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## STATE OF HAWAI'I | KA MOKU'ĀINA O HAWAI'I DEPARTMENT OF ACCOUNTING AND GENERAL SERVICES | KA 'OIHANA LOIHELU A LAWELAWE LAULĀ

#### OFFICE OF ENTERPRISE TECHNOLOGY SERVICES | KE'ENA HO'OLANA 'ENEHANA

P.O. BOX 119. HONOLULU, HAWAII 96810-0119

November 20, 2024

The Honorable Ronald D. Kouchi President of the Senate and Members of the Senate Thirty-Second State Legislature State Capitol, Room 409 Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813 The Honorable Nadine K. Nakamura Speaker and Members of the House of Representatives Thirty-Second State Legislature State Capitol, Room 431 Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

Aloha Senate President Kouchi, Speaker Nakamura, and Members of the Legislature:

Pursuant to HRS section 27-43.6, which requires the Chief Information Officer to submit applicable independent verification and validation (IV&V) reports to the Legislature within 10 days of receiving the report, please find attached the report the Office of Enterprise Technology Services received for the State of Hawai'i, Department of Attorney General (AG), Child Enforcement Agency (CSEA).

In accordance with HRS section 93-16, this report may be viewed electronically at <a href="http://ets.hawaii.gov">http://ets.hawaii.gov</a> (see "Reports").

Sincerely,

Christine M. Sakuda Chief Information Officer State of Hawai'i

Attachments (2)



MONTHLY IV&V REVIEW REPORT

September 30, 2024 | Version 1.0



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### **BACKGROUND**

The State of Hawaii (State), Department of Attorney General (AG), Child Support Enforcement Agency (CSEA) contracted Protech Solutions, Inc. (Protech) on October 2, 2023, to replatform the KEIKI System and provide ongoing operations support. Protech has subcontracted One Advanced and DataHouse to perform specific project tasks related to code migration, replatforming services, and testing. Department of AG contracted Accuity LLP (Accuity) to provide Independent Verification and Validation (IV&V) services for the project.

Our initial assessment of project health was provided in the first Monthly IV&V Review Report as of October 31, 2023. Monthly IV&V review reports will be issued through September 2024 and build upon the initial report to continually update and evaluate project progress and performance.

Our IV&V Assessment Areas include People, Process, and Technology. Each month we will select specific IV&V Assessment Areas to perform more focused IV&V activities on a rotational basis.

The IV&V Dashboard and IV&V Summary provide a quick visual and narrative snapshot of both the project status and project assessment as of September 30, 2024. Ratings are provided monthly for each IV&V Assessment Area (refer to Appendix A: IV&V Criticality and Severity Ratings). The overall rating is assigned based on the criticality ratings of the IV&V Assessment Categories and the severity ratings of the underlying observations.

"Teamwork and perserverance

"Teamwork

makes the
dream work."

- John C. Maxwell



## **PROJECT ASSESSMENT**

September 2024

### **SUMMARY RATINGS**

### **OVERALL RATING**



Deficiencies were observed that merit attention. Remediation or risk mitigation should be performed in a timely manner.

**PEOPLE** 



**PROCESS** 



**TECHNOLOGY** 



CRITICALITY RATINGS

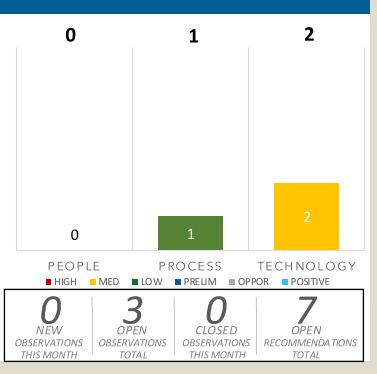


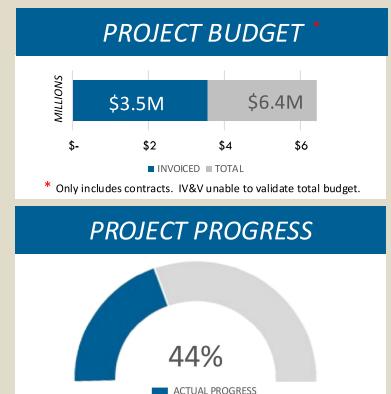






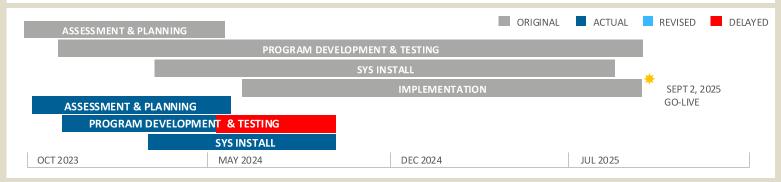
### **IV&V OBSERVATIONS**





### **KEY PROGRESS & RISKS**

- The UI refinement plan reached 84% completion and is under review.
- Testing report metrics improved this month to include overall performance metrics providing more transparency on project progress reducing in severity to low.
- There is one blocker remaining to the final decision on test data delivery, date/time issue. The key decision on selection of the method for performing data extracts is pending.
- The project schedule is contingent upon the resolution of the data delivery testing method. Increased project risk has been noted.



## SEPTEMBER 2024 · KROM PROJECT

JULY	AUG	SEPT	IV&V ASSESSMENT AREA	IV&V SUMMARY
•	Y	Y	Overall	Project Schedule: There are increased concerns for schedule slippage if the following blocker is not immediately addressed. The blocker is: the Date/Time issue.  Once this blocker is resolved a key decision on test data delivery can be concluded.  Project Costs: Contract invoices received to-date are within total contract costs.  Quality: The testing status reports have significantly improved to provide transparency for metrics which assists CSEA in tracking real time progress. Regular risk meetings are held every other week, in which the project schedule for upcoming deadlines and activities are tracked and presented.  Project Success:  The Paternity Establishment workshop completed on time, contributing to the development of the SIT scripts for that functional area.  Locate Workshop and the associated test scripts were 85% complete, with final submissions planned for the end of the month.  The overall SIT script development phase for other areas is well on its way, ensuring that critical workflows are being defined and tested early.  KEIKI code version 1.0.0.11 was delivered on September 19, 2024 which marks a critical milestone in ensuring that the system remains stable as new features and fixes are introduced.  Batch Execution Review and Plan was completed by September 24, 2024.
G	G	G	People Team, Stakeholders, & Culture	<ul> <li>The Monthly Steering Committee (ESC) convened in September, and the CSEA Project Manager played an active role in presenting project risks and key success metrics (2023.10.002 and 2024.03.002).</li> <li>Project team members are working collaboratively to make progress in the system testing phase. They are actively addressing questions and issues that arise during the testing process.</li> <li>CSEA and Protech continue to work together to refine the data extraction process, enhance the effectiveness of data validation and meet daily to resolve data challenges, focusing on optimization of extraction times to minimize downtime during system cut-over (2024.06.001).</li> <li>CSEA continues to meet monthly with external Departments and works with Protech to identify external project stakeholders and communication activities.</li> <li>ETS' new Chief Data Officer is in the process of focusing on data governance policies and interface concerns with the EFS team. This is an ongoing effort as the project evolves and subsystems are tested. (2024.07.001.R1).</li> </ul>

# SEPTEMBER 2024 · KROM PROJECT

JULY	AUG	SEPT	IV&V ASSESSMENT AREA	IV&V SUMMARY
		Y	Process Approach & Execution	<ul> <li>Weekly Meetings: The team continues to have weekly recurring meetings where the Protech PM provides status updates, describing the current focus of the week, updates on production test data, system testing, user interface, as well as updates on schedule, delivery status, key decisions, and change requests.</li> <li>Risks continue to be logged and actively discussed during weekly risk meetings, utilizing a RAID log to track risks, actions, issues, and decisions, with updates written for each item.</li> <li>The project is actively addressing data extraction discrepancies, including Date/Time issues in SQL-replicated data. Progress is being made with daily collaboration between CSEA and DDI, and the obfuscated database was delivered to IBM for further verification (2024.08.001.R1).</li> <li>There were no reported updates for binary and ASCII file handling in September to understand whether any mitigations are necessary (2024.08.001.R3).</li> <li>CSEA is working with Protech to finalize the method of test data delivery. This will be recorded as a Key Decision once finalized, based on resolving the Date/Time issue. The packed binary cell issue has been resolved. The batch validation test, scheduled with July 1 data, is set to confirm the output consistency between the refactored environment and the legacy system. Although progress has been made toward addressing data consistency issues, full end-to-end validation is not yet complete (2024.08.001.R2).</li> <li>The shared mainframe resource issue remains a concern, but CSEA is actively evaluating a SQL replication strategy to improve data extraction efficiency, with the recommendation remaining open until a full resource assessment and validation of the alternatives are completed (2024.08.001.R4).</li> </ul>
•	•	V	Technology System, Data, & Security	<ul> <li>The data extraction process remains delayed due to shared mainframe resources, inefficient extraction programs, and long download/upload times. While CSEA aimed to validate the SQL replication strategy by July 31st, this goal was not met due to Date/Time issues in the ADABAS source tables. Progress has been made through daily collaboration between CSEA and DDI to resolve these issues (Observation ID 2024.06.001).</li> <li>The UI Refinement Plan is under review, and a Proof of Concept is in progress. The obfuscated database was successfully delivered to IBM, marking progress in the verification of data extraction and conversion (Observation ID 2024.06.001).</li> <li>Batch execution planning using July 1st data continues, helping to ensure data consistency (Observation ID 2024.06.001). There have been no specific updates on binary and ASCII file handling, but risk management for data extraction remains aligned with overall mitigation efforts (Observation ID 2024.06.001).</li> <li>Backup and restore testing continues to ensure system reliability, with a recommendation for early resource and space assessments (Observation ID 2024.06.001). Additionally, the weekly testing report tracks test cases and defects, but it is recommended to include more detailed metrics, such as percentage of completion and failure resolution forecasts, for better risk management (Observation ID 2024.08.001).</li> </ul>

### Appendix A: IV&V Criticality and Severity Ratings

#### **IV&V CRITICALITY AND SEVERITY RATINGS**

Criticality and severity ratings provide insight on where significant deficiencies are observed and immediate remediation or risk mitigation is required. Criticality ratings are assigned to the overall project as well as each IV&V Assessment Area. Severity ratings are assigned to each risk or issue identified.

### **Criticality Rating**

The criticality ratings are assessed based on consideration of the severity ratings of each related risk and issue within the respective IV&V Assessment Area, the overall impact of the related observations to the success of the project, and the urgency of and length of time to implement remediation or risk mitigation strategies. Arrows indicate trends in the project assessment from the prior report and take into consideration areas of increasing risk and approaching timeline. Up arrows indicate adequate improvements or progress made. Down arrows indicate a decline, inadequate progress, or incomplete resolution of previously identified observations. No arrow indicates there was neither improving nor declining progress from the prior report.

### **TERMS**

#### **RISK**

An event that has not happened yet.

#### **ISSUE**

An event that is already occurring or has already happened.

















A RED, high criticality rating is assigned when significant severe deficiencies were observed, and immediate remediation or risk mitigation is required.

A YELLOW, medium criticality rating is assigned when deficiencies were observed that merit attention. Remediation or risk mitigation should be performed in a timely manner.

A GREEN, low criticality rating is assigned when the activity is on track and minimal deficiencies were observed. Some oversight may be needed to ensure the risk stays low and the activity remains on track.

A GRAY rating is assigned when the category being assessed has incomplete information available for a conclusive observation and recommendation or is not applicable at the time of the IV&V review.





#### **Severity Rating**

Once risks are identified and characterized, Accuity will examine project conditions to determine the probability of the risk being identified and the impact to the project, if the risk is realized. We know that a risk is in the future, so we must provide the probability and impact to determine if the risk has a Risk Severity, such as Severity 1 (High), Severity 2 (Moderate), or Severity 3 (Low).

While a risk is an event that has not happened yet, an issue is something that is already occurring or has already happened. Accuity will examine project conditions and business impact to determine if the issue has an Issue Severity, such as Severity 1 (High/Critical Impact/System Down), Severity 2 (Moderate/ Significant Impact), or Severity 3 (Low/Normal/Minor Impact/ Informational).

Observations that are positive, preliminary concerns, or opportunities are not assigned a severity rating.



**SEVERITY 1:** High/Critical level



**SEVERITY 2:** Moderate level



**SEVERITY 3:** Low level

### POSITIVE

**TERMS** 

Celebrates high performance or project successes.

### PRELIMINARY CONCERN

Potential risk requiring further analysis.



# Appendix B: Industry Standards and Best Practices

STANDARD	DESCRIPTION
ADA	Americans with Disabilities Act
ADKAR®	Prosci ADKAR: Awareness, Desire, Knowledge, Ability, and Reinforcement
BABOK® v3	Business Analyst Body of Knowledge
DAMA-DMBOK® v2	DAMA International's Guide to the Data Management Body of Knowledge
PMBOK® v7	Project Management Institute (PMI) Project Management Body of Knowledge
SPM	PMI The Standard for Project Management
PROSCI ADKAR®	Leading organization providing research, methodology, and tools on change management practices
SWEBOK v3	Guide to the Software Engineering Body of Knowledge
IEEE 828-2012	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) Standard for Configuration Management in Systems and Software Engineering
IEEE 1062-2015	IEEE Recommended Practice for Software Acquisition
IEEE 1012-2016	IEEE Standard for System, Software, and Hardware Verification and Validation
IEEE 730-2014	IEEE Standard for Software Quality Assurance Processes
ISO 9001:2015	International Organization for Standardization (ISO) Quality Management Systems – Requirements
ISO/IEC 25010:2011	ISO/International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) Systems and Software Engineering — Systems and Software Quality Requirements and Evaluation (SQuaRE) — System and Software Quality Models
ISO/IEC 16085:2021	ISO/IEC Systems and Software Engineering – Life Cycle Processes – Risk Management
IEEE 16326-2019	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard — Systems and Software Engineering — Life Cycle Processes — Project Management
IEEE 29148-2018	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard — Systems and Software Engineering — Life Cycle Processes — Requirements Engineering

STANDARD	DESCRIPTION
IEEE 15288-2023	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Systems and Software Engineering – System Life Cycle Processes
IEEE 12207-2017	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Systems and Software Engineering – Software Life Cycle Processes
IEEE 24748-1-2018	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Systems and Software Engineering – Life Cycle Management – Part 1: Guidelines for Life Cycle Management
IEEE 24748-2-2018	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Systems and Software Engineering – Life Cycle Management – Part 2: Guidelines for the Application of ISO/IEC/IEEE 15288 (System Life Cycle Processes)
IEEE 24748-3-2020	IEEE Guide: Adoption of ISO/IEC TR 24748-3:2011, Systems and Software Engineering – Life Cycle Management – Part 3: Guide to the Application of ISO/IEC 12207 (Software Life Cycle Processes)
IEEE 14764-2021	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard for Software Engineering – Software Life Cycle Processes – Maintenance
IEEE 15289-2019	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Systems and Software Engineering – Content of Life Cycle Information Items (Documentation)
IEEE 24765-2017	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Systems and Software Engineering – Vocabulary
IEEE 26511-2018	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Systems and Software Engineering – Requirements for Managers of Information for Users of Systems, Software, and Services
IEEE 23026-2015	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Systems and Software Engineering – Engineering and Management of Websites for Systems, Software, and Services Information
IEEE 29119-1-2021	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Software and Systems Engineering – Software Testing – Part 1: Concepts and Definitions
IEEE 29119-2-2021	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Software and Systems Engineering – Software Testing – Part 2: Test Processes
IEEE 29119-3-2021	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Software and Systems Engineering – Software Testing – Part 3: Test Documentation
IEEE 29119-4-2021	ISO/IEC/IEEE International Standard – Software and Systems Engineering – Software Testing – Part 4: Test Techniques
IEEE 1484.13.1-2012	IEEE Standard for Learning Technology – Conceptual Model for Resource Aggregation for Learning, Education, and Training
ISO/IEC TR 20000-11:2021	ISO/IEC Information Technology – Service Management – Part 11: Guidance on the Relationship Between ISO/IEC 20000-1:2011 and Service Management Frameworks: ITIL®
ISO/IEC 27002:2022	Information Technology – Security Techniques – Code of Practice for Information Security Controls

STANDARD	DESCRIPTION
FIPS 199	Federal Information Processing Standard (FIPS) Publication 199, Standards for Security Categorization of Federal Information and Information Systems
FIPS 200	FIPS Publication 200, Minimum Security Requirements for Federal Information and Information Systems
NIST 800-53 Rev 5	National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Security and Privacy Controls for Federal Information Systems and Organizations
NIST Cybersecurity Framework v1.1	NIST Framework for Improving Critical Infrastructure Cybersecurity
LSS	Lean Six Sigma

Appendix C: Prior Findings Log



### Appendix C: Prior Findings Log

			ORIGINAL	CURRENT							
ASSESSMENT AREA		TYPE	SEVERITY			ANALYSIS	RECOMMENDATIONS	STATUS	STATUS UPDATE	CLOSED DATE	CLOSURE REASON
rocess	2024.08.001	Risk	Moderate	Low		There is currently a weekly testing report provided to the Project Team. The report	•	Open	9/30/2024: Significant improvements have been made in the		
						conveys the number of testing scenarios in process, however the report does not			most recent reports and provide a clearer understanding for all		
					1 .	offer a total number of test cases to be processed for each workstream, nor does it			stakeholders. IV&V will continue to monitor as these		
						convey full metrics, such as percentage of completion of the total scope within the	can easily understand the report's findings and implications.		improvements to visiblilty progress.		
					and quality assurance activities.	testing categories and how those align with the project schedule parameters. This					
						can contribute to risk when total transparency is not displayed.	Metrics and Measurements: The separate weekly test report				
							should provide metrics that reflect the quality of the software,				
							such as pass/fail rates, coverage of tests (e.g., percentage of test				
							cases executed), and other relevant testing metrics, i.e., total				
							scenarios to be tested, percentage of completion and timeline for				
							completion.				
							Schedule and Milestones: The current status of the testing				
							schedule should be reported, noting any deviations from planned				
							milestones and deadlines. The report should reflect the current				
							state of testing completion tracking as aligned with the project				
							schedule.				
							Decisions and Change Requests: Any key decisions made				
							during the testing phase, including approved or pending change				
							requests that impact testing or quality assurance activities, should				
							be included.				

ASSESSMENT AREA	OBSERVATION ID	TYPE	ORIGINAL SEVERITY	CURRENT	OBSERVATION	ANALYSIS	RECOMMENDATIONS	STATUS	STATUS UPDATE	CLOSED DATE	CLOSURE REASON
Technology	2024.06.001	Risk	Moderate	Moderate	There is a risk for delays in the data extraction process, which is critical for the cutover activities, due to reliance on shared mainframe resources, inefficiencies in data extraction programs, and long download/upload times. This could impact the project by increasing costs, compromising the quality of the overall solution, and causing operational downtime of 4 to 5 days during the cutover weekend, thereby extending the project timeline.	The data extraction process is critical for the cutover activities and current projections show potential for significant delays. This issue results from reliance on shared mainframe resources, inefficiencies in data extraction programs, and long download/upload times. Each time new data is needed for testing, the entire database must be extracted, which is time-consuming. CSEA is evaluating a SQL replication strategy to replace the current process and has assigned two dedicated resources to identify and test this approach. Daily meetings with DDI and CSEA have been established to collaborate on this issue. The target for validating this approach is July 31st.  The static data collected from the data extract process projects a worst-case scenario of 12 to 36 days to fully extract ADABAS data to the 374 flat files, including downloading and uploading the files. This arises due to: 1) CSEA uses a shared mainframe, 2) inefficiencies of data extraction programs, 3) download/upload times. The data extract process is central to the cutover activities completing over Fri/Sat/Sun. If not improved, CSEA may face 4/5 days operational downtime for cutover weekend.	2024.08.001.R1 - Verification of Data Extraction and Conversion Processes  • Standard(s): IEEE 1012-2016 Emphasis: Verification ensures that the system is built correctly according to its specifications. o Recommendation: Implement a thorough verification process for all data extraction and conversion methods, particularly the e Ascii to BCP script conversions. Establish checkpoints where the file counts and conversion accuracy are verified before moving to subsequent phases of the project to avoid potential issues in later stages.	Open	7/31/24: CSEA is still investigating and testing the SQL to SQL solution, however, the testing results are still not meeting CSEA's expectations. CSEA's decision is due during the first week of August. Because of CSEA's concern that this issue is still unresolved, the potential impact on the schedule, the severity has been raised to high.  8/30/24: The key decision to determine and finalize the method of test data delivery is now anticipated for September and the outcome is now based upon the solution for the date/time issue and the packed binary fields. CSEA and Protech have worked diligently to clear the other issue of nulls.  9/30/24:There is a delay in the resolution of the production test data delivery method, as noted in the weekly status report. The datetime issue with the replicated SQL data is a key blocker, with the CSEA working to resolve this through Natural programs. This has the potential to delay critical testing phases, as it impedes the ability to test with accurate production data. The date/time issue continues to be a blocker. Nulls and packed binary fields have been resolved. The UI refinement process has progressed, with 84% of the tasks completed. However, finalization and validation are still pending, and the schduling of the walkthrough of the UI Refinement Plan is underway. The Financial Test Deck (FTD) execution is still only 35% complete, and scenario execution is 17% complete, while not directly on the critical path, delays in the FTD could become a future risk if unresolved issues persist. Batch testing is progressing, with 31% of batch test execution complete. 2024.08.001.R1 (Verification of Data Extraction and Conversion): Open – Progress made but verification of Ascii to BCP scripts and checkpoints not fully implemented. 2024.08.001.R2 (Validation of Extracted Data Consistency): Open – Partial progress, but full end-to-end validation of extracted data is still pending. 2024.08.001.R3 (Risk Management for Binary and Ascii File Handling): Open – No mention of SQL replication strate		CLUSSORE REASON

			ORIGINAL	CURRENT							
		TYPE								CLOSED DATE	CLOSURE REASON
ASSESSMENT AREA Technology	2024.03.001	TYPE Risk	<u>SEVERITY</u> Moderate	Moderate Moderate	properly design KEIKI system interfaces and will necessitate the need for interface modifications after its deployment, which can lead to additional costs, delays, and disruption to the system.	ANALYSIS  CSEA's KEIKI system currently relies on a legacy cyberfusion system running on the State's mainframe for system file and data exchanges with multiple State of Hawaii agencies. The timing of multiple agencies moving off the mainframe at different times will result in the need to modify KEIKI system interfaces after the system has been deployed. Until other State modernization projects are completed, the KEIKI project cannot perform server-based data exchanges and will need to continue to interface via the mainframe.  In addition, as the KEIKI project involves integrating a modernized child support system with existing legacy systems, there may be other technological and architectural gaps that arise. These gaps can include differences in technology stacks, such as programming languages, database systems, and operating environments, as well as the absence of modern application programming interfaces (APIs) in the legacy systems. Based on the timing of concurrent State of Hawaii modernization projects and upgrades, the end-to-end testing of the KEIKI system may necessitate the undertaking of supplementary tasks, allocation of additional resources, and coordination efforts.	2024.07.001.R1 - It was recommended that CSEA meet with the new Chief Data Officer. And also to meet with the EFS team to identify any potential impacts to CSEA and align with IT policies.  CLOSED: 2024.03.001.R1 – CSEA should coordinate regular meetings with impacted State of Hawaii agencies.  • Roles, responsibilities, expectations and interface requirements should be clearly defined to ensure information and project status is proactively communicated for the various modernization efforts.  2024.03.001.R2 – The projects should properly plan for interfaces so that they are flexible enough to accommodate future changes and are compatible with other agencies.  • Clearly identify all the interfaces that the system will interact with and how they will communicate.  • Develop interfaces and data structure that are flexible enough to accommodate changes to the interfaces.  • Detailed testing will be required as the various departments upgrade their systems to ensure compatibility.	Open Open	O4/30/24: CSEA organized a meeting with other Departments in April to exchange information regarding the status of their respective system modernization efforts, specifically those related to the shared mainframe and dependencies.  O5/31/24: Accuity closed one recommendation as CSEA is coordinating regular meetings with impacted State of Hawaii agencies to monitor the status of their modernization projects and mainframe operations. CSEA is planning to develop an inventory of interfaces to share at an upcoming meeting with impacted Departments.  O6/30/24: CSEA and Protech agreed to develop a list of interfaces categorized into three groups: 1) Axway (source: AWS vs. Mainframe), 2) Mainframe (group of interfaces on the mainframe with departments pointing to Axway), and 3) Cyberfusion. They also decided to share this list at the next monthly meeting with State Departments.  IV&V will continue to monitor the coordination with other State of Hawaii modernization projects.  7/31/24: The Chief Data Officer and the EFS team have been contacted and will be meeting with CSEA.  8/30/24: ETS' new Chief Data Officer has been aligned as a key stakeholder and is in the process of focusing on data governance policies and interface concerns with the EFS team (2024.07.001.R1) IV&V will continue to monitor and update as the focus on policies and interface concerns progress.	CLOSED DATE	CLOSURE REASON
Process	2024.06.002	Risk	Moderate	Moderate	extensive costs for delivering the necessary data to test the refactored KEIKI application, potentially leading to delays in the project timeline and increased budget constraints. Despite discussions with Protech and AWS,	Meetings have been held with Protech to discuss the data extraction costs. Protech has engaged AWS for options, but AWS indicates the issue is billing-related, not technical. The cost of delivering data for testing is critical for the KEIK project, but CSEA finds the current costs prohibitive. Discussions with Protech and AWS indicate the need to resolve the billing issue rather than technical challenges. Without a resolution, this issue could impact the project timeline and budget. CSEA continues to engage ETS to negotiate a cost cap and explore alternative solutions.	financial support for data delivery.  • Engage in discussions to find a feasible cost structure that aligns with project budgets.  • Ensure clear communication of cost concerns and impacts to	Closed	7/31/24: The SQL to SQL method for data extraction and transfer has been confirmed. CSEA has addressed the issue of cost.	7/31/2024	The SQL to SQL method for data extraction and transfer will be used. CSEA has confirmed that the costs have been addressed.

ASSESSMENT AREA	ODSEDVATION ID	TVDE	ORIGINAL SEVERITY	CURRENT	OBSERVATION	ANALYSIS	RECOMMENDATIONS	STATUS	STATUS UPDATE	CLOSED DATE	CLOSURE REASON
Process	2024.03.002	Issue	Moderate	Moderate	delays.	The overall project end date and Go-Live date is projecting a 17-day variance due to the delay in the assessment validation which was completed in February. It is crucial for the Protech and CSEA project managers to both take active roles in tracking and monitoring project activities, especially delayed and upcoming tasks, to collaborate on ways to get the project back on track.  Although the project metrics are showing a 17-day variance, some project tasks are delayed 1 to 2 months from the approved baseline including building the KEIKI database, developing system test scripts, UI design, UI development, code conversion, system test execution, etc. CSEA should have a clear understanding of the impact of delays on the overall timeline and validate the 17-day schedule variance.	of the schedule and project metrics, proactively communicate upcoming State tasks to CSEA stakeholders, create State specific detailed schedules, and communicate any concerns with the quality of vendor execution.  • The Protech project manager should be executing tasks based on the approved schedule, identify schedule variances, ensure all project resources are on track, and report on quality and project metrics to ensure the project is meeting its objectives and goals.		04/30/24: Project managers started meeting regularly to review the project schedule. The project managers will do a deeper analysis of the upcoming technical tasks, and then recalibrate the project schedule in May.  05/31/24: Protech delivered a draft of the replanned project schedule and analysis for CSEA's feedback and approval. The revised schedule maintains the original Go-Live date.  06/30/24: Issue closed. The schedule was updated and the 17-day variance was successfully mitigated, ensuring the project remained on track. The project schedule continues to be discussed weekly.  IV&V encourages the CSEA PM to conduct independed reviews of the schedule and project metrics. IV&V will continue to monitor progress made on schedule and resource management practices.	6/30/2024	The schedule was updated and the 17-day variance was successfully mitigated, ensuring the project remained on track. The project schedule continues to be discussed weekly.
Process 2	2024.02.001	Preliminary	N/A	N/A	Additional information is needed regarding Protech's program development and testing approach.	In February, Protech delivered the System Requirements Document and Test Plan which are still under review. CSEA already provided a number of comments for both deliverables requesting additional clarification or additional documentation. Both deliverables do not provide sufficient understanding of Protech and One Advanced's approach for the program development and testing phase. There needs to be a clearer mutual understanding of how Protech's development and testing approach will ensure that the new system and user interface will maintain the same functionality, data, and system interfaces as the old system. The System Requirements Definition deliverable is high-level documentation of items such as source code, data component, and interface tables but does not actually capture the required functionality using industry standard format for requirements. Documenting requirements is especially important for the development of the new front-end user interface section but does not include sufficient information regarding UI requirements. Protech has another UI Refinement plan deliverable due in May 2024, however, it is unclear if UI requirements will be included in that deliverable.  If system requirements will not be used to manage development of UI as well as replatforming and refactoring of code work, then it is important to understand how Protech and One Advanced are planning to manage and report on development progress. Additionally, without documented system requirements, testing will be even more critical for identifying gaps in or issues with functionality during the development process. CSEA also has a number of comments and questions on the Protech Test Plan deliverable. In addition to the System Test Plan, Protech is developing an Acceptance Test Plan (UAT Plan) deliverable due in April 2024 which may help to provide additional clarification of the comprehensive testing strategy and delineation of testing responsibilities between Protech and CSEA.  CSEA plans to work with Protech to clarify and refine bot		Closed	03/31/24: Protech is planning on a presentation in April or May to explain how their testing approach will ensure that the new system and user interface will maintain the same functionality as the old system. Without documented requirements, it is still unclear how program development progress, testing, and acceptance will be managed and monitored.  04/30/24: Protech will present their testing approach in May. The presentation is important as test scripts are finalized, and system testing is approaching.  05/31/24: Protech's testing approach presentation was pushed back to June. The presentation is critical as test scripts are finalized and system testing begins in June.  06/30/24: Preliminary closed. CSEA acknowledged the risk associated with not having defined UI system requirements. Instead, the test scripts are used as the requirements. The teams collaborate closely and hold regular test meetings to ensure alignment and thorough testing.  IV&V will continue to monitor the clarification of the program development and testing approach.	6/30/2024	CSEA acknowledged the risk of not having defined UI system requirements and addressed it by using test scripts as the requirements. Additionally, the teams collaborated closely and held regular test meetings to ensure alignment and thorough testing. This approach mitigates the risk by ensuring that the testing process is comprehensive and that any issues are promptly identified and resolved through ongoing communication and collaboration.

ASSESSMENT AREA	OBSERVATION ID	TYPE	ORIGINAL SEVERITY	CURRENT SEVERITY	OBSERVATION	ANALYSIS	RECOMMENDATIONS	STATUS	STATUS UPDATE	CLOSED DATE	CLOSURE REASON
Process	2024.01.001	Risk	Moderate	Low	Ineffective project status meetings and reports can lead to delayed decision-making, lack of accountability, and reduced morale.	Weekly status reports are provided with a dashboard of the project status, high level schedule, late tasks, tasks planned this week, open tasks, 30-day look ahead, deliverable status, risks log, key decisions, change requests, and other project information. Despite numerous data points, the weekly project status reports may not give a complete picture of the project's progress. To get a better understanding of any delays, risks, issues, or action items, additional research and analysis of past reports, review of the Microsoft Project schedule, and inquiry with project members is necessary. For example, late project deliverables may be listed as simply "in progress"; however, one is unable to determine how many additional days the deliverable was pushed back without checking the previous weekly status report and the reason for additional time is not discussed or disclosed.	that actively engage team members and highlight key information		02/29/24: A new recommendation was added and two recommendations were closed. Two recommendations were closed as CSEA and Protech worked together to improve project status reports to be more clear, meaningful, and relevant to the audience. The streamlined status reports are facilitating greater understanding and allowing more time for meaningful discussion amongst project stakeholders.  03/31/24: Although improvements were made to project status reports, they could be further improved by outlining delayed task and upcoming activities to ensure stakeholders are adequately prepared. CSEA continued to refine success metrics to prepare for reporting which will begin next month.  04/30/24: Accuity closed two recommendations. Project status reports continue to be refined and now clearly report tasks that have been rescheduled from the previous week's reporting period. CSEA did not start reporting on success metrics in April as planned.  05/31/24: Accuity decreased the severity rating from Level 2 (Moderate) to Level 3 (Low). The CSEA PM presented some of the project's key success metrics at the May Steering Committee Meeting. High-level pre-delivery testing metrics were provided in May.  06/30/24: Risk closed. As system testing started in June, the team started adding a Weekly Test Report. The report outlines the testing scope, the defects that were retested and validated, and gives a summary of the progress of all test cases.		Test reports were added to the weekly status meetings. The report contains testing and defect metrics.

ASSESSMENT AREA	ODCEDIATION ID	TVDE	ORIGINAL SEVERITY	CURRENT	OBSERVATION	ANALYSIS	RECOMMENDATIONS	STATUS	STATUS UPDATE	CLOSED DATE	CLOSURE REASON
Process	2023.10.002	Risk	Prelim	Moderate	Untimely project management	ANALYSIS  The Protech Project Manager provided a draft project schedule; however, it was	CLOSED: 2023.10.002.R1 – Improve the project schedule to	Closed	11/30/23: This was originally reported in the October 2023 IV&V		Closed as the project managers are
riocess	2023.10.002	NISK	Fielili	Moderate	responsibilities may impact effective project	incomplete and listed due dates that were already missed for several deliverables.	address schedule comments.	Closed	Monthly Report as a preliminary concern but was upgraded to	03/31/24	working more collaboratively to share
					execution.		Develop a detailed plan with assigned resources to complete		and rewritten as a risk this month with recommendations. The		and execute project responsibilities.
					encountries.	will help the project start off right and stay on track. Protech's Project Manager is	project tasks.		project is still challenged with insufficiently updating deliverables		and execute project responsibilities
						experienced with similar implementations and is working collaboratively with the	Provide the appropriate detail of tasks, durations, due dates,		and continued delays in the proposed project schedule.		
						project team to address feedback.	milestones, and key work products for various parties. CSEA				
						, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	assigned tasks should also be clearly reflected in the project		12/31/23: Accuity increased the severity rating from Level 3		
						Possible root causes or contributing factors are turnover of project managers, an	schedule.		(Low) to Level 2 (Moderate). More rigor on foundational project		
						aggressive project timeline, and need for additional project management support.	Obtain agreement on the baseline schedule and then hold		management practices is needed to prevent further delays and		
						Another possible root cause is Protech's need to revisit the project RFP and	parties accountable for tasks and deadlines.		increase the quality of project execution. The approved project		
						submitted proposal to reduce the misalignment of expectations, creating longer			schedule still lacks detailed tasks to adequately plan project		
						deliverable review cycles.	CLOSED: 2023.10.002.R2 – Determine the root causes of delays		resources and monitor project performance. Although the project		
							and develop plans to address them.		schedule has some percentage completion, the process to		
						Feedback on preliminary deliverables does not appear to be adequately addressed.	Perform a root cause analysis including defining the problem,		monitor and calculate metrics is unclear.		
						For example, the need for a resource loaded schedule was communicated verbally	brainstorming possible causes, and developing a plan to address				
						and in meetings repeatedly.	the root cause of the problem such as resource constraints and		01/31/24: Despite several meetings, there is still a need for a		
							undefined tasks.		greater shared understanding of schedule concerns between		
							Based on the experience of the last two months, create a		Protech and CSEA. This risk will continue to be evaluated with the		
							realistic schedule based on the time and resources needed to		recent addition of Protech resources to improve the timeliness of		
							perform tasks.		project execution, a recommendation was added that project		
									managers can adopt a more joint, collaborative approach to share		
							CLOSED: 2023.10.002.R3 – Assess the need for additional Protect	h	and clearly delineate project management responsibilities.		
							resources for project management support.				
									02/29/24: The project schedule does not include all project tasks		
							CLOSED: 2023.10.002.R4 – Have the CSEA and Protech Project		and is being updated to include more granular-level project		
							Managers adopt a more joint, collaborative approach.		activities One recommendation was closed as Protech added		
							Have the PMs clearly define their roles and responsibilities in		additional project management resources.		
							project management responsibilities.		02/21/24: 61		
							Actively plan, share and execute project responsibilities.		03/31/24: Closed two recommendations as a new, separate observation with recommendations related to schedule and		
									resource management was opened. Refer to observation		
									2023.03.002. Project managers should prioritize working closely together to assess upcoming activities, the impact of project		
									delays, and determine if any changes are needed to the overall		
									project timeline.		
									project differine.		
									04/30/24: The CSEA project manager still needs to independently		
									validate the variance and critical path. For monthly steering		
									committee and project status meetings, it would be beneficial for		
									CSEA to take a more active role in communicating their		
									perspective on project progress to stakeholders.		
									perspective on project progress to stakeholders.		
									05/31/24: The risk was closed as project management activities		
									are being executed more timely and effectively.		

