Report Title:

Streamlined Sales Tax; Implementation

Description:

Adopts amendments to Hawaii's tax law that will allow Hawaii to participate in the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement.

HB2475.doc

A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO STREAMLINED SALES AND USE TAX.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

- 1 SECTION 1. The purpose of this Act is to adopt changes to
- 2 Hawaii's tax law that will allow Hawaii to participate in the
- 3 streamlined sales and use tax agreement. By enacting the Hawaii
- 4 Simplified Sales and Use Tax Administration Act, Act 173,
- 5 Session Laws of Hawaii 2003, the State of Hawaii became a
- 6 participating member of the National Streamlined Sales Tax
- 7 Project.
- 8 In furtherance of the State's efforts to comply with the
- 9 terms and conditions of the conforming legislation reflected in
- **10** the streamlined sales tax project's model agreement and act, the
- Hawaii state legislature enacted Act 3, Special Session Laws of 11
- 12 Hawaii 2005. Act 3, in part, establishes a technical advisory
- 13 group to assist the state department of taxation in identifying
- 14 and resolving issues necessary for Streamlined Sales Tax Project
- 15 compliance. In addition, a joint house-senate legislative
- 16 oversight committee has been formed to provide additional tax
- 17 policy support and guidance. This Act is a culmination of these
- 18 efforts.



1	In order to participate in the streamlined sales and use		
2	tax agreement, Hawaii must amend its tax law in conformity with		
3	the strea	mlined sales and use tax agreement. To conform, Hawaii	
4	must adop	t single rate of general excise tax, Hawaii's	
5	substitut	e for a sales tax. In accordance with advice received	
6	from the	Streamlined Sales Tax Governing Board and COST, a	
7	national	organization representing businesses, this was	
8	accomplis	hed by:	
9	(1)	Moving the one-half of one per cent tax rate for	
10		wholesale transactions to a new chapter;	
11	(2)	Adding a new chapter on the taxation of imports of	
12		property, services, and contracting;	
13	(3)	Moving the 0.15 per cent tax on insurance producers to	
14		a new chapter; and	
15	(4)	Eliminating the tax on businesses owned by disabled	
16		persons.	
17	This Act	also provides for destination-based sourcing and	
18	amnesty.		
19	SECT	TION 2. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by	

adding a new chapter to be appropriately designated and to read

as follows:

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1		"CHAPTER
2	TAX	ON WHOLESALERS, SERVICE BUSINESSES, AND CONTRACTORS
3	§A-1	Definitions. The definitions contained in sections
4	237-1, 23	7-2 and 237-3 shall apply to this chapter.
5	§A-2	"Wholesaler" and "jobber" defined. (a) "Wholesaler"
6	or "jobbe	r" applies only to a person making sales at wholesale.
7	Only the	following are sales at wholesale:
8	(1)	Sales to a licensed retail merchant, jobber, or other
9		licensed seller for purposes of resale;
10	(2)	Sales to a licensed manufacturer of materials or
11		commodities that are to be incorporated by the
12		manufacturer into a finished or saleable product
13		(including the container or package in which the
14		product is contained) during the course of its
15		preservation, manufacture, or processing, including
16		preparation for market, and that will remain in a
17		finished or saleable product in a form as to be
18		perceptible to the senses, which finished or saleable
19		product is to be sold and not otherwise used by the
20		manufacturer;
21	(3)	Sales to a licensed producer or cooperative
22		association of materials or commodities that are to be

1		incorporated by the producer or by the cooperative
2		association into a finished or saleable product that
3		is to be sold and not otherwise used by the producer
4		or cooperative association, including specifically
5		materials or commodities expended as essential to the
6		planting, growth, nurturing, and production of
7		commodities that are sold by the producer or by the
8		cooperative association;
9	(4)	Sales to a licensed contractor, of materials or
10		commodities that are to be incorporated by the
11		contractor into the finished work or project required
12		by the contract and that will remain in a finished
13		work or project in a form as to be perceptible to the
14		senses;

(5) Sales to a licensed producer, or to a cooperative association described in section 237-23(a)(7) for sale to a licensed producer, or to a licensed person operating a feed lot, of poultry or animal feed, hatching eggs, semen, replacement stock, breeding services for the purpose of raising or producing animal or poultry products for disposition as described in section A-3 or for incorporation into a

1		manufactured product as described in paragraph (2) or
2		for the purpose of breeding, hatching, milking, or egg
3		laying other than for the customer's own consumption
4		of the meat, poultry, eggs, or milk so produced;
5		provided that in the case of a feed lot operator, only
6		the segregated cost of the feed furnished by the feed
7		lot operator as part of the feed lot operator's
8		service to a licensed producer of poultry or animals
9		to be butchered or to a cooperative association
10		described in section 237-23(a)(7) of such licensed
11		producers shall be deemed to be a sale at wholesale;
12		and provided further that any amount derived from the
13		furnishing of feed lot services, other than the
14		segregated cost of feed, shall be deemed taxable at
15		the service business rate. This paragraph shall not
16		apply to the sale of feed for poultry or animals to be
17		used for hauling, transportation, or sports purposes;
18	(6)	Sales to a licensed producer, or to a cooperative
19		association described in section 237-23(a)(7) for sale
20		to the producer, of seed or seedstock for producing
21		agricultural and aguagultural products or bait for

catching fish (including the catching of bait for

1		catching rish), which agricultural and aquacultural
2		products or fish are to be disposed of as described in
3		section A-3 or to be incorporated in a manufactured
4		product as described in paragraph (2);
5	(7)	Sales to a licensed producer, or to a cooperative
6		association described in section 237-23(a)(7) for sale
7		to such producer; of polypropylene shade cloth; of
8		polyfilm; of polyethylene film; of cartons and such
9		other containers, wrappers, and sacks, and binders to
10		be used for packaging eggs, vegetables, fruits, and
11		other agricultural and aquacultural products; of
12		seedlings and cuttings for producing nursery plants or
13		aquacultural products; or of chick containers; which
14		cartons and such other containers, wrappers, and
15		sacks, binders, seedlings, cuttings, and containers
16		are to be used as described in section A-3, or to be
17		incorporated in a manufactured product as described in
18		paragraph (2);
19	(8)	Sales of tangible personal property:
20		(A) To a licensed seller engaged in a service
21		business or calling; provided that:

1	(1)	The property is not consumed or incidental
2		to the performance of the services;
3	(ii)	There is a resale of the article at the
4		retail rate of four per cent; and
5	(iii)	The resale of the article is separately
6		charged or billed by the person rendering
7		the services;
8	(B) Wher	e:
9	(i)	Tangible personal property is sold upon the
10		order or request of a licensed seller for
11		the purpose of rendering a service in the
12		course of the person's service business or
13		calling, or upon the order or request of a
14		person subject to tax under section 237D-2
15		for the purpose of furnishing transient
16		accommodations;
17	(ii)	The tangible personal property becomes or is
18		used as an identifiable element of the
19		service rendered; and
20	(iii)	The cost of the tangible personal property
21		does not constitute overhead to the licensed
22		seller; or

1		(C) Where the taxpayer is subject to both
2		subparagraphs (A) and (B), then the taxpayer
3		shall be taxed under subparagraph (A);
4	(9)	Sales to a licensed leasing company of capital goods
5		that have a depreciable life, are purchased by the
6		leasing company for lease to its customers, and are
7		thereafter leased as a service to others;
8	(10)	Sales of services to a licensed seller engaging in a
9		business or calling whenever:
10		(A) Either:
11		(i) In the context of a service-to-service
12		transaction, a service is rendered upon the
13		order or request of a licensed seller for
14		the purpose of rendering another service in
15		the course of the seller's service business
16		or calling;
17		(ii) In the context of a service-to-tangible
18		personal property transaction, a service is
19		rendered upon the order or request of a
20		licensed seller for the purpose of
21		manufacturing, producing, or preparing
22		tangible personal property to be sold;

1	(iii)	In the context of a services-to-contracting
2		transaction, a service is rendered upon the
3		order or request of a licensed contractor as
4		defined in section 237-6 for the purpose of
5		assisting that licensed contractor; or
6	(iv)	In the context of a services-to-transient
7		accommodations rental transaction, a service
8		is rendered upon the order or request of a
9		person subject to tax under section 237D-2
10		for the purpose of furnishing transient
11		accommodations;
12	(B) The	benefit of the service passes to the customer
13	of t	he licensed seller, licensed contractor, or
14	pers	on furnishing transient accommodations as an
15	iden	tifiable element of the other service or
16	prop	erty to be sold, the contracting, or the
17	furn	ishing of transient accommodations;
18	(C) The	cost of the service does not constitute
19	over	head to the licensed seller, licensed
20	cont	ractor, or person furnishing transient
21	acco	mmodations;

1		(D)	The gross income of the licensed seller is not
2			divided between the licensed seller and another
3			licensed seller, contractor, or person furnishing
4			transient accommodations for imposition of the
5			tax under this chapter;
6		(E)	The gross income of the licensed seller is not
7			subject to a deduction under this chapter or
8			chapter 237D; and
9		(F)	The resale of the service, tangible personal
10			property, contracting, or transient
11			accommodations is subject to the tax imposed
12			under this chapter at the highest tax rate;
13	(11)	Sale	s to a licensed retail merchant, jobber, or other
14		lice	nsed seller of bulk condiments or prepackaged
15		sing	le-serving packets of condiments that are provided
16		to c	ustomers by the licensed retail merchant, jobber,
17		or o	ther licensed seller;
18	(12)	Sale	s to a licensed retail merchant, jobber, or other
19		lice	nsed seller of tangible personal property that
20		will	be incorporated or processed by the licensed
21		reta	il merchant, jobber, or other licensed seller into
22		a fi	nished or saleable product during the course of

1		its prepa	ration for market (including disposable,			
2		nonreturnable containers, packages, or wrappers, in				
3		which the product is contained and that are generally				
4		known and	most commonly used to contain food or			
5		beverage	beverage for transfer or delivery), and which finished			
6		or saleab	le product is to be sold and not otherwise			
7		used by t	he licensed retail merchant, jobber, or other			
8		licensed	seller;			
9	(13)	Sales of	amusements subject to taxation under section			
10		237-13(2)	to a licensed seller engaging in a business			
11		or callin	g whenever:			
12		(A) Eith	er:			
13		(i)	In the context of an amusement-to-service			
14			transaction, an amusement is rendered upon			
15			the order or request of a licensed seller			
16			for the purpose of rendering another service			
17			in the course of the seller's service			
18			business or calling;			
19		(ii)	In the context of an amusement-to-tangible			
20			personal property transaction, an amusement			
21			is rendered upon the order or request of a			

1		licensed seller for the purpose of selling
2		tangible personal property; or
3	(iii)	In the context of an amusement-to-amusement
4		transaction, an amusement is rendered upon
5		the order or request of a licensed seller
6		for the purpose of rendering another
7		amusement in the course of the person's
8		amusement business;
9	(B) The	benefit of the amusement passes to the
10	cust	omer of the licensed seller as an
11	ider	tifiable element of the other service,
12	tang	rible personal property to be sold, or
13	amus	ement;
14	(C) The	cost of the amusement does not constitute
15	over	head to the licensed seller;
16	(D) The	gross income of the licensed seller is not
17	divi	ded between the licensed seller and another
18	lice	ensed seller, person furnishing transient
19	acco	mmodations, or person rendering an amusement
20	for	imposition of the tax under chapter 237;
21	(E) The	gross income of the licensed seller is not
22	sub	ect to a deduction under this chapter; and

1		(F) The resale of the service, tangible personal
2		property, or amusement is subject to the tax
3		imposed under this chapter at the highest rate.
4		As used in this paragraph, "amusement" means
5		entertainment provided as part of a show for
6		which there is an admission charge; and
7	(14)	Sales by a printer to a publisher of magazines or
8		similar printed materials containing advertisements,
9		when the publisher is under contract with the
10		advertisers to distribute a minimum number of
11		magazines or similar printed materials to the public
12		or defined segment of the public, whether or not there
13		is a charge to the persons who actually receive the
14		magazines or similar printed materials.
15	(b)	If the use tax law is finally held by a court of
16	competent	jurisdiction to be unconstitutional or invalid insofa
17	as it pur	orts to tax the use or consumption of tangible
18	personal p	roperty imported into the State in interstate or
19	foreign co	mmerce or both, wholesalers and jobbers shall be taxed
20	thereafte	under this chapter in accordance with the following
21	definition	(which shall supersede the preceding paragraph

otherwise defining "wholesaler" or "jobber"): "Wholesaler" or

- 1 "jobber" means a person, or a definitely organized division
- 2 thereof, definitely organized to render and rendering a general
- 3 distribution service that buys and maintains at the person's
- 4 place of business a stock or lines of merchandise that the
- 5 person distributes; and that the person, through salespersons,
- 6 advertising, or sales promotion devices, sells to licensed
- 7 retailers, to institutional or licensed commercial or industrial
- 8 users, in wholesale quantities and at wholesale rates. A
- 9 corporation deemed not to be carrying on a trade or business in
- 10 this State under section 235-6 shall nevertheless be deemed to
- 11 be a wholesaler and shall be subject to the tax imposed by this
- 12 chapter.
- 13 §A-3 "Producer" defined. "Producer" means any person
- 14 engaged in the business of raising and producing agricultural
- 15 products in their natural state, or in producing natural
- 16 resource products, or engaged in the business of fishing or
- 17 aquaculture, for sale, or for shipment or transportation out of
- 18 the State, of the agricultural or aquaculture products in their
- 19 natural or processed state, or butchered and dressed, or the
- 20 natural resource products, or fish.
- 21 As used in this section "agricultural products" include
- 22 floricultural, horticultural, viticultural, forestry, nut,

1 coffee, dairy, livestock, poultry, bee, animal, and any other 2 farm, agronomic, or plantation products. 3 §A-4 Definitions. The definitions contained in sections 4 237-6 and 237-7 shall be applicable for this chapter. 5 **SA-5** Administrative provisions. Sections 237-8, 237-9, 6 237-9.5, 237-11, and 237-12 shall be applicable for this 7 chapter. 8 Imposition of tax. (a) There is hereby levied and 9 shall be assessed and collected annually privilege taxes against persons on account of their business and other activities in the **10** 11 State measured by the application of rates against values of **12** products, gross proceeds of sales, or gross income, whichever is 13 specified, as follows: 14 (1) Tax on manufacturers: 15 Upon every person engaging or continuing within (A) 16 the State in the business of manufacturing, **17** including compounding, canning, preserving, 18 packing, printing, publishing, milling, 19 processing, refining, or preparing for sale, **20** profit, or commercial use, either directly or

through the activity of others, in whole or in

part, any article or articles, substance or

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1		substances, commodity or commodities, the amount
2		of the tax to be equal to the value of the
3		articles, substances, or commodities,
4		manufactured, compounded, canned, preserved,
5		packed, printed, milled, processed, refined, or
6		prepared for sale, as shown by the gross proceeds
7		derived from the sale thereof by the manufacturer
8		or person compounding, preparing, or printing
9		them, multiplied by one-half of one per cent;
10	(B)	The measure of the tax on manufacturers is the
11		value of the entire product for sale, regardless
12		of the place of sale or the fact that deliveries
13		may be made to points outside the State;
14	(C)	If any person liable for the tax on manufacturers
15		ships or transports the person's product, or any
16		part thereof, out of the State, whether in a
17		finished or unfinished condition, or sells the
18		same for delivery to points outside the State
19		(for example, consigned to a mainland purchaser
20		via common carrier f.o.b. Honolulu), the value of
21		the products in the condition or form in which
22		they exist immediately before entering interstate

1	or foreign commerce, determined as hereinafter
2	provided, shall be the basis for the assessment
3	of the tax imposed by this paragraph. This tax
4	shall be due and payable as of the date of entry
5	of the products into interstate or foreign
6	commerce, whether the products are then sold or
7	not. The department shall determine the basis
8	for assessment, as provided by this paragraph, as
9	follows:
10	(i) If the products at the time of their entry
11	into interstate or foreign commerce already
12	have been sold, the gross proceeds of sale,
13	less the transportation expenses, if any,
14	incurred in realizing the gross proceeds for
15	transportation from the time of entry of the
16	products into interstate or foreign
17	commerce, including insurance and storage in
18	transit, shall be the measure of the value
19	of the products;
20	(ii) If the products have not been sold at the
21	time of their entry into interstate or
22	foreign commerce, and in cases governed by

