JAN 1 9 2007

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO PSYCHOLOGISTS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that there is limited
- 2 access to mental health care treatment services for citizens in
- 3 the rural areas of the State. The delivery of comprehensive,
- 4 accessible, and affordable mental health medical care may be
- 5 enhanced by providing trained medical psychologists, licensed in
- 6 Hawaii, with limited prescriptive authority for the specific
- 7 purpose of providing care in federally qualified health centers
- 8 or other licensed health clinics located in federally designated
- ${f 9}$ medically underserved areas. The legislature has previously
- 10 authorized prescription privileges to advanced nurse
- 11 practitioners, optometrists, dentists, podiatrists, osteopaths,
- 12 and physician assistants.
- 13 Psychologists with appropriate credentials have been
- 14 allowed to prescribe medications to active duty military
- 15 personnel and their families in federal facilities and the
- 16 Indian Health Service for years. Recently, Louisiana and New

- 1 Mexico adopted legislation authorizing prescriptive authority
- 2 for psychologists without regard to the service setting.
- 3 Since 2000, fourteen psychologists in Hawaii, all native to
- 4 Hawaii, have received psychopharmacological training through the
- 5 Tripler Army Medical Center, Native Hawaiian Psychology Training
- 6 Program. These psychologists actively collaborate with primary
- 7 care physicians to provide combined therapy and
- 8 psychopharmacological care to a medically underserved patient
- 9 population at seven federally qualified health centers at Bay
- 10 Clinic, Hana, Molokai, Kauai, Waianae, Kalihi-Palama, and
- 11 Waimanalo, and two native Hawaiian healthcare systems clinics
- 12 located in federally designated medically underserved areas on
- 13 Kauai and Molokai.
- 14 To date, thousands of native Hawaiians and other ethnic
- 15 minorities have received the necessary combined therapy and
- 16 psychopharmacological care that was sorely lacking to address
- 17 significant mental and behavioral healthcare needs. For
- 18 example, psychologists at the Waianae Coast Comprehensive Health
- 19 Center completed approximately three thousand eight hundred
- 20 forty patient encounters in 2004; seventy per cent of these
- 21 patients received necessary psychotropic medication for the
- 22 treatment of mental illness. Psychologists in several federally



- 1 qualified health centers in the State have formed successful
- 2 collaborative relationships with primary care physicians for
- 3 mental health treatment of the underserved.
- 4 Psychologists are licensed health professionals with an
- 5 average of seven years of post-baccalaureate study and three
- 6 thousand hours of post-graduate supervised practice in the
- 7 diagnosis and treatment of mental illness. Because the current
- 8 scope of psychologists' practice does not include prescribing
- 9 medications, patients must consult with and pay for another
- 10 provider to obtain the requisite prescription. However,
- 11 physicians are not readily available in some areas and for some
- 12 populations.
- 13 This is a particular hardship for patients of the federally
- 14 qualified health centers on Oahu and the neighbor islands.
- 15 Patients of federally qualified health centers include the
- 16 uninsured (thirty-six per cent), the poor (fifty-six per cent),
- 17 native Hawaiian (twenty-seven per cent, sixty per cent in rural
- 18 areas), other Pacific Islanders (seven per cent), and the
- 19 homeless (five per cent). Timely, efficient, and cost-effective
- 20 treatment of mental illnesses in federally qualified health
- 21 centers could avoid the significantly greater social, economic,

