H.B. NO. 3189

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO TAXATION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

The purpose of this Act, to be known as the 1 SECTION 1. "Ohana Tax Reduction Act," is to provide an additional personal 2 3 exemption for any dependent age eighteen or younger for families with a federal adjusted gross income of \$200,000 or less and to increase the tax relief provided by the child and dependent care 5 credit provided by section 235-55.6, Hawaii Revised Statutes. 6 Taxpayers with children in Hawaii face a daunting challenge 7 due to Hawaii's high cost of living. From birth, children 8 require items necessary to ensure their safety and growth, both 9 10 physically and mentally. From playpens and safety rails for young children to backpacks, pencils, and paper for school-aged 11 children, parents are faced with providing these necessities to 12 their children. Providing an additional exemption per child 13 would help Hawaii's struggling families to cope with these 14 15 expenses. In addition, Hawaii's high cost of living has forced a 16 growing number of families and dependent providers to enter the 17 18 workforce in order to make ends meet. The cost of childcare and

- 1 elder-dependent care has skyrocketed because of the high demand
- and absolute need for such services in Hawaii.
- 3 The legislature finds that families are faced with little
- 4 alternative with regard to caring for dependents -- either work
- 5 and pay for care; or not work, care for dependents, and verge on
- 6 succumbing to poverty. The legislature further finds that the
- 7 foregoing alternatives are unacceptable for Hawaii taxpayers.
- 8 The purpose of this Act is to provide meaningful financial
- 9 relief to the ohana that care for children and dependents in
- 10 Hawaii.
- 11 SECTION 2. Section 235-54, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 12 amended to read as follows:
- "§235-54 Exemptions. (a) In computing the taxable income
- 14 of any individual, there shall be deducted, in lieu of the
- 15 personal exemptions allowed by the Internal Revenue Code,
- 16 personal exemptions computed as follows: Ascertain the number of
- 17 exemptions which the individual can lawfully claim under the
- 18 Internal Revenue Code, add an additional exemption for the
- 19 taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse who is sixty-five years of age
- 20 or older within the taxable year, and multiply that number by
- 21 \$1,040, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1984. A
- 22 nonresident shall prorate the personal exemptions on account of

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- 1 income from sources outside the State as provided in section 235-
- 2 5. In the case of an individual with respect to whom an
- 3 exemption under this section is allowable to another taxpayer for
- 4 a taxable year beginning in the calendar year in which the
- 5 individual's taxable year begins, the personal exemption amount
- 6 applicable to such individual under this subsection for such
- 7 individual's taxable year shall be zero.
- 8 (b) In computing the taxable income of an estate or trust
- 9 there shall be allowed, in lieu of the deductions allowed under
- 10 subsection (a), the following:
- 11 (1) An estate shall be allowed a deduction of \$400.
- 12 (2) A trust which, under its governing instrument, is
- required to distribute all of its income currently
- shall be allowed a deduction of \$200.
- 15 (3) All other trusts shall be allowed a deduction of \$80.
- 16 (c) A blind person, a deaf person, and any person totally
- 17 disabled, in lieu of the personal exemptions allowed by the
- 18 Internal Revenue Code, shall be allowed, and there shall be
- 19 deducted in computing the taxable income of a blind person, a
- 20 deaf person, or a totally disabled person, instead of the
- 21 exemptions provided by subsection (a), the amount of \$7,000.

1	(d) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008,
2	an individual taxpayer may claim an additional exemption, in
3	addition to the other exemptions in this section, known as the
4	"Ohana exemption." The additional exemption may be claimed for
5	each qualified dependent, age eighteen and under, which the
6	taxpayer may lawfully claim under the Internal Revenue Code.
7	The taxpayer may ascertain the additional exemption by
8	multiplying the number of qualified dependents age eighteen and
9	under that may be lawfully claimed under the Internal Revenue
10	Code by the exemption amount for the respective federal adjusted
11	gross income below:
12	Federal adjusted gross income Ohana exemption amount
13	\$100,000 and under \$1,000
14	\$100,001 up to \$200,000 \$500
15	Over \$200,000 \$0
16	
	For purposes of this subsection, including determination of
17	For purposes of this subsection, including determination of the adjusted gross income limitation, a married couple filing a
17 18	
	the adjusted gross income limitation, a married couple filing a
18	the adjusted gross income limitation, a married couple filing a joint return will be treated as one taxpayer. A husband and
18 19	the adjusted gross income limitation, a married couple filing a joint return will be treated as one taxpayer. A husband and wife filing separate returns for a taxable year for which a

1 SECTION 3. Section 235-55.6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is

2 amended by amending subsections (a), (b), and (c) to read as

3 follows:

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4 "(a) Allowance of credit.