1		clause (i) in which the products are sold
2		under circumstances such that the gross
3		proceeds of sale are not indicative of the
4		true value of the products, the value of the
5		products constituting the basis for
6		assessment shall correspond as nearly as
7		possible to the gross proceeds of sales for
8		delivery outside the State, adjusted as
9		provided in clause (i), or if sufficient
10		data are not available, sales in the State,
11		of similar products of like quality and
12		character and in similar quantities, made by
13		the taxpayer (unless not indicative of the
14		true value) or by others. Sales outside the
15		State, adjusted as provided in clause (i),
16		may be considered when they constitute the
17		best available data. The department shall
18		prescribe uniform and equitable rules for
19		ascertaining the values;
20	(iii)	At the election of the taxpayer and with the
21		approval of the department, the taxpayer may
22		make the taxpayer's returns under clause (i)

1		even though the products have not been sold
2		at the time of their entry into interstate
3		or foreign commerce; and
4		(iv) In all cases in which products leave the
5		State in an unfinished condition, the basis
6		for assessment shall be adjusted so as to
7		deduct the portion of the value as is
8		attributable to the finishing of the goods
9		outside the State;
10	(2)	Tax on producers:
11		(A) Upon every person engaging or continuing within
12		this State in the business of a producer, the tax
13		shall be equal to one-half of one per cent of the
14		gross proceeds of sales of the business, or the
15		value of the products, for sale, if sold for
16		delivery outside the State or shipped or
17		transported out of the State, and the value of
18		the products shall be determined in the same
19		manner as the value of manufactured products
20		covered in the cases under paragraph (1)(C);
21	(3)	No manufacturer or producer, engaged in such business
22		in the State and selling the manufacturer's or

1		producer's products for delivery outside of the State
2		(for example, consigned to a mainland purchaser via
3		common carrier f.o.b. Honolulu), shall be required to
4		pay the tax imposed in this chapter for the privilege
5		of so selling the products, and the value or gross
6		proceeds of sales of the products shall be included
7		only in determining the measure of the tax imposed
8		upon the manufacturer or producer;
9	(4)	Tax upon theaters, amusements, radio broadcasting
10		stations, etc. Upon every person engaging or

- stations, etc. Upon every person engaging or

 continuing within the State in the business of

 operating a theater, opera house, moving picture show,

 vaudeville, amusement park, dance hall, skating rink,

 radio broadcasting station, or any other place at

 which amusements are offered to the public, at

 wholesale;
 - (5) Tax on service business:
 - (A) Upon every person engaging or continuing within the State in any service business or calling including professional services not otherwise specifically taxed under this chapter, as a wholesaler described in section A-2, the tax

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1			shall be equal to one-half of one per cent of the
2			gross income of the business;
3	(6)	Tax	on sales by wholesalers:
4		(A)	Upon every person who is engaged in the business
5			of a wholesaler or jobber as described in section
6			A-2 of selling any tangible personal property
7			whatsoever (not including, however, bonds or
8			other evidences of indebtedness, or stocks),
9			there is hereby levied, and shall be assessed and
10			collected, a tax equivalent to one-half of one
11			per cent of the gross proceeds of sales of the
12			business as a wholesaler or jobber as defined in
13			section A-2;
14		(B)	Gross proceeds of sales of tangible property in
15			interstate and foreign commerce shall constitute
16			a part of the measure of the tax imposed on
17			persons in the business of selling tangible
18			personal property as a wholesaler, to the extent,
19			under the conditions, and in accordance with the
20			provisions of the Constitution of the United
21			States and the Acts of Congress of the United

States which may be now in force or may be

hereafter adopted, and whenever there occurs in
the State an activity to which, under the

Constitution and Acts of Congress, there may be
attributed gross proceeds of sales, the gross
proceeds shall be so attributed.

6 When a manufacturer or producer, as defined in this 7 chapter engaged in such business in the State, also is engaged in selling the manufacturer's or producer's products in the 8 9 State at wholesale, taxed under this chapter, retail, or in any **10** other manner, the tax for the privilege of engaging in the 11 business of selling the products in the State shall apply to the **12** manufacturer or producer as well as the tax for the privilege of 13 manufacturing or producing in the State, and the manufacturer or 14 producer shall make the returns of the gross proceeds of the 15 wholesale, retail, or other sales required for the privilege of 16 selling in the State, as well as making the returns of the value 17 or gross proceeds of sales of the products required for the 18 privilege of manufacturing or producing in the State. The 19 manufacturer or producer shall pay the tax imposed in this **20** chapter for the privilege of selling its products in the State, 21 and the value or gross proceeds of sales of the products, thus 22 subjected to tax, may be deducted insofar as duplicated as to

1	the same products by the measure of the tax upon the
2	manufacturer or producer for the privilege of manufacturing or
3	producing in the State under this chapter; provided that no
4	producer of agricultural products who sells the products to a
5	purchaser who will process the products outside the State shall
6	be required to pay the tax imposed in this chapter for the
7	privilege of producing or selling those products.
8	§A-7 Resale certificates. (a) The department, by rule,
9	may require that a seller take from the purchaser of tangible
10	personal property a certificate, in a form prescribed by the
11	department, certifying that the sale is a sale at wholesale;
12	provided that:
13	(1) Any purchaser who furnishes a certificate shall be
14	obligated to pay to the seller, upon demand, the
15	amount of the additional tax that is imposed upon the
16	seller whenever the sale in fact is not at wholesale;
17	and
18	(2) The absence of a certificate in itself shall give rise
19	to the presumption that the sale is not at wholesale

unless the sales of the business are exclusively at

wholesale.

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1	(b)	The department may require that the person rendering
2	an amusem	ment at wholesale take from the licensed seller a
3	certifica	te, in a form prescribed by the department, certifying
4	that the	sale is a sale at wholesale; provided that:
5	(1)	Any licensed seller who furnishes a certificate shall
6		be obligated to pay to the person rendering the
7		amusement, upon demand, the amount of additional tax
8		that is imposed upon the seller whenever the sale is
9		not at wholesale; and
10	(2)	The absence of a certificate in itself shall give rise
11		to the presumption that the sale is not at wholesale
12		unless the person rendering the sale is exclusively
13		rendering the amusement at wholesale.
14	(c)	The department may require that the person rendering a
15	service a	t wholesale take from the licensed seller a
16	certifica	te, in a form prescribed by the department, certifying
17	that the	sale is a sale at wholesale; provided that:
18	(1)	Any licensed seller who furnishes a certificate shall
19		be obligated to pay to the person rendering the
20		service, upon demand, the amount of additional tax
21		that is imposed upon the seller whenever the sale is

not at wholesale; and

1	(2) The absence of a certificate in itself shall give rise
2	to the presumption that the sale is not at wholesale
3	unless the person rendering the sale is exclusively
4	rendering services at wholesale.
5	§A-8 Tax on receipts of sugar benefit payments. Upon the
6	amounts received from the United States government by any
7	producer of sugar (or the producer's legal representative or
8	heirs), as defined under and by virtue of the Sugar Act of 1948,
9	as amended, or other Acts of the Congress of the United States
10	relating thereto, there is hereby levied a tax of one-half of
11	one per cent of the gross amount received; provided that the tax
12	levied hereunder on any amount so received and actually
13	disbursed to another by a producer in the form of a benefit
14	payment shall be paid by the person or persons to whom the
15	amount is actually disbursed, and the producer actually making a
16	benefit payment to another shall be entitled to claim on the
17	producer's return a deduction from the gross amount taxable
18	hereunder in the sum of the amount so disbursed. The amounts
19	taxed under this paragraph shall not be taxable under any other
20	paragraph, subsection, or section of this chapter.
21	§A-9 Segregation of gross income, etc., on records and in
22	returns. The imposition of taxes and the application of tax

1 rates do not depend upon the business in which the taxpayer is 2 primarily engaged. One business may be subject to two or more 3 tax rates. If a business is within the purview of two or more 4 of the paragraphs of section 237-13 or other provisions of this 5 chapter all of them apply, each provision being applicable to 6 the appropriate item of gross income, gross proceeds of sales, 7 or value of products. However, any person engaging or 8 continuing in a business having gross income, gross proceeds of 9 sales, and value of products, or any of these as the case may **10** be, taxable at different rates, shall be subject to taxation 11 upon the aggregate amount of the gross income, gross proceeds of **12** sales, and value of products of the business at the highest rate 13 applicable to any part of the aggregate, unless the person shall 14 segregate the parts taxable at different rates upon the person's 15 records and in the person's returns, and shall sustain the 16 burden of proving that the segregation was correctly made. 17 §A-10 Assessment on generated electricity. Any other 18 provision of law to the contrary notwithstanding, the levy and 19 assessment of tax on the gross proceeds from the sale of **20** electric power to a public utility company for resale to the 21 public, shall be made only as a tax on business of a producer,

at the rate assessed producers, under section A-6(2).

1 Technicians. When technicians supply dentists or §A-11 2 physicians with dentures, orthodontic devices, braces, and 3 similar items which have been prepared by the technician in 4 accordance with specifications furnished by the dentist or 5 physician, and these items are to be used by the dentist or 6 physician in the dentist's or physician's professional practice 7 for a particular patient who is to pay the dentist or physician 8 for the same as a part of the dentist's or physician's 9 professional services, the technician shall be taxed as though **10** the technician were a manufacturer selling a product to a licensed retailer, rather than pursuant to chapter 237 at the 11 **12** rate of four per cent that is generally applied to professions 13 and services. 14 §A-12 Activity ordered by others. (a) Where, through the 15 activity of a person taxable under section 237-13(5), a product 16 has been milled, processed, or otherwise manufactured upon the **17** order of another taxpayer who is a manufacturer taxable upon the 18 value of the entire manufactured products, which consists in 19 part of the value of the services taxable under section 237-20 13(5), so much gross income as is derived from the rendering of 21 the services shall be subjected to tax on the person rendering 22 the services at the rate of one-half of one per cent, and the

- 1 value of the entire product shall be included in the measure of
- 2 the tax imposed on the other taxpayer as elsewhere provided.
- 3 (b) Where, through the activity of a person taxable under
- 4 section 237-13(5), there have been rendered to a cane planter
- 5 services consisting in the harvesting or hauling of the cane, or
- 6 consisting in road maintenance, under a contract between the
- 7 person rendering the services and the cane planter, covering the
- 8 services and also the milling of the sugar, the services of
- 9 harvesting and hauling the cane and road maintenance shall be
- 10 treated the same as the service of milling the cane, as provided
- 11 by subsection (a), and the value of the entire product,
- 12 manufactured or sold for the cane planter under the contract,
- 13 shall be included in the measure of the tax imposed on the
- 14 persons elsewhere provided.
- 15 §A-13 Apportionment. In the case of a tax upon the
- 16 production of property in the State the apportionment shall be
- 17 determined as in the case of the tax on manufacturers provided
- 18 in section A-5.
- 19 §A-14 Conformity to constitution. Section 237-22 shall
- 20 apply to this chapter.

1	§A-1	5 Exemptions. The exemptions provided in section 237-
2	23, 237-2	6, 237-27.5, 237-29, 237-29.5, and 237-29.53 shall
3	apply to	this chapter.
4	§A-1	6 Amounts not taxable. This chapter shall not apply
5	to the fo	llowing amounts:
6	(1)	The amounts of taxes on cigarettes and tobacco
7		products imposed by chapter 245 on wholesalers or
8		dealers holding licenses under that chapter and
9		selling the products at wholesale;
10	(2)	The amounts of federal taxes under chapter 37 of the
11		Internal Revenue Code, or similar federal taxes,
12		imposed on sugar manufactured in the State, paid by
13		the manufacturer to the federal government;
14	(3)	Gross income received by any blind, deaf, or totally
15		disabled person engaging, or continuing, in any
16		business, trade, activity, occupation, or calling
17		within the State; a corporation all of whose
18		outstanding shares are owned by an individual or
19		individuals who are blind, deaf, or totally disabled;
20		a general, limited or limited liability partnership,
21		all of whose partners are blind, deaf, or totally

1		disa	bled; or a limited liability company, all of whose		
2		memb	ers are blind, deaf, or totally disabled;		
3	(4)	Amou	Amounts received by a producer of sugarcane from the		
4		manu	facturer to whom the producer sells the sugarcane,		
5		wher	re:		
6		(A)	The producer is an independent cane farmer, so		
7			classed by the Secretary of Agriculture under the		
8			Sugar Act of 1948 (61 Stat. 922, Chapter 519) as		
9			the Act may be amended or supplemented;		
10		(B)	The value or gross proceeds of sale of the sugar,		
11			and other products manufactured from the		
12			sugarcane, is included in the measure of the tax		
13			levied on the manufacturer under section 237-		
14			13(1);		
15		(C)	The producer's gross proceeds of sales are		
16			dependent upon the actual value of the products		
17			manufactured therefrom or the average value of		
18			all similar products manufactured by the		
19			manufacturer; and		
20		(D)	The producer's gross proceeds of sales are		
21			reduced by reason of the tax on the value or sale		
22			of the manufactured products.		

1 Exemption for sale of tangible personal property for 2 resale at wholesale. (a) There shall be exempted from, and 3 excluded from the measure of, the taxes imposed by this chapter 4 all of the gross proceeds or gross income arising from the sale 5 of tangible personal property imported to Hawaii from a foreign 6 or domestic source to a licensed taxpayer for subsequent resale 7 for the purpose of wholesale as denied under section A-2. 8 The department, by rule, may provide that a seller may (b) 9 take from the purchaser of imported tangible personal property, **10** a certificate, in a form that the department shall prescribe, 11 certifying that the purchaser of the imported tangible personal property shall resell the imported tangible personal property at **12** 13 wholesale as defined under section A-2. Any purchaser who 14 furnishes a certificate shall be obligated to pay to the seller, 15 upon demand, if the sale in fact is not a sale for the purpose 16 of resale at wholesale, the amount of the additional tax which 17 by reason thereof is imposed upon the seller. The absence of a 18 certificate, unless the sales of the business are exclusively a 19 sale for the purpose of resale at wholesale, in itself, shall 20 give rise to the presumption that the sale is not a sale for the 21 purpose of resale at wholesale.