1 and medical costs of delayed treatment or non-treatment for 2 these underserved populations. Research data soundly demonstrates that there are not 3 enough prescribing mental healthcare providers available to 4 serve the needs of all the people in Hawaii. Further, the 5 economically disadvantaged and medically underserved would 6 7 receive little or no mental health services if not for the 8 federally qualified health centers and the services provided by 9 clinical psychologists. At present, only three federally 10 qualified health centers have psychiatrists on staff. In 11 contrast, 2004 data from the Hawaii Primary Care Association indicates that there are 9.71 psychologists employed in full or 12 part-time positions to provide mental/behavioral health service 13 14 in nine of the thirteen federally qualified health centers -- the 15 most recent expansion of these services has occurred within the 16 short span of four years. Since 1988, federal law has recognized the extraordinarily 17 poor health of native Hawaiians. In Hawaii, native Hawaiians 18 have the highest rate of untreated medical and psychological 19 20 concerns, and higher rates than other indigenous and minority

individuals in the United States. Recent concerns include the

impact of the crystal methamphetamine epidemic and related

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- 1 substance abuse issues such as those occurring in Waianae,
- 2 Molokai, and Waimanalo. This epidemic, coupled with the
- 3 economic and cultural distress of the native Hawaiian
- 4 population, has created unprecedented demands for services from
- 5 an already overtaxed mental health system.
- 6 Further exacerbating the dire need for mental health
- 7 treatment in underserved areas is the fact that patients from
- 8 diverse cultural backgrounds are reluctant to seek treatment due
- 9 to the stigma of mental health problems. Timely access to
- 10 accurate diagnosis and effective treatment of emotional and
- 11 behavioral disorders may contribute substantially to the State's
- 12 responsibilities to Hawaii's "Felix" children and needy adults
- 13 in underserved rural areas.
- 14 The United States Congress, through the Native Hawaiian
- 15 Health Care Professions Scholarship program, requires
- 16 scholarship recipients to work in federally designated medically
- 17 underserved areas for a duration (typically four years) equal to
- 18 the number of years they received scholarship funding. Under
- 19 this program, psychologists of native Hawaiian ancestry are now
- 20 using modern training and education to deliver healthcare in a
- 21 culturally appropriate manner to other native Hawaiians through
- 22 their placement in federally qualified health centers, native



- 1 Hawaiian health systems clinics, and other federally designated
- 2 health clinics in medically underserved areas.
- 3 The American Psychological Association has developed a
- 4 model curriculum for the education and training of prescribing
- 5 psychologists. Independent evaluations of the Department of
- 6 Defense Psychopharmacological Demonstration Project by the
- 7 United States General Accounting Office and the American College
- 8 of Neuropsychopharmacology have found that appropriately trained
- 9 medical psychologists prescribe safely and effectively.
- 10 The purpose of this Act is to authorize appropriately
- 11 trained and supervised licensed medical psychologists practicing
- 12 in federally qualified health centers or licensed health clinics
- 13 located in medically underserved areas or in federally
- 14 designated mental health professional shortage areas, to
- 15 prescribe psychotropic medications for the treatment of mental
- 16 illness.
- 17 SECTION 2. Chapter 465, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 18 amended by adding a new part to be appropriately designated and
- 19 to read as follows:
- 20 "PART . PRESCRIPTION CERTIFICATION
- 21 §465-A Definitions. As used in this part, unless the
- 22 context otherwise requires:



"Collaborative relationship" means a cooperative working 1 relationship between a psychologist holding a conditional 2 prescription certificate and a doctor of medicine in the 3 provision of patient care, including diagnosis and cooperation 4 in the management and delivery of physical and mental 5 6 healthcare. "Medical psychologist" means a psychologist who has 7 undergone specialized training in clinical psychopharmacology 8 and has passed a national proficiency examination in 9 10 psychopharmacology approved by the state board of examiners of psychologists and who holds a current prescription certificate 11 issued by the board. 12 "Narcotics" mean natural and synthetic opioid analgesics, 13 and their derivatives used to relieve pain. 14 "Prescribing mental health professional" means a medically 15 trained and licensed physician or psychiatrist. 16 "Psychotropic medication" means only those agents related 17 to the diagnosis and treatment of mental and emotional 18 19 disorders, including controlled substances except narcotics. §465-B Conditional prescription certificate; application. 20 (a) A psychologist may apply to the board for a conditional 21

