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A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO INNOVATION IN EDUCATION

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

SECTION 1. The Legislature finds that Hawaii's desire for
 economic growth that benefits all residents depends on building
 our state's human resources.

Realization of Hawaii's longstanding desire for economic
diversification and sustainability turns on applying that highskill human resource to the creation and adoption of innovation
across the economy.

8 Hawaii now also faces the challenge of a globally
9 interconnected economy. Global competition will determine where
10 a product or service is produced, where it is sold and who
11 captures its value.

Hawaii's continued prosperity and ability to preserve its quality of life and preferred life-style depends on the state's investment in human resource and innovation as the driver of economic development and as the State's response to the challenge of globalization.

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1 The Vision

Hawaii's economic development policy should shift toward
developing its human resources and its innovation capacity.
Hawaii's human resource potential is its greatest underutilized economic development driver. Increasing Hawaii's
innovation capacity will enable its companies and citizens to
compete in a global economy. Unleashing both is the key to
Hawaii's future prosperity.

9 The two are integrally inter-related. Without high-skilled
10 human resource, innovation will not occur or be applied.
11 Without innovation, there will not be the demand for that human
12 resource.

13 Innovation and What it Accomplishes

Innovation is the dynamic process whereby Hawaii creates and introduces new ideas and new approaches to accomplish tasks. It is the process of nurturing ideas, turning them into products or services and into value, revenues and income.

Innovation often is the result of scientific discovery –
but it's more than that. It is a process which links together
Hawaii's knowledge, assets and networks of human capital to
transform ideas, insights and invention into new processes,
products and services that capture market share.

1 Innovation's measurable results are new or improved 2 products, service or production process; the opening up of a new 3 market; the adoption of a new technology; or an improvement to a 4 business organization or process. 5 Innovation is industry-agnostic; government does not pick winner or losers. Innovation applies to Hawaii's existing and 6 7 new industries. 8 Innovation will increase Hawaii's standard of living through steady growth in productivity. Productivity growth 9 depends on human capital and innovation capacity. Innovation 10 increases value and income either by reducing bottom line costs 11 - applying technology in ways that lower costs in order to 12 compete - or by growing top line revenues through the 13 introduction of new or differentiated products and services that 14 command a price premium in the market. 15 Innovation will lead to sustainability. We will achieve 16

16 Innovation will lead to sustainability. We will achieve 17 increases in our gross state output with use of fewer natural 18 resources, including land.

19 Innovation will lead to economic diversification. It will
20 lead to new innovation- and knowledge-intensive companies with
21 higher-paying jobs in areas where Hawaii has natural competitive
22 advantages.

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Innovation will grow Hawaii's traditional industries with 1 2 increased productivity and higher-paying jobs. Innovation has 3 been part of Hawaii's history: Without innovation, our sugar and pineapple industries could not have survived facing hostile 4 trade practices on a high-cost, isolated and distant mid-Pacific 5 land mass. 6 The Policy Framework 7 8 The following are 10 key interrelated policy components of a multi-year initiative to transform Hawaii's economy toward 9 human resource development and innovation: 10 (1) Graduates from Hawaii's secondary education system 11 with analytical and problem-solving skills that come 12 from exposure to rigorous science, technology, 13 engineering and math (STEM) education. 14 An environment that efficiently and transparently 15 (2) deploys public resources to encourage the creation of 16 products and services that are globally competitive. 17 Regulatory and tax policies that reward productivity. 18 (3) A higher education system that drives human resource 19 (4)development and innovation. 20

1	(5)	A high-skilled workforce based on individual choice
2		and employer needs to encourage lifetime learning and
3		skill building.
4	(6)	An environment that encourages risk-taking and
5		creativity.
6	(7)	Links to innovation and creativity centers in the
7		Asia-Pacific region that encourage the flow of people,
8		products and ideas.
9	(8)	Broadened access to technology tools, including
10		wireless broadband service on all islands.
11	(9)	Quality assurance and accountability measures,
12		consistent with best practices as set out by credible
13		local and national experts.
14	(10)	Government leading innovation by example.
15		
16	The	above requires a fundamental re-thinking and
17	realignme	nt of public resources dedicated to secondary and
18	higher ed	ucation, workforce and economic development into a
19	comprehen	sive framework to encourage human resource development
20	and innov	ation capacity in Hawaii's economy. The success of
21	this real	ignment will be nothing short of a restructuring of
22	Hawaii's	economy.

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1	A multiple-year strategy is necessary to achieve the
2	"innovation economy".
3	This Act is part of an initial package of initiatives
4	focusing on innovation introduced for the 2007 Legislative
5	Session. Together with its companion bills, this package begins
6	to achieve -
7	A 21 st Century workforce with science, technology,
8	engineering, math and problem-solving skills sufficient to
9	ensure innovation and sustainability of Hawaii's economy;
10	Higher education institutions as "drivers" for innovation;
11	Continued public investment in the state's innovation
12	infrastructure;
13	Addressing the capital gap for Hawaii's emerging technology
14	and creative industry companies;
15	Opportunities for incumbent workers to engage in life-long
16	learning and skill-building;
17	Residents and businesses with international exposure,
18	orientation and skills to interact with and compete in a
19	global economy;
20	An innovation environment that encourages the creation of
21	new products and services that command global market share;
22	and

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Analytical capability to assess policy performance and

progress toward innovation economy objectives.
In particular, this Act addresses the concern that Hawaii's
need for a workforce that is more skilled and competitive in
science and technology is growing. Data show that due to the
aging of the workforce, we will have increasingly more skilled
jobs opening up in the coming years than we will have young

8 people trained and ready to fill them.

