A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO CHILD PROTECTION.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The legislature finds that as of November 2002, 2 forty-one states have passed safe-surrender laws to protect
- 3 newborn infants who might otherwise be abandoned in an unsafe
- 4 environment. The enactment of laws establishing a safe haven
- 5 for newborn infants in Hawaii is long overdue.
- 6 Current law allows for the prosecution of parents who
- 7 abandon their newborn infants. These parents are often young
- $oldsymbol{8}$ mothers who are unable to deal with the harsh reality of
- 9 parenthood. Their solution is leaving the newborn in a
- 10 populated area with the hope that someone will find and care for
- 11 the child. Although the possibility of prosecution was intended
- 12 to deter mothers from taking such a careless approach, newborn
- 13 infants have suffered and died as the result of abandonment in
- 14 life-threatening situations.
- "Safe-surrender" laws take a different approach by making
- 16 the child's needs the immediate concern, rather than focusing on
- 17 the mother's liability. The goal of these laws is to create a
- 18 system where parents can leave their newborns in a place of



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- 1 safety without fear of being prosecuted for child abandonment.
- 2 Anonymity, confidentiality, and freedom from prosecution for
- 3 parents may encourage them to leave a newborn infant at a
- 4 suitably safe place and thus save the newborn infant's life.
- 5 While established adoption procedures may be preferable, safe-
- 6 surrender laws provide an alternative that saves the lives of
- 7 newborns.
- 8 In 2003, the governor vetoed House Bill No. 133, Conference
- 9 Draft 1, because the governor objected to the individual leaving
- 10 the baby without also leaving medical or genealogical history.
- 11 This Act is nearly identical to House Bill No. 133, but
- 12 addresses the governor's objection by providing that the
- 13 individual is allowed to leave the baby if the individual also
- 14 leaves any known family medical history of major illnesses or
- 15 diseases.
- 16 The purpose of this Act is to establish a safe haven for
- 17 newborns and provide for their future health and safety by:
- 18 (1) Providing immunity from prosecution for persons
- leaving an unharmed newborn at a hospital, fire
- 20 station, or police station;

1	(2) Providing immunity from liability for hospitals, fire
2	stations, police stations, and their personnel, who
3	receive the newborn; and
4	(3) Requesting that the individual leaving the newborn
5	provide any known written information on the family
6	medical history of the child.
7	SECTION 2. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by
8	adding a new chapter to be appropriately designated and to read
9	as follows:
10	"CHAPTER
11	SAFE PLACE FOR NEWBORNS
11 12	SAFE PLACE FOR NEWBORNS S -1 Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the
12	§ -1 Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the
12 13	§ -1 Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:
12 13 14	§ -1 Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires: "Department" means the department of human services.
12 13 14 15	§ -1 Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires: "Department" means the department of human services. "Emergency services personnel" shall have the same meaning
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12 13 14 15 16 17 18	<pre>\$ -1 Definitions. As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires: "Department" means the department of human services. "Emergency services personnel" shall have the same meaning as defined in section 78-52. "Fire station" means a building for fire equipment and firefighters. "Firefighter" means a member of a fire department whose</pre>

- 1 provide health care in the ordinary course of business or
- 2 practice of a profession.
- 3 "Hospital" means a facility licensed as a hospital by the
- 4 department of health and accredited by the Joint Commission on
- 5 Accreditation of Health Care Organizations.
- 6 "Law enforcement officer or police officer":
- 7 (1) Means any public servant, whether employed by the
- 8 State or any county, or by the United States, vested
- 9 by law with a duty to maintain public order, to make
- 10 arrests for offenses, or to enforce the criminal laws,
- 11 whether that duty extends to all offenses or is
- 12 limited to a specific class of offenses; and
- 13 (2) Includes the attorney general, deputy attorneys
- 14 general, county prosecuting attorneys, and deputy
- 15 county prosecuting attorneys engaged in the
- 16 enforcement of criminal law.
- 17 "Police station" means a facility where police officers
- 18 report for assignments, paperwork, and other police business.
- 19 "Unharmed condition" means no evidence of injury to a
- 20 newborn child's physical or psychological health or welfare, as
- 21 evidenced in any case where:
- 22 (1) The newborn child exhibits no:

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1		(A)	Substantial or multiple skin bruising or any
2			other internal bleeding;
3		(B)	Injury to skin causing substantial bleeding;
4		(C)	Malnutrition;
5		(D)	Failure to thrive;
6		(E)	Burn or burns;
7		(F)	Poisoning;
8		(G)	Fracture of any bone;
9		(H)	Subdural hematoma;
10		(I)	Soft tissue swelling;
11		(J)	Extreme pain;
12		(K)	Extreme mental distress;
13		(L)	Gross degradation; or
14		(M)	Death;
15	(2)	The	newborn child has not been the victim of:
16		(A)	Sexual contact or conduct, including but not
17			limited to rape, sodomy, molestation, sexual
18			fondling, or incest;
19		(B)	Obscene or pornographic photographing, filming
20			or depiction; or
21		(C)	Other similar forms of sevual evaloitation.

1	(3)	Injury does not exist to the psychological capacity of
2		a child as evidenced by a substantial impairment in
3		the child's ability to function;
4	(4)	The child has been provided in a timely manner with
5		adequate food, clothing, shelter, psychological care,
6		physical care, medical care, or supervision; and
7	(5)	The child has not been provided with dangerous,
8		harmful, or detrimental drugs, as defined by section
9		712-1240; except in cases where a child's family
10		provides the drugs to the child pursuant to the
11		direction or prescription of a practitioner, as
12		defined in section 712-1240.
13	S	-2 Unharmed newborn children left at hospitals, fire
14	stations,	or police stations; avoidance of prosecution. A
15	person mag	y leave a newborn child with the personnel of a
16	hospital,	a fire station, or a police station without being
17	subject t	o prosecution for abandonment of a child pursuant to
18	section 7	09-902; provided that:
19	(1)	The newborn child was born within seventy-two hours of
20		being left at the hospital, fire station, or police
21		station, as determined within a reasonable degree of

medical certainty;

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1	(2)	The newborn child is left in an unharmed condition;
2		and
3	(3)	The newborn child is accompanied by written
4		information concerning any known family medical
5		history, including major illnesses and diseases.
6	S	-3 Safe place for newborns. (a) The personnel of a
7	hospital	, fire station, or police station, or emergency services
8	personne	l may receive a newborn child; provided that:
9	(1)	The newborn child was born within seventy-two hours of
10		being left at the hospital, fire station, or police
11		station, as determined within a reasonable degree of
12		medical certainty;
13	(2)	The newborn child is left in an unharmed condition;
14		and
15	(3)	The newborn child is accompanied by written
16		information concerning any known family medical
17		history, including major illnesses and diseases.
18	(b)	The personnel of the hospital, fire station, or police
19	station,	or emergency services personnel:
20	(1)	Shall make every reasonable effort to solicit the
21		following information from the person leaving the
22		newborn child:

1		(A)	The name of the newborn child;
2		(B)	The name and address of the parent or person
3			dropping off the newborn child;
4		(C)	The location the newborn child was born;
5		(D)	Information pertaining to the newborn child's
6			medical history;
7		(E)	The newborn child's biological family's medical
8			history; and
9		(F)	Any other information that might reasonably
10			assist the department in determining the best
11			interests of the newborn child, including whether
12			the parents plan on returning to seek custody of
13			the child in the future;
14		prov	ided that the newborn child is unharmed when
15		pres	ented to the hospital, fire station, or police
16		stat	ion; provided further that refusal of the person
17		leav	ing the newborn child to provide such information
18		shal	l not prevent personnel from accepting the newborr
19		chil	d;
20	(2)	May	provide the person leaving the newborn child with
21		info	rmation on how to contact relevant social service
22		agen	cies; and

