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A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO LAND USE.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1	SECTION 1. Chapter 46, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended
2	by adding a new section to be appropriately designated and to
3	read as follows:
4	<u>§46-</u> Permissible uses and infrastructure standards
5	within the rural and urban lands district. The counties shall
6	establish by ordinance the land uses permitted and the standards
7	required for infrastructure systems within the rural and urban
8	lands districts."
9	SECTION 2. Chapter 205, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10	amended by adding a new section to part III, to be appropriately
11	designated and to read as follows:
12	" <u>§205-</u> Permissible uses of lands designated as
13	important agricultural lands. (a) All lands designated
14	important agricultural lands shall be restricted to the
15	following permitted uses:
16	(1) Cultivation of crops, including but not limited to
17	flowers, vegetables, foliage, fruits, forage, fiber,
18	and timber;



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1	(2)	Game and fish propagation;
2	(3)	Raising of livestock, including but not limited to
3		poultry, bees, fish, or other animal or aquatic life
4		that are propagated for economic or personal use;
5	(4)	Public institutions and buildings that are necessary
6		for agricultural practices;
7	(5)	Public, private, and quasi-public utility lines and
8		roadways, transformer stations, communications
9		equipment buildings, solid waste transfer stations,
10		major water storage tanks, and appurtenant small
11		buildings such as booster pumping stations, but not
12		including offices or yards for equipment, material,
13		vehicle storage, repair or maintenance, treatment
14		plants, corporation yards, or other similar
15		structures;
16	(6)	Retention, restoration, rehabilitation, or
17		improvements of sites of historic or cultural
18		<pre>importance;</pre>
19	(7)	Roadside stands for the sale of agricultural products
20		grown on the lot;
21	(8)	Buildings and uses, including but not limited to
22		mills, storage, and processing facilities, maintenance



1		facilities, and vehicle and equipment storage areas
2		that are normally considered directly accessory to the
3		uses permitted in this section and are permitted under
4		section 205-2(d);
5	(9)	Agricultural parks;
6	(10)	Agricultural tourism, conducted on a working farm, or
7		a farming operation as defined in section 165-2, for
8		the enjoyment, education, or involvement of visitors;
9		provided that the agricultural tourism activity is
10		accessory and secondary to the principal agricultural
11		use and does not interfere with surrounding farm
12		operations; and provided further that this paragraph
13		shall apply only to a county that has adopted
14		ordinances regulating agricultural tourism under
15		section 205-5; or
16	(11)	Bio-fuels processing facilities; provided that the
17		majority of the feedstock is grown within this state,
18		and alternative energy generating facilities,
19		including the appurtenances associated with the
20		production and transmission of bio-fuels and
21		alternative generated energy; and provided further
22		that such facilities and appurtenances are compatible



1	with agricultural uses and cause minimal adverse
2	impact on important agricultural land.
3	(b) Uses not expressly permitted in subsection (a) shall
4	be prohibited, except the uses permitted as provided in section
5	205-8, and construction of single-family dwellings on lots
6	existing before June 4, 1976. A single dwelling on not more
7	than one acre shall be permitted for the sole use of the
8	landowner or child of the landowner or for the use of a lessee
9	on leased land that is used by the lessee as a working farm or a
10	farming operation, as defined in section 165-2. No other uses
11	shall be allowed by special permit on important agricultural
12	lands.
13	(c) Any other law to the contrary notwithstanding, land
14	designated as important agricultural lands shall only be
15	subdivided as provided in section 205-4.5(e). Any deed, lease,
16	agreement of sale, mortgage, or other instrument of conveyance
17	covering any land within the agricultural subdivision of lands
18	designated important agricultural lands shall expressly contain
19	the restriction on uses and the conditions contained in this
20	section and the restrictions and conditions shall be
21	encumbrances running with the land until such time that the land
22	is no longer designated as important agricultural lands."



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1 SECTION 3. Section 46-15, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 2 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows: 3 "(a) The mayor of each county, after holding a public 4 hearing on the matter and receiving the approval of the 5 respective council, shall be empowered to designate areas of 6 land for experimental and demonstration housing projects, the 7 purposes of which are to research and develop ideas that would 8 reduce the cost of housing in the [State.] state. Except as 9 hereinafter provided, the experimental and demonstration housing 10 projects shall be exempt from all statutes, ordinances, charter provisions, and rules or regulations of any governmental agency 11 12 or public utility relating to planning, zoning, construction 13 standards for subdivisions, development and improvement of land, 14 and the construction and sale of homes thereon; provided that 15 the experimental and demonstration housing projects shall not 16 affect the safety standards or tariffs approved by the public utility [commissions] commission for such public utility. 17 18 The mayor of each county with the approval of the respective council may designate a county agency or official who 19 20 shall have the power to review all plans and specifications for

21 the subdivisions, development and improvement of the land22 involved, and the construction and sale of homes thereon. The



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county agency or official shall have the power to approve or
 disapprove or to make modifications to all or any portion of the
 plans and specifications.