A major problem is that our education system is not 9 preparing an adequate number of high school graduates with the 10 basic science, technology, engineering and math (STEM) skills 11 needed to move easily into pre-engineering and science at either 12 13 the four-year college level, or into the technology programs of the community colleges. In fact, high school students appear to 14 be moving away from science and technology. For instance, 15 enrollments in the college of engineering at the university of 16 Hawaii are currently down roughly twenty-five per cent from the 17 mid-1980s. Moreover, according to the national center for 18 public policy and higher education, only eighteen per cent of 19 Hawaii's eighth graders test proficient in math compared with 20 thirty-eight per cent among the top states. In science only 21

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fifteen per cent of Hawaii eighth graders test proficient
 compared with forty-one per cent among the top states.

However, over the last decade new approaches to generating 3 higher participation and achievement by high school students in 4 technical areas have emerged, in the form of technical academies 5 run at selected high schools and effective contextual (learning 6 in the context of practical applications) learning programs such 7 as FIRST (fostering interest and respect for science and 8 technology) robotics and project EAST. The academy model mixes 9 high-quality instruction with practical, project-based 10

11 contextual learning experiences that generate enthusiasm among 12 students and show them the practical application of the academic 13 skills.

14 In Hawaii, the pioneering academy efforts were CISCO academies, sponsored by computer network equipment giant CISCO 15 to create a pool of computer network skilled high school 16 graduates. Leveraging the success of the CISCO academy, the 17 18 community colleges, with the department of education and the private sector, developed construction academies that created a 19 pool of apprenticeship-ready high school graduates for the 20 construction industry. There are now twenty-three CISCO 21 22 academies and twenty-seven construction academies in operation

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1 at high schools around the state. These academies provide both 2 high school and college credit that meet DOE standards and college standards. Since 2000, nineteen hundred students have 3 graduated from the CISCO academies. There are currently about 4 one thousand students enrolled in construction academies. The 5 6 Hawaii construction academy is recognized as a national best 7 practice and has been presented at national forums such as the U.S. department of labor's annual workforce innovations meeting 8 9 of the nation's employment and training community.

10 The successful CISCO and construction academy models have 11 the advantage of supplementing the existing academic environment with high quality, project-based learning without taxing the 12 resources of the existing schools as they struggle to meet the 13 many mandates for improvement and change that they face. 14 The academies utilize existing facilities and provide training and 15 16 resource assets for the programs and faculty of their respective high school campuses. By providing high quality, standards-17 based instruction, they reduce the cost of remedial education 18 usually needed to bring entering students up to college 19 standards. Very importantly, they instill confidence in average 20 students that they are capable of academic achievement beyond 21 their expectations. 22

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1 There are two major challenges. The first is the difficulty that practicing teachers face in keeping up with 2 3 content changes that occur ever more rapidly. The second is 4 that too many science and math classes are taught by teachers 5 that are not qualified in these subjects, particularly in the elementary and middle schools. The center for the study of 6 teaching has reported that the most consistent and powerful 7 predictor of student achievement in science and mathematics was 8 9 the presence of teachers who were fully certified and had at 10 least a bachelor's degree in the subjects taught.

Innovative programs such as the one developed by the university of Hawaii college of engineering are helping to update the STEM skills and knowledge of middle school teachers and improving the curriculum for teaching STEM to students, but there is need for more flexible programs to reach more teachers.

Another important component in developing strong STEM
skills is the opportunity for students to participate in an
internship program at either the high school or college level.
This experience greatly enhances their educational preparation
and provides a clearer understanding of career possibilities.
In addition to technical knowledge and skills, students acquire

experience in a professional setting and a better understanding
 of the expectations they will face on the job.

The final link in the education pipeline, universally 3 recognized as critical to the success of a knowledge-based 4 economy, is a vibrant postsecondary education system that meets 5 not only the traditional education expectations of its citizens, 6 but becomes a true partner in addressing the needs of the state 7 to have a highly skilled workforce, create knowledge-based 8 products and services, and provide the global orientation and 9 entrepreneurial skills required to succeed in today's world. 10 One proven way to enhance that strength is by retaining and 11 recruiting distinguished faculty through the endowment of 12 13 faculty chairs.

Recruiting more prestigious faculty will result in an improved academic and research reputation, which will further enhance the university's ability to attract top talent. Other impacts should include: increased research funding; supporting additional students and technical support staff; and, increased development of innovations and inventions that can be transferred to the private sector for commercialization.