In general. For each resident taxpayer, who files an (1)individual income tax return for a taxable year, and who is not claimed or is not otherwise eligible to be claimed as a dependent by another taxpayer for federal or Hawaii state individual income tax purposes, [who maintains a household which includes as a member one or more qualifying individuals (as defined in subsection (b)(1), for which there are one or more qualifying individuals (as defined in subsection (b)(1) with respect to such individual), there shall be allowed as a credit against the tax imposed by this chapter for the taxable year an amount equal to the applicable percentage of the employment-related expenses (as defined in subsection (b)(2)) paid by such individual during the taxable year. If the tax credit claimed by a resident taxpayer exceeds the amount of income tax payment due from the resident taxpayer, the excess of the credit over payments due shall be refunded to the

1		resident taxpayer; provided that tax credit properly
2		claimed by a resident individual who has no income tax
3		liability shall be paid to the resident individual; and
4		provided further that no refunds or payment on account
5		of the tax credit allowed by this section shall be made
6		for amounts less than \$1.
7	(2)	Applicable percentage defined. For purposes of
8 ,		paragraph (1), the term "applicable percentage" means
9		twenty-five per cent reduced (but' not below fifteen per
10		cent) by one percentage point of each \$2,000 (or
11		fraction thereof) by which the taxpayer's adjusted
12		gross income for the taxable year exceeds \$22,000.
13	(b)	Definitions of qualifying individual and employment-
14	related e	xpenses. For purposes of this section:
15	(1)	Qualifying individual. The term "qualifying
16		individual" means:
17		(A) A dependent of the taxpayer who is under the age
18		of thirteen and with respect to whom the taxpayer
19		is entitled to a deduction under section 235-
20		54(a),
21		(B) A dependent of the taxpayer who is physically or
22		mentally incapable of caring for oneself[, or] and

1			who has the same principal plac	e of abode as the
2			taxpayer for more than one-half	of such taxable
3			year, or	
4		(C)	The spouse of the taxpayer, if	the spouse is
5			physically or mentally incapabl	e of caring for
6			oneself[-] and who has the same	principal place of
7			abode as the taxpayer for more	than one-half of
8	wii		such taxable year.	
9	(2)	Emplo	ment-related expenses.	
10		(A)	In general. The term "employme	nt-related
11			expenses" means amounts paid fo	r the following
12			expenses, but only if such expe	nses are incurred
13			to enable the taxpayer to be ga	infully employed
14			for any period for which there	are one or more
15			qualifying individuals with res	pect to the
16			caxpayer:	
17			i) Expenses for household serv	ices, and
18		(:	i) Expenses for the care of a	qualifying
19			individual.	
20			Such term shall not include any	amount paid for
21			services outside the taxpaver's	household at a

1	camp where the qualifying individual stays
2	overnight.
3	(B) Exception. Employment-related expenses described
4	in subparagraph (A) which are incurred for
5	services outside the taxpayer's household shall be
6	taken into account only if incurred for the care
7	of:
8	(i) A qualifying individual described in paragraph
9	(1)(A), or
10	(ii) A qualifying individual (not described in
11	paragraph (1)(A)) who regularly spends at
12	least eight hours each day in the taxpayer's
13	household.
14	(C) Dependent care centers. Employment-related
15	expenses described in subparagraph (A) which are
16	incurred for services provided outside the
17	taxpayer's household by a dependent care center
18	(as defined in subparagraph (D)) shall be taken
19	into account only if:
20	(i) Such center complies with all applicable laws,
21	rules, and regulations of this State, if the