prescription certificate. The application shall be made on a

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1	form appr	oved by the board, and be accompanied by evidence
2	satisfact	ory to the board, that the applicant:
3	(1)	Holds a current license in good standing to practice
4		psychology in the State of Hawaii;
5	(2)	Has successfully completed a planned sequence of
6		psychopharmacological training from a regional
7	.8	accredited institution of higher learning. The
8		training shall be consistent with the American
9		Psychological Association's Recommended Postdoctoral
10		Training in Psychopharmacology for Prescription
11		Privileges. The training shall include a two year
12		postdoctoral program of no less then thirty credit
13		hours (four hundred and fifty hours classroom
14		instruction) in at least the following core areas of
15		instruction:
16		(A) Anatomy and physiology;
17		(B) Biochemistry;
18		(C) Neurosciences (neuroanatomy, neurochemistry,
19		neurophysiology);
20		(D) Pharmacology and clinical pharmacology;
21		(E) Psychopharmacology;
22		(F) Pathophysiology;



1		(6) hearth assessment, including relevant physical
2		and laboratory assessment; and
3		(H) Clinical pharmacotherapeutics; and
4	(3)	Has successfully completed twelve credit hours
5		consisting of a supervised practicum of at least one
6		year involving four hundred hours treating a diverse
7		population of no fewer than one hundred patients with
8		mental disorders. A licensed healthcare provider who
9		is experienced in the provision of
10		psychopharmacotherapy shall supervise the practicum.
11		The practicum shall include at least two hours of
12		weekly supervision and the supervisor shall not be in
13		the employ of the person being directed or supervised;
14	(4)	Has passed a national proficiency examination approved
15		by the board that tests the applicant's knowledge of
16		pharmacology in the diagnosis, care, and treatment of
17		mental disorders; provided that the board shall
18		establish what constitutes a passing score and the
19		number of times an applicant may re-take the
20		examination within a specific time period;

1	(5)	Has applied for a federal Drug Enforcement
2		Administration registration number for limited use as
3		restricted by state law;
4	(6)	Has malpractice insurance in place sufficient to
5		satisfy the rules adopted by the board that will cover
6		the applicant during the period the conditional
7		prescription certificate is in effect;
8	(7)	Is employed or contracted by, and will practice the
9		prescribing authority at:
10		(A) A federally qualified health center established
11		under title 42 United States Code section 1396;
12		(B) A licensed health clinic located in a federally
13		designated medically underserved area as defined
14		by title 42 Code of Federal Regulations part 62;
15		or
16		(C) A licensed health clinic located in a mental
17		health professional shortage area; and
18	(8)	Meets all other requirements, as determined by rules
19		adopted by the board pursuant to chapter 91, for
20		obtaining a conditional prescription certificate.

Ţ	(b) The board shall issue a conditional prescription
2	certificate if it finds that the applicant has met the
3	requirements of subsection (a).
4	(c) The conditional prescription certificate shall be
5	immediately relinquished by the psychologist if the psychologist
6	no longer meets the requirements of subsection (a).
7	§465-C Conditional prescription certificate; powers,
8	duties, and responsibilities. (a) A psychologist holding a
9	conditional prescription certificate shall continue to hold a
10	current license to practice psychology in Hawaii and continue to
11	maintain malpractice insurance.
12	(b) A psychologist holding a conditional prescription
13	certificate shall inform the board of:
14	(1) The name of the prescribing mental health professional
15	under whose supervision the psychologist will
16	prescribe psychotropic medication and the name of the
17	federally qualified health center; and
18	(2) The licensed health clinic located in a federally
19	designated medically underserved area, or the licensed
20	health clinic located in a mental health professional
21	shortage area, in which the psychologist practices;