21 The Legislature finds that it is crucial to address these22 needs. The purposes of this Act are to:

1	(1)	Develop a manageable, expandable, comprehensive system
2		of STEM academies and pre-academies, based on the
3		successful CISCO and construction academy models that
4		will focus on developing STEM skills in Hawaii's
5		school children from middle school through high
6		school;
7	(2)	Increase the quality STEM teaching in Hawaii's schools
8		through providing enhanced professional development
9		opportunities for practicing teachers and attracting
10		highly qualified people with STEM degrees to the
11		teaching profession;
12	(3)	Increase opportunities for high school and college
13		students to gain experience through internships;
14	(4)	Increase the number of Hawaii high school graduates
15		seeking degrees or certificates in STEM disciplines by
16		providing scholarships to accredited institutions of
17		higher education in Hawaii; and
18	(5)	Increase the quality of STEM education in Hawaii's
19		postsecondary education institutions through the
20		creation of endowed chairs in STEM disciplines.
21	SECT	TON 2. There is established within the university of
22	Hawaii co	mmunity college system, the statewide Hawaii excellence

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1 through science and technology (HiEST) academy program. The 2 program will be headed by a director and staffed by one support specialist, one secretary and a fiscal/records support position. 3 4 The purpose of the HiEST academy program shall be to 5 increase the readiness and motivation of Hawaii high school 6 graduates to pursue post secondary training and career options in science, technology, engineering, and math (STEM) 7 8 disciplines. 9 The HiEST academy program shall partner with the department of education, interested high schools, and appropriate public, 10 non-profit and private agencies, to establish individual HiEST 11 academies at up to fourteen selected high schools throughout the 12 state. School participation in the HiEST program shall be 13

14 voluntary.

15 The selected high schools shall provide space on or
16 adjacent to their campus for the academy program. All
17 instructors in the high school academies shall be certified to
18 teach to both department of education and community college
19 standards and courses taught through the academies shall provide
20 students with both high school and university of Hawaii academic
21 credit to the maximum extent possible.

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1 The HiEST academy program shall place priority on engaging 2 students who are not involved in advanced placement programs, 3 international baccalaureate programs and advanced science and 4 mathematics programs. It is anticipated that the project will 5 lead to better-prepared graduates, able to transfer to the 6 colleges of their choice without the need for remediation.

7 The HiEST academy shall support the partnership of the 8 university of Hawaii and the department of education in the 9 American diploma project, which establishes a dialogue and joint 10 curriculum assessment between teachers from high school and 11 college. This dialogue helps ensure a smooth transition from 12 high schools to college and improves the abilities of students 13 to meet their educational and career objectives.

Each HiEST academy shall have a lead instructor employed by the community college system. Additional qualified instructors may be hired by the community colleges. Teachers, including those with the department of education, may also teach within the academy program after appropriate certification training by the community college system.

20 Each of the seven community colleges of the university of21 Hawaii shall endeavor to partner with two high schools on their

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respective islands to establish the fourteen HiEST academies
 statewide. Each community college shall also consult regularly
 with the respective county economic development boards,
 workforce investment boards and other stakeholders to advise
 them of plans and progress on development of the HiEST academies
 and invite input.

7 HiEST academies shall work with the host high school to 8 implement the required academic programs as well as project-9 based, contextual learning programs designed to use and expand 10 students' academic skills. The programs shall be designed 11 primarily for grades eleven and twelve for math, science and 12 technology, coupled with math development for grades nine and 13 ten.

Each high school academy program will strive to enroll at least twenty-five per cent of the high school student body in academy programs within two years of its inception. The statewide fourteen HiEST academies shall strive to serve four thousand high school students by the end of its second year of operation with one thousand graduating from high school and the HiEST academies per year.

The academy system shall also strive to reduce the need for
 math and English remediation among its graduated academy members
 attending post secondary training to no more than twenty per
 cent.

5 The academy shall develop performance measures to ensure 6 that the programs conducted are contributing substantially and 7 directly to an increase in high school graduates ultimately 8 entering post secondary STEM programs and pursuing STEM related 9 occupations.

SECTION 3. There is established within the university of 10 Hawaii, the statewide fostering inspiration and relevance 11 12 through science and technology (FIRST) pre-academy program. The pre-academy program shall be headed by a director and staffed by 13 six field staff (two for Oahu, two for the island of Hawaii and 14 one each in Kauai and Maui counties) and a secretary. When 15 16 appropriate, the functions of the field staff may be contracted to qualified private or nonprofit providers. 17

18 The pre-academy program shall partner with the HiEST
19 academies, other relevant programs within the university of
20 Hawaii system, the department of education, interested schools
21 in areas served by HiEST academies, and appropriate public and

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private agencies, to establish a program of contextual learning
 for middle school students in science, technology engineering
 and math. The program shall also provide contextual learning
 programs for students enrolled in the HiEST academies in
 cooperation with the HiEST academy staff.

