A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1		SECT	TION 1. The purpose of this Act is to amend chapter
2	329,	Hawa	ii Revised Statutes, by:
3		(1)	Adding and amending definitions to section 329-1,
4			Hawaii Revised Statutes, to be consistent with federal
5			law;
6		(2)	Establishing central fill pharmacies;
7		(3)	Clarifying the circumstances under which narcotics may
8			be used;
9		(4)	Clarifying the requirements of a controlled substance
10			prescription;
11		(5)	Clarifying the conditions for the transmittal of
12			prescriptions by facsimile equipment;
13		(6)	Adding new violations of prohibited acts; and
14		(7)	Allowing the sharing of controlled substances
15			prescription information with other governmental
16			agencies.

1 SECTION 2. Section 329-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 2 amended by adding eight new definitions to be appropriately 3 inserted and to read as follows: 4 ""Address" means, with respect to prescriptions, the 5 physical location where an individual resides such as: 6 (1)Street address, city, and state; 7 Tax map key number; or (2) 8 The description of a physical location. (3) 9 "Central fill pharmacy" means a pharmacy located in the **10** State that is registered pursuant to section 329-32 to prepare 11 controlled substance orders for dispensing to the ultimate user **12** pursuant to a valid prescription transmitted to it by a 13 registered pharmacy. A central fill pharmacy shall be deemed 14 authorized to fill prescriptions on behalf of a pharmacy only if 15 the pharmacy and the central fill pharmacy have a contractual 16 relationship providing for these activities or share a common 17 owner. 18 "Detoxification treatment" means the dispensing, for a 19 specific period of time, of a narcotic drug in decreasing doses **20** to an individual to alleviate adverse physiological or 21 psychological effects incident to withdrawal from the continuous 22 or sustained use of a narcotic drug and as a method of bringing

1	the individual to a narcotic drug-free state within a specified
2	period of time. For the purposes of this section:
3	(1) Short-term detoxification treatment means a period not
4	more than thirty days;
5	(2) Long-term detoxification treatment means a period of
6	more than thirty days but not more than one hundred
7	eighty days.
8	"Maintenance treatment" means the dispensing of a narcotic
9	drug in the treatment of an individual for dependence upon
10	heroin or other morphine-like drug, for a period in excess of
11	twenty-one days.
12	"Pharmacist" means a person who is licensed or holds a
13	permit under chapter 461 to practice pharmacy, including a
14	pharmacy intern who is under the immediate and direct
15	supervision of a licensed pharmacist.
16	"Prescribe" means to direct, designate, or order the use of
17	a formula for the preparation of a drug and medicine for a
18	disease or illness and the manner of using them.
19	"Prescriber" means one who is authorized to issue a
20	prescription.
21	"Prescription" means an order or formula issued by a
22	licensed practitioner of medicine, osteopathy, podiatry,

2 dispensing of drugs." 3 SECTION 3. Section 329-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is 4 amended as follows: 5 By amending the definition of "identification number" 6 to read: 7 ""Identification number" means, with respect to a patient: 8 The unique $[\tau]$ number on the valid driver's license (1)9 number or state identification card issued to [of] the **10** patient, followed by [the two-digit United States 11 Postal Service code] the abbreviation for the state 12 issuing the driver's license [or, if the patient is a 13 foreign patient, the patient's passport number. If 14 the patient does not have a driver's license, the 15 "identification number" means the patient's social 16 security number, followed by the patient's state of 17 residency code. If the patient is less than eighteen 18 years old and has no such identification, the 19 identification number means the unique number 20 contained on the valid driver's license of the 21 patient's parent or quardian; or], identification 22 card, or military identification;

dentistry, or veterinary medicine, for the compounding or

1	(2)	If the patient is a foreign patient, the patient's
2		passport number;
3	(3)	If the patient does not have a valid driver's license
4		or state identification card, the patient's social
5		security number, followed by the patient's state
6		abbreviation;
7	(4)	If the patient is less than eighteen years of age and
8		has none of the identification referred to in
9		paragraph (1), (2), or (3), the unique number on the
10		valid driver's license, state identification card,
11		military identification, or passport of the patient's
12		parent or guardian; or
13	[(2)]	(5) If the controlled substance is obtained for an
14		animal, the unique number of the animal's owner as
15		described in paragraph (1), (2), or (3) [of the
16		animal's owner]."
17	2. 1	By amending the definition of "practitioner" to read:
18	""Pra	actitioner" means:
19	(1)	A physician, dentist, veterinarian, scientific
20		investigator, or other person licensed and registered
21		under section 329-32 to distribute, dispense, or
22		conduct research with respect to a controlled