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- Shall notify appropriate law enforcement agencies that 1 (3) a newborn child was received, for purposes of matching 2 3 the child with missing children reports.
- If a hospital, fire station, or police station 5 receives a newborn child pursuant to subsection (a), any health care provider, firefighter, police officer, or emergency 6 services personnel receiving the newborn child shall perform any 7 act necessary, in accordance with generally accepted standards 8 of their respective professional practice, to protect, preserve, 9 10 or aid the physical health or safety of the newborn child during
- 12 -4 Reporting. Within twenty-four hours of receiving S a newborn child under section -3, the personnel of the 13 hospital, fire station, or police station, or emergency services 14 personnel shall inform the department that a newborn child has 15 been left at the premises; provided however, that the department 16 17 shall not be informed before the person leaving the newborn child leaves the premises. 18
- Immunity. (a) A hospital with responsibility for 19 - 5 performing duties under this chapter, any health care provider, 20 21 or hospital personnel working at the hospital, a fire station 22 and any firefighter or fire personnel, a police station and any

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the temporary physical custody.

- 1 police officer or police personnel, and emergency services
- 2 personnel shall be immune from any criminal liability that
- 3 otherwise might result from their actions, if they are acting in
- 4 good faith in receiving a newborn child, and shall be immune
- 5 from any civil liability that otherwise might result from merely
- 6 receiving a newborn child.
- 7 (b) A hospital performing duties under this chapter and
- 8 any health care provider or hospital personnel working at the
- 9 hospital, a fire station and any firefighter or fire personnel,
- 10 a police station and any police officer or police personnel, and
- 11 any emergency services personnel who are mandated reporters
- 12 under section 350-1.1 shall be immune from any criminal or civil
- 13 liability that otherwise might result from the failure to make a
- 14 report under section 350-1.1 if the person is acting in good
- 15 faith in complying with this chapter.
- 16 § -6 Authority to reunite; placement. (a) Upon
- 17 receiving custody of a newborn child that has been discharged
- 18 from a hospital that received the newborn child pursuant to
- 19 section -3, the department may reunite the newborn child with
- 20 the newborn's parents.
- 21 (b) The department may:

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- (1) Search for relatives of the newborn child as a
 placement or permanency option; or
- 3 (2) Implement other placement requirements that give a
- 4 preference to relatives;
- 5 provided that the department has information as to the identity
- 6 of the newborn child, the newborn child's mother, or the newborn
- 7 child's father.
- 8 -7 Status of child. Except as otherwise provided in
- 9 section 709-902, for purposes of proceedings under this chapter
- 10 and adoption proceedings, a newborn child left at a hospital,
- 11 fire station, or police station under section -2 shall be
- 12 considered an abandoned child."
- 13 SECTION 3. Section 709-902, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 14 amended to read as follows:
- 15 "§709-902 Abandonment of a child. (1) A person commits
- 16 the offense of abandonment of a child if, being a parent,
- 17 quardian, or other person legally charged with the care or
- 18 custody of a child less than fourteen years old, the person
- 19 deserts the child in any place with intent to abandon it.
- 20 (2) Leaving a newborn child at a hospital, fire station,
- 21 or police station pursuant to section -2 shall not constitute
- 22 a violation of this section.



- 1 $\left[\frac{(2)}{(2)}\right]$ (3) Abandonment of a child is a $\left[\frac{\text{misdemeanor.}}{(2)}\right]$ class
- 2 C felony."
- 3 SECTION 4. This Act does not affect rights and duties that
- 4 matured, penalties that were incurred, and proceedings that were
- 5 begun before its effective date.
- 6 SECTION 5. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
- 7 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
- 8 SECTION 6. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

Report Title:

Abandoned Children; Safe Haven; Immunity from Prosecution

Description:

Provides immunity from prosecution for leaving an unharmed newborn at certain safe havens within 72 hours of birth. Provides immunity from liability for personnel at the safe havens for receiving a newborn. Requires safe haven personnel to make an effort to obtain information on the infant. (HB1830 HD1)