§A-18 Administrative provisions. Sections 237-20, 237-21, 1 2 237-27, 237-30, 237-31, 237-32, 237-33, 237-33.5, 237-34, 237-3 35, 237-36, 237-37, 237-38, 237-39, 237-40, 237-41, 237-42, 237-4 43, 237-46, 237-47, and 237-49 shall apply to this chapter." 5 SECTION 3. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by 6 adding a new chapter to be appropriately designated and to read 7 as follows: 8 "CHAPTER 9 TAX ON IMPORT OF GOODS, SERVICES AND CONTRACTING FOR RESALE **10** §B-1 Definitions. Definitions contained in section 238-1 shall apply to this chapter. 11 12 §B-2 Imposition of tax on tangible personal property; 13 exemptions. There is hereby levied an excise tax on the use in 14 this State of tangible personal property which is imported by a 15 taxpayer in this State whether owned, purchased from an 16 unlicensed seller, or however acquired for use in this State. **17** The tax imposed by this chapter shall accrue when the property 18 is acquired by the importer or purchaser and becomes subject to 19 the taxing jurisdiction of the State. The rates of the tax **20** hereby imposed and the exemptions thereof are as follows: 21 (1) If the importer or purchaser is licensed under chapter

A and is:

1	(A) A	A wholesaler or jobber importing or purchasing
2	f	for purposes of sale or resale; or
3	(B) A	A manufacturer importing or purchasing material
4	C	or commodities that are to be incorporated by the
5	n	manufacturer into a finished or saleable product
6	(including the container or package in which the
7	I	product is contained) wherein it will remain in a
8	f	form as to be perceptible to the senses, and the
9	f	finished or saleable product is to be sold in a
10	n	manner as to result in a further tax on the
11	ā	activity of the manufacturer as the manufacturer
12	C	or as a wholesaler, and not as a retailer;
13	there	shall be no tax; provided that if the
14	wholes	saler, jobber, or manufacturer is also engaged in
15	busine	ess as a retailer (so classed under chapter 237),
16	paragr	caph (2) shall apply to the wholesaler, jobber,
17	or mar	nufacturer, but the director of taxation shall
18	refund	to the wholesaler, jobber, or manufacturer, in
19	the ma	anner provided under section 231-23(c) the amount
20	of tax	as the wholesaler, jobber, or manufacturer
21	shall	establish, to the satisfaction of the director,
22	to hav	ve been paid by the wholesaler, jobber, or

1		manu	facturer to the director with respect to property	
2		that	has been used by the wholesaler, jobber, or	
3		manufacturer for the purposes stated in this		
4		para	graph;	
5	(2)	If the importer or purchaser is licensed under chapter		
6		237 and is:		
7		(A)	A retailer or other person importing or	
8			purchasing for purposes of sale or resale, not	
9			exempted by paragraph (1);	
10		(B)	A manufacturer importing or purchasing material	
11			or commodities that are to be incorporated by the	
12			manufacturer into a finished or saleable product	
13			(including the container or package in which the	
14			product is contained) wherein it will remain in a	
15			form as to be perceptible to the senses, and the	
16			finished or saleable product is to be sold at	
17			retail in this State, in a manner as to result in	
18			a further tax on the activity of the manufacturer	
19			in selling the products at retail;	
20		(C)	A contractor importing or purchasing material or	
21			commodities that are to be incorporated by the	
22			contractor into the finished work or project	

1		required by the contract and that will remain in
2		the finished work or project in a form as to be
3		perceptible to the senses;
4	(D)	A person engaged in a service business or calling
5		as defined in section 237-7, or a person
6		furnishing transient accommodations subject to
7		the tax imposed by section 237D-2, in which the
8		import or purchase of tangible personal property
9		would have qualified as a sale at wholesale as
10		defined in section A-2 had the seller of the
11		property been subject to the tax in chapter 237;
12		or
13	(E)	A publisher of magazines or similar printed
14		materials containing advertisements, when the
15		publisher is under contract with the advertisers
16		to distribute a minimum number of magazines or
17		similar printed materials to the public or
18		defined segment of the public, whether or not
19		there is a charge to the persons who actually
20		receive the magazines or similar printed
21		materials,

1	the tax shall be one-half of one per cent of the
2	purchase price of the property, if the purchase and
3	sale are consummated in Hawaii; or, if there is no
4	purchase price applicable thereto, or if the purchase
5	or sale is consummated outside of Hawaii, then one-
6	half of one per cent of the value of the property.
7	§B-3 Imposition of tax on imported services or
8	contracting; exemptions. There is hereby levied an excise tax
9	on the value of services or contracting as defined in section
10	237-6 that are performed by an unlicensed seller at a point
11	outside the State and imported or purchased for use in this
12	State. The tax imposed by this chapter shall accrue when the
13	service or contracting as defined in section 237-6 is received
14	by the importer or purchaser and becomes subject to the taxing
15	jurisdiction of the State. The rates of the tax hereby imposed
16	and the exemptions from the tax are as follows:
17	(1) If the importer or purchaser is licensed under chapter
18	237 and is:
19	(A) Engaged in a service business or calling in which
20	the imported or purchased services or contracting
21	become identifiable elements, excluding overhead,
22	of the services rendered by the importer or

1	purchaser, and the gross income of the importer
2	or purchaser is subject to the tax imposed under
3	chapter A on services at the rate of one-half of
4	one per cent; or
5	(B) A manufacturer importing or purchasing services
6	or contracting that become identifiable elements,
7	excluding overhead, of a finished or saleable
8	product (including the container or package in
9	which the product is contained) and the finished
10	or saleable product is to be sold in a manner
11	that results in a further tax on the manufacturer
12	as a wholesaler, and not a retailer;
13	there shall be no tax imposed on the value of the
14	imported or purchased services or contracting;
15	provided that if the manufacturer is also engaged in
16	business as a retailer as classified under chapter
17	237, paragraph (2) shall apply to the manufacturer,
18	but the director of taxation shall refund to the
19	manufacturer, in the manner provided under section
20	231-23(c), that amount of tax that the manufacturer,
21	to the satisfaction of the director, shall establish
22	to have been paid by the manufacturer to the director

1		with	respect to services that have been used by the
2		manu	facturer for the purposes stated in this
3		para	graph;
4	(2)	If t	he importer or purchaser is a person licensed
5		unde	r chapter 237 and is:
6		(A)	Engaged in a service business or calling in which
7			the imported or purchased services or contracting
8			become identifiable elements, excluding overhead,
9			of the services rendered by the importer or
10			purchaser, and the gross income from those
11			services when sold by the importer or purchaser
12			is subject to the tax imposed under chapter 237;
13		(B)	A manufacturer importing or purchasing services
14			or contracting that become identifiable elements,
15			excluding overhead, of the finished or saleable
16			manufactured product (including the container or
17			package in which the product is contained) and
18			the finished or saleable product is to be sold in
19			a manner that results in a further tax under
20			chapter 237 on the activity of the manufacturer
21			as a retailer; or

1	(C) A concractor importing or purchasing services or
2	contracting that become identifiable elements,
3	excluding overhead, of the finished work or
4	project required, under the contract, and where
5	the gross proceeds derived by the contractor are
6	subject to the tax under section 237-13(2) as a
7	contractor;
8	the tax shall be one-half of one per cent of the value
9	of the imported or purchased services or contracting.
10	§B-4 Application of tax, etc. Section 238-3 shall apply
11	to this chapter.
12	§B-5 Certain property used by producers. If a licensed
13	producer, or a cooperative association acting under the
14	authority of chapter 421 or 422, in order to sell to the
15	producer, or a licensed person, imports into the State or
16	acquires in the State commodities, materials, items, services,
17	or living things enumerated in section $A-2(3)$ and (5) to (7) ,
18	then section A-2 shall apply. If section A-2 applies and the
19	producer is engaged in the sale of the producer's products at
20	retail or in any manner other than at wholesale, then the tax
21	upon use of property in the State imposed by section 238-2 shall
22	apply the same as in the case of a purchaser who is a licensed

- 1 retailer. In other cases no tax shall be imposed under this
- 2 chapter.
- 3 §B-6 Administration. (a) Sections 238-5, 238-6, 238-7,
- 4 238-8, 238-9, 238-9.5, 238-10, 238-11, 238-13, 238-14 and 238-16
- 5 shall apply to this chapter."
- 6 SECTION 4. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by
- 7 adding a new chapter to be appropriately designated and to read
- 8 as follows:
- 9 "CHAPTER
- 10 INSURANCE PRODUCER'S TAX
- 11 §C-1 Definitions. The definitions contained in sections
- 12 237-1, 237-2 and 237-3 shall apply to this chapter.
- 13 §C-2 Tax on insurance producers. Upon every person
- 14 engaged as a licensed producer pursuant to chapter 431, there is
- 15 hereby levied and shall be assessed and collected a tax equal to
- 16 0.15 per cent of the commissions due to that activity.
- 17 §C-3 Apportionment. Where insurance agents, including
- 18 general agents, subagents, or solicitors, who are not employees
- 19 and are licensed pursuant to chapter 431, produce commissions
- 20 that are divided between the general agents, subagents, or
- 21 solicitors, as the case may be, the tax levied under section C-2
- 22 as to insurance general agents, subagents, or solicitors shall

- 1 apply to each person with respect to the person's portion of the
- 2 commissions, and no more.
- 3 §C-4 Administrative provisions. Sections 237-8, 237-9,
- 4 237-9.5, 237-11, 237-12, 237-30, 237-31, 237-33, 237-33.5, 237-
- **5** 34, 237-35, 237-36, 237-37, 237-38, 237-39, 237-40, 237-41, 237-
- **6** 42, 237-43, and 237-46 shall apply to this chapter."
- 7 SECTION 5. Chapter 46, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is amended
- 8 by adding a new section to be appropriately designated and to
- 9 read as follows:
- 10 "§46- County compliance with the streamlined sales and
- 11 use tax agreement. The counties shall not adopt any law or
- 12 interpret any law in such a manner that violates the provisions
- 13 of the streamlined sales and use tax agreement established by
- 14 the Streamlined Sales Tax Governing Board, Incorporated, and
- 15 adopted pursuant to chapter 255D."
- 16 SECTION 6. Chapter 237, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 17 amended by adding five new sections to be appropriately
- 18 designated and to read as follows:
- 19 "§237-A General sourcing rules.
- 20 (1) The retail sale, excluding lease or rental, of a
- 21 product shall be sourced as follows:

1	(A)	When the product is received by the purchaser at
2		a business location of the seller, the sale is
3		sourced to that business location;
4	<u>(B)</u>	When the product is not received by the purchaser
5		at a business location of the seller, the sale is
6		sourced to the location where receipt by the
7		purchaser (or the purchaser's donee, designated
8		as such by the purchaser) occurs, including the
9		location indicated by instructions for delivery
10		to the purchaser (or donee), known to the seller;
11	(C)	When subparagraphs (A) and (B) do not apply, the
12		sale is sourced to the location indicated by an
13		address for the purchaser that is available from
14		the business records of the seller that are
15		maintained in the ordinary course of the seller's
16		business when use of this address does not
17		constitute bad faith;
18	(D)	When subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C) do not
19		apply, the sale is sourced to the location
20		indicated by an address for the purchaser
21		obtained during the consummation of the sale,
22		including the address of a purchaser's payment

1			instrument, if no other address is available,
2			when use of this address does not constitute bad
3			faith; or
4		<u>(E)</u>	When none of the previous rules of subsections
5			(A), (B), (C), or (D) apply, including the
6			circumstance in which the seller is without
7			sufficient information to apply the previous
8			rules, then the location shall be determined by
9			the address from which tangible personal property
10			was shipped, from which the digital good or the
11			computer software delivered electronically was
12			first available for transmission by the seller,
13			or from which the service was provided
14			(disregarding for these purposes any location
15			that merely provided the digital transfer of the
16			<pre>product sold);</pre>
17	(2)	The	lease or rental of tangible personal property,
18		othe	r than property identified in paragraphs (3) or
19		(4),	shall be sourced as follows:
20		<u>(A)</u>	For a lease or rental that requires recurring
21			periodic payments, the first periodic payment is
22			sourced the same as a retail sale in accordance

1		with paragraph (1). Periodic payments made
2		subsequent to the first payment are sourced to
3		the primary property location for each period
4		covered by the payment. The primary property
5		location shall be as indicated by an address for
6		the property provided by the lessee that is
7		available to the lessor from its records
8		maintained in the ordinary course of business,
9		when use of this address does not constitute bad
10		faith. The property location shall not be
11		altered by intermittent use at different
12		locations, such as use of business property that
13		accompanies employees on business trips and
14		service calls; or
15	(B)	For a lease or rental that does not require
16		recurring periodic payments, the payment is
17		sourced the same as a retail sale in accordance
18		with paragraph (1);
19	This	paragraph does not affect the imposition or
20	compi	utation of general excise or use tax on leases or
21	renta	als based on a lump sum or accelerated basis, or
22	on th	ne acquisition of property for lease;

1	(3)	The	lease or rental of motor vehicles, trailers, semi-	
2		trai	lers, or aircraft that do not qualify as	
3		transportation equipment, as defined in paragraph (4),		
4		shal	l be sourced as follows:	
5		(A)	For a lease or rental that requires recurring	
6			periodic payments, each periodic payment is	
7			sourced to the primary property location. The	
8			primary property location shall be as indicated	
9			by an address for the property provided by the	
10			lessee that is available to the lessor from its	
11			records maintained in the ordinary course of	
12			business, when use of this address does not	
13			constitute bad faith. This location shall not be	
14			altered by intermittent use at different	
15			locations; or	
16		(B)	For a lease or rental that does not require	
17			recurring periodic payments, the payment is	
18			sourced the same as a retail sale in accordance	
19			with paragraph (1);	
20		This	paragraph does not affect the imposition or	
21		comp	utation of general excise or use tax on leases or	

1		rentals based on a lump sum or accelerated basis, or	r
2		on the acquisition of property for lease;	
3	(4)	The retail sale, including lease or rental, of	
4		transportation equipment shall be sourced the same	as
5		a retail sale in accordance with paragraph (1),	
6		notwithstanding the exclusion of lease or rental in	:
7		paragraph (1). "Transportation equipment" means an	<u>Y</u>
8		of the following:	
9		(A) Locomotives and railcars that are utilized for	
10		the carriage of persons or property in interst	ate
11		commerce;	
12		(B) Trucks and truck-tractors with a gross vehicle	,
13		weight rating (GVWR) of 10,001 pounds or great	er,
14		trailers, semi-trailers, or passenger buses the	<u>at</u>
15		are:	
16		(i) Registered through the International	
17		Registration Plan; and	
18		(ii) Operated under authority of a carrier	
19		authorized and certificated by the United	
20		States Department of Transportation or	
21		another federal authority to engage in th	.e



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1		carriage of persons or property in
2		interstate commerce;
3	<u>(C)</u>	Aircraft that are operated by air carriers
4		authorized and certificated by the United States
5		Department of Transportation or another federal
6		or a foreign authority to engage in the carriage
7		of persons or property in interstate or foreign
8		commerce; and
9	<u>(D)</u>	Containers designed for use on and component
10		parts attached or secured on the items set forth
11		in subparagraph (A) to (C).
12	<u>§237-B</u> <u>G</u>	eneral sourcing definitions. For the purposes of
13	section 237-A(1), the terms "receive" and "receipt" mean:
14	<u>(1)</u>	ng possession of tangible personal property;
15	(2) Maki	ng first use of services; or
16	<u>(3)</u> Taki	ng possession or making first use of digital
17	good	s, whichever comes first.
18	The terms	"receive" and "receipt" do not include possession
19	by a shipping	company on behalf of the purchaser.
20	<u>§237-C</u> <u>T</u>	elecommunication sourcing rule. (a) Except for
21	the defined te	lecommunication services in subsection (c), the

1	sale of t	elecommunication service sold on a call-by-call basis
	bare or e	elecommunication betwee both on a carr by carr babis
2	shall be	sourced to:
3	(1)	Each level of taxing jurisdiction where the call
4		originates and terminates in that jurisdiction; or
5	(2)	Each level of taxing jurisdiction where the call
6		either originates or terminates and in which the
7		service address is also located.
8	(b)	Except for the defined telecommunication services in
9	subsectio	n (c), a sale of telecommunications services sold on a
10	basis oth	er than a call-by-call basis, is sourced to the
11	customer'	s place of primary use.
12	(c)	The sale of the following telecommunication services
13	shall be	sourced to each level of taxing jurisdiction as
14	follows:	
15	(1)	A sale of mobile telecommunications services other
16		than air-to-ground radiotelephone service and prepaid
17		calling service, is sourced to the customer's place of
18		primary use as required by the Mobile
19		Telecommunications Sourcing Act;
20	(2)	A sale of post-paid calling service is sourced to the
21		origination point of the telecommunications signal as
22		first identified by either:

1		(A) The seller's telecommunications system; or
2		(B) Information received by the seller from its
3		service provider, where the system used to
4		transport such signals is not that of the seller;
5	(3)	Until December 31, 2007, a sale of prepaid calling
6		service is sourced in accordance with section 237-A;
7		provided that in the case of a sale of mobile
8		telecommunications service that is a prepaid
9		telecommunications service, the rule provided in
10		section 237-A(1)(E) shall include as an option the
11		location associated with the mobile telephone number;
12	(4)	Effective January 1, 2008, a sale of prepaid calling
13		service or a sale of a prepaid wireless calling
14		service is sourced in accordance with section 237-A;
15		provided that in the case of a sale of prepaid
16		wireless calling service, the rule provided in section
17		237-A(1)(E) shall include as an option the location
18		associated with the mobile telephone number; or
19	(5)	A sale of a private communication service is sourced
20		as follows:
21		(A) Service for a separate charge related to a
22		customer channel termination point is sourced to

1	each level of jurisdiction in w	hich the customer
2	channel termination point is lo	cated;
3	(B) Service where all customer term	ination points are
4	located entirely within one jur	isdiction or
5	levels of jurisdiction is sourc	ed in the
6	jurisdiction in which the custo	mer channel
7	termination points are located;	or
8	(C) Service for segments of a chann	el between two
9	customer channel termination po	ints located in
10	different jurisdictions and whi	ch segment of
11	channel are separately charged	is sourced fifty
12	per cent in each level of juris	diction in which
13	the customer channel terminatio	n points are
14	located.	
15	Service for segments of a channel lo	cated in more than
16	one jurisdiction or levels of jurisd	iction and which
17	segments are not separately billed i	s sourced in each
18	jurisdiction based on the percentage	determined by
19	dividing the number of customer chan	nel termination
20	points in such jurisdiction by the t	otal number of
21	customer channel termination points.	