1		substance in the course of professional practice or
2		research in this $State[-]$; and
3	(2)	A pharmacy, hospital, or other institution licensed,
4		registered, or otherwise permitted to distribute,
5		dispense, conduct research with respect to or to
6		administer a controlled substance in the course of
7		professional practice or research in this State.
8	[(3)	Prescribe means: to direct, designate or order the use
9		of a formula for the preparation of a drug and
10		medicine for a disease or illness and the manner of
11		using them.
12	(4)	Prescriber means: one who is authorized to issue a
13		prescription.
14	(5)	Prescription means: an order or formula issued by a
15		licensed practitioner of medicine, osteopathy,
16		podiatry, dentistry, or veterinary medicine, for the
17		compounding or dispensing of drugs.] "
18	SECT	ION 4. Section 329-38, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
19	amended t	o read as follows:
20	"§32	9-38 Prescriptions. (a) No controlled substance in
21	schedule	II may be dispensed without a written prescription of a
22	practitio	ner, except:

1	(1)	In th	ne case of an emergency situation, a pharmacist
2		may o	dispense a controlled substance listed in schedule
3		II ug	oon receiving oral authorization from a
4		pres	cribing practitioner; provided that:
5		(A)	The quantity prescribed and dispensed is limited
6			to the amount adequate to treat the patient
7			during the emergency period (dispensing beyond
8			the emergency period must be pursuant to a
9			written prescription signed by the prescribing
10			<pre>practitioner);</pre>
11		<u>(B)</u>	If the prescribing practitioner is not known to
12			the pharmacist, the pharmacist shall make a
13			reasonable effort to determine that the oral
14			authorization came from a registered
15			practitioner, which may include a callback to the
16			prescribing practitioner using the phone number
17			in the telephone directory or other good faith
18			efforts to identify the prescriber; and
19	[-	(B)]	(C) Within [seventy two hours] seven days after
20			authorizing an emergency oral prescription, the
21			prescribing practitioner shall cause a written
22			prescription for the emergency quantity

1	prescribed to be delivered to the dispensing
2	pharmacist. In addition to conforming to the
3	requirements of this subsection, the prescription
4	shall have written on its face "Authorization for
5	Emergency Dispensing". The written prescription
6	may be delivered to the pharmacist in person or
7	by mail, and if by mail, the prescription must be
8	postmarked within the [seventy-two hour] seven-
9	day period. Upon receipt, the dispensing
10	pharmacist shall attach this prescription to the
11	oral emergency prescription, which had earlier
12	been reduced to writing. The pharmacist shall
13	notify the administrator if the prescribing
14	practitioner fails to deliver a written
15	prescription to the pharmacy within the allotted
16	time. Failure of the pharmacist to do so shall
17	void the authority conferred by this paragraph to
18	dispense without a written prescription of a
19	prescribing individual practitioner. Any
20	[physician] <u>practitioner</u> who fails to deliver a
21	written prescription within the [seventy two

1	hour] seven-day period shall be in violation of
2	section 329-41(a)(1); or
3	(2) When dispensed directly by a practitioner, other than
4	a pharmacist, to the ultimate user. The practitioner
5	in dispensing a controlled substance in schedule II
6	shall affix to the package a label showing:
7	(A) The date of dispensing;
8	(B) The name, strength, and quantity [issued] of the
9	drug[÷] dispensed;
10	(C) The dispensing practitioner's name and address;
11	(D) The name of the patient;
12	(E) The date the potency of the drug expires if that
13	date is available from the manufacturer or
14	principal labeler; and]
15	(E) The "use by" date for the drug, which shall be:
16	(i) The expiration date on the manufacture's or
17	principal labeler's container; or
18	(ii) One year from the date the drug is
19	dispensed, whichever is earlier; and
20	(F) Directions for use, and cautionary statements, if
21	any, contained in the prescription or as required
22	by law.

