per year prior to age fifty, and at least three per
22 cent per year beyond age fifty;



- 1 (2) For purposes of this subsection, the nonforfeiture
2 benefit shall be of a shortened benefit period
3 providing paid-up long-term care insurance coverage
4 after lapse. The same benefits (amounts and frequency
5 in effect at the time of lapse but not increased
6 thereafter) shall be payable for a qualifying claim,
7 but the lifetime maximum dollars or days of benefits
8 shall be determined as provided in paragraph (3);
- 9 (3) The standard nonforfeiture credit shall be equal to
10 one hundred per cent of the sum of all premiums paid,
11 including the premiums paid prior to any changes in
12 benefits. The insurer may offer additional shortened
13 benefit period options, as long as the benefits for
14 each duration equal or exceed the standard forfeiture
15 credit for that duration. However, the minimum
16 nonforfeiture credit shall not be less than thirty
17 times the daily nursing home benefit at the time of
18 lapse. In either event, the calculation of the
19 nonforfeiture credit is subject to the limitation of
20 subsection ~~[(i)]~~ (k);
- 21 (4) The nonforfeiture benefit ~~[and contingent benefit upon~~
22 ~~lapse]~~ shall begin not later than the end of the third



1 year following the policy or certificate issue
2 date~~[+]~~; provided that the contingent benefit upon
3 lapse shall be effective during the first three years
4 and thereafter;

5 (5) Notwithstanding the [~~preceding sentence, except~~]
6 provisions in paragraph (4), for a policy or
7 certificate with [~~a contingent benefit upon lapse or a~~
8 ~~policy or certificate with~~] attained age rating, the
9 nonforfeiture benefit shall begin on the earlier of:

10 (A) The end of the tenth year following the policy or
11 certificate issue date; or

12 (B) The end of the second year following the date the
13 policy or certificate is no longer subject to
14 attained age rating; and

15 [~~(5)~~] (6) Nonforfeiture credits may be used for all care
16 and services qualifying for benefits under the terms
17 of the policy or certificate, up to the limits
18 specified in the policy or certificate.

19 [~~(i)~~] (k) All benefits paid by the insurer while the
20 policy or certificate is in premium paying status and in paid up
21 status shall not exceed the maximum benefits which would be



1 payable if the policy or certificate had remained in premium
2 paying status.

3 ~~[(j)]~~ (l) There shall be no difference in the minimum
4 nonforfeiture benefits as required under this section for group
5 and individual policies.

6 ~~[(k)]~~ (m) The requirements set forth in this section shall
7 become effective July 1, 2000, and shall apply as follows:

8 (1) This section shall apply to any long-term care policy
9 issued in this State after June 30, 2000; and

10 (2) For certificates issued after June 30, 2000, under a
11 group long-term care insurance policy as defined in
12 paragraph (1) under the definition of "group long-term
13 care insurance" in section 431:10H-104, which policy
14 was in force on July 1, 2000, this section shall not
15 apply~~[-]~~;

16 provided that the provisions in subsections (c), (g), and (i)
17 that pertain to contingent benefits for a policy with a fixed or
18 limited premium paying period shall apply to any long-term care
19 insurance policy or certificate issued in the State after
20 December 31, 2007; provided further that for new certificates on
21 a group policy as defined in section 431:10H-104, the provisions
22 in subsections (c), (g), and (i) that pertain to contingent



1 benefits for a policy with a fixed or limited premium paying
2 period shall apply after July 1, 2008.

3 ~~[(1)]~~ (n) Premiums charged for a policy or certificate
4 containing nonforfeiture benefits or contingent benefit on lapse
5 shall be subject to the loss ratio requirements of section
6 431:10H-226 or 431:10H-HHH, whichever is applicable, treating
7 the policy as a whole.

8 ~~[(m)]~~ (o) To determine whether contingent nonforfeiture
9 upon lapse provisions are triggered under subsection (f), a
10 replacing insurer that purchases or assumes a block or blocks of
11 long-term care insurance policies from another insurer shall
12 calculate the percentage increase based on the initial annual
13 premium paid by the insured when the policy was first purchased
14 from the original insurer.