1	§237-D Telecommunication sourcing definitions. Until
2	December 31, 2007, for the purposes of section 237-C, the
3	following definitions shall apply:
4	"Air-to-ground radiotelephone service" means a radio
5	service, as that term is defined in 47 C.F.R. 22.99, in which
6	common carriers are authorized to offer and provide radio
7	telecommunications service for hire to subscribers in aircraft.
8	"Call-by-call basis" means any method of charging for
9	telecommunications services where the price is measured by
10	individual calls.
11	"Communications channel" means a physical or virtual path
12	of communications over which signals are transmitted between or
13	among customer channel termination points.
14	"Customer" means the person or entity that contracts with
15	the seller of telecommunications services. If the end user of
16	telecommunications services is not the contracting party, the
17	end user of the telecommunications service is the customer of
18	the telecommunication service, but this sentence only applies
19	for the purpose of sourcing sales of telecommunications services
20	under section 237-C. "Customer" does not include a reseller of
21	telecommunications service or for mobile telecommunications
22	service of a serving carrier under an agreement to serve the

1	customer outside the home service provider's licensed service
2	area.
3	"Customer channel termination point" means the location
4	where the customer either inputs or receives the communications.
5	"End user" means the person who utilizes the
6	telecommunication service. In the case of an entity, "end user"
7	means the individual who utilizes the service on behalf of the
8	entity.
9	"Home service provider" has the same meaning as that term
10	is defined in section 124(5) of Public Law 106-252 (Mobile
11	Telecommunications Sourcing Act).
12	"Mobile telecommunications service" has the same meaning as
13	that term is defined in section 124(7) of Public Law 106-252
14	(Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act).
15	"Place of primary use" means the street address
16	representative of where the customer's use of the
17	telecommunications service primarily occurs, which shall be the
18	residential street address or the primary business street
19	address of the customer. In the case of mobile
20	telecommunications services, "place of primary use" shall be

within the licensed service area of the home service provider.

21

1	"Post-paid calling service" means the telecommunications
2	service obtained by making a payment on a call-by-call basis
3	either through the use of a credit card or payment mechanism
4	such as a bank card, travel card, credit card, or debit card, or
5	by charge made to a telephone number that is not associated with
6	the origination or termination of the telecommunications
7	service. A post-paid calling service includes a
8	telecommunications service that would be a prepaid calling
9	service except it is not exclusively a telecommunication
10	service.
11	"Prepaid calling service" means the right to access
12	exclusively telecommunications services, which must be paid for
13	in advance and that enables the origination of calls using an
14	access number or authorization code, whether manually or
15	electronically dialed, and that is sold in predetermined units
16	or dollars of which the number declines with use in a known
17	amount.
18	"Private communication service" means a telecommunication
19	service that entitles the customer to exclusive or priority use
20	of a communications channel or group of channels between or
21	among termination points, regardless of the manner in which the
22	channel or channels are connected, and includes switching

1	capacity,	extension lines, stations, and any other associated
2	services	that are provided in connection with the use of the
3	channel o	r channels.
4	"Ser	vice address" means:
5	(1)	The location of the telecommunications equipment to
6		which a customer's call is charged and from which the
7		call originates or terminates, regardless of where the
8		call is billed or paid;
9	(2)	If the location in paragraph (1) is not known, service
10		address means the origination point of the signal of
11		the telecommunications services first identified by
12		either the seller's telecommunications system or in
13		information received by the seller from its service
14		provider, where the system used to transport such
15		signals is not that of the seller; or
16	(3)	If the location in paragraphs (1) and (2) are not
17		known, service address means the location of the
18		customer's place of primary use.
19	<u>§237</u>	-E Telecommunications sourcing definitions. Effective
20	January 1	, 2008, for the purpose of section 237-C, the following
21	definitio	ns shall apply:

1	"Air-to-ground radiotelephone service" means a radio
2	service, as that term is defined in 47 C.F.R. 22.99, in which
3	common carriers are authorized to offer and provide radio
4	telecommunications service for hire to subscribers in aircraft.
5	"Call-by-call basis" means any method of charging for
6	telecommunications services where the price is measured by
7	individual calls.
8	"Communications channel" means a physical or virtual path
9	of communications over which signals are transmitted between or
10	among customer channel termination points.
11	"Customer" means the person or entity that contracts with
12	the seller of telecommunications services. If the end user of
13	telecommunications services is not the contracting party, the
14	end user of the telecommunications service is the customer of
15	the telecommunication service, but this sentence only applies
16	for the purpose of sourcing sales of telecommunications services
17	under section 237-C. "Customer" does not include a reseller of
18	telecommunications service or for mobile telecommunications
19	service of a serving carrier under an agreement to serve the
20	customer outside the home service provider's licensed service
21	area.

1	"Customer channel termination point" means the location
2	where the customer either inputs or receives the communications.
3	"End user" means the person who utilizes the
4	telecommunication service. In the case of an entity, "end user"
5	means the individual who utilizes the service on behalf of the
6	entity.
7	"Home service provider" has the same meaning as that term
8	is defined in section 124(5) of Public Law 106-252 (Mobile
9	Telecommunications Sourcing Act).
10	"Mobile telecommunications service" has the same meaning as
11	that term is defined in section 124(7) of Public Law 106-252
12	(Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act).
13	"Place of primary use" means the street address
14	representative of where the customer's use of the
15	telecommunications service primarily occurs, which shall be the
16	residential street address or the primary business street
17	address of the customer. In the case of mobile
18	telecommunications services, "place of primary use" shall be
19	within the licensed service area of the home service provider.
20	"Post-paid calling service" means the telecommunications
21	service obtained by making a payment on a call-by-call basis
22	either through the use of a credit card or payment mechanism

- 1 such as a bank card, travel card, credit card, or debit card, or
 2 by charge made to a telephone number that is not associated with
- 3 the origination or termination of the telecommunications
- 4 service. A post-paid calling service includes a
- 5 telecommunications service, except a prepaid wireless calling
- 6 service, that would be a prepaid calling service except it is
- 7 not exclusively a telecommunication service.
- 8 "Prepaid calling service" means the right to access
- 9 exclusively telecommunications services, which must be paid for
- 10 in advance and that enables the origination of calls using an
- 11 access number or authorization code, whether manually or
- 12 electronically dialed, and that is sold in predetermined units
- 13 or dollars of which the number declines with use in a known
- 14 amount.
- "Prepaid wireless calling service" means a
- 16 telecommunications service that provides the right to utilize
- 17 mobile wireless service as well as other non-telecommunications
- 18 services, including the download of digital products delivered
- 19 electronically, content and ancillary services, which must be
- 20 paid for in advance that is sold in predetermined units or
- 21 dollars of which the number declines with use in a known amount.

1	"Pri	vate communication service" means a telecommunication
2	service t	hat entitles the customer to exclusive or priority use
3	of a comm	unications channel or group of channels between or
4	among ter	mination points, regardless of the manner in which the
5	channel o	r channels are connected, and includes switching
6	capacity,	extension lines, stations, and any other associated
7	services	that are provided in connection with the use of the
8	channel o	r channels.
9	"Ser	vice address" means:
10	(1)	The location of the telecommunications equipment to
11		which a customer's call is charged and from which the
12		call originates or terminates, regardless of where the
13		call is billed or paid;
14	(2)	If the location in paragraph (1) is not known, service
15		address means the origination point of the signal of
16		the telecommunications services first identified by
17		either the seller's telecommunications system or in
18		information received by the seller from its service
19		provider, where the system used to transport such
20		signals is not that of the seller; or



1	(3) If the location in paragraphs (1) and (2) are not
2	known, service address means the location of the
3	customer's place of primary use."
4	SECTION 7. Chapter 255D, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
5	amended by adding four new sections to be appropriately
6	designated and to read as follows:
7	" <u>§255D-A</u> Relief from certain liability. All sellers and
8	certified service providers as defined in section 255D-2 using
9	databases pursuant to section 255D-D(f) and (g) shall be
10	relieved from liability to the state and local jurisdictions for
11	having charged and collected the incorrect amount of general
12	excise or use tax resulting from the seller or certified service
13	provider relying on erroneous data provided by the state on tax
14	rates, boundaries, or taxing jurisdiction assignments.
15	§255D-B Rounding rule. The department of taxation shall
16	adopt a rounding algorithm for general excise and use taxes with
17	the following criteria:
18	(1) Tax computation shall be carried to the third decimal
19	<pre>place; and</pre>
20	(2) The tax shall be rounded to a whole cent using a
21	method that rounds up to the next cent whenever the
22	third decimal place is greater than four.

1	Sellers may elect to compute the tax due on a transaction
2	on an item or an invoice basis, and shall allow the rounding
3	rule to be applied to the aggregated state and local taxes.
4	§255D-C Amnesty for registration under chapter 255D. (a)
5	The department shall provide amnesty for uncollected or unpaid
6	general excise tax under chapter 237 or use tax under chapter
7	238, including any county surcharge, to a seller who registers
8	to pay or to collect and remit applicable general excise or use
9	tax on sales made to purchasers in the State in accordance with
10	the terms of the streamlined sales and use tax agreement,
11	provided that the seller was not so registered in the State in
12	the twelve-month period preceding the effective date of the
13	State's participation in the streamlined sales and use tax
14	agreement.
15	(b) The amnesty shall preclude assessment for uncollected
16	or unpaid general excise tax under chapter 237 or use tax under
17	chapter 238 together with penalty or interest for sales made
18	during the period the seller was not registered in the State,
19	provided registration occurs within twelve months of the
20	effective date of the State's participation in the streamlined
21	sales and use tax agreement.

1	(c) The amnesty shall not be available to a seller with
2	respect to any matter or matters for which the seller received
3	notice of the commencement of an audit and the audit is not yet
4	finally resolved including any related administrative and
5	judicial processes.
6	(d) The amnesty shall not be available for general excise
7	or use taxes already paid or remitted to the State or to taxes
8	collected by the seller.
9	(e) The amnesty shall be fully effective, absent the
10	seller's fraud or intentional misrepresentation of a material
11	fact, as long as the seller continues registration and continues
12	payment or collection and remittance of applicable general
13	excise or use taxes for a period of at least thirty-six months.
14	The statute of limitations is tolled with respect to asserting a
15	tax liability during this thirty-six month period.
16	(f) The amnesty shall only apply to general excise or use
17	taxes due from a seller in its capacity as a seller and not to
18	sales or use taxes due from a seller in its capacity as a buyer.
19	§255D-D Local rate and boundary changes. (a) Any rate
20	changes by a county shall be effective only on the first day of
21	a calendar quarter after a minimum of sixty days' notice to
22	sellers.

1	(b) Any county tax rate changes to purchases from printed
2	catalogs wherein the purchaser computed the tax based upon
3	county tax rates published in the catalog shall be effective
4	only on the first day of a calendar quarter after a minimum of
5	one hundred twenty days' notice to sellers.
6	(c) For general excise and use tax purposes only, local
7	jurisdiction boundary changes apply only on the first day of a
8	calendar quarter after a minimum of sixty days' notice to
9	sellers.
10	(d) The department of taxation shall provide and maintain
11	a database that describes boundary changes for all taxing
12	jurisdictions. The database shall include a description of the
13	change and the effective date of the change for general excise
14	tax under chapter 237 and use tax under chapter 238 purposes.
15	(e) The department of taxation shall provide and maintain
16	a database of all general excise tax rates under chapter 237 and
17	use tax rates under chapter 238 for all of the jurisdictions
18	levying taxes within the State. For the identification of
19	states, counties, and cities, codes corresponding to the rates
20	shall be provided according to Federal Information Processing
21	Standards as developed by the National Institute of Standards
22	and Technology. For the identification of all other

1	jurisdictions, codes corresponding to the rates shall be in the
2	format determined by the Streamlined Sales Tax Governing Board,
3	Incorporated.
4	(f) The department of taxation shall provide and maintain
5	a database that assigns each five digit and nine digit zip code
6	within the State to the proper tax rates and jurisdictions. The
7	department of taxation shall apply the lowest combined tax rate
8	imposed in the zip code area if the area includes more than one
9	tax rate in any level of taxing jurisdictions. If a nine digit
10	zip code designation is not available for a street address or if
11	a seller or certified service provider is unable to determine
12	the nine digit zip code designation of a purchaser after
13	exercising due diligence to determine the designation, the
14	seller or certified service provider may apply the rate for the
15	five digit zip code area. For the purposes of this section,
16	there is a rebuttable presumption that a seller or certified
17	service provider has exercised due diligence if the seller has
18	attempted to determine the nine digit zip code designation by
19	utilizing software approved by the Streamlined Sales Tax
20	Governing Board, Incorporated, that makes this designation from
21	the street address and the five digit zip code of the purchaser.