- 1 provided that the psychologist holding a conditional
- 2 prescription certificate shall promptly inform the board of any
- 3 change of the prescribing mental health professional.
- 4 (c) A psychologist holding a conditional prescription
- 5 certificate shall maintain an ongoing collaborative relationship
- 6 with the doctor of medicine who oversees the patient's general
- 7 medical care.
- 8 (d) A psychologist holding a conditional prescription
- 9 certificate may administer and prescribe psychotropic medication
- 10 within the recognized scope of the profession, provided that
- 11 those medications are not prohibited by the exclusionary
- 12 formulary list, pursuant to section 465-G. A psychologist who
- 13 holds a conditional prescription certificate may order and
- 14 review laboratory tests in conjunction with the prescription,
- 15 for the treatment of mental disorders.
- (e) A psychologist who holds a conditional prescription
- 17 certificate may prescribe only those medications in subsection
- 18 (d) to patients under the care of the psychologist and who is
- 19 enrolled at a federally qualified health center or clinic
- 20 identified to the board.
- 21 (f) When prescribing psychotropic medication for a
- 22 patient, a psychologist who holds a conditional prescription



- 1 certificate shall maintain an ongoing collaborative relationship
- 2 with the doctor of medicine who oversees the patient's general
- 3 medical care to ensure that:
- 4 (1) Necessary medical examinations are conducted;
- 5 (2) The psychotropic medication is appropriate for the patient's medical condition; and
- 7 (3) Significant changes in the patient's medical or psychological condition are discussed.
- 9 (g) A prescription written by a psychologist who holds a 10 conditional prescription certificate shall:
- (1) Comply with applicable state and federal laws;
- 12 (2) Be identified as issued by the psychologist as
 13 "psychologist certified to prescribe"; and
- 14 (3) Include the psychologist's board number or the
 15 identification number assigned by the department of
 16 commerce and consumer affairs.
- (h) A psychologist holding a conditional prescription
 certificate shall not delegate prescriptive authority to any
 person. Records of all prescriptions shall be maintained in the
 prescribing psychologist's patient records.
- (i) When authorized to prescribe controlled substances, apsychologist holding a conditional prescription certificate



1	shall fil	e with the board, in a timely manner, all individual						
2	federal D	rug Enforcement Administration registration numbers.						
3	§465	-D Prescription certificate. (a) A psychologist may						
4	apply to	the board for a prescription certificate. The						
5	applicati	on shall be made on a form approved by the board and be						
6	accompanied by evidence satisfactory to the board that the							
7	applicant	:						
8	(1)	Has been issued a conditional prescription certificate						
9		and has successfully completed two years of						
10		prescribing psychotropic medication as certified by						
11	. P	the supervising prescribing mental health						
12		professional;						
13	(2)	Has successfully undergone a process of independent						
14		peer review approved by the board of medical examiners						
15		and the Hawaii primary care association;						
16	(3)	Holds a current license to practice psychology in the						
17		State of Hawaii;						
18	(4)	Has malpractice insurance in place, sufficient to						
19		satisfy the rules adopted by the board, that will						
20		cover the applicant as a prescribing psychologist; and						

1	(5)	Meets all other requirements, as determined by rules								
2		adopted by the board pursuant to chapter 91, for								
3		obtaining a prescription certificate.								
4	(b)	The board shall issue a prescription certificate if it								
5	finds that the applicant has met the requirements of subsection									
6	(a).									
7	(c)	A psychologist with a prescription certificate may								
8	prescribe	psychotropic medication if the psychologist:								
9	(1)	Continues to hold a current license to practice								
10		psychology in Hawaii and continues to maintain								
11		malpractice insurance;								
12	(2) Annually satisfies the continuing education									
13	requirements for prescribing psychologists, as set by									
14		the board, which shall be no fewer than twenty hours								
15		each year, at least half of which shall be in								
16		pharmacology or psychopharmacology; and								
17	(3)	Continues to maintain an ongoing collaborative								
18		relationship with the doctor of medicine who oversees								
19		the patient's general medical care to ensure that:								
20		(A) Necessary medical examinations are conducted;								
21		(B) Psychotropic medication prescribed is appropriate								

