HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES TWENTY-FOURTH LEGISLATURE, 2007 STATE OF HAWAII

H.B. NO. 1504

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO THE BLIND PERSONS' AND LITERACY RIGHTS AND EDUCATION ACT.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

SECTION 1. Chapter 302A, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
amended by adding a new part to be appropriately designated and
to read as follows:

4 . THE BLIND PERSONS' LITERARY RIGHTS AND EDUCATION ACT "PART 5 §302A-A Purpose. The purpose of this part is to assure that the individualized education program of each blind or 6 7 visually impaired child includes provisions for instruction in 8 braille and the use of braille appropriate to the child's 9 current and future literacy needs. In addition, the purpose of 10 this part is to establish standards of proficiency and 11 instruction and to provide braille materials in a timely 12 fashion. Finally, this part seeks to require the certification 13 and re-certification of teachers in accordance with braille 14 literacy standards.

15 §302A-B Definitions. As used in this part, "blind or 16 visually impaired child" means an individual who is eligible for 17 special education services and who:



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(1) Has a visual acuity of 20/200 or less in the better
eye with correcting lenses or has a limited field of
vision such that the widest diameter subtends an
angular distance of no greater than twenty degrees; or
(2) Has a medically indicated expectation of visual
deterioration.

7 §302A-C Individualized education program. In developing the individualized education program in the case of a child who 8 is blind or visually impaired, provision shall be made for 9 10 instruction in braille and the use of braille unless the 11 individualized education program team determines, after an 12 evaluation of the child's reading and writing skills, needs, and 13 appropriate reading and writing media, including an evaluation 14 of the child's future needs for instruction in braille or the 15 use of braille, that the instruction or use is not appropriate 16 for the child. Nothing in this section requires the exclusive 17 use of braille if other special education services are 18 appropriate to the child's educational needs. The provision of 19 other appropriate services shall not preclude braille use or 20 instruction.

21 §302A-D Standards of competency and instruction.

22 Instruction in braille reading and writing shall be sufficient



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1	to enable each blind or visually impaired child to communicate	
2	effective	ly and efficiently with the same level of proficiency
3	expected	of the child's peers of comparable ability and grade
4	level. T	he child's individualized education program shall
5	specify:	
6	(1)	The results obtained from the evaluations required
7		under this section;
8	(2)	How braille will be implemented as the primary mode
9		for learning through integration with other classroom
10		activities;
11	(3)	The date on which braille instruction will commence;
12	(4)	The length of the period of instruction and the
13		frequency and duration of a typical instructional
14		session;
15	(5)	The level of competency in braille reading and writing
16		to be achieved by the end of the period and the
17		objective assessment measures to be used; and
18	(6)	Whether a decision has been made under section 302A-C
19		that braille instruction or use is not required for
20		the child.
21	§302	A-E Instructional materials. All publishers of
22	textbooks	, including texts in electronic media sold to the State



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1 or any local education agency, including postsecondary 2 institutions, shall furnish an electronic version in which the 3 content: Is encoded in text suitable for conversion into 4 (1)braille or synthesized speech; and 5 6 (2)Has been prepared using a markup language that 7 maintains the structural integrity of the information 8 and can be processed by braille translation software. 9 §302A-F Certification. As part of the certification and renewal process, teachers certified in the education of blind 10 11 and visually impaired children shall be required to demonstrate 12 competence in reading and writing braille. The department may 13 not issue or renew a license to teach the visually impaired unless the applicant demonstrates, based upon standards adopted 14 15 by the National Library Science for the Blind and Physically 16 Handicapped, Library of Congress, that the applicant is 17 proficient in reading and writing braille." 18 SECTION 2. In codifying the new sections added by section 19 1 of this Act, the revisor of statutes shall substitute 20 appropriate section numbers for the letters used in designating 21 the new sections in this Act.



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1 2 SECTION 3. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2007.

INTRODUCED BY:

JAN 2 3 2007



Report Title:

Education; Braille Standards

Description:

Assures individualized education programs for blind or visually impaired children including provisions for instruction in braille. Establishes standards of proficiency and instruction. Provides materials in a computer-accessible format capable of braille reproduction. Requires certification and re-certification of teachers in accordance with braille literacy standards.