1		A complete and accurate record of all schedule II
2		controlled substances ordered, administered,
3		prescribed, and dispensed shall be maintained for five
4		years. Prescriptions and records of dispensing shall
5		otherwise be retained in conformance with the
6		requirements of section 329-36. No prescription for a
7		controlled substance in schedule II may be refilled.
8	(b)	Nothing in this section shall authorize a central fill
9	pharmacy	to prepare prescriptions for a controlled substance
10	listed in	Schedule II.
11	(c)	A Schedule II controlled substance prescription shall:
12	(1)	Be filled within three days following the date the
13		prescription was issued to the patient; and
14	(2)	Be supplied to a patient only if the prescription has
15		been filled and held by the pharmacy for no more than
16		seven days.
17	[(b)	[] (d) The transfer of original prescription
18	informati	on for a controlled substance listed in schedule III,
19	IV, or V	for the purpose of refill dispensing is permissible
20	between p	harmacies on a one time basis, subject to the following
21	requireme	nts:

1	(\(\(\) \)	The cransfer shalf be communicated directly between
2		two licensed pharmacists, and the transferring
3		pharmacist shall:
4		(A) Write or otherwise place the word "VOID" on the
5		face of the invalidated prescription;
6		(B) Record on the reverse of the invalidated
7		prescription the name, address, and DEA
8		registration number of the pharmacy to which it
9		was transferred and the name of the pharmacist
10		receiving the prescription information; and
11		(C) Record the date of the transfer and the name of
12		the pharmacist transferring the information;
13	(2)	The pharmacist receiving the transferred prescription
14		information shall:
15		(A) Write or otherwise place the word "transfer" on
16		the face of the transferred prescription;
17		(B) Record all information required to be on a
18		prescription, including:
19		(i) The date of issuance of original
20		prescription;
21		(ii) The original number of refills authorized or
22		original prescription;

1	(iii) The date of original dispensing;
2	(iv	The number of valid refills remaining and
3		date of last refill;
4	7)	The pharmacy's name, address, DEA
5		registration number, and original
6		prescription number from which the
7		prescription information was transferred;
8		and
9	(vi) The name of transferor pharmacist;
10	(3) Both th	ne original and transferred prescription must be
11	mainta	ned for a period of five years from the date of
12	last re	efill; [and]
13	(4) The pro	cedure allowing the transfer of prescription
14	informa	tion for refill purposes is permissible only
15	between	pharmacies located on the same island in this
16	State[-	-] <u>; and</u>
17	(5) Any pha	rmacy electronically accessing a prescription
18	record	shall satisfy all information requirements of a
19	manual	mode prescription transferal.
20	Failure to o	comply with this subsection shall void the
21	authority of the	pharmacy to transfer prescriptions or receive a
22	transferred nres	ription to or from another pharmacy

1	<u>(e)</u>	A ph	armacy and an authorized central fill pharmacy may			
2	share inf	nformation for initial and refill prescriptions of				
3	schedule	chedule III, IV or V controlled substances. The following				
4	requireme	nts s	hall apply:			
5	(1)	A ph	A pharmacy may electronically transmit, including by			
6		facs	imile, prescriptions for controlled substances			
7		list	ed in schedule III, IV or V to a central fill			
8		phar	macy. The pharmacy transmitting the prescription			
9		info	rmation shall:			
10		<u>(A)</u>	Ensure that all information required to be on a			
11			prescription pursuant to subsection (h) is			
12			transmitted to the central fill pharmacy either			
13			on the face of the prescription or			
14			electronically; and			
15		<u>(B)</u>	Keep a record of receipt of the filled			
16			prescription, including the date of receipt, the			
17			method of delivery (private, common or contract			
18			carrier) and the identity of the pharmacy			
19			employee accepting delivery.			
20	(2)	The	central fill pharmacy receiving the transmitted			
21		pres	cription shall:			

1	<u>(A)</u>	Keep for five years a copy of a prescription
2		received by facsimile or an electronic record of
3		all the information transmitted by the pharmacy,
4		including the name, address, and DEA registration
5		number of the pharmacy transmitting the
6		prescription;
7	<u>(B)</u>	Keep a record of the date of receipt of the
8		transmitted prescription, the name of the
9		licensed pharmacists filling the prescription,
10		and the dates the prescription was filled or is
11		refilled; and
12	<u>(C)</u>	Keep a record of the date the filled prescription
13		was shipped to the pharmacy.
14	[(c)] <u>(f)</u>	No controlled substance in schedule III, IV, or
15	V may be dispe	nsed without a written, facsimile of a written, or
16	oral prescript	ion of a practitioner, except when a controlled
17	substance is d	ispensed directly by a practitioner, other than a
18	pharmacist, to	an ultimate user. The practitioner, in
19	dispensing a c	ontrolled substance in schedule III, IV, or V,
20	shall affix to	the package a label showing:
21	(1) The	date of dispensing;
22	(2) The	name, strength, and quantity issued of the drug;