for the patient's medical condition; and

1	(C) Significant changes in the patient's medical or
2	psychological condition are discussed.
3	§465-E Administration . (a) The board shall adopt rules
4	pursuant to chapter 91 establishing the procedures to be
5	followed to obtain a conditional prescription certificate, a
,6	prescription certificate, and renewal of a conditional
7	prescription certificate and prescription certificate. The
8	board may set reasonable application and renewal fees.
9	(b) The board shall adopt rules pursuant to chapter 91
10	establishing the grounds for denial, suspension, or revocation
11	of conditional prescription certificates and prescription
12	certificates, including provisions for suspension or revocation
13	of a license to practice psychology upon suspension or
14	revocation of a conditional prescription certificate or
15	prescription certificate. Actions of denial, suspension, or
16	revocation of a conditional prescription certificate or a
17	prescription certificate shall be in accordance with this
18	chapter.
19	(c) The board shall maintain current records on every
20	prescribing psychologist, including federal registrations and
21	numbers.

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              The board shall provide to the board of pharmacy an
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    annual list of psychologists holding a conditional prescription
    certificate or prescription certificate that contains the
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    information agreed upon between the board and the board of
4
    pharmacy. The board shall promptly provide the board of
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6
    pharmacy of psychologists with the names of any psychologists
    who are added or deleted from the list.
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         §465-F Narcotics; prohibited. This part shall not be
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9
    construed to permit a psychologist holding a conditional
10
    prescription certificate or prescription certificate to
    administer or prescribe a narcotic.
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         §465-G Exclusionary formulary list. The exclusionary
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    formulary list shall specify the types of medications that
13
    psychologists holding either a conditional prescription
14
    certificate or a prescription certificate shall be prohibited
15
    from prescribing or administering. The exclusionary formulary
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    list shall include the following types of medications:
17
         (1)
             All narcotics;
18
             All monoamine oxidase inhibitors:
19
         (2)
              All anti-psychotic medications;
20
         (3)
21
         (4)
             All amphetamines;
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All non-psychotropic medications;



(5)

1 Lithium: and (6) 2 (7)Serzone. 3 §465-H Joint formulary advisory committee; establishment, composition, and duties. (a) The department of health shall 4 establish a joint formulary advisory committee to periodically 5 review the exclusionary formulary list. 6 7 The joint formulary advisory committee shall recommend amendments to the exclusionary formulary list as it deems fit, 8 9 subject to the limitations set forth in section 465-G. The 10 board of psychology shall adopt the recommended exclusionary formulary list as established by the joint formulary advisory 11 committee in its rules. 12 The joint formulary advisory committee shall review 13 the exclusionary formulary list no less than once per quarter, 14 15 and as frequently as it deems necessary. The joint formulary advisory committee shall consist 16 17 of: Two persons licensed as psychologists by the board of 18 (1) 19 psychology;

One person licensed in psychiatry by the board of

medical examiners;

(2)

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1	(3) One person licensed as a pharmacist by the board of
2	pharmacy; and
.3	(4) One medical director from a federally qualified health
4	center in the State."
5	SECTION 3. Chapter 465, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
6	amended by designating sections 465-1 through 465-15 as part I
7	and to read as follows:
8	"PART I. GENERAL PROVISIONS"
9	SECTION 4. Section 465-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10	amended to read as follows:
11	"§465-3 Exemptions. (a) This chapter shall not apply to:
12	(1) Any person teaching, lecturing, consulting, or
13	engaging in research in psychology insofar as the
14	activities are performed as part of or are dependent
15	upon employment in a college or university; provided
16	that the person shall not engage in the practice of
17	psychology outside the responsibilities of the
18	person's employment;
19	(2) Any person who performs any, or any combination of the
20	professional services defined as the practice of
21	psychology under the direction of a licensed
22	psychologist in accordance with rules adopted by the