6 The mission of the FIRST pre-academy program with respect 7 to middle schools shall be to stimulate the interest and achievement of students in STEM skills and help prepare those 8 students for entry into the HiEST academy program beginning in 9 ninth grade. The mission of the pre-academy program with 10 11 respect to students enrolled in the HiEST academies shall be to support and complement the HiEST academy's academic programs 12 with contextual learning projects. 13

14 The goal of the pre-academy shall be to serve at least 15 sixteen thousand students statewide, between sixth and twelfth 16 grades, with contextual learning experiences in STEM-related 17 skills. The pre-academy shall also strive to motivate and 18 prepare a pool of at least one thousand students per year to 19 enter the HiEST academy program.

20 School participation in the FIRST pre-academy programs21 shall be voluntary. Selected schools shall be responsible for

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providing space and necessary logistical support to pre-academy programs serving the school. The staff and affiliated contextual learning and teacher training specialists of the preacademy shall strive to tailor the mix and nature of the contextual learning projects and training for teachers to the needs of each individual school served.

7 To achieve its mission, the FIRST pre-academy program shall
8 house and provide direction for a statewide robotics and space
9 contextual learning program and a program of research
10 experiences for teachers (RET).

11 The robotics and space contextual learning program shall be headed by a state coordinator and staffed by two field staff. 12 13 The mission of the robotics and space contextual learning program shall be to develop STEM skills among students in FIRST 14 pre-academy and HiEST academy programs through robotics- and 15 space-technology-based, contextual projects and competitions. 16 The robotics and space contextual learning program shall work 17 with existing programs to expand and deepen activities such as, 18 but not limited to, NASA explorer schools, FIRST robotics, FIRST 19 lego league, FIRST vex, botball and underwater robotics 20 21 challenge.

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1 The director and staff of the robotics and space contextual 2 learning program shall coordinate and cooperate with the 3 director and staff of the FIRST pre-academy and HiEST academy 4 programs in establishing a well integrated system of STEM 5 related, contextual learning programs under the administration of the pre-academy. The robotics and space contextual learning 6 7 program shall enlist, encourage, train and support volunteer 8 teachers and other mentors to conduct robotics and space-related programs at the school level. 9

10 The goal of the robotics and space contextual learning11 program shall be to involve three thousand students.

12 The research experiences for teachers (RET) program shall 13 be administered by the university of Hawaii college of 14 engineering in cooperation and coordination with the FIRST pre-15 academy. The purpose of the RET program shall be to support the 16 development of middle school teacher skills, knowledge and development of middle school curriculum materials in STEM 17 subject areas, with a particular focus on wireless 18 19 communications.

In particular, the RET program shall: educate teachers inthe advances in technology in wireless communications and

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1 engineering; enhance teacher research skills through the use of software and innovative uses of equipment; provide teacher 2 3 participants with hands on research experiences; support 4 teachers in developing classroom lessons and program activities 5 which meet their course objectives and student performance standards; and provide opportunities to share and collaborate 6 7 with other teacher participants to ensure successful 8 implementation of curricula and programs.

9 Specific activities of the RET programs shall include: providing on site lectures, demonstrations, and laboratory tours 10 11 at the university of Hawaii and middle schools; reviewing 12 wireless communication concepts, methods, history, and 13 applications; reviewing engineering and relevant science concepts, research methodology, and real-world applications; 14 reviewing key components of inquire-based teaching materials; 15 providing teachers with technical content support; assisting 16 teachers in adapting state-of-the-art engineering research into 17 a meaningful classroom experience for students; providing semi-18 annual video conference/seminar to transfer relevant information 19 and experiences among teacher participants and sponsors; 20 providing summer engineering workshop for teachers; and 21 maintaining a website for content and program dissemination. 22

The director and staff of the FIRST pre-academy program 1 shall develop additional contextual learning projects and summer 2 3 STEM training programs for elementary, middle school and high school teachers. For additional contextual learning projects 4 priority shall be given to the areas of global positioning 5 system technology, ocean science, astronomy, earth science and 6 7 wireless communications technology, and other STEM-skills 8 stimulating subjects as appropriate.

9 The FIRST pre-academy shall develop performance measures to 10 ensure that all programs conducted under the pre-academy are 11 contributing substantially and directly to an increase in 12 student performance in STEM academics and matriculation into the 13 HiEST academy.

14 SECTION 4. There is established within the university of Hawaii, a professional development program to provide practicing 15 elementary, middle and high school teachers of science and 16 mathematics with opportunities to increase their knowledge and 17 understanding of recent developments in science, technology and 18 mathematics. The program shall be open to both certificated and 19 non-certificated teachers. Design of the program shall include 20 evaluation of best practices in other school jurisdictions. 21 In