1	The State shall participate with other states in the
2	development of an address-based system for assigning taxing
3	jurisdictions. The system shall meet the requirements developed
4	pursuant to the federal Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act
5	(4 U.S.C. Sec. 119(a)). If any state develops an address-based
6	assignment system pursuant to the Mobile Telecommunications
7	Sourcing Act, a seller may use that system in place of the
8	system provided for in subsection (e) of this section.
9	SECTION 8. Section 237-13, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
10	amended to read as follows:
11	"§237-13 Imposition of tax. There is hereby levied and
12	shall be assessed and collected annually privilege taxes against
13	persons on account of their business and other activities in the
14	State measured by the application of rates against values of
15	products, gross proceeds of sales, or gross income, whichever is
16	specified, as follows:
17	[(1) Tax on manufacturers.
18	(A) Upon every person engaging or continuing within
19	the State in the business of manufacturing,
20	including compounding, canning, preserving,
21	packing, printing, publishing, milling,
22	processing, refining, or preparing for sale,

1		profit, or commercial use, either directly or
2		through the activity of others, in whole or in
3		part, any article or articles, substance or
4		substances, commodity or commodities, the amount
5		of the tax to be equal to the value of the
6		articles, substances, or commodities,
7		manufactured, compounded, canned, preserved,
8		packed, printed, milled, processed, refined, or
9		prepared for sale, as shown by the gross proceeds
10		derived from the sale thereof by the manufacturer
11		or person compounding, preparing, or printing
12		them, multiplied by one half of one per cent.
13	(B)	The measure of the tax on manufacturers is the
14		value of the entire product for sale, regardless
15		of the place of sale or the fact that deliveries
16		may be made to points outside the State.
17	(C)	If any person liable for the tax on manufacturers
18		ships or transports the person's product, or any
19		part thereof, out of the State, whether in a
20		finished or unfinished condition, or sells the
21		same for delivery to points outside the State
22		(for example, consigned to a mainland purchaser

1	via common carrier f.o.b. Honolulu), the value of
2	the products in the condition or form in which
3	they exist immediately before entering interstate
4	or foreign commerce, determined as hereinafter
5	provided, shall be the basis for the assessment
6	of the tax imposed by this paragraph. This tax
7	shall be due and payable as of the date of entry
8	of the products into interstate or foreign
9	commerce, whether the products are then sold or
10	not. The department shall determine the basis
11	for assessment, as provided by this paragraph, as
12	follows:
13	(i) If the products at the time of their entry
14	into interstate or foreign commerce already
15	have been sold, the gross proceeds of sale,
16	less the transportation expenses, if any,
17	incurred in realizing the gross proceeds for
18	transportation from the time of entry of the
19	products into interstate or foreign
20	commerce, including insurance and storage in
21	transit, shall be the measure of the value
22	of the products;

1	(ii)	If the products have not been sold at the
2		time of their entry into interstate or
3		foreign commerce, and in cases governed by
4		clause (i) in which the products are sold
5		under circumstances such that the gross
6		proceeds of sale are not indicative of the
7		true value of the products, the value of the
8		products constituting the basis for
9		assessment shall correspond as nearly as
10		possible to the gross proceeds of sales for
11		delivery outside the State, adjusted as
12		provided in clause (i), or if sufficient
13		data are not available, sales in the State,
14		of similar products of like quality and
15		character and in similar quantities, made by
16		the taxpayer (unless not indicative of the
17		true value) or by others. Sales outside the
18		State, adjusted as provided in clause (i),
19		may be considered when they constitute the
20		best available data. The department shall
21		prescribe uniform and equitable rules for
22		ascertaining the values;

1	(iii)	At the election of the taxpayer and with the
2		approval of the department, the taxpayer may
3		make the taxpayer's returns under clause (i)
4		even though the products have not been sold
5		at the time of their entry into interstate
6		or foreign commerce; and
7	(iv)	In all cases in which products leave the
8		State in an unfinished condition, the basis
9		for assessment shall be adjusted so as to
10		deduct the portion of the value as is
11		attributable to the finishing of the goods
12		outside the State.
13	(2)] <u>(1)</u> Tax	on business of selling tangible personal
14	property[; producing.];
15	(A) Upon	every person engaging or continuing in the
16	busi	ness of selling any tangible personal
17	prop	erty [whatsoever] (not including, however,
18	bond	s or other evidence of indebtedness, or
19	stoc	ks), unless subject to chapter A, there is
20	[lik	ewise] hereby levied, and shall be assessed
21	and	collected, a tax equivalent to four per cent
22	of t	he gross proceeds of sales of the business;

1		[provided that insofar as certain retailing is
2		taxed by section 237 16, the tax shall be that
3		levied by section 237 16, and in the case of a
4		wholesaler, the tax shall be equal to one half of
5		one per cent of the gross proceeds of sales of
6		the business; provided that insofar as the sale
7		of tangible personal property is a wholesale sale
8		under section 237 4(a)(8)(B), the sale shall be
9		subject to section 237-13.3. Upon every person
10		engaging or continuing within this State in the
11		business of a producer, the tax shall be equal to
12		one half of one per cent of the gross proceeds of
13		sales of the business, or the value of the
14		products, for sale, if sold for delivery outside
15		the State or shipped or transported out of the
16		State, and the value of the products shall be
17		determined in the same manner as the value of
18		manufactured products covered in the cases under
19		paragraph (1)(C).
20	(B)	Gross proceeds of sales of tangible property,
21		unless subject to chapter A, in interstate and
22		foreign commerce shall constitute a part of the

1		measure of the tax imposed on persons in the
2		business of selling tangible personal property,
3		to the extent, under the conditions, and in
4		accordance with the provisions of the
5		Constitution of the United States and the Acts of
6		the Congress of the United States which may be
7		now in force or may be hereafter adopted, and
8		whenever there occurs in the State an activity to
9		which, under the Constitution and Acts of
10		Congress, there may be attributed gross proceeds
11		of sales, the gross proceeds shall be so
12		attributed[-]; and
13	[(C)	No manufacturer or producer, engaged in such
14		business in the State and selling the
15		manufacturer's or producer's products for
16		delivery outside of the State (for example,
17		consigned to a mainland purchaser via common
18		carrier f.o.b. Honolulu), shall be required to
19		pay the tax imposed in this chapter for the
20		privilege of so selling the products, and the
21		value or gross proceeds of sales of the products
22		shall be included only in determining the measure

1		or the tax imposed upon the manuracturer or
2		producer.
3	(D)]	(C) When a manufacturer or producer, as defined
4		under section A-1, engaged in such business in
5		the State, also is engaged in selling the
6		manufacturer's or producer's products in the
7		State at wholesale[-] and taxed under chapter A,
8		retail, or in any other manner, the tax for the
9		privilege of engaging in the business of selling
10		the products in the State shall apply to the
11		manufacturer or producer as well as the tax for
12		the privilege of manufacturing or producing in
13		the State, and the manufacturer or producer shall
14		make the returns of the gross proceeds of the
15		wholesale, retail, or other sales required for
16		the privilege of selling in the State, as well as
17		making the returns of the value or gross proceeds
18		of sales of the products required for the
19		privilege of manufacturing or producing in the
20		State. The manufacturer or producer shall pay
21		the tax imposed in this chapter for the privilege
22		of selling its products in the State, and the

1		value or gross proceeds of sales of the products,
2		thus subjected to tax, may be deducted insofar as
3		duplicated as to the same products by the measure
4		of the tax upon the manufacturer or producer for
5		the privilege of manufacturing or producing in
6		the State[\div] under chapter A; provided that no
7		producer of agricultural products who sells the
8		products to a purchaser who will process the
9		products outside the State shall be required to
10		pay the tax imposed in this chapter for the
11		privilege of producing or selling those
12		products[-]:
13	[(E)]	(D) A taxpayer selling to a federal cost-plus
14		contractor may make the election provided for by
15		paragraph $[(3)(C),]$ $(2)(C),$ and in that case the
16		tax shall be computed pursuant to the election,
17		notwithstanding this paragraph [or paragraph (1)]
18		to the contrary.
19	[(F)	The department, by rule, may require that a
20		seller take from the purchaser of tangible
21		personal property a certificate, in a form

1		prescribed by the department, certifying that the
2		sale is a sale at wholesale; provided that:
3		(i) Any purchaser who furnishes a certificate
4		shall be obligated to pay to the seller,
5		upon demand, the amount of the additional
6		tax that is imposed upon the seller whenever
7		the sale in fact is not at wholesale; and
8	-	(ii) The absence of a certificate in itself shall
9		give rise to the presumption that the sale
10		is not at wholesale unless the sales of the
11		business are exclusively at wholesale.
12	(3)] <u>(2)</u>	Tax upon contractors[-]:
13	(A)	Upon every person engaging or continuing within
14		the State in the business of contracting, the tax
15		shall be equal to four per cent of the gross
16		income of the business; provided that insofar as
17		the business of contracting is taxed by section
18		237-16, which relates to certain retailing, the
19		tax shall be that levied by section 237-16[\div];
20	(B)	In computing the tax levied under this paragraph
21		or section 237-16, there shall be deducted from
22		the gross income of the taxpayer so much thereof

1	as has been included in the measure of the tax
2	levied under subparagraph (A) or section 237-16,
3	on:
4	(i) Another taxpayer who is a contractor, as
5	defined in section 237-6;
6	(ii) A specialty contractor, duly licensed by the
7	department of commerce and consumer affairs
8	pursuant to section 444-9, in respect of the
9	specialty contractor's business; or
10	(iii) A specialty contractor who is not licensed
11	by the department of commerce and consumer
12	affairs pursuant to section 444-9, but who
13	performs contracting activities on federal
14	military installations and nowhere else in
15	this State;
16	provided that any person claiming a deduction
17	under this paragraph shall be required to show in
18	the person's return the name and general excise
19	number of the person paying the tax on the amount
20	deducted by the person[\div];
21	(C) In computing the tax levied under this paragraph
22	against any federal cost-plus contractor, there

1	shall be excluded from the gross income of the
2	contractor so much thereof as fulfills the
3	following requirements:
4	(i) The gross income exempted shall constitute
5	reimbursement of costs incurred for
6	materials, plant, or equipment purchased
7	from a taxpayer licensed under this chapter
8	not exceeding the gross proceeds of sale of
9	the taxpayer on account of the transaction;
10	and
11	(ii) The taxpayer making the sale shall have
12	certified to the department that the
13	taxpayer is taxable with respect to the
14	gross proceeds of the sale, and that the
15	taxpayer elects to have the tax on gross
16	income computed the same as upon a sale to
17	the state government[-];
18	(D) A person who, as a business or as a part of a
19	business in which the person is engaged, erects,
20	constructs, or improves any building or
21	structure, of any kind or description, or makes,
22	constructs, or improves any road, street,

1	sidewalk, sewer, or water system, or other
2	improvements on land held by the person (whether
3	held as a leasehold, fee simple, or otherwise),
4	upon the sale or other disposition of the land or
5	improvements, even if the work was not done
6	pursuant to a contract, shall be liable to the
7	same tax as if engaged in the business of
8	contracting, unless the person shows that at the
9	time the person was engaged in making the
10	improvements the person intended, and for the
11	period of at least one year after completion of
12	the building, structure, or other improvements
13	the person continued to intend to hold and not
14	sell or otherwise dispose of the land or
15	improvements. The tax in respect of the
16	improvements shall be measured by the amount of
17	the proceeds of the sale or other disposition
18	that is attributable to the erection,
19	construction, or improvement of such building or
20	structure, or the making, constructing, or
21	improving of the road, street, sidewalk, sewer,
22	or water system, or other improvements. The

1			measure of tax in respect of the improvements
2			shall not exceed the amount [which] that would
3			have been taxable had the work been performed by
4			another, subject as in other cases to the
5			deductions allowed by subparagraph (B). Upon the
6			election of the taxpayer, this paragraph may be
7			applied notwithstanding that the improvements
8			were not made by the taxpayer, or were not made
9			as a business or as a part of a business, or were
10			made with the intention of holding the same.
11			However, this paragraph shall not apply in
12			respect of any proceeds that constitute or are in
13			the nature of rent; all such gross income shall
14			be taxable under paragraph $[(9);$ 1 (6); provided
15			that insofar as the business of renting or
16			leasing real property under a lease is taxed
17			under section 237-16.5, the tax shall be levied
18			by section 237-16.5[÷] <u>;</u>
19	[(4)]	(3)	Tax upon theaters, amusements, radio broadcasting
20		stat	ions, etc[-] <u>;</u>
21		(A)	Upon every person engaging or continuing within
22			the State in the business of operating a theater,

1		opera house, moving picture show, vaudeville,
2		amusement park, dance hall, skating rink, radio
3		broadcasting station, or any other place at which
4		amusements are offered to the public, <u>unless</u>
5		taxed under section A-6, the tax shall be equal
6		to four per cent of the gross income of the
7		business[, and in the case of a sale of an
8		amusement at wholesale under section 237
9		4(a)(13), the tax shall be subject to section
10		237 13.3.
11	(B)	The department may require that the person
12		rendering an amusement at wholesale take from the
13		licensed seller a certificate, in a form
14		prescribed by the department, certifying that the
15		sale is a sale at wholesale; provided that:
16		(i) Any licensed seller who furnishes a
17		certificate shall be obligated to pay to the
18		person rendering the amusement, upon demand,
19		the amount of additional tax that is imposed
20		upon the seller whenever the sale is not at
21		wholesale; and



1		(ii) The absence of a certificate in itself shall
2		give rise to the presumption that the sale
3		is not at wholesale unless the person
4		rendering the sale is exclusively rendering
5		the amusement at wholesale.];
6	[(5)] <u>(4)</u>	Tax upon sales representatives, etc. Upon every
7	per	son classified as a representative or purchasing
8	age	nt under section 237-1, engaging or continuing
9	wit	hin the State in the business of performing
10	ser	vices for another, other than as an employee, there
11	is	likewise hereby levied and shall be assessed and
12	col	lected a tax equal to four per cent of the
13	com	missions and other compensation attributable to the
14	ser	vices so rendered by the $person[-]$, $unless$ $taxable$
15	und	er chapters A or C;
16	[(6)] <u>(5)</u>	Tax on service business[-]:
17	(A)	Upon every person engaging or continuing within
18		the State in any service business or calling
19		including professional services not otherwise
20		specifically taxed under this chapter, chapter A,
21		or chapter C, there is likewise hereby levied and
22		shall be assessed and collected a tax equal to

1	four per cent of the gross income of the
2	business[, and in the case of a wholesaler under
3	section 237 4(a)(10), the tax shall be equal to
4	one half of one per cent of the gross income of
5	the business. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a
6	wholesaler under section 237 4(a)(10) shall be
7	subject to section 237 13.3.
8	(B) The department may require that the person
9	rendering a service at wholesale take from the
10	licensed seller a certificate, in a form
11	prescribed by the department, certifying that the
12	sale is a sale at wholesale; provided that:
13	(i) Any licensed seller who furnishes a
14	certificate shall be obligated to pay to the
15	person rendering the service, upon demand,
16	the amount of additional tax that is imposed
17	upon the seller whenever the sale is not at
18	wholesale; and
19	(ii) The absence of a certificate in itself shall
20	give rise to the presumption that the sale
21	is not at wholesale unless the person

1		rendering the sale is exclusively rendering
2		services at wholesale.
3	(C)	Where any person engaging or continuing within
4		the State in any service business or calling
5		renders those services upon the order of or at
6		the request of another taxpayer who is engaged in
7		the service business and who, in fact, acts as or
8		acts in the nature of an intermediary between the
9		person rendering those services and the ultimate
10		recipient of the benefits of those services, so
11		much of the gross income as is received by the
12		person rendering the services shall be subjected
13		to the tax at the rate of one half of one per
14		cent and all of the gross income received by the
15		intermediary from the principal shall be
16		subjected to a tax at the rate of four per cent.
17		Where the taxpayer is subject to both this
18		subparagraph and to the lowest tax rate under
19		subparagraph (A), the taxpayer shall be taxed
20		under this subparagraph. This subparagraph shall
21		be repealed on January 1, 2006.