The county agency or official shall submit preliminary 4 5 plans and specifications to the legislative body of the 6 respective county for its approval or disapproval. The final 7 plans and specifications for the project shall be deemed 8 approved by the legislative body if the final plans and 9 specifications do not substantially deviate from the approved 10 preliminary plans and specifications. The final plans and 11 specifications shall constitute the standards for the particular 12 project.

No action shall be prosecuted or maintained against any county, its officials of employees, on account of actions taken in reviewing, approving, or disapproving such plans and specifications.

Any experimental or demonstration housing project for the
purposes hereinabove mentioned may be sponsored by any state or
county agency or any person as defined in section 1-19.

20 The county agency or official shall apply to the state land 21 use commission for an appropriate land use district

22 classification change, except where a proposed project is



1 located on land within an urban or rural district established by the state land use commission. Notwithstanding any law, rule, 2 3 or regulation to the contrary, the state land use commission may 4 approve the application at any time after a public hearing held 5 in the county where the land is located upon notice of the time 6 and place of the hearing being published in the same manner as 7 the notice required for a public hearing by the planning 8 commission of the appropriate county."

9 SECTION 4. Section 205-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10 amended to read as follows:

"§205-2 Districting and classification of lands. (a)
There shall be four major land use districts in which all lands
in the [State] state shall be placed: urban, rural,
agricultural, and conservation. [The] By January 1, 2009, the
land use commission shall group contiguous land areas suitable
for inclusion in one of these four major districts. Lands in

17 the agricultural district shall include agricultural lands not 18 classified by the land use commission for inclusion in one of 19 the other major districts by January 1, 2009. The commission 20 shall set standards for determining the boundaries of each 21 district $[\tau]$; provided that:



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1	(1)	In the establishment of boundaries of urban districts
2		those lands that are now in urban use and a sufficient
3		reserve area for foreseeable urban growth shall be
4		included;
5	(2)	In the establishment of boundaries for rural
6		districts, areas of land composed primarily of small
7		farms mixed with very low density residential lots,
8		which may be shown by a minimum density of not more
9		than one house per one-half acre and a minimum lot
10		size of not more than one-half acre shall be included,
11		except as herein provided; provided further that the
12		land use commission shall give consideration to:
13		(A) The master plan or general plan of the county;
14		(B) Contiguous land areas with soil classified by the
15		land study bureau's detailed land classification
16		as overall (master) productivity rating class C,
17		D, E, or U, not included in the agricultural
18		district by the land use commission by January 1,
19		2009;
20		(C) Agricultural lands with residential subdivisions
21		existing before January 1, 2007; and



1		D) Areas not suited to agricultural and ancillary
2		activities by reason of topography and other
3		related characteristics;
4	(3)	n the establishment of the boundaries of agricultural
5		listricts, the greatest possible protection shall be
6		iven to those lands with a high capacity for
7		ntensive cultivation[+], including:
8		A) Lands with soils classified by the land study
9		bureau's detailed land classification as overall
10		(master) productivity rating class A or B; and
11		B) Lands in active agricultural production on
12		January 1, 2007, with soil classified by the land
13		study bureau's detailed land classification as
14		overall (master) productivity rating class C, D,
15		E, or U; and
16	(4)	In the establishment of the boundaries of conservation
17		listricts, the greatest possible protection shall be
18		given to valuable natural resources, including:
19		(A) Watersheds and water sources;
20		(B) Indigenous or endemic plants, fish and wildlife
21		including those which are threatened or
22		endangered;



1	(C) Park lands, wilderness, and beach reserves;
2	(D) Shoreline and coastal resources;
3	(E) Native forests and other forested areas;
4	(F) Wetlands, natural streams, and lakes;
5	(G) Scenic, historic, archaeological, and cultural
6	areas; and
7	(H) Recreational resources and areas highly
8	susceptible to erosion, landslides, flooding,
9	volcanic hazards, and other conditions which may
10	threaten lives or property.
11	The "forest and water reserve zones" provided in Act
12	234, section 2, Session Laws of Hawaii 1957, are
13	renamed "conservation districts" and, effective as of
14	July 11, 1961, the boundaries of the forest and water
15	reserve zones theretofore established pursuant to Act
16	234, section 2, Session Laws of Hawaii 1957, shall
17	constitute the boundaries of the conservation
18	districts; provided that thereafter the power to
19	
	determine the boundaries of the conservation districts