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1	recognition	that the year-round public school calendar has	
2	shortened th	ne summer period, that not all schools are on the	
3	same academic calendar, and that programs throughout the year,		
4	offered in a	a variety of formats, would facilitate immediate	
5	implementat:	ion in the classroom, the program shall have the	
6	following at	tributes:	
7	(1) F]	lexibility. The program shall provide a variety of	
8	oj	ptions designed to meet the specific needs of	
9	Ha	awaii's teachers, which may include summer	
10	i	nstitutes, a combination of summer, after school or	
11	W	eekend institutes, distance learning through video	
12	C	onferencing or other mechanisms, Neighbor Island	
13	10	ocations, or other options.	
14	(2) A	ccountability. The program shall provide a method to	
15	t:	rack the student outcomes derived from participation	
16	i	n the program.	
17	The go	al of the professional development program for	
18	practicing	teachers is to provide training for two thousand six	
19	hundred tea	chers during the biennium.	
20	SECTIO	N 5. There is provided funding to support a	
21	successful	recruitment program currently funded under the U.S.	
22	department	of education transition to teaching (TTT) program	

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that has resulted in ninety new qualified mathematics and 1 science teachers since it began four-and-a-half years ago. The 2 3 TTT program provides stipends as recruitment incentives for people who hold degrees in STEM subjects to get their teaching 4 certificates through the university of Hawaii's post 5 baccalaureate certificate in secondary education (PBCSE) 6 7 program. The university's TTT grant will expire in 2008. There 8 is a chronic shortage of science and mathematics teachers and the PBSCE program is an effective method to address the problem, 9 however recruitment for potential STEM teachers is difficult and 10 the incentive of stipends has proven effective. The goal of the 11 program is to produce twenty new science or mathematics teachers 12 each year. 13

SECTION 6. There is established within the department of 14 business, economic development and tourism, the 15 business/education internship and mentorship program. 16 The purpose of this program is to establish, with the cooperation of 17 educational institutions, intern, mentorship and other 18 experiential learning arrangements within the business 19 community, nonprofit sector and government, for Hawaii high 20 school students and Hawaii high school graduates attending 21 22 college in Hawaii or elsewhere. The goals of this program are

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to provide Hawaii students with experience in the world of work to improve their career choices, and to provide an opportunity for Hawaii employers to establish relationships with students who represent an essential source of skills for Hawaii's future economic growth and prosperity. The department may contract with appropriate government, non-profit or for-profit entities to accomplish the purpose and goals of this program.

8 Section 7. There is established, within the high 9 technology development corporation, a STEM scholarship program 10 to provide graduates of HiEST academies with scholarships to 11 pursue STEM degrees or certificates in approved STEM 12 disciplines. Chapter 206M, Hawaii revised statutes, is amended 13 by adding a new section to part I to be appropriately designated 14 and to read as follows:

<u>"Section 206M-</u> <u>STEM scholarship special fund. (a)</u>
<u>There is established in the state treasury a fund, to be known</u>
<u>as the STEM scholarship special fund, into which shall be</u>
<u>deposited appropriations made by the state legislature and any</u>
<u>funds received from other sources to support the intent of the</u>
<u>fund.</u>

(b) The board shall administer the fund with the advice of
the Hawaii innovation council;

1	(c) The expenses of administering the fund shall be paid		
2	from the money in the fund;		
3	(d) At the discretion of the board, administration of the		
4	fund may be accomplished by contracting with a qualified person,		
5	as provided in §206M-3(3), or appointing employees as provided		
6	in §206M-3(6), or a combination thereof;		
7	(e) The treasurer of the state shall invest the money in		
8	the fund not currently needed to meet the obligations of the		
9	fund in the same manner as other public funds may be invested;		
10	(f) Money in the fund at the end of a state fiscal year		
11	shall not revert to the state general fund;		
12	(g) The fund shall be used to provide scholarships (up to		
13	eight semesters at an accredited institution of higher education		
14	in Hawaii) for Hawaii high school graduates who meet the		
15	following requirements:		
16	(1) Is a resident of Hawaii;		
17	(2) Prior to the tenth grade, agreed in writing, together		
18	with the student's custodial parents or guardian, that		
19	the student would:		
20	(A) Graduate from a public or accredited nonpublic		
21	secondary school located in Hawaii that meets the		

1			admission criteria of an accredited institution
2			of higher learning;
3		<u>(B)</u>	Complete the STEM curriculum offered by a HiEST
4			(Hawaii excellence through science & technology)
5			academy;
6		(C)	Not illegally use controlled substances (as
7			defined in Chapter 329, Hawaii revised statutes;
8		(D)	Not commit a crime or infraction (as defined in
9			Chapters 329, Hawaii revised statutes; and
10		<u>(E)</u>	Apply for admission and be accepted to attend an
11			accredited institution of higher learning in the
12			state of Hawaii to pursue a degree or certificate
13			in a STEM discipline; and
14	(3)	<u>Cert</u>	ifies in writing that the conditions of the
15		written agreement as described in §206M(g)(2) have	
16	been met.		
17	(h) The maximum amount of the scholarship shall be set at		
18	the tuiti	on eq	uivalent of a full-time student enrolled at the
19	universit	y of	Hawaii at Manoa;
20	<u>(j)</u>	The	board shall adopt rules pursuant to chapter 91 to
21	implement	this	section, including, but not limited to:

1	(1)	Rules to create the agreement signed by the student and	
2		the student's custodial parents or guardian, as	
3		described in Section 206M(g)(2) and the	
4		certification as described in Section 206M(g)(3);	
5	(2)	Rules to determine which accredited institutions of	
6		higher education are included in the scholarship	
7		program;	
8	(3)	Rules to determine which degrees or certificates	
9		qualify as being defined as STEM disciplines;	
10	(4)	Rules to establish the application process to obtain	
11		the scholarship; and	
12	(5)	Rules to establish criteria for disqualification as a	
13		recipient of a STEM scholarship, including appeals	
14		procedures.	
15	<u>(k)</u>	The board shall include in its annual budget request	
16	sufficien	t funds to implement the purpose of this section."	
17	SECT	'ION 8. There is established, within the high	
18	technology development corporation, an eminent scholars program		
19	to be funded by the state akamai investment matching special		
20	fund to e	enable accredited universities in Hawaii to provide	
21	donors wi	th an incentive in the form of matching grants for	
22	donations	s to establish permanently endowed faculty positions in	

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science, technology, engineering and mathematics at any
 accredited university in Hawaii.

3 Currently, the university of Hawaii has a little over two dozen endowed chairs and distinguished professorships, with only 4 five in non-health related STEM disciplines. There are no STEM 5 chairs in Hawaii's other universities. All funds appropriated 6 for the akamai investment matching program shall be deposited 7 8 into the special fund and invested until the board of directors of the high technology development corporation allocates the 9 funds to a university to match private donations on a dollar for 10 dollar basis. The goal is to create up to five endowed STEM 11 12 chairs.

13 SECTION 9: Chapter 206M, Hawaii revised statutes, is
14 amended by adding a new section to part I to be appropriately
15 designated and to read as follows:

<u>Section 206M-</u><u>State akamai investment matching</u>
<u>special fund. (a) There is established in the state treasury a</u>
<u>fund, to be known as the akamai investment matching special</u>
<u>fund, into which shall be deposited appropriations made by the</u>
<u>state legislature and matching private donations.</u>
<u>(b) The board shall administer the fund with the advice of</u>
the Hawaii innovation council;

1	(c) The expenses of administering the fund shall be paid
2	from the money in the fund;
3	(d) At the discretion of the board, administration of the
4	fund may be accomplished by contracting with a qualified person,
5	as provided in §206M-3(3), or appointing employees as provided
6	in §206M-3(6), or a combination thereof;
7	(e) The treasurer of the state shall invest the money in
8	the fund not currently needed to meet the obligations of the
9	fund in the same manner as other public funds may be invested;
10	(f) Money in the fund at the end of a state fiscal year
11	shall not revert to the state general fund;
12	(g) The fund shall be used as a funding mechanism to
13	create new endowed faculty chairs in science, technology,
14	engineering and mathematics at accredited universities in
15	Hawaii;
16	(h) No state appropriations deposited into the fund shall
17	be expended unless matched by private funds on a dollar-for-
18	dollar basis;
19	(i) The board shall adopt rules pursuant to chapter 91 to
20	implement this section, including, but not limited to:

1	(1)	Rule	s to determine which accredited institutions of
2		<u>high</u>	er education are to be included in the eminent
3		<u>scho</u>	lars program;
4	(2)	Rule	s to determine which university departments
5		qual	ify as being defined as STEM disciplines;
6	(3)	Rule	s to establish the application process for
7		<u>univ</u>	ersities to request funding to support an endowed
8		<u>chai</u>	r. The board shall take into consideration the
9		foll	owing criteria before approving state matching
10		fund	s to establish a position:
11		(A)	The ability for the position to contribute to
12			Hawaii's economic development;
13		<u>(B)</u>	The ability for the position to make a
14			significant contribution to the university's
15			academic quality;
16		(C)	The ability for the position to obtain
17			significant amounts of annual research from
18			highly competitive grant sources; and
19		<u>(D)</u>	The field of the proposed position and its
20			potential funding sources, relationship to
21			existing research at the applying university and

1	in the State of Hawaii, size and scope of related
2	industries, and other relevant factors."
3	SECTION 10. Chapter 206M, Hawaii revised statutes, is
4	amended by adding two new subsections to Section 206M-3.5 on
5	annual reports to read as follows:
6	"Section 206M-3.5 Annual reports. The development corporation
7	shall report annually to the legislature twenty days prior to
8	the convening of the session on the impact of the program on:
9	(1) Increasing the awareness of the federal small business
10	innovation research program and the number of
11	companies submitted proposals to federal agencies;
12	(2) Increasing the number of phase I awards received by
13	Hawaii businesses under the small business innovation
14	research program; [and]
15	(3) Increasing the number of phase I to phase II
16	conversions by Hawaii businesses [-];
17	(4) Providing STEM scholarships to graduates of HiEST
18	academies; and
19	(5) Funding endowed STEM chairs at Hawaii's universities."
20	SECTION 11. There is appropriated from general funds the
21	sum of \$3,204,016, or so much thereof as may be necessary for FY
22	2007-2008 and the amount of \$1,672,888 or so much thereof as may

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be necessary for FY 2008-2009, for establishing the HiEST
 academy program. The sums appropriated shall be expended by the
 university of Hawaii for the purposes of this Act.