1	(3)	The dispensing practitioner's name and business
2		address;
3	(4)	The name of the patient;
4	[(5)	The date the potency of the drug expires, if that date
5		is available from the manufacturer or the principal
6		labeler;]
7	(5)	The "use by" date for the drug, which shall be:
8		(A) The expiration date on the manufacturer's or
9		principal labeler's container; or
10		(B) One year from the date the drug is dispensed,
11		whichever is earlier;
12	(6)	Directions for use; and
13	(7)	Cautionary statements, if any, contained in the
14		prescription or as required by law.
15	A complet	e and accurate record of all schedule III, IV, and V
16	controlle	d substances administered, prescribed, and dispensed
17	shall be	maintained for five years. Prescriptions and records
18	of dispen	sing shall be retained in conformance with the
19	requireme	nts of section 329-36 unless otherwise provided by law.
20	Prescript	ions may not be filled or refilled more than three
21	months af	ter the date of the prescription or be refilled more

15

16

20

1 than two times after the date of the prescription, unless the

2 prescription is renewed by the practitioner.

3 [$\frac{d}{d}$] (g) The effectiveness of a prescription for the

4 purposes of this section shall be determined as follows:

(1) A prescription for a controlled substance shall be

6 issued for a legitimate medical purpose by an

7 individual practitioner acting in the usual course of

8 the practitioner's professional practice. The

9 responsibility for the proper prescribing and

10 dispensing of controlled substances shall be upon the

11 prescribing practitioner, but a corresponding

responsibility shall rest with the pharmacist who

fills the prescription. An order purporting to be a

14 prescription issued not in the usual course of

professional treatment or for legitimate and

authorized research shall not be deemed a prescription

17 within the meaning and intent of this section, and the

18 person who knowingly fills such a purported

19 prescription, as well as the person who issues the

prescription, shall be subject to the penalties

21 provided for violations of this chapter;

1	(2)	A prescription may not be issued to allow an
2		individual practitioner to obtain controlled
3		substances for supplying the individual practitioner
4		for the purpose of general dispensing to patients;
5	(3)	A prescription may not be issued for the dispensing of
6		narcotic drugs listed in any schedule for the purpose
7		of "detoxification treatment" or "maintenance
8		treatment"[. Nothing in this section shall prohibit a
9		physician or authorized hospital staff from
10		administering or dispensing narcotic drugs in a
11		hospital to maintain or detoxify a person as an
12		incidental adjunct to medical or surgical treatment of
13		conditions other than addiction; and except as
14		follows:
15		(A) The administering or dispensing directly (but not
16		prescribing) of narcotic drugs listed in any
17		schedule to a narcotic drug-dependent person for
18		"detoxification treatment" or "maintenance
19		treatment" shall be deemed to be "in the course
20		of a practitioner's professional practice or
21		research" so long as the practitioner is
22		registered separately with the department and the

1		rederal Drug Enforcement Agency as required by
2		section 329-32(e) and complies with Title 21 Code
3		of Federal Regulations section 823(g) and any
4		other federal or state regulatory standards
5		relating to treatment qualification, security,
6		records, and unsupervised use of drugs; and
7		(B) Nothing in this section shall prohibit a
8		physician or authorized hospital staff from
9		administering or dispensing (but not prescribing)
10		narcotic drugs in a hospital to maintain or
11		detoxify a person as an incidental adjunct to
12		medical or surgical treatment of conditions other
13		than addiction.
14	(4)	An individual practitioner [may] shall not prescribe
15		or dispense a substance included in schedule II, III,
16		IV, or V for that individual practitioner's personal
17		use, except in a medical emergency[-]; and
18	(5)	A pharmacist shall not dispense a substance included
19		in schedule II, III, IV, or V for the pharmacist's
20		personal use.
21	[(e)	<u>(h)</u> Prescriptions for controlled substances shall be
22	issued on	ly as follows:

1	(1)	All prescriptions for controlled substances shall
2	<u>(</u>	originate from within the State and be dated as of,
3	á	and signed on, the day when the prescriptions were
4	=	issued and shall [bear:] <u>contain:</u>
5	((A) The $[full]$ first and last name and address of the
6		patient; and
7	[-	(B) The name, address, telephone number, and
8		registration number of the practitioner.]
9		(B) The drug name, strength, dosage form, quantity
10		prescribed, and directions for use. Where a
11		prescription is for gamma hydroxybutyric acid,
12		methadone, or buprenorphine, the practitioner
13		shall record on the face of the prescription the
14		medical need of the patient for the prescription.
15	-	The controlled substance prescriptions shall be no
16	- -	larger than [four] <u>eight</u> and one-half inches by [six
17	ŧ	and one half] eleven inches and no smaller than [four]
18	<u> </u>	three inches by [five] four inches.
19	Ī	A practitioner may sign a prescription in the same
20	τ	manner as the practitioner would sign a check or legal
21	C	document (e.g., J.H. Smith or John H. Smith) and shall
22	ı	use both words and figures (e.g., alphabetically and

1	numerically as indications of quantity, such as five
2	(5)), to indicate the amount of controlled substance
3	to be dispensed. Where an oral order is not
4	permitted, prescriptions shall be written with ink or
5	indelible pencil or [by typewriter and] typed, shall
6	be manually signed by the practitioner[-], and shall
7	include the name, address, telephone number, and
8	registration number of the practitioner. The
9	prescriptions may be prepared by a secretary or agent
10	for the signature of the practitioner, but the
11	prescribing practitioner shall be responsible in case
12	the prescription does not conform in all essential
13	respects to this chapter and any rules adopted
14	pursuant to this chapter. A corresponding liability
15	shall rest upon a pharmacist who fills a prescription
16	not prepared in the form prescribed by this
17	$\operatorname{section}[\dot{ au}]$. A pharmacist may add a patient's missing
18	address or change a patient's address on all
19	controlled substance prescriptions after verifying the
20	patient's identification and noting the identification
21	number on the back of the prescription. The
22	pharmacist shall not make changes to the patient's

1		mame, the controlled substance being prescribed, the
2		quantity of the prescription, the practitioner's DEA
3		number, or the practitioner's signature.
4	(2)	An intern, resident, or foreign-trained physician, or
5		a physician on the staff of a Department of Veterans
6		Affairs facility or other facility serving veterans,
7		exempted from registration under this chapter, shall
8		include on all prescriptions issued by the physician:
9		(A) The registration number of the hospital or other
10		institution; and
11		(B) The special internal code number assigned to the
12		physician by the hospital or other institution in
13		lieu of the registration number of the
14		practitioner required by this section.
15		The hospital or other institution shall forward a copy
16		of this special internal code number list to the
17		department as often as necessary to update the
18		department with any additions or deletions. Failure
19		to comply with this paragraph shall result in the
20		suspension of that facility's privilege to fill
21		controlled substance prescriptions at pharmacies
22		outside of the hospital or other institution. Each

1		written prescription shall have the name of the
2		physician stamped, typed, or hand-printed on it, as
3		well as the signature of the physician;
4	(3)	An official exempted from registration shall include
5		on all prescriptions issued by the official:
6		(A) The official's branch of service or agency (e.g.,
7		"U.S. Army" or "Public Health Service"); and
8		(B) The official's service identification number, in
9		lieu of the registration number of the
10		practitioner required by this section. The
11		service identification number for a Public Health
12		Service employee shall be the employee's social
13		security identification number.
14		Each prescription shall have the name of the officer
15		stamped, typed, or handprinted on it, as well as the
16		signature of the officer; and
17	(4)	A physician assistant registered to prescribe
18		controlled substances under the authorization of a
19		supervising physician shall include on all controlled
20		<pre>substance prescriptions issued:</pre>
21		(A) The DEA registration number of the supervising
22		physician; and

1	(B) The DEA registration number of the physician
2	assistant.
3	Each written controlled substance prescription issued
4	shall include the printed, stamped, typed, or hand-
5	printed name, address, and phone number of both the
6	supervising physician and physician assistant, and
7	shall be signed by the physician assistant. The
8	medical record of each written controlled substance
9	prescription issued by a physician assistant shall be
10	reviewed and initialed by the physician assistant's
11	supervising physician within seven working days.
12	$[\frac{f}{f}]$ (i) A prescription for controlled substances may
13	only be filled by a pharmacist acting in the usual course of the
14	pharmacist's professional practice and either registered
15	individually or employed in a registered pharmacy, central fill
16	pharmacy, or registered institutional practitioner.
17	$\left[\frac{(g)}{(j)}\right]$ Partial filling of controlled substance
18	prescriptions shall be determined as follows:
19	(1) The partial filling of a prescription for a controlled
20	substance listed in schedule II is permissible if the
21	pharmacist is unable to supply the full quantity
22	called for in a written or emergency oral prescription