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1	In establ	ishing the boundaries of the districts in each county,
2	the commi	ssion shall give consideration to the master plan or
3	general p	lan of the county.
4	(b)	Urban districts shall include activities or uses as
5	provided (by ordinances or regulations of the counties within
6	which the	urban district is situated.
7	(c)	Rural districts shall include [activities or uses as
8	character	ized by low]:
9	(1)	Small agricultural or farming operations;
10	(2)	Public institutions and buildings;
11	(3)	Public and private open area types of recreational
12		uses, including campgrounds, picnic grounds, overnight
13		camps, parks, riding stables, golf courses, golf
14		driving ranges, and country clubs;
15	(4)	Educational institutions;
16	(5)	Public utilities;
17	(6)	Low density retail and commercial facilities; and
18	(7)	Low density residential lots of not more than one
19		dwelling house per one-half acre[, except as provided
20		by county ordinance pursuant to section 46-4(c), in
21		areas where "city like" concentrations or people,
22		structures, streets, and urban level of services are
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1	absent, and where small farms are intermixed with low
2	density residential lots except that within a
3	subdivision, as defined in section 484-1, the
4	commission for good cause may allow one lot of less
5	than one half acre, but not less than 18,500 square
6	feet, or an equivalent residential density, within a
7	rural subdivision and permit the construction of one
8	dwelling on such lot, provided that all other
9	dwellings in the subdivision shall have a minimum lot
10	size of one-half acre or 21,780 square feet. Such
11	petition for variance may be processed under the
12	special permit procedure. These districts may include
13	contiguous areas which are not suited to low density
14	residential lots or small farms by reason of
15	topography, soils, and other related characteristics.
16	Rural districts shall also include golf courses, golf
17	driving ranges, and golf-related facilities.];
18	provided that the permissible uses described in this subsection
19	may be further defined by each county by zoning ordinance.
20	(d) Agricultural districts shall include all lands with
21	soil classified by the land study bureau's detailed land
22	classification as overall (master) productivity rating class A
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1	or B, impo	ortant agricultural lands designated pursuant to part
2	III, and	lands classified by the land use commission as
3	agricultu:	ral by January 1, 2009, with soil classified by the
4	land study	y bureau's detailed land classification as overall
5	(master) j	productivity rating class C, D, E, or U, and shall
6	include:	
7	(1)	Activities or uses as characterized by the cultivation
8		of crops, orchards, forage, and forestry;
9	(2)	Farming activities or uses related to animal
10		husbandry, and game and fish propagation;
11	(3)	Aquaculture, which means the production of aquatic
12		plant and animal life within ponds and other bodies of
13		water;
14	(4)	Wind generated energy production for public, private,
15		and commercial use;
16	(5)	Bona fide agricultural services and uses that support
17		the agricultural activities of the fee or leasehold
18		owner of the property and accessory to any of the
19		above activities, whether or not conducted on the same
20		premises as the agricultural activities to which they
21		are accessory, including but not limited to farm
22		dwellings as defined in section 205-4.5(a)(4),



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1 employee housing, farm buildings, mills, storage 2 facilities, processing facilities, vehicle and 3 equipment storage areas, roadside stands for the sale 4 of products grown on the premises, and plantation 5 community subdivisions as defined in section 205-6 4.5(a)(12);

7 (6) Wind machines and wind farms;

8 (7) Small-scale meteorological, air quality, noise, and
9 other scientific and environmental data collection and
10 monitoring facilities occupying less than one-half
11 acre of land; provided that these facilities shall not
12 be used as or equipped for use as living quarters or
13 dwellings;

14 (8) Agricultural parks; and

Agricultural tourism conducted on a working farm, or a 15 (9) 16 farming operation as defined in section 165-2, for the enjoyment, education, or involvement of visitors; 17 provided that the agricultural tourism activity is 18 19 accessory and secondary to the principal agricultural 20 use and does not interfere with surrounding farm 21 operations; and provided further that this paragraph 22 shall apply only to a county that has adopted



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1	ordinances regulating agricultural tourism under
2	section 205-5[; and
3	(10) Open area recreational facilities].
4	Agricultural districts shall not include golf courses and golf
5	driving ranges, except as provided in section 205-4.5(d).
6	Agricultural districts include areas that are not used for, or
7	that are not suited to, agricultural and ancillary activities by
8	reason of topography, soils, and other related characteristics.
9	(e) Conservation districts shall include areas necessary
10	for protecting watersheds and water sources; preserving scenic
11	and historic areas; providing park lands, wilderness, and beach
12	reserves; conserving indigenous or endemic plants, fish, and
13	wildlife, including those which are threatened or endangered;
14	preventing floods and soil erosion; providing forestry;
15	retaining open space areas whose existing openness, natural
16	condition, or present state of use, if retained, would enhance
17	the present or potential value of abutting or surrounding
18	communities, or would maintain or enhance the conservation of
19	natural or scenic resources; providing areas of value for
20	recreational purposes; other related activities; and <u>for</u>
21	providing other permitted uses not detrimental to a multiple use
22	conservation concept.