4 SECTION 12. There is appropriated from general funds the sum of \$1,402,230 or so much thereof as may be necessary for FY 5 2007-2008 and the amount of \$2,054,240 or so much thereof as may 6 7 be necessary for FY 2008-2009, for establishing the FIRST 8 academy program. Of the sums appropriated, \$314,925 for FY 2007-2008 and \$419,900 for FY 2008-2009, shall be expended for 9 10 the robotics and space contextual learning program. Of the sums appropriated, \$187,905 for FY 2007-2008 and \$250,540 for FY 11 12 2008-2009, shall be expended for the research experiences for teachers (RET) program. Of the sums appropriated, \$546,900 for 13 14 FY 2007-2008 and \$753,800 for FY 2008-2009, shall be expended 15 for additional experiential programs. The sums appropriated 16 shall be expended by the University of Hawaii for the purposes 17 of this Act.

SECTION 13. There is appropriated from general funds the sum of \$350,000 or so much thereof as may be necessary for FY 20 2007-2008 and the amount of \$700,000 or so much thereof as may be necessary for FY 2008-2009, for developing programs for professional development in STEM for practicing teachers. The

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sums appropriated shall be expended by the university of Hawaii
 for the purposes of this Act.

SECTION 14. There is appropriated from general funds the 3 sum of \$350,000 or so much thereof as may be necessary for FY 4 5 2007-2008 and the amount of \$350,000 or so much thereof as may be necessary for FY 2008-2009, for providing stipends to attract 6 7 STEM graduates to the university of Hawaii post baccalaureate certificate in secondary education program. The sums 8 9 appropriated shall be expended by the university of Hawaii for 10 the purposes of this Act.

SECTION 14. There is appropriated from general funds the 11 sum of \$110,000 or so much thereof as may be necessary for 12 13 fiscal year 2007-2008, and \$110,000 or so much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2008-2009, for the business and 14 15 education internship and mentorship program. The sums 16 appropriated shall be expended by the department of business, economic development, and tourism for the purposes of this Act. 17 SECTION 15. There is appropriated from general funds the 18 19 sum of \$2,000,000 or so much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2007-2008, and \$3,000,000 or so much thereof as may 20 be necessary for fiscal year 2008-2009, for the state akamai 21 investment matching special fund. The sums appropriated shall 22

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1	be expended by the university of Hawaii for the purposes of this
2	Act.
3	SECTION 16. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
4	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
5	SECTION 17. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2007.
6	
7	
8	INTRODUCED BY:
9	BY REQUEST

JAN 2 2 2007

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JUSTIFICATION SHEET

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DEPARTMENT:	Business, Economic Development, and Tourism
TITLE:	RELATING TO INNOVATION IN EDUCATION.
PUR POSE :	The purposes of this Act are to: (1) develop a manageable, expandable, comprehensive system of science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM) academies and pre- academies, based on the successful CISCO and construction academy models that will focus on developing STEM skills in Hawaii's school children from middle school through high school; (2) increase the quality STEM teaching in Hawaii's schools through providing enhanced professional development opportunities for practicing teachers and attracting highly qualified people with STEM degrees to the teaching profession; (3) increase opportunities for high school and college students to gain experience through internships; (4) increase the number of Hawaii high school graduates seeking degrees or certificates in STEM disciplines by providing scholarships to accredited institutions of higher education in Hawaii; and (5) increase the quality of STEM education in Hawaii's postsecondary education institutions the output of the action of the output of th
	through the creation of endowed chairs in STEM disciplines.
MEANS:	(1) Appropriating State general funds to the University of Hawaii to establish the Hawaii Excellence through Science & Technology (HiEST) Academy Program and the Fostering Inspiration and Relevance from Science (FIRST)

Pre-Academy program, which

includes selected, successful contextual learning and teacher training and support programs. The programs will operate within fourteen high school complexes and involve both community college and DOE faculty. The STEM initiative also creates a powerful partnership between the department of education, the University of Hawaii and established contextual education programs.

- (2) Appropriating State general funds to the University of Hawaii to: (a) develop a flexible program to provide professional development opportunities to practicing teachers to upgrade STEM content and teaching practices; and (b) provide stipends to attract graduates with STEM degrees to the Post Baccalaureate Certificate in Secondary Education program.
- (3) Appropriating State general funds to the department of business, economic development, and tourism to implement a program of STEM internships for high school and college students.
- (4) Amending Chapter 206M, Hawaii Revised Statutes, by adding a new section to establish a special fund to be administered by the High Technology Development Corporation to provide scholarships to graduates of the HiEST academies who are accepted by an accredited university in the Hawaii to pursue a STEM degree.

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(5) Amending Chapter 206M, Hawaii Revised Statues, by adding a new section to establish a special fund and appropriating State general funds to be administered by the High Technology Development Corporation to provide matching funds for private contributions to establish endowed chairs in STEM disciplines at accredited universities in Hawaii.