1		and the pharmacist makes a notation of the quantity
2		supplied on the face of the written prescription (or
3		written record of the emergency oral prescription).
4		The remaining portion of the prescription may be
5		filled within seventy-two hours of the first partial
6		filling; provided that if the remaining portion is not
7		or cannot be filled within the seventy-two-hour
8		period, the pharmacist shall notify the prescribing
9		individual practitioner. No further quantity shall be
10		supplied beyond seventy-two hours without a new
11		prescription;
12	(2)	The partial filling of a prescription for a controlled
13		substance listed in schedule III, IV, or V is
14		permissible; provided that:
15		(A) Each partial filling is recorded in the same
16		manner as a refilling;
17		(B) The total quantity dispensed in all partial
18		fillings does not exceed the total quantity
19		prescribed;
20		(C) No dispensing occurs more than three months after
21		the date on which the prescription was issued;
22		and

L	(D)	The prescription is refilled no more than two
2		times after the initial date of the prescription,
3		unless the prescription is renewed by the
4		practitioner; and

5 A prescription for a schedule II controlled substance (3) 6 written for a patient in a long-term care facility or 7 for a patient with a medical diagnosis documenting a 8 terminal illness may be filled in partial quantities 9 to include individual dosage units. If there is any **10** question whether a patient may be classified as having 11 a terminal illness, the pharmacist must contact the practitioner prior to partially filling the 12 13 prescription. Both the pharmacist and the prescribing 14 practitioner have a corresponding responsibility to 15 assure that the controlled substance is for a 16 terminally ill patient. The pharmacist must record on 17 the prescription whether the patient is "terminally 18 ill" or a "long-term care facility patient". For the purposes of this section, "TI" means terminally ill 19 **20** and "LTCF" means long-term care facility. A 21 prescription that is partially filled and does not 22 contain the notation "TI" or "LTCF patient" shall be

1	deemed to have been filled in violation of this
2	section. For each partial filling, the dispensing
3	pharmacist shall record on the back of the
4	prescription (or on another appropriate record,
5	uniformly maintained, and readily retrievable) the
6	date of the partial filling, quantity dispensed,
7	remaining quantity authorized to be dispensed, and the
8	identification of the dispensing pharmacist. The
9	total quantity of schedule II controlled substances
10	dispensed in all partial fillings must not exceed the
11	total quantity prescribed, nor shall a prescription be
12	partially filled more than three times after the
13	initial date of the prescription. Schedule II
14	controlled substance prescriptions for patients in a
15	long-term care facility or patients with a medical
16	diagnosis documenting a terminal illness shall be
17	valid for a period not to exceed thirty days from the
18	issue date unless sooner terminated by the
19	discontinuance of medication.
20	$\left[\frac{h}{h}\right]$ h A prescription for a schedule II controlled
21	substance may be transmitted by the practitioner or the
22	practitioner's agent to a pharmacy [via] by facsimile equipment;

1	provided	that the original written, signed prescription is
2	presented	to the pharmacist for review prior to the actual
3	dispensing	g of the controlled substance, except as noted in
4	subsection	$n \left[\frac{(i), (j), or (k)}{(i)} \right] \underline{(l), (m), or (n)}$ The original
5	prescript	ion shall be maintained in accordance with section
6	329-36.	A prescription for a schedule III, IV, or V controlled
7	substance	may be transmitted by the practitioner or the
8	practition	ner's agent to a pharmacy by facsimile provided that:
9	(1)	The information shall be communicated only between the
10		prescribing practitioner or the prescriber's
11		authorized agent and the pharmacy of the patient's
12		<pre>choice;</pre>
13	(2)	The information shall be communicated in a
14		retrievable, recognizable format acceptable to the
15		intended recipient and shall include the physician's
16		oral code designation and the name of the recipient
17		<pre>pharmacy;</pre>
18	(3)	No electronic system, software, or other intervening
19		mechanism or party shall alter the practitioner's
20		prescription, order entry, selection, or intended
21		selection without the practitioner's approval on a per
22		prescription per order basis. Facsimile prescription

1		information shall not be altered by any system,
2		software, or other intervening mechanism or party
3		prior to receipt by the intended pharmacy;
4	(4)	The prescription information processing system shall
5		provide for confidentiality safeguards required by
6		federal or state law; and
7	<u>(5)</u>	Prescribing practitioners and pharmacists shall
8		exercise prudent and professional judgment regarding
9		the accuracy, validity, and authenticity of any
10		facsimile prescription information. The facsimile
11		shall serve as the original written prescription for
12		purposes of this section and shall be maintained in
13		accordance with section 329-36.
14	[(i)] (1) A prescription prepared in accordance with
15	subsection	n [(e)] <u>(h)</u> written for a narcotic listed in schedule
16	II to be	compounded for the direct administration to a patient
17	by parent	eral, intravenous, intramuscular, subcutaneous, or
18	intraspin	al infusion, but does not extend to the dispensing of
19	oral dosa	ge units of controlled substances, may be transmitted
20	by the pr	actitioner or the practitioner's agent to the pharmacy
21	by facsim	ile. The pharmacist shall note on the face of the
22	facsimile	prescription in red ink "Home Infusion/IV" and this

- 1 facsimile shall serve as the original written prescription for
- 2 purposes of this section and it shall be maintained in
- 3 accordance with section 329-36.
- 4 [(j)] (m) A prescription prepared in accordance with
- 5 subsection [(e)] (h) written for a schedule II[, III, IV, or V]
- 6 substance for a patient enrolled in a hospice care program
- 7 certified or paid for by medicare under Title XVIII or a hospice
- 8 program that is licensed by the State may be transmitted by the
- 9 practitioner or the practitioner's agent to the dispensing
- 10 pharmacy by facsimile. The practitioner or practitioner's agent
- 11 shall note on the prescription that the patient is a hospice
- 12 patient. The pharmacist shall note on the face of the facsimile
- 13 prescription in red ink "HOSPICE" and this facsimile shall serve
- 14 as the original written prescription for purposes of this
- 15 section and it shall be maintained in accordance with section
- **16** 329-36.
- 17 $\left[\frac{k}{n}\right]$ (n) A prescription prepared in accordance with
- 18 subsection [(e)] (h) written for a schedule II[, III, IV, or V]
- 19 controlled substance for a resident of a state-licensed long-
- 20 term care facility may be transmitted by the practitioner or the
- 21 practitioner's agent to the dispensing pharmacy by facsimile.
- 22 The pharmacist shall note on the face of the facsimile

1 prescription in red ink "LTCF" and this facsimile shall serve as

2 the original written prescription for purposes of this section

3 and it shall be maintained in accordance with section 329-36."

4 SECTION 5. Section 329-41, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is

5 amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:

"(a) It is unlawful for any person:

7 Who is subject to part III to distribute, administer, (1)8 prescribe, or dispense a controlled substance in 9 violation of section 329-38; however, a licensed **10** manufacturer or wholesaler may sell or dispense a controlled substance to a master of a transpacific 11 **12** ship or a person in charge of a transpacific aircraft 13 upon which no physician is regularly employed, for the 14 actual medical needs of persons on board such ship or 15 aircraft when not in port; provided schedule I or II 16 controlled substances shall be sold to the master of 17 such ship or person in charge of such aircraft only in 18 accordance with the provisions set forth in 21 Code of 19 Federal Regulations, sections 1301, 1305, and 1307, **20** adopted pursuant to Title 21, United States Code, 21 section 821;

1	(2)	Who is a registrant to manufacture a controlled
2		substance not authorized by the registrant's
3		registration or to distribute or dispense a controlled
4		substance not authorized by the registrant's
5		registration to another registrant or another
6		authorized person;
7	(3)	To refuse or fail to make available, keep, or furnish
8		any record, notification, order form, prescription,
9		statement, invoice, or information in patient charts
10		relating to the administration, dispensing, or
11		prescribing of controlled substances;
12	(4)	To refuse any lawful entry into any premises for any
13		inspection authorized by this chapter;
14	(5)	Knowingly to keep or maintain any store, shop,
15		warehouse, dwelling, building, vehicle, boat,
16		aircraft, or other structure or place for the purpose
17		of using these substances or which is used for keeping
18		or selling them in violation of this chapter or
19		chapter 712, part IV; or
20	(6)	Who is a practitioner or pharmacist to dispense a
21		controlled substance to any individual not known to
22		the practitioner or pharmacist, without first

1	obtaining proper identification and documenting, by
2	signature on a log book kept by the practitioner or
3	pharmacist, the identity of and the type of
4	identification presented by the individual obtaining
5	the controlled substance. If the individual does not
6	have any form of proper identification, the pharmacist
7	shall verify the validity of the prescription and
8	identity of the patient with the prescriber, or their
9	authorized agent, before dispensing the controlled
10	substance. For the purpose of this section, "proper
11	identification means government-issued identification
12	containing the photograph, printed name, and signature
13	of the individual obtaining the controlled substance."
14	SECTION 6. Section 329-42, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
15	amended by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
16	"(a) It is unlawful for any person knowingly or
17	intentionally:
18	(1) To distribute as a registrant a controlled substance
19	classified in schedule I or II, except pursuant to an
20	order form as required by section 329-37;
21	(2) To use in the course of the manufacture or

distribution of a controlled substance a registration

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1		numb	er that is fictitious, revoked, suspended, or
2		issu	ed to another person;
3	(3)	To c	btain or attempt to obtain any controlled
4		subs	tance or procure or attempt to procure the
5		admi	nistration of any controlled substance:
6		(A)	By fraud, deceit, misrepresentation,
7			embezzlement, theft;
8		(B)	By the forgery or alteration of a prescription or
9			of any written order;
10		(C)	By furnishing fraudulent medical information or
11			the concealment of a material fact; [or]
12		(D)	By the use of a false name, patient
13			identification number, or the giving of false
14			address;
15		<u>(E)</u>	By the unauthorized use of a physician's oral
16			call-in number; or
17		<u>(F)</u>	By the alteration of a prescription by the
18			addition of future refills.
19	(4)	To f	urnish false or fraudulent material information
20		in,	or omit any material information from, any
21		appl	ication, report, or other document required to be

1		kept or filed under this chapter, or any record
2		required to be kept by this chapter;
3	(5)	To make, distribute, or possess any punch, die, plate,
4		stone, or other thing designed to print, imprint, or
5		reproduce the trademark, trade name, or other
6		identifying mark, imprint, or device of another or any
7		likeness of any of the foregoing upon any drug or
8		container or labeling thereof so as to render the drug
9		a counterfeit substance;
10	(6)	To misapply or divert to the person's own use or other
11		unauthorized or illegal use or to take, make away
12		with, or secrete, with intent to misapply or divert to
13		the person's own use or other unauthorized or illegal
14		use, any controlled substance that shall have come
15		into the person's possession or under the person's
16		care as a registrant or as an employee of a registrant
17		who is authorized to possess controlled substances or
18		has access to controlled substances by virtue of the

(7) To make, distribute, possess, or sell any prescription

form, whether blank, faxed, computer generated,

person's employment; or

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1		photocopied, or reproduced in any other manner without
2		the authorization of the licensed practitioner."
3	SECT	ION 7. Section 329-104, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is
4	amended by	y amending subsection (c) to read as follows:
5	"(C)	This section shall not prevent the disclosure, at the
6	discretion	n of the administrator, of investigative information
7	to:	
8	(1)	Law enforcement officers, investigative agents of
9		federal, state, or county law enforcement agencies,
10		prosecuting attorneys, or the attorney general;
11		provided that the administrator has reasonable grounds
12		to believe that the disclosure of any information
13		collected under this part is in furtherance of an
14		ongoing criminal investigation or prosecution;
15	(2)	Registrants authorized under chapters 448, 453, 460,
16		and 463E who are registered to administer, prescribe,
17		or dispense controlled substances; provided that the
18		information disclosed relates only to the registrant's
19		own patient; [or]
20	(3)	Pharmacists, employed by a pharmacy registered under
21		section 329-32, who request prescription information

1	about a customer relating to a violation or possible
2	violation of this chapter[-]; or
3	(4) Other state authorized governmental prescription-
4	monitoring programs.
5	Information disclosed to a registrant, [or] pharmacist, or
6	authorized government agency under this section shall be
7	transmitted [by certified mail or a similar means requiring the
8	registrant's or pharmacist's signature, respectively, for
9	delivery of the information.] by a secure means determined by
10	the designated agency."
11	SECTION 8. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed
12	and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.
13	SECTION 9. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

Report Title:

Controlled Substances

Description:

Clarifies the requirements for emergency call-in Schedule II prescriptions, the use of facsimile and telephonic prescriptions, and the appropriate use of narcotics to treat addiction. Creates central fill pharmacies. Allows limited information sharing. Adds new definitions. (HB2192 HD1)

HB2192 HD1.doc