SECTION 5. Section 205-3.1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 1 2 amended to read as follows: "§205-3.1 Amendments to district boundaries. (a) 3 District boundary amendments involving lands in the conservation 4 district, land areas greater than fifteen acres, or lands 5 delineated as important agricultural lands shall be processed by 6 the land use commission pursuant to section 205-4. 7 Any department or agency of the State, and department 8 (b) or agency of the county in which the land is situated, or any 9 person with a property interest in the land sought to be 10 reclassified under this section may petition the appropriate 11 12 county land use decision-making authority of the county in which the land is situated for a change in the boundary of a district 13 involving lands less than fifteen acres presently in the rural 14 and urban districts and lands less than fifteen acres in the 15 agricultural district that are not designated as important 16 17 agricultural lands. (c) Any person with a property interest in agricultural 18 land meeting the criteria in section 205-2(a)(2) for rural lands 19 may petition the appropriate county land use decision-making 20 authority of the county in which the land is situated for a 21 change in the boundary of a district involving lands less than 22 HB HMS 2007-1519 16

fifteen acres to rural, if the person has dedicated lands for 1 agricultural use pursuant to county ordinance or has designated 2 3 lands as important agricultural lands pursuant to part III. 4 [(c)](d) District boundary amendments involving land areas 5 of fifteen acres or less, except as provided in subsection (b), 6 shall be determined by the appropriate county land use decision-7 making authority for the district and shall not require 8 consideration by the land use commission pursuant to section 9 205-4; provided that such boundary amendments and approved uses 10 are consistent with this chapter. The appropriate county land use decision-making authority may consolidate proceedings to 11 12 amend state land use district boundaries pursuant to this 13 subsection, with county proceedings to amend the general plan, 14 development plan, zoning of the affected land, or such other 15 proceedings. Appropriate ordinances and rules to allow 16 consolidation of such proceedings may be developed by the county 17 land use decision-making authority. 18 The county land use decision-making authority [(d)] (e) 19 shall serve a copy of the application for a district boundary 20 amendment to the land use commission and the department of

21 business, economic development, and tourism and shall notify the 22 commission and the department of the time and place of the



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1 hearing and the proposed amendments scheduled to be heard at the 2 hearing. A change in the state land use district boundaries 3 pursuant to this subsection shall become effective on the day 4 designated by the county land use decision-making authority in its decision. Within sixty days of the effective date of any 5 6 decision to amend state land use district boundaries by the 7 county land use decision-making authority, the decision and the 8 description and map of the affected property shall be 9 transmitted to the land use commission and the department of 10 business, economic development, and tourism by the county 11 planning director."

SECTION 6. Section 205-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, isamended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:

14 "(a) Any department or agency of the State, any department 15 or agency of the county in which the land is situated, or any 16 person with a property interest in the land sought to be 17 reclassified, may petition the land use commission for a change 18 in the boundary of a district. Any person with a property 19 interest in agricultural land meeting the criteria in section 20 205-2(a)(2) for rural lands may petition the land use commission 21 for a change in the boundary of a district involving lands greater than fifteen acres to rural, if the person has 22



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designated other lands as important agricultural lands pursuant 1 2 to part III. This section applies to all petitions for changes 3 in district boundaries of lands within conservation districts, 4 lands designated or sought to be designated as important agricultural lands, and lands greater than fifteen acres in the 5 agricultural, rural, and urban districts, except as provided in 6 7 section 201G-118. The land use commission shall adopt rules 8 pursuant to chapter 91 to implement section 201G-118." 9 SECTION 7. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed 10 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored. 11 SECTION 8. This Act shall take effect upon its approval. 12

INTRODUCED BY: Mele Cansa

Nume nou

JAN 2 4 2007



Report Title: Land use; Important Agricultural Lands

Description:

Requires the Land Use Commission to review and reclassify the land use laws, including the criteria for and uses in the four land use districts; giving the county authority to reclassify qualifying agricultural lands of less than fifteen acres to the rural classification, if the applicant has dedicated agricultural lands or important agricultural lands, and likewise for the Land Use Commission for lands greater than fifteen acres, if the applicant has important agricultural lands; and allowing county experimental/demonstration housing projects on rural lands.