1	p 6	center is located within the jurisdiction of
2		this State; or
3	(ii)	Such center complies with all applicable laws
4		rules, and regulations of the jurisdiction in
5		which the center is located, if the center is
6		located outside the State; and
7	(iii)	The requirements of subparagraph (B) are met.
8	(D) Deg	pendent care center defined. For purposes of
9	thi	is paragraph, the term "dependent care center"
10	mea	ans any facility which:
1	(i)	Provides care for more than six individuals
12		(other than individuals who reside at the
13		facility), and
14	(ii)	Receives a fee, payment, or grant for
15		providing services for any of the individuals
16		(regardless of whether such facility is
17		operated for profit).
18	(c) Dollar I	imit on amount creditable. The amount of the
19	employment-related	d expenses incurred during any taxable year
20	which may be taker	n into account under subsection (a) shall not
21	exceed [-	

1	(1) \$2,400 if there is one qualifying individual with
2	respect to the taxpayer for such taxable year, or
3	(2) \$4,800 if there are two or more qualifying individuals
4	with respect to the taxpayer for such taxable year.]
5	\$5,000 for each qualifying individual with respect to the
6	taxpayer for such taxable year.
7	The amount [determined under paragraph (1) or (2)
8	(whichever is applicable) of the employment-related expenses
9	shall be reduced by the aggregate amount excludable from gross
10	income under section 129 (with respect to dependent care
11	assistance programs) of the Internal Revenue Code for the
12	taxable year."
13	SECTION 4. Section 235-55.6, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
14	amended by amending subsection (e) to read as follows:
15	"(e) Special rules. For purposes of this section:
16	(1) [Maintaining household. An individual shall be treated
17	as maintaining a household for any period only if over
18	half the cost of maintaining the household for the
19	period is furnished by the individual (or, if the
20	individual is married during the period, is furnished
21	by the individual and the individual's spouse).] Place
22	of abode. An individual shall not be treated as having

1	e	the same principal place of abode of the taxpayer if at
2		any time during the taxable year of the taxpayer the
3		relationship between the individual and the taxpayer is
4		in violation of local law.
5	(2)	Married couples must file joint return. If the
6		taxpayer is married at the close of the taxable year,
7		the credit shall be allowed under subsection (a) only
8		if the taxpayer and the taxpayer's spouse file a joint
9		return for the taxable year.
10	(3)	Marital status. An individual legally separated from
11		the individual's spouse under a decree of divorce or of
12		separate maintenance shall not be considered as
13		married.
14	(4)	Certain married individuals living apart. If:
15		(A) An individual who is married and who files a
16		separate return:
17		(i) Maintains as the individual's home a household
18		that constitutes for more than one-half of
19		the taxable year the principal place of abode
20		of a qualifying individual, and
21		(ii) Furnishes over half of the cost of maintaining
22		the household during the taxable year, and

1	(B) During the last six months of the taxable year the
2	individual's spouse is not a member of the
3	household,
4	the individual shall not be considered as married.
5 (5)	Special dependency test in case of divorced parents,
6	etc. If:
7	(A) Paragraph (2) or (4) of section 152(e) of the
8	Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, applies
9	to any child with respect to any calendar year,
10	and
11	(B) The child is under age thirteen or is physically
12	or mentally incompetent of caring for the child's
13	self,
14	in the case of any taxable year beginning in the
15	calendar year, the child shall be treated as a
16	qualifying individual described in subsection (b)(1)(A)
17	or (B) (whichever is appropriate) with respect to the
18	custodial parent (within the meaning of section
19	152(e)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as
20	amended), and shall not be treated as a qualifying
21	individual with respect to the noncustodial parent.

1	(6)	Payments to related individuals. No credit shall be
2		allowed under subsection (a) for any amount paid by the
3		taxpayer to an individual:
4		(A) With respect to whom, for the taxable year, a
5		deduction under section 151(c) of the Internal
6		Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (relating to
7		deduction for personal exemptions for dependents)
8		is allowable either to the taxpayer or the
9		taxpayer's spouse, or
10		(B) Who is a child of the taxpayer (within the meaning
11		of section 151(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code
12		of 1986, as amended) who has not attained the age
13		of nineteen at the close of the taxable year.
14		For purposes of this paragraph, the term "taxable year"
15		means the taxable year of the taxpayer in which the
16		service is performed.
17	(7)	Student. The term "student" means an individual who,
18		during each of five calendar months during the taxable
19		year, is a full-time student at an educational
20		organization.
21	(8)	Educational organization. The term "educational
22	*	organization" means a school operated by the department