1	[(D)]	(B) Where any person is engaged in the business
2		of selling interstate or foreign common carrier
3		telecommunication services within and without the
4		State, other than as a home service provider, the
5		tax shall be imposed on that portion of gross
6		income received by a person from service which is
7		originated or terminated in this State and is
8		charged to a telephone number, customer, or
9		account in this State notwithstanding any other
10		state law (except for the exemption under section
11		237-23(a)(1)) to the contrary. If, under the
12		Constitution and laws of the United States, the
13		entire gross income as determined under this
14		paragraph of a business selling interstate or
15		foreign common carrier telecommunication services
16		cannot be included in the measure of the tax, the
17		gross income shall be apportioned as provided in
18		section 237-21; provided that the apportionment
19		factor and formula shall be the same for all
20		persons providing those services in the State.
21	[(E)]	(C) Where any person is engaged in the business
22		of a home service provider, the tax shall be

1	imposed on the gross income received or derived
2	from providing interstate or foreign mobile
3	telecommunications services to a customer with a
4	place of primary use in this State when such
5	services originate in one state and terminate in
6	another state, territory, or foreign country;
7	provided that all charges for mobile
8	telecommunications services which are billed by
9	or for the home service provider are deemed to be
10	provided by the home service provider at the
11	customer's place of primary use, regardless of
12	where the mobile telecommunications originate,
13	terminate, or pass through; provided further that
14	the income from charges specifically derived from
15	interstate or foreign mobile telecommunications
16	services, as determined by books and records that
17	are kept in the regular course of business by the
18	home service provider in accordance with section
19	239-24, shall be apportioned under any
20	apportionment factor or formula adopted under
21	[section 237 13(6)(D).] subparagraph (B). Gross
22	income shall not include:

1		(i)	Gross receipts from mobile
2			telecommunications services provided to a
3			customer with a place of primary use outside
4			this State;
5		(ii)	Gross receipts from mobile
6			telecommunications services that are subject
7			to the tax imposed by chapter 239;
8		(iii)	Gross receipts from mobile
9			telecommunications services taxed under
10			section 237-13.8; and
11		(iv)	Gross receipts of a home service provider
12			acting as a serving carrier providing mobile
13			telecommunications services to another home
14			service provider's customer[-];
15		For	the purposes of this paragraph, "charges for
16		mobi	le telecommunications services", "customer",
17		"hom	e service provider", "mobile
18		tele	communications services", "place of primary
19		use"	, and "serving carrier" have the same meaning
20		as i	n section 239-22[+] <u>; and</u>
21	[(7)	Tax on in	surance solicitors and agents. Upon every
22		norgen en	gaged as a licensed selisitor seneral agent

1		or subagent pursuant to chapter 431, there is hereby
2		levied and shall be assessed and collected a tax equal
3		to .15 per cent of the commissions due to that
4		activity.
5	(8)	Tax on receipts of sugar benefit payments. Upon the
6		amounts received from the United States government by
7		any producer of sugar (or the producer's legal
8		representative or heirs), as defined under and by
9		virtue of the Sugar Act of 1948, as amended, or other
10		Acts of the Congress of the United States relating
11		thereto, there is hereby levied a tax of one-half of
12		one per cent of the gross amount received; provided
13		that the tax levied hereunder on any amount so
14		received and actually disbursed to another by a
15		producer in the form of a benefit payment shall be
16		paid by the person or persons to whom the amount is
17		actually disbursed, and the producer actually making a
18		benefit payment to another shall be entitled to claim
19		on the producer's return a deduction from the gross
20		amount taxable hereunder in the sum of the amount so
21		disbursed. The amounts taxed under this paragraph



1		shair not be taxable under any other paragraph,
2		subsection, or section of this chapter.
3	(9)]	(6) Tax on other business. Upon every person
4		engaging or continuing within the State in any
5		business, trade, activity, occupation, or calling not
6		included in the preceding paragraphs or any other
7		provisions of this chapter, there is likewise hereby
8		levied and shall be assessed and collected, a tax
9		equal to four per cent of the gross income thereof.
10		In addition, the rate prescribed by this paragraph
11		shall apply to a business taxable under one or more of
12		the preceding paragraphs or other provisions of this
13		chapter, as to any gross income thereof not taxed
14		thereunder as gross income or gross proceeds of sales
15		or by taxing an equivalent value of products, unless
16		specifically exempted[+] or subject to tax under
17		chapter A or chapter C."
18	SECT	ION 9. Section 237-18, Hawaii Revised Statutes,
19	amended to	o read as follows:
20	"§23	7-18 Further provisions as to application of tax. (a)
21	Where a c	oin operated device produces gross income which is
22	divided b	etween the owner or operator of the device, on the one

- 1 hand, and the owner or operator of the premises where the device
- 2 is located, on the other hand, the tax imposed by this chapter
- 3 shall apply to each such person with respect to the person's
- 4 portion of the proceeds, and no more.
- 5 (b) Where gate receipts or other admissions are divided
- 6 between the person furnishing or producing a play, concert,
- 7 lecture, athletic event, or similar spectacle (including any
- 8 motion picture showing) on the one hand, and a promoter
- 9 (including any proprietor or other operator of a motion picture
- 10 house) offering the spectacle to the public, on the other hand,
- 11 the tax imposed by this chapter, if the promoter is subject to
- 12 the tax imposed by this chapter, shall apply only to the
- 13 promoter measured by the whole of the proceeds, and the promoter
- 14 shall be authorized to deduct and withhold from the portion of
- 15 the proceeds payable to the person furnishing or producing the
- 16 spectacle the amount of the tax payable by the person upon such
- 17 portion. No tax shall apply to a promoter with respect to such
- 18 portion of the proceeds as is payable to a person furnishing or
- 19 producing the spectacle, who is exempted by section 237-23 from
- 20 taxation upon such activity.
- 21 [(c) Where, through the activity of a person taxable under
- 22 section 237-13(6), a product has been milled, processed, or

1	otherwise manufactured upon the order of another taxpayer who is
2	a manufacturer taxable upon the value of the entire manufactured
3	products, which consists in part of the value of the services
4	taxable under section 237 13(6), so much gross income as is
5	derived from the rendering of the services shall be subjected to
6	tax on the person rendering the services at the rate of one half
7	of one per cent, and the value of the entire product shall be
8	included in the measure of the tax imposed on the other taxpayer
9	as elsewhere provided.
10	(d) Where, through the activity of a person taxable under
11	section 237-13(6), there have been rendered to a cane planter
12	services consisting in the harvesting or hauling of the cane, or
13	consisting in road maintenance, under a contract between the
14	person rendering the services and the cane planter, covering the
15	services and also the milling of the sugar, the services of
16	harvesting and hauling the cane and road maintenance shall be
17	treated the same as the service of milling the cane, as provided
18	by subsection (c), and the value of the entire product,
19	manufactured or sold for the cane planter under the contract,
20	shall be included in the measure of the tax imposed on the
21	person as elsewhere provided.]

1 [(e)] (c) Where [insurance agents, including general 2 agents, subagents, or solicitors, who are not employees and are 3 licensed pursuant to chapter 431, or real estate brokers or 4 salespersons, who are not employees and are licensed pursuant to 5 chapter 467, produce commissions [which] that are divided 6 between [such general agents, subagents, or solicitors, or 7 between such] real estate brokers or salespersons, [as the case may be, [237-13(6)] the tax levied under section [237-13(6)] 237-13(5) as 8 9 to real estate brokers or salespersons[, or under section 237-**10** 13(7) as to insurance general agents, subagents, or solicitors] 11 shall apply to each [such] person with respect to the person's **12** portion of the commissions, and no more. 13 $\left[\frac{f}{f}\right]$ (d) Where tourism related services are furnished 14 through arrangements made by a travel agency or tour packager 15 and the gross income is divided between the provider of the 16 services and the travel agency or tour packager, the tax imposed **17** by this chapter shall apply to each such person with respect to 18 such person's respective portion of the proceeds, and no more. 19 As used in this subsection "tourism related services" means **20** catamaran cruises, canoe rides, dinner cruises, lei greetings, 21 transportation included in a tour package, sightseeing tours not subject to chapter 239, admissions to luaus, dinner shows, 22

- 1 extravaganzas, cultural and educational facilities, and other
- 2 services rendered directly to the customer or tourist, but only
- 3 if the providers of the services other than air transportation
- 4 are subject to a four per cent tax under this chapter or chapter
- **5** 239.
- 6 [$\frac{g}{g}$] (e) Where transient accommodations are furnished
- 7 through arrangements made by a travel agency or tour packager at
- 8 noncommissioned negotiated contract rates and the gross income
- 9 is divided between the operator of transient accommodations on
- 10 the one hand and the travel agency or tour packager on the other
- 11 hand, the tax imposed by this chapter shall apply to each such
- 12 person with respect to such person's respective portion of the
- 13 proceeds, and no more.
- 14 As used in this subsection, the words "transient
- 15 accommodations and "operator" shall be defined in the same
- 16 manner as they are defined in section 237D-1.
- 17 [\(\frac{(h)}{l}\)] (f) Where the transportation of passengers or
- 18 property is furnished through arrangements between motor
- 19 carriers, and the gross income is divided between the motor
- 20 carriers, any tax imposed by this chapter shall apply to each
- 21 motor carrier with respect to each motor carrier's respective
- 22 portion of the proceeds.

1 As used in this subsection: 2 "Carrier" means a person who engages in transportation, and 3 does not include a person such as a freight forwarder or tour 4 packager who provides transportation by contracting with others, 5 except to the extent that such person oneself engages in 6 transportation. 7 "Contract carrier" means a person other than a public utility as defined under section 239-2 or taxicab, which under 8 9 contracts or agreements, engages in the transportation of **10** persons or property for compensation, by land, water, or air. 11 "Motor carrier" means a common carrier or contract carrier **12** transporting persons or property for compensation on the public 13 highways, other than a public utility as defined under section 14 239-2 or taxicab. 15 "Public highways" has the meaning defined by section 264-1 16 including both state and county highways, but operation upon **17** rails shall not be deemed transportation on the public 18 highways." 19 SECTION 10. Section 237-21, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 20 amended to read as follows:

"§237-21 Apportionment. If any person[, other than

persons liable to the tax on manufacturers as provided by

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- 1 section 237-13(1), is engaged in business both within and
- 2 without the State or in selling goods for delivery outside the
- 3 State, and if under the Constitution or laws of the United
- 4 States or section 237-29.5 the entire gross income of such
- 5 person cannot be included in the measure of this tax, there
- 6 shall be apportioned to the State and included in the measure of
- 7 the tax that portion of the gross income which is derived from
- 8 activities within the State, to the extent that the
- 9 apportionment is required by the Constitution or laws of the
- 10 United States or section 237-29.5. [In the case of a tax upon
- 11 the production of property in the State the apportionment shall
- 12 be determined as in the case of the tax on manufacturers.] In
- 13 other cases, if and to the extent that the apportionment cannot
- 14 be accurately made by separate accounting methods, there shall
- 15 be apportioned to the State and included in the measure of this
- 16 tax that proportion of the total gross income, so requiring
- 17 apportionment, which the cost of doing business within the
- 18 State, applicable to the gross income, bears to the cost of
- 19 doing business both within and without the State, applicable to
- 20 the gross income."
- 21 SECTION 11. Section 237-24, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
- 22 amended to read as follows:

1	"§237 -	24 Amounts not taxable. This chapter shall not
2	apply to th	ne following amounts:
3	(1) A	amounts received under life insurance policies and
4	C	contracts paid by reason of the death of the insured;
5	(2) A	amounts received (other than amounts paid by reason of
6	d	leath of the insured) under life insurance, endowment,
7	0	or annuity contracts, either during the term or at
8	m	naturity or upon surrender of the contract;
9	(3) A	amounts received under any accident insurance or
10	h	ealth insurance policy or contract or under workers'
11	C	compensation acts or employers' liability acts, as
12	C	compensation for personal injuries, death, or
13	s	sickness, including also the amount of any damages or
14	0	ther compensation received, whether as a result of
15	a	action or by private agreement between the parties on
16	a	account of the personal injuries, death, or sickness;
17	(4) T	The value of all property of every kind and sort
18	a	acquired by gift, bequest, or devise, and the value of
19	a	all property acquired by descent or inheritance;
20	(5) A	amounts received by any person as compensatory damages
21	f	for any tort injury to the person, or to the person's

character reputation, or received as compensatory

1		damages for any tort injury to or destruction of
2		property, whether as the result of action or by
3		private agreement between the parties (provided that
4		amounts received as punitive damages for tort injury
5		or breach of contract injury shall be included in
6		gross income);
7	(6)	Amounts received as salaries or wages for services
8		rendered by an employee to an employer;
9	(7)	Amounts received as alimony and other similar payments
10		and settlements;
11	(8)	Amounts collected by distributors as fuel taxes on
12		"liquid fuel" imposed by chapter 243, and the amounts
13		collected by such distributors as a fuel tax imposed
14		by any Act of the Congress of the United States;
15	(9)	Taxes on liquor imposed by chapter 244D on dealers
16		holding permits under that chapter;
17	[(10)	The amounts of taxes on cigarettes and tobacco
18		products imposed by chapter 245 on wholesalers or
19		dealers holding licenses under that chapter and
20		selling the products at wholesale;

1	(11)]	(10) Federal excise taxes imposed on articles sold at
2		retail and collected from the purchasers thereof and
3		paid to the federal government by the retailer;
4	[(12)	The amounts of federal taxes under chapter 37 of the
5		Internal Revenue Code, or similar federal taxes,
6		imposed on sugar manufactured in the State, paid by
7		the manufacturer to the federal government;
8	(13)]	(11) [An amount up to, but not in excess of, \$2,000 a
9		year of gross income] Amounts received by any blind,
10		deaf, or totally disabled person engaging, or
11		continuing, in any business, trade, activity,
12		occupation, or calling within the State; a corporation
13		all of whose outstanding shares are owned by an
14		individual or individuals who are blind, deaf, or
15		totally disabled; a general, limited, or limited
16		liability partnership, all of whose partners are
17		blind, deaf, or totally disabled; or a limited
18		liability company, all of whose members are blind,
19		deaf, or totally disabled;
20	[(14)	Amounts received by a producer of sugarcane from the
21		manufacturer to whom the producer sells the sugarcane,
22		where:

1		(A)	The producer is an independent cane farmer, so
2			classed by the Secretary of Agriculture under the
3			Sugar Act of 1948 (61 Stat. 922, Chapter 519) as
4			the Act may be amended or supplemented;
5		(B)	The value or gross proceeds of sale of the sugar,
6			and other products manufactured from the
7			sugarcane, is included in the measure of the tax
8			levied on the manufacturer under section 237
9			13(1) or (2);
10		(C)	The producer's gross proceeds of sales are
11			dependent upon the actual value of the products
12			manufactured therefrom or the average value of
13			all similar products manufactured by the
14			manufacturer; and
15		(D)	The producer's gross proceeds of sales are
16			reduced by reason of the tax on the value or sale
17			of the manufactured products;
18	(15)]	(12)	Money paid by the State or eleemosynary child-
19		plac	ing organizations to foster parents for their care
20		of cl	nildren in foster homes; and
21	[(16)]	(13)	Amounts received by a cooperative housing
22		corp	oration from its shareholders in reimbursement of

1	funds	paid by such corporation for lease rental, real						
2	proper	property taxes, and other expenses of operating and						
3	mainta	maintaining the cooperative land and improvements;						
4	provid	ed that such a cooperative corporation is a						
5	corpor	ation:						
6	(A) H	aving one and only one class of stock						
7	0	utstanding;						
8	(B) E	ach of the stockholders of which is entitled						
9	S	olely by reason of the stockholder's ownership						
10	0	f stock in the corporation, to occupy for						
11	d	welling purposes a house, or an apartment in a						
12	b	uilding owned or leased by the corporation; and						
13	(C) N	o stockholder of which is entitled (either						
14	С	onditionally or unconditionally) to receive any						
15	d	istribution not out of earnings and profits of						
16	t	he corporation except in a complete or partial						
17	1	iquidation of the corporation."						
18	SECTION 12.	Section 237-24.3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is						
19	amended to read	as follows:						
20	"§237-24.3	Additional amounts not taxable. In addition to						
21	the amounts not	taxable under section 237-24, this chapter shall						

not apply to:

1	(1)	Amounts received from the loading, transportation, and					
2		unloading of agricultural commodities shipped for a					
3		producer or produce dealer on one island of this State					
4		to a person, firm, or organization on another island					
5		of this State. The terms "agricultural commodity",					
6		"producer", and "produce dealer" shall be defined in					
7		the same manner as they are defined in section 147-1;					
8		provided that agricultural commodities need not have					
9		been produced in the State;					
10	(2)	Amounts received from sales of:					
11		(A) Intoxicating liquor as the term "liquor" is					
12		defined in chapter 244D;					
13		(B) Cigarettes and tobacco products as defined in					
14		chapter 245; and					
15		(C) Agricultural, meat, or fish products;					
16		to any person or common carrier in interstate or					
17		foreign commerce, or both, whether ocean-going or air,					
18		for consumption out-of-state on the shipper's vessels					
19		or airplanes;					
20	(3)	Amounts received by the manager or board of directors					
21		of:					

1		(A)	An association of apartment owners of a
2			condominium property regime established in
3			accordance with chapter 514B; or
4		(B)	A nonprofit homeowners or community association
5			incorporated in accordance with chapter 414D or
6			any predecessor thereto and existing pursuant to
7			covenants running with the land,
8		in r	eimbursement of sums paid for common expenses;
9	(4)	Amou	nts received or accrued from:
10		(A)	The loading or unloading of cargo from ships,
11			barges, vessels, or aircraft, whether or not the
12			ships, barges, vessels, or aircraft travel
13			between the State and other states or countries
14			or between the islands of the State;
15		(B)	Tugboat services including pilotage fees
16			performed within the State, and the towage of
17			ships, barges, or vessels in and out of state
18			harbors, or from one pier to another; and
19		(C)	The transportation of pilots or governmental
20			officials to ships, barges, or vessels offshore;
21			rigging gear; checking freight and similar

1	services;	standby	charges;	and	use	of	moorings
2	and running	ng moorir	ng lines;				