Hawaii's need for a workforce that is more skilled and competitive in science and technology is growing. Data show that due to the aging of the workforce, we will have increasingly more skilled jobs opening up in the coming years than we will have young people trained and ready to fill them. Moreover, our education system is not preparing an adequate number of high school graduates with the basic science, technology, engineering and math (STEM) skills needed to move easily into preengineering and science at either the four-year college level, or into the technology programs of the community colleges. In fact, high school students appear to be moving away from science and technology.

The HiEST and FIRST Academy models build on new approaches to generating higher participation and achievement by high school students in technical areas such as the CISCO academies, that are creating a pool of computer network skilled high school graduates, and construction academies that are creating a pool of apprenticeship-ready high school graduates for the construction industry. The academy

JUSTIFICATION:

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model has the advantage of supplementing the existing academic environment with high quality, projectbased learning without taxing the resources of the existing schools as they struggle to meet the many mandates for improvement and change that they face. They utilize existing facilities and provide training and resource assets for the programs and faculty of their respective high school campuses. By providing high quality, standardsbased instruction, they reduce the cost of remedial education usually needed to bring entering students up to college standards. Very importantly, they instill confidence in average students that they are capable of academic achievement beyond their expectations. Contextual learning (learning in the context of practical applications) has shown great promise in cutting through the abstract and disengaged atmosphere of standard academic presentation. In addition, innovative programs developed by the University of Hawaii College of Engineering are helping to update the STEM skills and knowledge of middle teachers and improving the curriculum for teaching STEM to students.

A critical element to providing the programs described here is the development of outstanding K-12 teachers in science and mathematics that are adequately prepared to provide students with the tools they need to function in a global society where science, technology, engineering and mathematics play an ever increasing role in the jobs they will fill and their everyday lives. The professional development programs and the stipends to attract STEM graduates to teaching will help meet the critical shortage of math and science teachers in the state. An important component in developing strong STEM skills is the opportunity for students to participate in an internship or mentoring program at either the high school or college level. This experience greatly enhances their educational preparation and provides a clearer understanding of career possibilities. In addition to technical knowledge and skills, students acquire experience in a professional setting and a better understanding of the expectations they will face on the job.

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In order to meet the needs that have been described above, we must encourage students to enter the FIRST and HiEST academies. A method that has worked well in Indiana is the provision of scholarships to students who sign an agreement, with a parent or guardian, to meet certain requirements. This incentive should ensure that a good number of students will graduate from a HiEST academy and pursue a STEM degree at a Hawaii university. This will help meet our needs for highly trained workers and enable Hawaii residents to stay in the State to pursue well paying careers.

The competitiveness of a university is determined by the strength of its faculty. One proven way to enhance that strength is by retaining and recruiting distinguished faculty through the endowment of faculty chairs.

Endowed chairs are supported by the income generated by an endowment fund established with a gift or gifts from private sources. Typically, the donations are made for specific disciplines and are often named after the donor or in honor of a

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distinguished member of the field. In addition to the prestige accorded the holder of an endowed chair, funding is provided to support his or her teaching, research, and service responsibilities.

To support an endowed chair in a STEM field would require up to \$2 million. Currently, the University of Hawaii has a little over two dozen endowed chairs and distinguished professorships, with only five in non-health related STEM disciplines. There are no STEM chairs in Hawaii's other universities.

Impact on the public: The ultimate goal of the Innovation in Education initiative is to raise the skill level of the economy, thereby producing higher incomes and a better standard of living for Hawaii's residents.

Impact on the department: The Innovation in Education initiatives will have minimal impact on the operations of the core department as most of the components will be run by other agencies and groups: University of Hawaii and High Technology Development Corporation.

Total request: \$7,416,246 for FY 2007-

- 2008 and \$7,887,128 FY 2008-2009, as follows:
- (1)\$3,204,016 for FY 2007-2008 and \$1,672,888 for FY 2008-2009 for the HiEST academies, and \$1,402,230 for FY 2007-2008 and \$2,054,240for FY 2008-2009 for the FIRST academies;
- (2) \$350,000 for FY 2007-2008 and \$700,000 for FY 2008-2009 for professional development programs, and \$350,000 for FY 2007-2008 and \$350,000 for FY 2008-2009 for

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stipends for STEM graduates to become teachers;

- (3) \$110,000 for FY 2007-2008 and \$110,000 for FY 2008-2009, for the business/education internship and mentorship program;
- (4) No funds appropriated since the scholarships would not be needed until the next biennium, to be factored into the spending plan; and
- (5) \$2,000,000 for FY 2007-2008 and \$3,000,000 for FY 2008-2009 for the endowed chairs.

Endowed chairs funds to be matched dollar-for-dollar by private contributions.

PPBS PROGRAM DESIGNATION:

OTHER FUNDS:

OTHER AFFECTED AGENCIES:

University of Hawaii, High Technology Development Program

EFFECTIVE

DATE: July 1, 2007