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1		of	education under chapter 302A, an educational
2		org	anization described in section 170(b)(1)(A)(ii) of
3		the	Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or a
4		uni	versity, college, or community college.
5	(9)	Ide	ntifying information required with respect to
6		ser	vice provider. No credit shall be allowed under
7		sub	section (a) for any amount paid to any person
8		unl	ess:
9		(A)	The name, address, taxpayer identification number,
10			and general excise tax license number of the
11			person are included on the return claiming the
12			credit,
13		(B)	If the person is located outside the State, the
14			name, address, and taxpayer identification number,
15			if any, of the person and a statement indicating
16			that the service provider is located outside the
17			State and that the general excise tax license and,
18			if applicable, the taxpayer identification numbers
19			are not required, or
20		(C)	If the person is an organization described in
21			section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and

exempt from tax under section 501(a) of the

1	Internal Revenue Code, the name and address of the
2	person are included on the return claiming the
3	credit.
4	In the case of a failure to provide the information
5	required under the preceding sentence, the preceding
6	sentence shall not apply if it is shown that the
7	taxpayer exercised due diligence in attempting to
8	provide the information so required."
9	SECTION 5. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
10	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
11	SECTION 6. This Act shall take effect upon its approval
12	and shall apply to taxable years beginning after December 31,
13	2007; provided that section 2 relating to amendments made to
14	section 235-54, Hawaii Revised Statutes, shall apply to taxable
15	years beginning after December 31, 2008.
16	$\rho_{\Lambda} \sim V_{\Lambda} / \Lambda$
17	INTRODUCED BY: Cluicky Day
18	BY REQUEST
	JAN 2 2 2008

Report Title:

Income Tax Relief; Ohana Tax Reduction Act

Description:

Provides an additional exemption for those with a dependent aged 18 and under with adjusted gross incomes of \$200,000 or less. Modifies and increases the child and dependent care credit.

JUSTIFICATION SHEET

DEPARTMENT:

Taxation

TITLE:

A BILL FOR AN ACT RELATING TO TAXATION.

PURPOSE:

To provide an additional personal exemption for any dependent age eighteen and younger for households with \$200,000 or less in federal adjusted gross income. In addition, to increase the amount of qualifying expenses eligible for the credit provided in section 235-55.6, Hawaii Revised Statutes (HRS), and to make other housekeeping amendments to conform to section 21 of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC).

MEANS:

Amend sections 235-54 and 235-55.6(a), (b), (c), and (e), HRS.

JUSTIFICATION:

Taxpayers with children, dependent elderly parents, and disabled dependents, face a significant additional financial burden in caring for these dependents. In addition to expenses incurred for the basic care of dependents, taxpayers with school-aged dependents often incur costs associated with the purchase of school supplies, after school programs, and other necessities not funded by the school systems. In light of the increased expenses attributable to caring for children, an additional income tax exemption is warranted to provide economic relief to taxpayers with such dependents. The additional exemption provided by this legislation is known as the "Ohana Exemption." Specifically, this legislation allows taxpayers with dependents age eighteen and younger to claim an additional exemption of \$1,000 for households with income of \$100,000 or less. In addition, this legislation allows taxpayers to claim an additional exemption of \$500 for each dependent age eighteen and under for households with income of more than \$100,000 and up to \$200,000.

The cost of caring for children, disabled dependents, and dependent elderly parents is significant in Hawaii. To ease this burden, this Act increases the amount of qualifying expenses eligible for the credit provided in section 235-55.6, HRS, to \$5,000 per dependent. This legislation also makes other housekeeping amendments to section 235-55.6, HRS, to maintain consistent conformity to section 21, IRC.

Impact on the public: All families with school-aged children, disabled dependents, and dependent elderly parents will benefit from these tax provisions and receive much needed economic relief from the rising costs of education-related and care-related expenses.

Impact on the department and other agencies: The department will be responsible for administering the tax exemptions.

GENERAL FUND:

\$9,000,000 for FY 2009; \$25,900,000 for FY 2010 and thereafter.

OTHER FUNDS:

None.

PPBS PROGRAM
DESIGNATION:

TAX 100.

OTHER AFFECTED AGENCIES:

None.

EFFECTIVE DATE:

Upon approval, and shall apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2007; provided that the amendments to section 235-54, HRS, providing an additional exemption for dependents aged 18 and under, shall apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008.