			ORIGINAL	CURRENT							
ASSESSMENT AREA			SEVERITY	SEVERITY	OBSERVATION	ANALYSIS	RECOMMENDATIONS	STATUS	STATUS UPDATE	CLOSED DATE	CLOSURE REASON
Technology	2023.12.001	Positive	Moderate	N/A	The Automated Application Assessment process was well planned and executed.	Protech's partner, Advanced, worked closely with CSEA's technical SMEs and outlined a clear, well-defined process to collect and assess the KEIKI mainframe	N/A	Closed	N/A	01/31/24	Closed as this is a positive observation.
					process was well planned and executed.	application in preparation for the migration and code conversion. Advanced's					
						weekly status updates and follow-ups helped all stakeholders understand their					
						roles, responsibilities, outstanding tasks, and status of activities. Their final					
						assessment report was comprehensive, data-driven and insightful, and prepared					
						the project team well as they begin the next phase of legacy code and data system					
						migration.					
Technology	2023.11.001	Risk	Moderate	Moderate	Complex data system migration	Data system migration and mapping can be complex and cause project delays if not	2023.11.001.R1 – Develop separate formalized data system	Closed	12/31/23: CSEA appointed two dedicated Data System Migration	01/31/24	Risk closed as the inventory of non-code
					requirements, combined with incomplete	properly planned and managed. The KEIKI system's incomplete documentation and	migration plans and processes for non-code elements.		Leads. It is unclear if Protech also appointed a dedicated lead. A		and ancillary elements was completed.
					documentation and the absence of a	multitude of jobs, workflows, interfaces, and interface files pose a risk of	A separate implementation plan should be clearly outlined,		clear plan is still missing, and CSEA documented a formal issue		
					formalized process for non-code tasks, may	overlooking certain elements, making it challenging to track and validate migration			related to the lack of information coordination and redundant		
					lead to project delays, unmet contract	requirements.	perform these activities.		requests related to the data system migration requirements.		
					requirements, and quality issues.	The project lacks a formalized process for non-code tasks in the data system	<ul> <li>Develop a formalized data migration acceptance process for the remaining cycles with defined acceptance criteria.</li> </ul>		01/31/24: Risk closed as the inventory of non-code and ancillary		
						requirements collection, migration, and validation activities. The project has a	Determine what validation is needed by other agencies and		elements including hardware, software, interfaces, and batch files		
						formalized process for application code migration but lacks a clear process for	stakeholders that rely on CSEA's Keiki system and outputs.		was completed and will be validated as part of the technical		
						gathering non-code and ancillary elements including hardware, software,			architecture and system requirements documentation.		
						interfaces, and batch files. The absence of a separate, formalized process and	2023.11.001.R2 – Investigate automated tools for tracking and				
						reliance on manual processes using Excel worksheets may result in data loss, poor	validating data system requirements.				
						quality, and technical issues affecting system performance and user experience.	Automated data validation should be investigated to help				
						The SI's waterfall approach requires upfront gathering and definition of all	identify missing elements, increase data accuracy, and alleviate resource constraints.				
						requirements in a linear sequence. Late identification of data system migration	resource constraints.				
						requirements may result in insufficient time or budget to execute the migration	2023.11.001.R3 – Ensure data system requirements are				
						properly.	comprehensive and complete upfront.				
							Given the waterfall approach, schedule and resource				
							considerations should be given to increasing system requirement				
							gathering upfront.				
							The project managers should ensure greater coordination of project information needed for requirements management and				
							tracking.				
							Consider an iterative approach for non-code migration				
							activities, which allows for several rounds of review and				
							validation.				
							2023.11.001.R4 – Appoint dedicated Data System Migration Lead:	s			
							from both Protech and CSEA.				
							Consider identifying dedicated leads to assist with analyzing the	:			
							existing data environment, identifying data migration				
							requirements, supporting the migration process, troubleshooting issues that arise, and coordinating tasks with Protech, Advanced,				
People	2023.10.001	Positive	N/A	N/A	The project team members are engaged and	The CSEA SMEs appear to be engaged in ongoing Assessment sessions and	N/A	Closed	N/A	11/30/23	Closed as this is a positive observation.
					the environment between Protech and CSEA	accountable for timely completing required tasks, providing information, and					
					is collaborative.	responding to questions. The project team members regularly seek feedback,					
						input, and clarification in an open and respectful manner. The experience and					
						knowledge of Protech team members combined with the dedication and high level					
						of engagement from CSEA SMEs support the positive project team environment.					

Appendix D: Comment Log on Draft Report



## **Comment Log on Draft Report**

### **KROM Project: IV&V Document Comment Log**





ID#	Page #	Comment	Commenter's Organization	Accuity Resolution
1		No CSEA or Protech comments received.		
2				
3				
4				
5				



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