3 Amounts received by an employee benefit plan by way of (5) contributions, dividends, interest, and other income; 4 5 and amounts received by a nonprofit organization or 6 office, as payments for costs and expenses incurred 7 for the administration of an employee benefit plan; 8 provided that this exemption shall not apply to any 9 gross rental income or gross rental proceeds received **10** after June 30, 1994, as income from investments in 11 real property in this State; and provided further that 12 gross rental income or gross rental proceeds from 13 investments in real property received by an employee benefit plan after June 30, 1994, under written 14 contracts executed prior to July 1, 1994, shall not be 15 16 taxed until the contracts are renegotiated, renewed, 17 or extended, or until after December 31, 1998, 18 whichever is earlier. For the purposes of this 19 paragraph, "employee benefit plan" means any plan as **20** defined in section 1002(3) of title 29 of the United 21 States Code, as amended;

1	(6)	Amounts received for purchases made with United States
2		Department of Agriculture food coupons under the
3		federal food stamp program, and amounts received for
4		purchases made with United States Department of
5		Agriculture food vouchers under the Special
6		Supplemental Foods Program for Women, Infants and
7		Children;
8	(7)	Amounts received by a hospital, infirmary, medical
9		clinic, health care facility, pharmacy, or a
10		practitioner licensed to administer the drug to an
11		individual for selling prescription drugs or
12		prosthetic devices to an individual; provided that
13		this paragraph shall not apply to any amounts received
14		for services provided in selling prescription drugs or
15		prosthetic devices. As used in this paragraph:
16		(A) "Prescription drugs" are those drugs defined
17		under section 328-1 and dispensed by filling or
18		refilling a written or oral prescription by a
19		practitioner licensed under law to administer the
20		drug and sold by a licensed pharmacist under
21		section 328-16 or practitioners licensed to

administer drugs; and

1	(B)	"Pros	thetic device" means [any artificial device
2		or a r	opliance, instrument, apparatus, or
3		contr	rivance, including their components, parts,
4		acces	ssories, and replacements thereof, used to
5		repla	ace a missing or surgically removed part of
6		the h	numan body, which is prescribed by a licensed
7		pract	itioner of medicine, osteopathy, or podiatry
8		and w	which is sold by the practitioner or which is
9		dispe	ensed and sold by a dealer of prosthetic
10		devic	es; provided that "prosthetic device" shall
11		not n	mean any auditory, ophthalmic, dental, or
12		ocula	ar device or appliance, instrument,
13		appar	catus, or contrivance; a replacement,
14		corre	ective, or supportive device including repair
15		and r	replacement parts for same worn on or in the
16		body	to:
17		<u>(i)</u>	Artificially replace a missing portion of
18			the body;
19	<u>-</u>	(ii)	Prevent or correct physical deformity or
20			malfunction; or
21	<u>(:</u>	iii)	Support a weak or deformed portion of the
22			body.

1		A prosthetic device does not include corrective
2		eyeglasses, contact lenses, hearing aids, and
3		dental prothesis;
4	(8)	Taxes on transient accommodations imposed by chapter
5		237D and passed on and collected by operators holding
6		certificates of registration under that chapter;
7	(9)	Amounts received as dues by an unincorporated
8		merchants association from its membership for
9		advertising media, promotional, and advertising costs
10		for the promotion of the association for the benefit
11		of its members as a whole and not for the benefit of
12		an individual member or group of members less than the
13		entire membership;
14	(10)	Amounts received by a labor organization for real
15		property leased to:
16		(A) A labor organization; or
17		(B) A trust fund established by a labor organization
18		for the benefit of its members, families, and
19		dependents for medical or hospital care, pensions
20		on retirement or death of employees,
21		apprenticeship and training, and other membership
22		service programs.

1		As used in this paragraph, "labor organization" means
2		a labor organization exempt from federal income tax
3		under section 501(c)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code,
4		as amended;
5	(11)	Amounts received from foreign diplomats and consular
6		officials who are holding cards issued or authorized
7		by the United States Department of State granting them
8		an exemption from state taxes; and
9	(12)	Amounts received as rent for the rental or leasing of
10		aircraft or aircraft engines used by the lessees or
11		renters for interstate air transportation of
12		passengers and goods. For purposes of this paragraph,
13		payments made pursuant to a lease shall be considered
14		rent regardless of whether the lease is an operating
15		lease or a financing lease. The definition of
16		"interstate air transportation" is the same as in 49
17		U.S.C. 40102."
18	SECT	ION 13. Section 237-34, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
19	amended b	y amending subsection (b) to read as follows:
20	"(b)	All tax returns and return information required to be
21	filed und	er this chapter, and the report of any investigation of
22	the retur	n or of the subject matter of the return, shall be

- 1 confidential. It shall be unlawful for any person or any
- 2 officer or employee of the State to intentionally make known
- 3 information imparted by any tax return or return information
- 4 filed pursuant to this chapter, or any report of any
- 5 investigation of the return or of the subject matter of the
- 6 return, or to wilfully permit any such return, return
- 7 information, or report so made, or any copy thereof, to be seen
- 8 or examined by any person; provided that for tax purposes only
- 9 the taxpayer, the taxpayer's authorized agent, or persons with a
- 10 material interest in the return, return information, or report
- 11 may examine them. Unless otherwise provided by law, persons
- 12 with a material interest in the return, return information, or
- 13 report shall include:
- 14 (1) Trustees;
- 15 (2) Partners;
- 16 (3) Persons named in a board resolution or a one per cent
- shareholder in case of a corporate return;
- 18 (4) The person authorized to act for a corporation in
- dissolution;
- 20 (5) The shareholder of an S corporation;

1	(6)	The personal representative, trustee, heir, or
2		beneficiary of an estate or trust in case of the
3		estate's or decedent's return;
4	(7)	The committee, trustee, or guardian of any person in
5		paragraphs (1) to (6) who is incompetent;
6	(8)	The trustee in bankruptcy or receiver, and the
7		attorney-in-fact of any person in paragraphs (1) to
8		(7);
9	(9)	Persons duly authorized by the State in connection
10		with their official duties;
11	(10)	Any duly accredited tax official of the United States
12		or of any state or territory;
13	(11)	The Multistate Tax Commission or its authorized
14		representative;
15	(12)	Members of a limited liability company; [and]
16	(13)	A person contractually obligated to pay the taxes
17		assessed against another when the latter person is
18		under audit by the department $[-]$; and
19	(14)	The Streamlined Sales Tax Governing Board,
20		Incorporated, or its authorized representative.
21	Any	violation of this subsection shall be a misdemeanor."

1	SECTION 1	4. Section 238-2, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
2	amended to rea	d as follows:
3	"§238 - 2	Imposition of tax on tangible personal property;
4	exemptions. T	here is hereby levied an excise tax on the use in
5	this State of	tangible personal property which is imported by a
6	taxpayer in th	is State whether owned, purchased from an
7	unlicensed sel	ler, or however acquired for use in this State[-]_
8	unless subject	to tax or exempt from tax under chapter B. The
9	tax imposed by	this chapter shall accrue when the property is
10	acquired by th	e importer or purchaser and becomes subject to the
11	taxing jurisdi	ction of the State. The [rates] rate of the tax
12	hereby imposed	[and the exemptions thereof are as follows:
13	(1) If t	he importer or purchaser is licensed under chapter
14	237	and is:
15	(A)	A wholesaler or jobber importing or purchasing
16		for purposes of sale or resale; or
17	(B)	A manufacturer importing or purchasing material
18		or commodities which are to be incorporated by
19		the manufacturer into a finished or saleable
20		product (including the container or package in
21		which the product is contained) wherein it will
22		remain in such form as to be perceptible to the

1		senses, and which finished or saleable product is
2		to be sold in such manner as to result in a
3		further tax on the activity of the manufacturer
4		as the manufacturer or as a wholesaler, and not
5		as a retailer,
6		there shall be no tax; provided that if the
7		wholesaler, jobber, or manufacturer is also engaged in
8		business as a retailer (so classed under chapter 237),
9		paragraph (2) shall apply to the wholesaler, jobber,
10		or manufacturer, but the director of taxation shall
11		refund to the wholesaler, jobber, or manufacturer, in
12		the manner provided under section 231 23(c) such
13		amount of tax as the wholesaler, jobber, or
14		manufacturer shall, to the satisfaction of the
15		director, establish to have been paid by the
16		wholesaler, jobber, or manufacturer to the director
17		with respect to property which has been used by the
18		wholesaler, jobber, or manufacturer for the purposes
19		stated in this paragraph;
20	(2)	If the importer or purchaser is licensed under chapter
21		237 and is:



1	(A	7)	A retailer or other person importing or
2			purchasing for purposes of sale or resale, not
3			exempted by paragraph (1);
4	(B	3)	A manufacturer importing or purchasing material
5			or commodities which are to be incorporated by
6			the manufacturer into a finished or saleable
7			product (including the container or package in
8			which the product is contained) wherein it will
9			remain in such form as to be perceptible to the
10			senses, and which finished or saleable product is
11			to be sold at retail in this State, in such
12			manner as to result in a further tax on the
13			activity of the manufacturer in selling such
14			products at retail;
15	(C])	A contractor importing or purchasing material or
16			commodities which are to be incorporated by the
17			contractor into the finished work or project
18			required by the contract and which will remain in
19			such finished work or project in such form as to
20			be perceptible to the senses;
21	(D))	A person engaged in a service business or calling
22			as defined in section 237 7, or a person

1	furnishing transient accommodations subject to
2	the tax imposed by section 237D 2, in which the
3	import or purchase of tangible personal property
4	would have qualified as a sale at wholesale as
5	defined in section 237-4(a)(8) had the seller of
6	the property been subject to the tax in chapter
7	237; or
8	(E) A publisher of magazines or similar printed
9	materials containing advertisements, when the
10	publisher is under contract with the advertisers
11	to distribute a minimum number of magazines or
12	similar printed materials to the public or
13	defined segment of the public, whether or not
14	there is a charge to the persons who actually
15	receive the magazines or similar printed
16	materials,
17	the tax shall be one half of one per cent of the
18	purchase price of the property, if the purchase and
19	sale are consummated in Hawaii; or, if there is no
20	purchase price applicable thereto, or if the purchase
21	or sale is consummated outside of Hawaii, then one

1	half of one per cent of the value of such property;
2	and
3	$\frac{(3)}{(3)}$ In all other cases, $]$ is four per cent of the value of
4	the property.
5	For purposes of this section, tangible personal property is
6	property that is imported by the taxpayer for use in this State,
7	notwithstanding the fact that title to the property, or the risk
8	of loss to the property, passes to the purchaser of the property
9	at a location outside this State."
10	SECTION 15. Section 238-2.3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
11	amended to read as follows:
12	"§238-2.3 Imposition of tax on imported services or
12 13	"§238-2.3 Imposition of tax on imported services or contracting; exemptions. There is hereby levied an excise tax
13	contracting; exemptions. There is hereby levied an excise tax
13 14	contracting; exemptions. There is hereby levied an excise tax on the value of services or contracting as defined in section
131415	contracting; exemptions. There is hereby levied an excise tax on the value of services or contracting as defined in section 237-6 that are performed by an unlicensed seller at a point
13 14 15 16	contracting; exemptions. There is hereby levied an excise tax on the value of services or contracting as defined in section 237-6 that are performed by an unlicensed seller at a point outside the State and imported or purchased for use in this
13 14 15 16 17	contracting; exemptions. There is hereby levied an excise tax on the value of services or contracting as defined in section 237-6 that are performed by an unlicensed seller at a point outside the State and imported or purchased for use in this State[-], unless subject to tax or exempt from tax under chapter
13 14 15 16 17 18	contracting; exemptions. There is hereby levied an excise tax on the value of services or contracting as defined in section 237-6 that are performed by an unlicensed seller at a point outside the State and imported or purchased for use in this State[-], unless subject to tax or exempt from tax under chapter B. The tax imposed by this chapter shall accrue when the
13 14 15 16 17 18	contracting; exemptions. There is hereby levied an excise tax on the value of services or contracting as defined in section 237-6 that are performed by an unlicensed seller at a point outside the State and imported or purchased for use in this State[-], unless subject to tax or exempt from tax under chapter B. The tax imposed by this chapter shall accrue when the service or contracting as defined in section 237-6 is received

1	(1)	If t	he importer or purchaser is licensed under chapter
2		237	and is:
3		(A)	Engaged in a service business or calling in which
4			the imported or purchased services or contracting
5			become identifiable elements, excluding overhead,
6			of the services rendered by the importer or
7			purchaser, and the gross income of the importer
8			or purchaser is subject to the tax imposed under
9			chapter 237 on services at the rate of one-half
10			of one per cent or the rate of tax imposed under
11			section 237-13.3; or
12		(B)	A manufacturer importing or purchasing services
13			or contracting that become identifiable elements,
14			excluding overhead, of a finished or saleable
15			product (including the container or package in
16			which the product is contained) and the finished
17			or saleable product is to be sold in a manner
18			that results in a further tax on the manufacture
19			as a wholesaler, and not a retailer;
20		ther	e shall be no tax imposed on the value of the
21		impo	rted or purchased services or contracting;
22		prov	ided that if the manufacturer is also engaged in

1		busi	business as a retailer as classified under chapter	
2		237,	paragraph (2) shall apply to the manufacturer,	
3		but the director of taxation shall refund to the		
4		manu	manufacturer, in the manner provided under section	
5		231-	23(c), that amount of tax that the manufacturer,	
6		to t	he satisfaction of the director, shall establish	
7		to h	ave been paid by the manufacturer to the director	
8		with	respect to services that have been used by the	
9		manu	facturer for the purposes stated in this	
10		para	graph.	
11	(2)	If t	he importer or purchaser is a person licensed	
12		unde	r chapter 237 and is:	
13		(A)	Engaged in a service business or calling in which	
14			the imported or purchased services or contracting	
15			become identifiable elements, excluding overhead,	
16			of the services rendered by the importer or	
17			purchaser, and the gross income from those	
18			services when sold by the importer or purchaser	
19			is subject to the tax imposed under chapter 237	
20			at the highest rate;	
21		(B)	A manufacturer importing or purchasing services	
22			or contracting that become identifiable elements,	

1		excluding overhead, of the finished or saleable	
2		manufactured product (including the container or	
3		package in which the product is contained) and	
4		the finished or saleable product is to be sold in	
5		a manner that results in a further tax under	
6		chapter 237 on the activity of the manufacturer	
7		as a retailer; or	
8		(C) A contractor importing or purchasing services or	
9		contracting that become identifiable elements,	
10		excluding overhead, of the finished work or	
11		project required, under the contract, and where	
12		the gross proceeds derived by the contractor are	
13		subject to the tax under section 237 13(3) as a	
14		contractor,	
15		the tax shall be one-half of one per cent of the value	
16		of the imported or purchased services or contracting;	
17		and	
18	(3)	In all other cases, the importer or purchaser is	
19		subject to the tax at the rate of] is four per cent on	
20		the value of the imported or purchased services or	
21		contracting."	