15 (p) A nonforfeiture benefit for qualified long-term care
16 insurance contracts that are level premium contracts shall be
17 offered that meets the following requirements:

18 (1) The nonforfeiture provision shall be appropriately
19 captioned;

20 (2) The nonforfeiture provision shall provide a benefit
21 available in the event of a default in the payment of
22 any premiums and shall state that the amount of the



1 benefit may be adjusted subsequent to being initially
2 granted only as necessary to reflect changes in
3 claims, persistency, and interest as reflected in
4 changes in rates for premium paying contracts approved
5 by the commissioner for the same contract form; and
6 (3) The nonforfeiture provision shall provide at least one
7 of the following:
8 (A) Reduced paid-up insurance;
9 (B) Extended term insurance;
10 (C) Shortened benefit period; or
11 (D) Other similar offerings approved by the
12 commissioner."

13 SECTION 25. Section 431:10H-235, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
14 is amended to read as follows:

15 " ~~[+]§431:10H-235[+]~~ **Standard format outline of coverage;**
16 **group and individual policies.** This section implements,
17 interprets, and makes specific, the provisions of section
18 431:10H-112 in prescribing a standard format and the content of
19 an outline of coverage, as follows:

20 (1) The outline of coverage shall be a freestanding
21 document, using no smaller than ten-point type;



- 1 (2) The outline of coverage shall contain no material of
2 an advertising nature;
- 3 (3) Text that is capitalized or underscored in the
4 standard format outline of coverage may be emphasized
5 by other means that provide prominence equivalent to
6 the capitalization or underscoring;
- 7 (4) Use of the text and sequence of text of the standard
8 format outline of coverage is mandatory, unless
9 otherwise specifically indicated; and
- 10 (5) The format for outline of coverage shall be
11 substantially similar to the Outline of Coverage in
12 [~~Section 25~~] section 29 of the [~~July 1998~~] April,
13 2002, NAIC Long-Term Care Insurance Model Regulation."

14 **PART III**

15 SECTION 26. Section 431:2-209, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
16 amended by amending subsection (e) to read as follows:

17 "(e) The following records and reports on file with the
18 commissioner shall be confidential and protected from discovery,
19 production, and disclosure for so long as the commissioner deems
20 prudent:

- 21 (1) Complaints and investigation reports;



- 1 (2) Working papers of examinations, complaints, and
2 investigation reports;
- 3 (3) Proprietary information, including trade secrets,
4 commercial information, and business plans, which, if
5 disclosed may result in competitive harm to the person
6 providing the information;
- 7 (4) Any documents or information received from the National
8 Association of Insurance Commissioners, the federal
9 government, insurance regulatory agencies of foreign
10 countries, or insurance departments of other states,
11 territories, and commonwealths that are confidential in
12 other jurisdictions. The commissioner [~~shall be~~
13 ~~authorized to~~] may share information, including
14 otherwise confidential information, with the National
15 Association of Insurance Commissioners, the federal
16 government, insurance regulatory agencies of foreign
17 countries, or insurance departments of other states,
18 territories, and commonwealths so long as the statutes
19 or regulations of the other jurisdictions permit them
20 to maintain the same level of confidentiality as
21 required under Hawaii law."



1 SECTION 27. In codifying the new sections added by
2 sections 2, 3, and 4 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall
3 substitute appropriate section numbers for the letters used in
4 designating the new sections in this Act.

5 SECTION 28. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
6 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.

7 SECTION 29. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2007.



S.B. NO. 1410
S.D. 1
H.D. 1
C.D. 1

Report Title:

National Association of Insurance Commissioners

Description:

Conforms current statutes to recommendations of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC) with respect to: (1) implementing the Military Personnel Financial Services Protection Act; (2) long-term care insurance; and (3) the sharing of information with the insurance regulatory agencies of foreign countries. (CD1)