1		board; provided that the person may use the term
2		"psychological assistant", but shall not identify the
3		person's self as a psychologist or imply that the
4		person is licensed to practice psychology;
5	(3)	Any person employed by a local, state, or federal
6		government agency in a school psychologist or
7		psychological examiner position, or a position that
8		does not involve diagnostic or treatment services, but
9		only at those times when that person is carrying out
10		the functions of such government employment;
11	(4)	Any person who is a student of psychology, a
12		psychological intern, or a resident in psychology
13		preparing for the profession of psychology under
14		supervision in a training institution or facility and
15		who is designated by a title as "psychology trainee",
16		"psychology student", "psychology intern", or
17		"psychology resident", that indicates the person's
18		training status; provided that the person shall not
10		identify the person's self as a psychologist or imply

(5) Any person who is a member of another profession licensed under the laws of this jurisdiction to render

that the person is licensed to practice psychology;



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or advertise services, including psychotherapy, within
the scope of practice as defined in the statutes or
rules regulating the person's professional practice;
provided that, notwithstanding section 465-1, the
person does not represent the person's self to be a
psychologist or does not represent that the person is
licensed to practice psychology;

- (6) Any person who is a member of a mental health profession not requiring licensure; provided that the person functions only within the person's professional capacities; and provided further that the person does not represent the person to be a psychologist, or the person's services as psychological; or
- (7) Any person who is a duly recognized member of the clergy; provided that the person functions only within the person's capacities as a member of the clergy; and provided further that the person does not represent the person to be a psychologist, or the person's services as psychological.
- (b) Nothing in this chapter shall in any way restrict any person from carrying on any of the psychological activities as defined in section 465-1; provided that such person does not



1	offer	psychological	services	22	defined	in	this	chanter	excent
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- 2 as such activities are incidental to the person's lawful
- 3 occupational purpose.
- 4 (c) A person may use the title of
- 5 industrial/organizational psychologist, provided that the person
- 6 registers with the board, and:
- 7 (1) Is professionally competent in the practice of industrial/organizational psychology; and
- 9 (2) Holds a doctoral degree from an accredited institution
 10 of higher education with training and education in
 11 industrial/organizational psychology, satisfactory to
- 12 the board; and
- 13 (3) Provides psychological service or consultation to
 14 organizations which does not involve the delivery or
 15 supervision of direct psychological services to
- supervision of direct psychological services to
- 16 individuals or groups of individuals, without regard
- 17 to the source or extent of payment for services
- rendered.
- 19 (d) Nothing in this chapter shall prevent the provision of
- 20 expert testimony by a psychologist who is otherwise exempted by
- 21 this chapter.

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[(e) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as 1 permitting the administration or prescription of drugs, or in 2 any way engaging in the practice of medicine as defined in the 3 laws of the State. 1" 4 5 SECTION 5. The Hawaii state health planning and 6 development agency shall submit to the legislature a report, including any proposed legislation, no later than twenty days 7 prior to the convening of the regular session of 2010, 8 9 evaluating the status of mental health care in the State after 10 providing prescriptive authority to certain psychologists. To assist the legislature in assessing the viability of continuing 11 prescriptive authority for psychologists, the report shall 12 include recommendations whether prescriptive authority for 13 psychologists should be amended, repealed, or continued. 14 15 SECTION 6. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed and stricken. New statutory material is underscored. 16 SECTION 7. This Act shall take effect upon its approval 17 and shall be repealed on July 1, 2013; provided that section 18 465-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, shall be reenacted in the form 19

- 1 in which it read on the day before the effective date of this
- 2 Act.

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INTRODUCED BY:

April y Sy

Report Title:

Prescriptive Authority; Psychologists

Description:

Authorizes prescriptive authority for qualified psychologists who practice at a federally qualified health center, a health clinic located in a medically underserved area, or an area federally designated as a mental health professional shortage area.