1	SECTION 16. Section 237-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is		
2	repealed.		
3	[" §2	37-4 "Wholesaler", "jobber", defined. (a)	
4	"Wholesal	er" or "jobber" applies only to a person making sales	
5	at wholes	ale. Only the following are sales at wholesale:	
6	(1)	Sales to a licensed retail merchant, jobber, or other	
7		licensed seller for purposes of resale;	
8	(2)	Sales to a licensed manufacturer of materials or	
9		commodities that are to be incorporated by the	
10		manufacturer into a finished or saleable product	
11		(including the container or package in which the	
12		product is contained) during the course of its	
13		preservation, manufacture, or processing, including	
14		preparation for market, and that will remain in such	
15		finished or saleable product in such form as to be	
16		perceptible to the senses, which finished or saleable	
17		product is to be sold and not otherwise used by the	
18		manufacturer;	
19	(3)	Sales to a licensed producer or cooperative	
20		association of materials or commodities that are to be	
21		incorporated by the producer or by the cooperative	
22		association into a finished or saleable product that	

1		is to be sold and not otherwise used by the producer
2		or cooperative association, including specifically
3		materials or commodities expended as essential to the
4		planting, growth, nurturing, and production of
5		commodities that are sold by the producer or by the
6		cooperative association;
7	(4)	Sales to a licensed contractor, of materials or
8		commodities that are to be incorporated by the
9		contractor into the finished work or project required
10		by the contract and that will remain in such finished
11		work or project in such form as to be perceptible to
12		the senses;
13	(5)	Sales to a licensed producer, or to a cooperative
14		association described in section 237 23(a)(7) for sale
15		to a licensed producer, or to a licensed person
16		operating a feed lot, of poultry or animal feed,
17		hatching eggs, semen, replacement stock, breeding
18		services for the purpose of raising or producing
19		animal or poultry products for disposition as
20		described in section 237 5 or for incorporation into a
21		manufactured product as described in paragraph (2) or
22		for the purpose of breeding, hatching, milking, or egg

1		laying other than for the customer's own consumption
2		of the meat, poultry, eggs, or milk so produced;
3		provided that in the case of a feed lot operator, only
4		the segregated cost of the feed furnished by the feed
5		lot operator as part of the feed lot operator's
6		service to a licensed producer of poultry or animals
7		to be butchered or to a cooperative association
8		described in section 237 23(a)(7) of such licensed
9		producers shall be deemed to be a sale at wholesale;
10		and provided further that any amount derived from the
11		furnishing of feed lot services, other than the
12		segregated cost of feed, shall be deemed taxable at
13		the service business rate. This paragraph shall not
14		apply to the sale of feed for poultry or animals to be
15		used for hauling, transportation, or sports purposes;
16	(6)	Sales to a licensed producer, or to a cooperative
17		association described in section 237 23(a)(7) for sale
18		to the producer, of seed or seedstock for producing
19		agricultural and aquacultural products, or bait for
20		catching fish (including the catching of bait for
21		catching fish), which agricultural and aquacultural
22		products or fish are to be disposed of as described in

1		section 237-5 or to be incorporated in a manufactured	
2		product as described in paragraph (2);	
3	(7)	Sales to a licensed producer, or to a cooperative	
4		association described in section 237 23(a)(7) for sale	
5		to such producer; of polypropylene shade cloth; of	
6		polyfilm; of polyethylene film; of cartons and such	
7		other containers, wrappers, and sacks, and binders to	
8		be used for packaging eggs, vegetables, fruits, and	
9		other agricultural and aquacultural products; of	
10		seedlings and cuttings for producing nursery plants or	
11		aquacultural products; or of chick containers; which	
12		cartons and such other containers, wrappers, and	
13		sacks, binders, seedlings, cuttings, and containers	
14		are to be used as described in section 237 5, or to be	
15		incorporated in a manufactured product as described in	
16		paragraph (2);	
17	(8)	Sales of tangible personal property:	
18		(A) To a licensed seller engaged in a service	
19		business or calling; provided that:	
20		(i) The property is not consumed or incidental	
21		to the performance of the services;	

1	(ii)	There is a resale of the article at the
2		retail rate of four per cent; and
3	(iii)	The resale of the article is separately
4		charged or billed by the person rendering
5		the services;
6	(B) Wher	'e÷
7	(i)	Tangible personal property is sold upon the
8		order or request of a licensed seller for
9		the purpose of rendering a service in the
10		course of the person's service business or
11		calling, or upon the order or request of a
12		person subject to tax under section 237D 2
13		for the purpose of furnishing transient
14		accommodations;
15	(ii)	The tangible personal property becomes or is
16		used as an identifiable element of the
17		service rendered; and
18	(iii)	The cost of the tangible personal property
19		does not constitute overhead to the licensed
20		seller;
21	the-	sale shall be subject to section 237 13.3; or



1		(C) Wher	e the taxpayer is subject to both
2		subp	aragraphs (A) and (B), then the taxpayer
3		shal	l be taxed under subparagraph (A).
4		Subp	aragraphs (A) and (C) shall be repealed on
5		Janu	ary 1, 2006;
6	(9)	Sales to	a licensed leasing company of capital goods
7		that have	a depreciable life, are purchased by the
8		leasing company for lease to its customers, and are	
9		thereafte	r leased as a service to others;
10	(10)	Sales of	services to a licensed seller engaging in a
11		business or calling whenever:	
12		(A) Eith	e r:
13		(i)	In the context of a service to service
14			transaction, a service is rendered upon the
15			order or request of a licensed seller for
16			the purpose of rendering another service in
17			the course of the seller's service business
18			or calling;
19		(ii)	In the context of a service-to-tangible
20			personal property transaction, a service is
21			rendered upon the order or request of a
22			licensed seller for the purpose of

1	Ŧ	manufacturing, producing, or preparing
2	4	tangible personal property to be sold;
3	(iii) =	In the context of a services to contracting
4	4	transaction, a service is rendered upon the
5	•	order or request of a licensed contractor as
6	6	defined in section 237 6 for the purpose of
7	ŧ	assisting that licensed contractor; or
8	(iv) =	In the context of a services to transient
9	ŧ	accommodations rental transaction, a service
10	=	s rendered upon the order or request of a
11	Ĭ	person subject to tax under section 237D-2
12	=	For the purpose of furnishing transient
13	ŧ	accommodations;
14	(B) The bo	enefit of the service passes to the customer
15	of the	e licensed seller, licensed contractor, or
16	person	furnishing transient accommodations as an
17	ident:	fiable element of the other service or
18	prope :	ety to be sold, the contracting, or the
19	furnia	shing of transient accommodations;
20	(C) The co	ost of the service does not constitute
21	overh e	ead to the licensed seller, licensed

1			contractor, or person furnishing transient
2			accommodations;
3		(D)	The gross income of the licensed seller is not
4			divided between the licensed seller and another
5			licensed seller, contractor, or person furnishing
6			transient accommodations for imposition of the
7			tax under this chapter;
8		(E)	The gross income of the licensed seller is not
9			subject to a deduction under this chapter or
10			chapter 237D; and
11		(F)	The resale of the service, tangible personal
12			property, contracting, or transient
13			accommodations is subject to the tax imposed
14			under this chapter at the highest tax rate.
15		Sales subject to this paragraph shall be subject to	
16		section 237 13.3;	
17	(11)	Sale	s to a licensed retail merchant, jobber, or other
18		licensed seller of bulk condiments or prepackaged	
19		single-serving packets of condiments that are provided	
20		to customers by the licensed retail merchant, jobber,	
21		or other licensed seller;	

1	(12)	Sales to a licensed retail merchant, jobber, or other
2		licensed seller of tangible personal property that
3		will be incorporated or processed by the licensed
4		retail merchant, jobber, or other licensed seller into
5		a finished or saleable product during the course of
6		its preparation for market (including disposable,
7		nonreturnable containers, packages, or wrappers, in
8		which the product is contained and that are generally
9		known and most commonly used to contain food or
10		beverage for transfer or delivery), and which finished
11		or saleable product is to be sold and not otherwise
12		used by the licensed retail merchant, jobber, or other
13		licensed seller;
14	(13)	Sales of amusements subject to taxation under section
15		237-13(4) to a licensed seller engaging in a business
16		or calling whenever:
17		(A) Either:
18		(i) In the context of an amusement to service
19		transaction, an amusement is rendered upon
20		the order or request of a licensed seller
21		for the purpose of rendering another service

1		in the course of the seller's service
2		business or calling;
3	(ii)	In the context of an amusement to tangible
4		personal property transaction, an amusement
5		is rendered upon the order or request of a
6		licensed seller for the purpose of selling
7		tangible personal property; or
8	(iii)	In the context of an amusement to amusement
9		transaction, an amusement is rendered upon
10		the order or request of a licensed seller
11		for the purpose of rendering another
12		amusement in the course of the person's
13		amusement business;
14	(B) The b	enefit of the amusement passes to the
15	custo	mer of the licensed seller as an
16	ident	ifiable element of the other service,
17	tangi	ble personal property to be sold, or
18	amuse	ment;
19	(C) The c	ost of the amusement does not constitute
20	overh	ead to the licensed seller;
21	(D) The g	ross income of the licensed seller is not
22	divid	ed between the licensed seller and another

1			ilensed seller, person lurnishing transient	
2			accommodations, or person rendering an amusement	
3			for imposition of the tax under chapter 237;	
4		(E)	The gross income of the licensed seller is not	
5			subject to a deduction under this chapter; and	
6		(F)	The resale of the service, tangible personal	
7			property, or amusement is subject to the tax	
8			imposed under this chapter at the highest rate.	
9		As u	sed in this paragraph, "amusement" means	
10		ente:	rtainment provided as part of a show for which	
11		ther	e is an admission charge. Sales subject to this	
12		para	graph shall be subject to section 237 13.3; and	
13	(14)	Sales by a printer to a publisher of magazines or		
14		simi	lar printed materials containing advertisements,	
15		when	the publisher is under contract with the	
16		adve:	rtisers to distribute a minimum number of	
17		maga	zines or similar printed materials to the public	
18		or d	efined segment of the public, whether or not there	
19		is a	charge to the persons who actually receive the	
20		maga	zines or similar printed materials.	
21	(b)	<u>If</u> t	he use tax law is finally held by a court of	
22	competent	iuri	sdiction to be unconstitutional or invalid insofar	

1 as it purports to tax the use or consumption of tangible 2 personal property imported into the State in interstate or 3 foreign commerce or both, wholesalers and jobbers shall be taxed thereafter under this chapter in accordance with the following 4 5 definition (which shall supersede the preceding paragraph 6 otherwise defining "wholesaler" or "jobber"): "Wholesaler" or 7 "jobber" means a person, or a definitely organized division 8 thereof, definitely organized to render and rendering a general 9 distribution service that buys and maintains at the person's **10** place of business a stock or lines of merchandise that the person distributes; and that the person, through salespersons, 11 **12** advertising, or sales promotion devices, sells to licensed 13 retailers, to institutional or licensed commercial or industrial 14 users, in wholesale quantities and at wholesale rates. A 15 corporation deemed not to be carrying on a trade or business in 16 this State under section 235 6 shall nevertheless be deemed to 17 be a wholesaler and shall be subject to the tax imposed by this 18 chapter."] 19 SECTION 17. Section 237-5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 20 repealed. 21 ["\$237-5 "Producer" defined. "Producer" means any person

engaged in the business of raising and producing agricultural

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1
    products in their natural state, or in producing natural
2
    resource products, or engaged in the business of fishing or
3
    aquaculture, for sale, or for shipment or transportation out of
4
    the State, of the agricultural or aquaculture products in their
5
    natural or processed state, or butchered and dressed, or the
6
    natural resource products, or fish.
7
         As used in this section "agricultural products" include
8
    floricultural, horticultural, viticultural, forestry, nut,
9
    coffee, dairy, livestock, poultry, bee, animal, and any other
10
    farm, agronomic, or plantation products. "]
11
         SECTION 18. Section 237-13.3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
12
    repealed.
13
         ["$237-13.3 Application of sections 237-4(a)(8), 237-
14
    4(a)(10), 237-4(a)(13), 237-13(2)(A), 237-13(4)(A), and 237-13(4)(A)
15
    13(6)(A). (a) Sections 237 4(a)(8), 237 4(a)(10), 237
16
    4(a)(13), 237 13(2)(A), 237 13(4)(A), and 237 13(6)(A) to the
17
    contrary notwithstanding, instead of the tax levied under
18
    section 237 13(2)(A) on wholesale sales subject to section 237
19
    4(a)(8)(B), under section 237-13(4)(A) on a wholesaler subject
20
    to section 237 4(a)(13), and under section 237 13(6)(A) on a
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wholesaler subject to section 237 4(a)(10) at one half of one

```
1
    per cent, during the period January 1, 2000, to December 31,
2
    2005, the tax shall be as follows:
3
              In calendar year 2000, 3.5 per cent;
         \frac{(1)}{(1)}
4
              In calendar year 2001, 3.0 per cent;
         \frac{(2)}{}
5
              In calendar year 2002, 2.5 per cent;
         (3)
6
         (4)
              In calendar year 2003, 2.0 per cent;
7
         <del>(5)</del>
              In calendar year 2004, 1.5 per cent;
              In calendar year 2005, 1.0 per cent; and
8
         <del>(6)</del>
9
         (7) In calendar year 2006 and thereafter, the tax shall be
10
              0.5 per cent.
11
         (b) The department shall have the authority to implement
12
    the tax rate changes in subsection (a) by prescribing tax forms
13
    and instructions that require tax reporting and payment by
14
    deduction, allocation, or any other method to determine tax
15
    liability with due regard to the tax rate changes."]
16
         SECTION 19. Section 237-13.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
17
    repealed.
18
         ["$237-13.5 Assessment on generated electricity. Any
19
    other provision of the law to the contrary notwithstanding, the
20
    levy and assessment of the general excise tax on the gross
21
    proceeds from the sale of electric power to a public utility
22
    company for resale to the public, shall be made only as a tax on
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1
    the business of a producer, at the rate assessed producers,
2
    under section 237-13(2)(A)."]
3
         SECTION 20. Section 237-15, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
4
    repealed.
5
         [ " § 237-15 Technicians. When technicians supply dentists
6
    or physicians with dentures, orthodontic devices, braces, and
7
    similar items which have been prepared by the technician in
8
    accordance with specifications furnished by the dentist or
9
    physician, and such items are to be used by the dentist or
10
    physician in the dentist's or physician's professional practice
11
    for a particular patient who is to pay the dentist or physician
12
    for the same as a part of the dentist's or physician's
13
    professional services, the technician shall be taxed as though
14
    the technician were a manufacturer selling a product to a
15
    licensed retailer, rather than at the rate of four per cent
16
    which is generally applied to professions and services."]
17
         SECTION 21. Section 237-29.55, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
18
    repealed.
19
         ["[\$237-29.55] Exemption for sale of tangible personal
20
    property for resale at wholesale. (a) There shall be exempted
21
    from, and excluded from the measure of, the taxes imposed by
22
    this chapter all of the gross proceeds or gross income arising
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1 from the sale of tangible personal property imported to Hawaii 2 from a foreign or domestic source to a licensed taxpayer for 3 subsequent resale for the purpose of wholesale as defined under 4 section 237-4. 5 (b) The department, by rule, may provide that a seller may 6 take from the purchaser of imported tangible personal property, 7 a certificate, in a form that the department shall prescribe, 8 certifying that the purchaser of the imported tangible personal 9 property shall resell the imported tangible personal property at **10** wholesale as defined under section 237 4. Any purchaser who furnishes a certificate shall be obligated to pay to the seller, 11 **12** upon demand, if the sale in fact is not a sale for the purpose 13 of resale at wholesale, the amount of the additional tax which 14 by reason thereof is imposed upon the seller. The absence of a 15 certificate, unless the sales of the business are exclusively a 16 sale for the purpose of resale at wholesale, in itself, shall 17 give rise to the presumption that the sale is not a sale for the 18 purpose of resale at wholesale."] 19 SECTION 22. Section 238-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is **20** repealed. 21 ["§238-4 Certain property used by producers. If a

licensed producer, or a cooperative association acting under the

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1 authority of chapter 421 or 422, in order to sell to such 2 producer, or a licensed person, imports into the State or 3 acquires in the State commodities, materials, items, services, 4 or living things enumerated in section [237 4(3) and (5) to 5 (7)], then section 237-4 shall apply. If section 237-4 applies 6 and the producer is engaged in the sale of the producer's 7 products at retail or in any manner other than at wholesale, 8 then the tax upon use of property in the State imposed by 9 section 238-2(2) shall apply the same as in the case of a **10** purchaser who is a licensed retailer. In other such cases no 11 tax shall be imposed under this chapter."] 12 SECTION 23. There is appropriated out of the general 13 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$, or so much 14 thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2006-2007 to carry 15 out the purposes of this Act, including the hiring of necessary 16 staff. 17 The sum appropriated shall be expended by the department of 18 taxation. 19 SECTION 24. In codifying the new chapters and sections

added to the Hawaii Revised Statutes by this Act, the revisor of

statutes shall substitute appropriate section numbers for the

20

1	letters used in designating the new chapters and sections in
2	this Act.
3	SECTION 25. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
4	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
5	SECTION 26. This Act shall take effect on ;
6	provided that section 23 shall take effect on July 1, 2006.
7	
	INTRODUCED BY: